## **EL SALVADOR**

## **State Air Navigation Plan**



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#### 1. Introduction

This document is El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA State Air Navigation Plan (ANP) describing the plan and status of aviation technology implementation. The background of the State ANP and the environment of our air navigation system are presented along with the method and process to evaluate and monitor aviation technology implementation.

#### 1.1 Background

The ICAO Global Air Navigation Plan (Doc 9750, GANP) provides ICAO's vision to achieve sustainable growth of the global civil aviation system. It also presents all States with a comprehensive planning tool supporting a harmonized global air navigation system. The GANP is an overarching framework that includes key civil aviation policy principles to assist ICAO Regions and States with the preparation of their Regional and State Air Navigation Plans (ANPs).

Planning and Implementation Regional Groups (PIRGs) are expected to develop the regional ANPs reflecting the regional requirements. GANP obligates States to map their individual or regional programmes against the harmonized GANP, but provides them with far greater certainty of investment. GANP requires active collaboration among States through the PIRGs in order to coordinate initiatives within applicable regional ANPs.

The GANP introduces the Aviation System Block Upgrades (ASBU) methodology. The ASBU methodology and its description of future aviation capabilities define programmatic and flexible global systems engineering approaches allowing all States to advance their air navigation capacities based on their specific operational requirements.

To this extent, the North American, Central American and Caribbean (NACC) Regional Office (RO), has published the NAM/CAR Regional Performance-Based Air Navigation Implementation Plan (RPBANIP, v3.1 in April 2014) aligning the activities and strategies with the ICAO ASBU methodology.

This document is the ANP for El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA aligning activities and strategies to the GANP and RPBANIP. The information contained in the El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA ANP is related mainly to:

- Planning: objectives set, priorities and targets planned at the state level
- Implementation monitoring and reporting: monitoring the progress of implementation towards targets planned. This information should be used for reporting purposes (i.e.: global and regional air navigation reports and performance dashboards); and/or
- Guidance: providing state guidance material for the implementation of specific system/procedures in a harmonized manner.

The El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA ANP would be used as a tool for planning, monitoring, and reporting the status of implementation of the aviation capabilities.

#### 1.2 Environment

The environments of Air Navigation of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA, such as authority, airspace and airports, and air traffic are described in this section.

1.2.1 Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA Air Navigation Plan

STRUCTURE organizing the Civil Aviation Authority, which in the future will be called by its acronym AAC, with autonomous institution of public service and nonprofit. The highest authority of the AAC will be the Board of Directors of Civil Aviation (CDAC) and headed by a Director appointed by the President and the Republic, who shall exercise the functions of President. The Executive Director of the AAC will be elected by the CDAC, who shall exercise the functions attributed to it by the organic law of Civil Aviation, as well as all those delegated by the President of the CDAC. In addition to the Executive Director for the performance of their duties have managements in administrative and technically, line and support area.

#### CONSEJO DIRECTIVO DE AVIACION CIVIL (CDAC) AUDITORIA EXTERNA DIRECTOR PRESIDENTE DEL CDAC OFICINA DE INFORMACION Y RESPUESTA AUDITORIA INTERNA UNIDAD DE COMUNICACIONES PROTOCOLO GRUPO ASESOR UNIDAD AMBIENTAL UNIDAD DE IGUALDAD ENTRE DIRECCION EJECUTIVA DEPARTAMENTO DE ORGANIZACIÓN, METODOS Y REGULACIONES UNIDAD FINANCIERA GERENCIA LEGAL DELEGACION AEROPORTUARIA SUBDIRECCIÓN DE NAVEGACION AEREA DEPARTAMENTO DE MEDICINA DE AVIACION DEPARTAMENTO DE AVIACION GENERAL TRABAJOS AEREOS DEPARTAMENTO DE AERODROMOS DEPARTAMENTO DE CERTIFICACIONES DEPARTAMENTO DE SEGURIDAD DEPARTAMENTO DE AEROPUERTUARIA UNIDAD DE SERVICIOS COMPLEMENTARIOS DEPARTAMENTO DE RECURSOS LOGÍSTICO DEPARTAMENTO DE

#### ORGNIGRAMA OF THE AUTHORITY OF CIVIL AVIATION

Figure 1.2.1: Organizational Structure of El Salvador

#### 1.2.2 Airspace

El Salvador is located within the CENAMER Flight Information Region (FIR) Circle of 40 NM of radius with center in VOR/DME/EL SALVADOR (132629.0262N 0890251.9311W) that is managed by EL SALVADOR CONTROL between 19500FT AMSL 2500FT AMSL. This air space includes Ilopango Airport. Refer to Figure 1.2.2 for the airspace around El Salvador

#### EL SALVADOR TMA CLASS D

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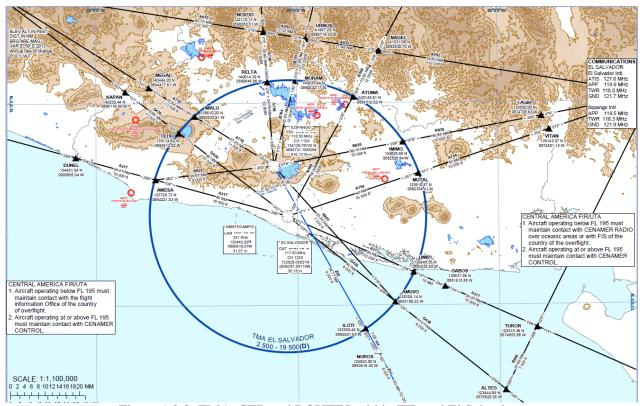


