

PSYCHO CONSEQUENCES OF AIR ACCIDENTS AS RELATED TO THE FEAR OF FLYING



"My God, I was seated by the window and I was the first one to see that spark.

It was ease to see it because it was dark.

Than that spark happened again and again, so I called the passenger next to me and I told him that the turbine was in fire and he laugh.

He told me to calm down, I didn't want to die in a fire....
how could I calm down?"



The psychological practice had to describe the observable forms of PTSD and how it manage to organize it in DSM-IV:

- Recurrence
- Avoidance
- Augmented excitability
- Losses in social behavior
- Evaluations of the subjective risks
- The psycho time on trauma.



"I had time to think of it and see that the plane could explode at any moment, I felt fear, weakness and abandonment. People yelled desperately trying to open the door: FIRE! FIRE!"



"When some airplane flies over the house I pray to God to protect them. During the first four months I woke up in affliction and now I won't fly evermore".



"I travel in agony; I cry and pray, I feel great fear for airports".



The fire had started again but no one opened the doors so I stood up, yelled to the stewardesses to open them, I needed to react and survive.

My work is of great responsibility. If I'll keep thinking of that moment every time I take off I'll develop a fear, so I try not to think of it.



"My reaction was to follow the crew's instructions. Of course that I felt fear, but I think, I reacted well. I've never more had any problem with flying "



"There is a mix of fear, resentment and hope that one day I would be able to sue a file against the company. I got traumatized and the company is still there".



"I was afraid of dying. The door would not open. Every second seemed a century".



1. The vivency of impotence and the Freudian state of despair

Hilflosigkeit

- Hilf: help
- los: complete absence of the help
- *Ig:* stresses the adjective
- Keit: a noun that indicates a state
- Hilflosigkeit is a noun that designates the state of somebody that is in a state of no help and abandoned.



"I want to register the feeling of impotence, one could do nothing. In a building you could even decide to throw yourself trough the window and yet you're in control of your life decision but not in a plane, in this case another being can decide over you".



2. The compulsion toward repetition as an attempt of trauma control against despair

"What helped was that I talked a lot about the accident".

"The dreams about the accident, the roaring and the unpleasant remembrance kept coming back and this last for more or less fifteen days".



- 3. The airline as a leader to stop panic grow up
- 1. The passengers of a flight are indeed members of a group.
- 2. A group becomes united because it develops an emotional tie with the leader.
- 3. The human being cannot fly by his own means. He accepts to fly because a leader, in this case the airline company, has created this possibility.



4. The neurotic element as a contributive factor to trauma

- During a lifetime people traverse many hazardous situations that could precipitate a traumatic vivency.
- Freud doctrine states that if the subject is unable to dominate its initial perils he could face failure in other risk situations and than obstructed by a neurosis.
- At this accident, what betrays the presence of the neurotic element is the fixation of the vivency that projects itself to other flights and the potentialization of the risks.



"Most of the problems manifest when the individual brings with him an internal predisposition to it."

"In that sense, in an etiological way, we can state that the Fear of Flying has not its cause in trauma but in the break out event itself."



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