Figure 1.2.2: TMA, CTR and ROUTES within FIR and El Salvador

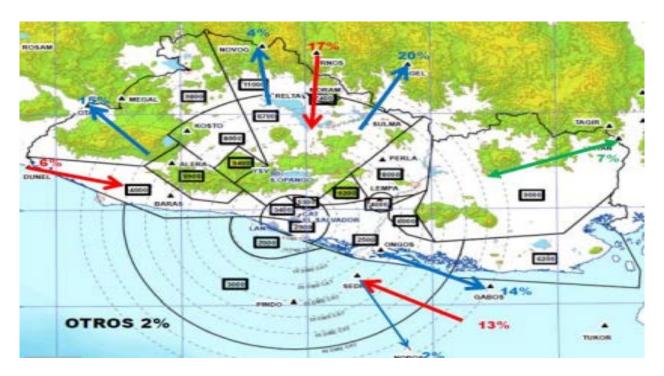


Figure 1.2.1 Flouw Arrivals and Dapartures

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#### 1.2.3 Aerodromes

One major aerodrome in El Salvador is: El Salvador International Airport. This aerodrome is listed in the ICAO's regional ANP titled, "Caribbean and South American Air Navigation Plan, Volume I (dated October 2015), Table AOP I-1, International Aerodromes Required in the CAR/SAM Regions". The MSLP has the capacity of 8-10 air traffic movements per hour

Runway Information on El Salvador International Airport (MSLP)

	Runway 07	Runway 25
Length x Width	3200 M X 45 M	3200 M 45 M
Surface Type	asphalt	asphalt
TDZ-Elev	20.88 M / 69 FT	30 M / 101 FT
Lighting	edge	edge

#### 1.2.4 Traffic Forecast

Number of typical daily operation (arrivals/departures) at El Salvador International Airport (MSLP) is 25/25 (total of 50 movements) respectively. The RPBANIP forecasted that average annual growth of air traffic in the Central America region would increase 3.0% during 2018-2032. The Civil Aviation Authority believes that this overall Central American regional forecast of annual increase of 3.0% is too optimistic for Civil Aviation Authority and more moderate number of 3.0% annual increase might realistic anticipation. Estimated daily operations at MSLP are shown in Tables 1.2.4a and 1.2.4b applying the increase forecasts to each year from 2018 to 2032.

Year	MSLP
2018	139
2019	143
2020	147
2021	152
2022	156
2023	161
2024	166
2025	171
2026	176
2027	181
2028	187
2029	192
2030	198
2031	204
2032	210

Table 1.2.4: Air Traffic Forecasts at MSLP (200 daily operation) using annual increase rate of 3.0%

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#### 1.3 Planning Methodology

Guided by the GANP and RPBANIP, the state planning process starts by identifying the state responsible ATM areas, major traffic flows and international aerodromes. An analysis of this data leads to the identification of opportunities for performance improvement. Available technologies and ASBU Elements are evaluated to identify which Elements best provide the needed operational improvements. Depending on the complexity of the selected technology or Elements, additional planning steps may need to be undertaken including financing and training needs. Finally, state plans would be developed for the deployment of improvements and supporting requirements. This is an iterative planning process which may require repeating several steps until a final plan with specific regional targets is in place. This planning methodology requires full involvement of States, service providers, airspace users and other stakeholders, thus ensuring commitment by all for implementation.

Considering that some of the ASBU Modules contained in the GANP are specialized packages of implementable capabilities, called Elements, that may be applied where specific operational requirements or corresponding benefits exist, States will decide how each ASBU Element would fit into national and regional plans.

In establishing and updating the implementation priorities detailed in the Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA ANP, due consideration should be given to the safety priorities set out in the Global Aviation Safety Plan (GASP) and the NAM/CAR regional safety strategy. Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA would establish its own air navigation objectives, priorities and targets to meet its individual needs and circumstances in line with the global and regional air navigation objectives, priorities, and targets.

#### 1.4 Air Navigation Planning Process

The air navigation planning process prescribes evaluation, implementation, reviewing, reporting, and monitoring activities. It is recommended to conduct the process on a cyclical, annual basis. An Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF) is a tool to monitor and report the implementation status of capabilities. The **Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA** ANRF is a customized tool for the application of setting planning targets, monitoring implementation, and identifying challenges, measuring implementation/performance and reporting. The ANRF reflects selected key performance areas as defined in the Manual on Global Performance of the Air Navigation System (ICAO Doc 9883).

Many of the future capabilities are described in terms of ASBU Elements. Some capabilities are specific to the need of the Caribbean Region and/or the State needs. These specific needs are described as Regional Aviation System Improvements (RASI) and State Aviation System Improvements (SASI). Both Analysis and Work Flow and ANRF are useful to manage the implementation status of ASBU, RASI, and SASI capabilities.

#### 1.4.1 Analysis and Work Flow Process

Figure 1.4.1 depicts the workflow for analyzing and implementing ASBU Elements. This flow process should be applied to each of the ASBU Elements. If the Element is applicable to an airport, each airport needs to be evaluated through this flow process. This same flow process is applicable to RASI and SASI.

The significance of each step in the workflow as it pertains to regional planning is as follows:

• Analysis Not Started – The requirement to implement this ASBU Element has not yet been assessed

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- **Analysis In Progress** A Need Analysis as to whether or not this ASBU Element is required, is in progress
- N/A The ASBU Element is not required
- **Need** The Need Analysis concluded that the ASBU Element is required, but planning for the implementation has not yet begun
- Planning Implementation of this ASBU Element is planned, but not yet started
- **Developing** Implementation of this ASBU Element is in the development phase, but not yet operational
- **Partially Implemented** Implementation of this ASBU Element is partially completed and/or operational but all planned implementations are not yet complete
- **Implemented** Implementation of this ASBU Element has been completed and/or is fully operational everywhere the need was identified

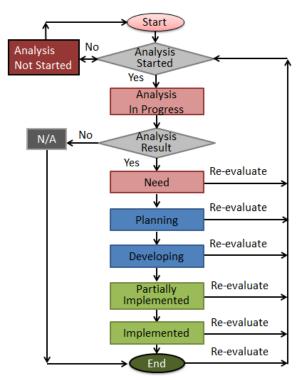


Figure 1.4.1: Analysis and Work Flow

The Need Analysis of ASBU Elements will identify which ASBU Elements are required. In this context, "required" means that the benefits estimated from the implementation would justify the associated implementation costs, or, the potential safety benefits are deemed to justify the implementation costs. The implementation status of ASBU Elements which are not required should be indicated as "N/A", meaning "not applicable".

The analysis and implementation status determined in accordance with the above is reflected in the applicable ANRFs and in the ASBU Implementation Status Tables.

#### 1.4.2 Monitoring and Reporting Results

Monitoring and reporting results will be analyzed by the Regions, States and the ICAO Secretariat to steer the air navigation improvements, take corrective actions and review the allocated objectives, priorities

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and targets if needed. The results will also be used by ICAO and aviation partner stakeholders to develop the annual Global Air Navigation Report. The report results will provide an opportunity for the international civil aviation community to compare progress across different ICAO regions in the establishment of air navigation infrastructure and performance-based procedures. The reports will also provide the ICAO Council with detailed annual results on the basis of which tactical adjustments will be made to the performance framework work programme, as well as triennial policy adjustments.

The information provided in the **Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA** ANRFs should be periodically reviewed and updated if subsequent analysis results in a change to the applicability of any ASBU Elements, whether or not they were selected. The explanation of ANRF is provided in Appendix A. The customized **Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA**ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form Template is provided in Appendix B. The **Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA** RASI and SASI Air Navigation Reporting Form Templates are provided in Appendix C.

#### 1.5 Problem Identification

To provide and promote safe and efficient aviation services to the customers, it is important to resolve ongoing challenges that hindering the mission. It is also important to anticipate and address the potential problems in the future.

#### 1.5.1 Existing Problems

The demands for (MSLP) are only expected to increase in the future. The current infrastructure at one airport, notwithstanding upgrades and expansions over the years, does not adequately meet peak capacity demand. The solution requires a huge investment in airport infrastructure. This includes airport terminal development, runway and turning bay reconstruction and rehabilitation, total drainage redevelopment, construction of de new terminal with five gates and taxiway construction design and continuous modernization of communication, navigation, and surveillance equipment (e.g. Performance Based Navigation procedures (PBN). The formal implementation of Standard Instrument Departure procedures (SIDs) would improve on the safety, efficiency and management of airspace capacity.

In addition, airport operations need to be improved by introducing capabilities such as Airport Collaborative Decision Making (ACDM). To support airport operations, having accurate and timely weather and aeronautical information is essential. Information such as aerodrome warnings and wind shear warnings/alerts will increase safety of operations. Securing quality data should also be accomplished by introducing the Quality Management System (QMS) to both weather and aeronautical data.

A fundamental component which is critical concern, is the availability of human resource to meet the wide-ranging needs of airport operations. The provision of relevant training for that human resource is paramount.

Inconsistency in the database of the Radar System of INDRA, currently the AMHS database used by the AIS office of MSLP, is not compatible with the ATS routes database of the radar control center, this generates delays, load of work, poor coordination between control centers, rejection of flight plans etc. The database update will be managed in the CCR Control Center of MSLP.

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#### 1.5.2 Future Problems

Anticipating heavier demand at the MSLP airport, the introduction of a ILS/DME for Runway 25 landing system procedure would be effective.

In addition, to date there is no technological equipment for the preparation of warnings of wind shear, so it will be managed the installation or a meteorological radar Doppler band C.

The human resource issues, if not addressed in tandem with the infrastructure and procedure development, could result in deficient service provision and delivery. Human resource acquisition and development must coincide with the infrastructure and procedure development.

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# 2. Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA's Aviation System Block Upgrade (ASBU) Implementation Status

The status of ASBU implementation is provided in this section. Though there are Block 0 to Block 4 (B0, B1, B2, and B3), only B0 capacities are ready to be implemented with supporting documents such as standards, procedures, specifications, and training materials. ICAO will provide supporting documents for B1 in 2019, B2 in 2025, and B3 in 2031.

#### 2.1 ASBU Block 0 Implementation Metrics, Targets, and Status

ASBU B0 Implementation Targets and Status are presented in this section. **Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA** considers one airport, El Salvador International Airport (MSLP) "Monseñor Oscar Arnulfo Romero y Galdámez" for airport oriented Elements.

#### 2.1.1 ASBU B0 Implementation Metrics and Targets

Table 2.1.1 provides the ASBU B0 Implementation Metrics, Targets, and Progress for each B0 Element.

Block 0 Modules	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks		
Wiodules	Performance Improvement Area 1: Airport Operations					
ACDM	1. Interconnection between aircraft operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes, or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or I  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or I	B0-ACDM-1 Target 1: Assessed in August 2018 a. Yes b. 1 B0-ACDM-1 Target 2: Implement by Dec 2020 c. None	Status – Need		
	2. Interconnection between aircraft operator & airport operator systems to share surface operations information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, or 1</i> <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, or 1</i>	B0-ACDM-2 Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. 1 B0-ACDM-2 Target 2: Implement by Dec 2020 c. None	Status – Need		
	3. Interconnection between airport operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or I <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or I	B0-ACDM-3 Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. 1 B0-ACDM-3 Target 2: Implement by Dec 2020 c. None	Status – Need		
	4. Interconnection between airport operator, aircraft operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1 <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-ACDM-4 Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. 1 B0-ACDM-4 Target 2: Implement by Dec 2020 c. None	Status – Need		
	5. Collaborative departure queue management	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1 <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-ACDM-5 Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-ACDM-5 Target 2: Implement by: N/A c. None	Status –N/A		

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1 P/P 1	1 ppy 1	Tay 1 6 1 11 11 11	D0 4 D7 4 4 7 4 4	G NI/A
АРТА	PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to LNAV/VNAV minima	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-APTA-1 Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None B0-APTA-1 Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	2. PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to LPV minima	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1 <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or I	B0-APTA-2 Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	3. PBN Approach Procedures without vertical guidance (LP, LNAV minima; using SBAS)	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or I  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or I	B0-APTA-3. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None B0-APTA-3 Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	4. GBAS Landing System (GLS) Approach procedures	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-APTA-4. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None B0-APTA-4. Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
RSEQ	1. AMAN via controlled time of arrival to a reference fix	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-RSEQ-1. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-RSEQ-1 Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	2. Departure management	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or I  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or I	B0-RSEQ-2. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-RSEQ-2. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	3. Departure flow management	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-RSEQ-3. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-RSEQ-3. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	4. Point merge	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-RSEQ-4. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-RSEQ-4. Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A

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SURF	1. A-SMGCS with at least one cooperative surface surveillance system	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1 <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-SURF-1. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-SURF-1. Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	2. Including ADS-B APT as an element of A-SMGCS	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1 <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-SURF-2. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-SURF-2. Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	3. A-SMGCS alerting with flight identification information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-SURF-3. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-SURF-3. Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	4. EVS for taxi operations	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-SURF-4. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-SURF-4. Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	5. Airport vehicles equipped with transponders	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-SURF-5. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-SURF-5. Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
WAKE	1. New PANS- ATM wake turbulence categories and separation minima	ICAO has not developed new minima.	N/A	Status – N/A
	2. Dependent diagonal paired approach procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, or 1</i> <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, or 1</i>	B0-WAKE-2. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-WAKE-2. Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	3. Wake independent departure and arrival procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1 <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-WAKE-3. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. No b. None B0-WAKE-3. Target 2: Implemented in date: N/A c. None	Status – N/A

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	4. Wake turbulence	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1	B0-WAKE-4. Target 1:	Status – N/A
				Status – N/A
	mitigation for	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	Assessed in Aug 2018	
	departures	Yes or No	a. No	
	procedures for	<b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?	b. None	
	parallel runways with	None, or 1	B0-WAKE-4. Target 2:	
	centrelines spaced	c. How many aerodromes implemented the	Implemented in date: N/A	
	less than 760 meters	capability?	c. None	
	(2,500 feet) apart	None, or 1		
	<b>5.</b> 6 wake	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1	B0-WAKE-5. Target 1:	Status – N/A
	turbulence categories	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	Assessed in Aug 2018	
	and separation	Yes or No	a. No	
	minima	<b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?	<b>b.</b> None	
		None, or 1	B0-WAKE-5. Target 2:	
		c. How many aerodromes implemented the	Implemented in date: N/A	
		capability?	c. None	
		None, or 1		
	Per	formance Improvement Area 2: Globally Interope	erable Systems and Data	
AMET	1. WAFS	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-AMET-1. Target 1:	Status – Implemented
		Yes or No	Assessed in Dec 2016	1
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-AMET-1. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	Implemented in Jan 2012	
		100 07 110	c. Yes	
	2. IAVW	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-AMET-2. Target 1:	Status - Implemented
	2. 111 / //	Yes or No	Assessed in Dec 2016	Status Implemented
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-AMET-2. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	Implemented in Jan 2004	
		163 07 110	c. Yes	
	3. TCAC forecasts	a. Have we assessed the need?	B0-AMET-3. Target 1:	Status – Partially
	3. TCAC forecasts	Yes or No	Assessed in Dec 2016	•
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	Implemented
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-AMET-3.Target 2:	
		Yes or No	Implemented in Dec 2013	
		163 07 110	c. Yes	
	4. Aerodrome	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1	B0-AMET-4. Target 1:	Status –Implemented
		a. Have we assessed the need?	Assessed in Dec 2004	Status – Implemented
	warnings	Yes or No	a. Yes	
			<b>b.</b> 1	
		<b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?		
		None, or 1 c. How many aerodromes implemented the	B0-AMET-4.Target 2: Implement by Dec 2004	
			1	
		capability?	<b>c.</b> 1	
	5. Wind shear	None, or 1  Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1	DO AMET 5 T41	Status Porticily
			B0-AMET-5. Target 1:	Status - Partially
	warnings and alerts	a. Have we assessed the need?	Assessed in Dec 2004	Implemented
		Yes or No	a. Yes	
		<b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?	b. 1	
		None, or 1	B0-AMET-5.Target 2:	
		<b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the	Implement by Dec 2004	
		capability?	<b>c.</b> 1	
	6. SIGMET	None, or 1  a. Have we assessed the need?	B0-AMET-6. Target 1:	Status Implemented
	U. SIGNET	Yes or No	Assessed in Dec 2004	Status - Implemented
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>a.</b> Yes <b>b.</b> Yes	
		c. Have we implemented the capability?	B0-AMET-6. Target 2:	
		1 1	8	
		Yes or No	Implement by Dec 2004	
			c. Yes	

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	7. Other OPMET information (METAR, SPECI and/or TAF)  8. QMS for MET	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or I  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or I  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. Do we need this capability?  Yes or No  c. Have we implemented the capability?  Yes or No	B0-AMET-7. Target 1: Assessed in Dec 2000 a. Yes b. Yes b. Yes B0-AMET-7. Target 2: Implement by Dec 2000 c. Yes  B0-AMET-8. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. Yes B0-AMET-8. Target 2: Implement by Aug 2018 c. Yes	Status – Implemented  Status - Implemented
DATM	1. Aeronautical Information Exchange Model (AIXM)	<ul> <li>a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No</li> <li>b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No</li> <li>c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No</li> </ul>	B0-DATM-1. Target 1: Assessed in Feb 2017 a. Yes b. Yes B0-DATM-1. Target 2: Implement by Feb 2017 c. Yes	Status - Implemented
	2. eAIP	<ul> <li>a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No</li> <li>b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No</li> <li>c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No</li> </ul>	B0-DATM-2. Target 1: Assessed in Sep 2018 a. Yes b. Yes B0-DATM-2. Target 2: Implemented in Sep 2018 c. Yes	Status – Implemented
	3. Digital NOTAM	<ul> <li>a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No</li> <li>b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No</li> <li>c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No</li> </ul>	B0-DATM-3. Target 1: Assess by Feb 2017 a. Yes b. Yes B0-DATM-3. Target 2: Implement by Feb 2017 c. Yes	Status – Implemented
	4. eTOD	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-DATM-4. Target 1: Assess by Agu 2018 a. Yes b. 1 B0-DATM-4. Target 2: Implement by Dec 2024 c. 1	Status - Analysis Not Started
	5. WGS-84	<ul> <li>a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No</li> <li>b. Do we need this capability?  Yes or No</li> <li>c. Have we implemented the capability?  Yes or No</li> </ul>	B0-DATM-5. Target 1: Assessed in Jan 2001 a. Yes b. Yes B0-DATM-5. Target 2: Implemented in Jan 1993 c. Yes	Status – Implemented
	6. QMS for AIM	<ul> <li>a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No</li> <li>b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No</li> <li>c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No</li> </ul>	B0-DATM-6. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. Yes B0-DATM-6. Target 2: Implement by Aug 2018 a. No	Status – Implemented
FICE	AIDC to provide initial flight data to adjacent ATSUs	<ul> <li>a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No</li> <li>b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No</li> <li>c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No</li> </ul>	B0-FICE-1. Target 1: Assessed in Dec 2016 a. Yes b. Yes B0-FICE-1. Target 2: c. Yes	Status – Implemented

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	2. AIDC to update	a. Have we assessed the need?	B0-FICE-2. Target 1:	Status - Implemented
	previously	Yes or No	Assessed in Dec 2016	
	coordinated flight	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
	data	Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
	data	<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-FICE-2. Target 2:	
			_	
		Yes or No	c. Yes	
	3. AIDC for control	a. Have we assessed the need?	B0-FICE-3. Target 1:	Status - Implemented
	transfer	Yes or No	Assessed in Dec 2016	
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-FICE-3. Target 2:	
	4 1700	Yes or No	c. Yes	G
	<b>4.</b> AIDC to transfer	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-FICE-4. Target 1:	Status –N/A
	CPDLC logon	Yes or No	Assessed in Dec 2016	
	information to the	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. No	
	Next Data Authority	Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-FICE-4. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. N/A	
	D.			
ACAC		rformance Improvement Area 3: Optimum Capac		G. I. D. I. I
ACAS	1. ACAS II (TCAS	a. Have we assessed the need?	B0-ACAS-1. Target 1:	Status – Developing
	version 7.1)	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
		c. Have we implemented the capability?	B0-ACAS-1. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	Implement by Dec 2020	
		163 01 140		
	A	** 1.1 10	c. Yes	
	2. Auto Pilot/Flight	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-ACAS-2. Target 1:	Status – Developing
	Director (AP/FD)	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	
	TCAS	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-ACAS-2. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	Implement by Dec 2020	
		163 07 140	c. Yes	
	2 TCAC A1 4	. II 1.4 10		Cr. A. NT/A
	3. TCAS Alert	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-ACAS-3. Target 1:	Status - N/A
	Prevention (TCAP)	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug	
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. No	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-ACAS-3. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. N/A	
ASEP	1. ATSA-AIRB	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-ASEP-1. Target 1:	Status - N/A
ASEI	1. AISA-AIKB	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	Status - IV/A
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-ASEP-1. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. N/A	
	2. ATSA-VSA	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-ASEP-2. Target 1:	Status - N/A
		Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-ASEP-2. Target 2:	
		* * *	S	
		Yes or No	c. N/A	
ASUR	1. ADS-B	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-ASUR-1. Target 1:	Status – Developing
		Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-ASUR-1. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	Implement by Dec 2019	
			c. Yes	
	2 Multil-t	Number of considering to be a second of		Status N/A
	2. Multilateration	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1	B0-ASUR-2. Target 1	Status - N/A
	(MLAT)	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	Assessed in Aug 2018	
		Yes or No	a. No	
		<b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?	<b>b.</b> No	
		None, or 1	B0-ASUR-2. Target 2:	
		c. How many aerodromes implemented the	c. N/A	
		capability?	"	
		None, or 1		
1	1	110110, 01 1	Ī	i l

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FRTO	1. CDM	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-FRTO-1. Target 1:	Status - N/A
1110	incorporated into	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	Data TVII
	airspace planning	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-FRTO-1. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. N/A	
	2. Flexible Use of	a. Have we assessed the need?	B0-FRTO-2. Target 1:	Status - N/A
	Airspace (FUA)	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-FRTO-2. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. N/A	
	<b>3.</b> Flexible route	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-FRTO-3. Target 1	Status - N/A
	systems	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018:	
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	b. No	
		c. Have we implemented the capability?  Yes or No	B0-FRTO-3. Target 2:	
	4. CPDLC used to	a. Have we assessed the need?	c. N/A	Status - N/A
	request and receive	Yes or No	<b>B0-FRTO-4. Target 1:</b> Assessed in Aug 2018	Status - IN/A
	re-route clearances	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	<b>a.</b> No	
	Te Toute clearances	Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-FRTO-4. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. N/A	
NOPS	1. Sharing	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-NOPS-1. Target 1:	Status – Developing
	prediction of traffic	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	2 2
	load for next day	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-NOPS-1. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	Implement by Dec 2019	
			c. No	
	2. Proposing	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-NOPS-2. Target 1:	Status - N/A
	alternative routings	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	
	to avoid or minimize	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
	ATFM delays	Yes or No	b. No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-NOPS-2. Target 2:	
OPFL	1. ITP using ADS-B	Yes or No  a. Have we assessed the need?	c. N/A B0-OFTL-1. Target 1:	Status – N/A
OPFL	1. THE USING ADS-B	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	Status – IV/A
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. No	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-OFTL-1. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. N/A	
SNET	1. Short Term	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-SNET-1. Target 1:	Status – Implemented
	Conflict Alert	Yes or No	Assessed in Sep 2014	1
	(STCA)	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> Yes	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-SNET-1. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. Yes	
	2. Area Proximity	<b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?	B0-SNET-2. Target 1:	Status – Implemented
	Warning (APW)	Yes or No	Assessed in Sep 2014	
		<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	b. No	
		c. Have we implemented the capability?	B0-SNET-2. Target 2:	
	3. Minimum Safe	Yes or No  a. Have we assessed the need?	c. Yes B0-SNET-3. Target 1:	Status – Implemented
	Altitude Warning	Yes or No	Assessed in Sep 2014	Status – Implemented
	(MSAW)	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	<b>a.</b> Yes	
	(1.10/11/)	Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-SNET-3. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. Yes	
	4. Medium Term	a. Have we assessed the need?	B0-SNET-4. Target 1:	Status – Implemented
	Conflict Alert	Yes or No	Assessed in Sep 2014	•
	(MTCA)	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
		Yes or No	<b>b.</b> No	
		<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-SNET-4. Target 2:	
		Yes or No	c. Yes	
		Performance Improvement Area 4: Effi	cient Flight Paths	

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CCO	1. Procedure changes to facilitate	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?	B0-CCO-1. Target 1: Assessed in Jan 2016	Status – Implemented
	CCO	<ul> <li>Yes or No</li> <li>b. How many aerodromes need this capability?</li> <li>None, or I</li> <li>c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?</li> <li>None, or I</li> </ul>	<ul><li>a. Yes</li><li>b. 1</li><li>B0-CCO-1. Target 2:</li><li>c. 1</li></ul>	
	2. Route changes to facilitate CCO	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or I  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or I	B0-CCO-2. Target 1: Assessed in Jan 2016 a. Yes b. 1 B0-CCO-2. Target 2: c. 1	Status – Implemented
	3. PBN SIDs	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1 <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-CCO-3. Target 1: Assessed in Sep 2014 a. Yes b. 1 B0-CCO-3. Target 2: Implement by Sep 2014 c. 1	Status – Implemented
CDO	Procedure changes to facilitate CDO	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, or 1</i> <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, or 1</i>	B0-CDO-1. Target 1: Assessed in Jan 2016 a. Yes b. 1 B0-CDO-1. Target 2: c. 1	Status – Implemented
	2. Route changes to facilitate CDO	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1 <b>a.</b> Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No <b>b.</b> How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or 1 <b>c.</b> How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or 1	B0-CDO-2. Target 1: Assessed in Jan 2016 a. Yes b. 1 B0-CDO-2. Target 2: c. 1	Status – Implemented
	3. PBN STARs	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 1  a. Have we assessed the need?  Yes or No  b. How many aerodromes need this capability?  None, or I  c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability?  None, or I	B0-CDO-3. Target 1: Assessed in Sep 2014 a. Yes b. 1 B0-CDO-3. Target 2: Implemented in Sep 2014 c. 1	Status – Implemented
ТВО	1. ADS-C over oceanic and remote areas	<ul> <li>a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No</li> <li>b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No</li> <li>c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No</li> </ul>	B0-TBO-1. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None B0-TBO-1. Target 2: c. N/A	Status - N/A
	2. CPDLC over continental areas	<ul> <li>a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No</li> <li>b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No</li> <li>c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No</li> </ul>	B0-TBO-2. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None B0-TBO-2. Target 2: c. N/A	Status - N/A
	3. CPDLC over oceanic and remote areas	<ul> <li>a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No</li> <li>b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No</li> <li>c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No</li> </ul>	B0-TBO-3. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None B0-TBO-3. Target 2: c. N/A	Status - N/A

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4. SATVOICE direct	a. Have we assessed the need?	B0-TBO-4. Target 1:	Status - N/A
controller-pilot	Yes or No	Assessed in Aug 2018	
communication	<b>b.</b> Do we need this capability?	a. Yes	
(DCPC)	Yes or No	<b>b.</b> None	
	<b>c.</b> Have we implemented the capability?	B0-TBO-4. Target 2:	
	Yes or No	c. N/A	

Table 2.1.1: ASBU B0 Implementation Metrics and Targets

#### 2.1.2 ASBU B0 Implementation Status Summary

The summary of ASBU B0 implementation status is provided in the Table 2.1. The details of ASBU B0 implementation status is recorded using ANRFs and provided in Appendix D.

	Elements		Need Analysis				Implementation Status (if Element is needed)		
Module			In Progress	Need	N/A	Planning	Developing	Partially Implemented	Implemented
	Performance Improvement Area 1: Airpo	ort Ope	eration	s					
ACDM	Interconnection between aircraft operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information			1					
	2. Interconnection between aircraft operator & airport operator systems to share surface operations information			1					
	3. Interconnection between airport operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information			1					
	4. Interconnection between airport operator, aircraft operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information			1					
	Collaborative departure queue management				1				
APTA	PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to LNAV/VNAV minima				1				
	2. PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to LPV minima				1				
	3. PBN approach procedures without vertical guidance to LNAV minima				1				
	4. GBAS Landing System (GLS) procedures to CAT I minima				1				
RSEQ	AMAN via controlled time of arrival to a reference fix				1				
	2. Departure management				1				
	3. Departure flow management				1				
	4. Point merge				1				
SURF	A-SMGCS with at least one cooperative surface surveillance system				1				
	2. Including ADS-B APT as an element of A-SMGCS				1				
	3. A-SMGCS alerting with flight identification information				1				
	4. EVS for taxi operations			l.	1				
	5. Airport vehicles equipped with transponders				1				
WAKE	New PANS-ATM wake turbulence categories and separation minima				1				
	2. Dependent diagonal paired approach procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart				1				
	<ol> <li>Wake independent departure and arrival operations (WIDAO) for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart</li> </ol>				1				
	4. Wake turbulence mitigation for departures (WTMD) procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart based on observed crosswinds				1				
	5. 6 wake turbulence categories and separation minima				1				
	Performance Improvement Area 2: Globally Interop	perable	Systen	ns and l	Data				
AMET	1. WAFS								√
	2. IAVW								√
	3. TCAC forecasts								

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			Need A	nalysis		Implementation Status (if Element is needed)			
Module	Elements	Not Started	In Progress	Need	N/A	Planning	Developing	Partially Implemented	Implemented
	4. Aerodrome warnings								1
	5. Wind shear warnings and alerts							1	
	6. SIGMET								<b>√</b>
	7. Other OPMET information (METAR, SPECI and/or TAF)								1
	8. QMS for MET								<b>√</b>
DATM	Standardized Aeronautical Information Exchange Model (AIXM)								<b>√</b>
	2. eAIP								<b>√</b>
	3. Digital NOTAM								<b>√</b>
	4. eTOD	1							
	5. WGS-84								<b>√</b>
	6. QMS for AIM								$\sqrt{}$
FICE	AIDC to provide initial flight data to adjacent ATSUs								<b>√</b>
	AIDC to update previously coordinated flight data								$\sqrt{}$
	3. AIDC for control transfer								<b>√</b>
	4. AIDC to transfer CPDLC logon information to the Next Data				<b>√</b>				
	Authority				٧				
	Performance Improvement Area 3: Optimum Capa	city an	d Flexi	ble Flig	hts				
ACAS	1. ACAS II (TCAS version 7.1)								
	2. AP.FD function								
	3. TCAP function				<b>√</b>				
ASEP	1. ATSA-AIRB								
	2. ATSA-VSA				√				
ASUR	1. ADS-B						√		
	2. Multilateration (MLAT)				1				
FRTO	CDM incorporated into airspace planning								
	2. Flexible Use of Airspace (FUA)								
	3. Flexible routing								
	4: CPDLC used to request and receive re-route clearances								
NOPS	Sharing prediction of traffic load for next day								
	2. Proposing alternative routings to avoid or minimize ATFM delays								
OPFL	1. ITP using ADS-B				√				
SNET	Short Term Conflict Alert implementation (STCA)								√
	2. Area Proximity Warning (APW)								√
	3. Minimum Safe Altitude Warning (MSAW)								
	4. Medium Term Conflict Alert (MTCA)								
	Performance Improvement Area 4: Efficie	ent Flig	ht Path	ıs					
CCO	Procedure changes to facilitate CCO								1
	2. Airspace changes to facilitate CCO								1
	3. PBN SIDs								1
CDO	Procedure changes to facilitate CDO								1
	Airspace changes to facilitate CDO								1
	3. PBN STARs				,				1
TBO	ADS-C over oceanic and remote areas				√ 				
	CPDLC over continental areas				√				
	CPDLC over oceanic and remote areas				√				
	3. SATVOICE direct controller-pilot communication (DCPC)	G							

Table 2.1.2 ASBU B0 Implementation Status Summary

### 2.2 ASBU Block 1 Implementation Targets and Status

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This section will be written after 2019. Appendix E is reserved for ASBU B1 ANRFs.

#### 2.3 ASBU Block 2 Implementation Targets and Status

This section will be written after 2025. Appendix F is reserved for ASBU B2 ANRFs.

#### 2.4 ASBU Block 3 Implementation Targets and Status

This section will be written after 2031. Appendix G is reserved for ASBU B3 ANRFs.

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#### 3. ICAO NACC Regional Aviation System Improvements (RASI) Status

The RPBANIP is aligned with GANP and provides guidance to States in the NACC region. The ICAO NACC RO also provides guidance to implement certain capabilities outside the ASBU scope, yet regionally important improvements. Currently 4 aerodrome associated NACC region specific improvements are identified and shown below. RASI ANRF for ICAO NACC Regional Initiatives is prepared and provided in Appendix H.

- Aerodrome certification Status: El Salvador International Airport (MSLP) "Monseñor Oscar Arnulfo Romero y Galdámez" Implemented
- Heliport operational approval Status: N/A
- Visual aids for navigation Status: Implemented
- Aerodrome Bird/Wildlife Organization and Control Programme Status: Implemented

# 4. Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA's State Aviation System Improvements (SASI) Status

Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA's State Aviation System Improvements (SASI) are broken into three categories; (1) Equipment upgrades; (2) Procedure upgrades; and (3) Infrastructure upgrades. The details of upgrades were recorded using SASI ANRFs and provided in Appendix I.

#### **4.1 Equipment Upgrades**

Equipment upgrades are not identified at this time.

#### 4.2 Procedure Upgrades

Procedure upgrades are not identified at this time.

#### 4.3 Infrastructure Upgrades

There are three infrastructure upgrades, shown below, which have been identified to address anticipated airport and airspace demand growth. SASI ANRF for Infrastructure Upgrades is prepared and provided in Appendix I.

- Airport Terminal Development Status: Analysis in Progress
- Airport Rwy Rehabilitation and extension Status: Analysis in Progress
- Control Tower and Technical Building upgrade Status: Analysis in Progress

# **5.** Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA State ANP Next Review Schedule The next review and revision of this document is scheduled in September 2018.

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#### Appendix A: ANRF Explained

An ASBU ANRF should be completed for each applicable ASBU Module as follows:

**PIA** The Performance Improvement Area (1, 2, 3 or 4) for the ASBU Module, as per

the NAM ASBU Handbook.

**Block - Module** The Module Designation for the ASBU Module, as per the NAM ASBU

Handbook.

**Date** The date when the form was completed or updated.

**Module Description** The Summary Description for the ASBU Module, as per the NAM ASBU

Handbook.

**Element** The descriptive text for each Element, as per the *NAM ASBU Handbook*. It is not

necessary to include the Defined, Derived from or Identified By information. Insert additional rows, if necessary, to accommodate all of the Elements listed for

the ASBU Module.

**Date Planned or Implemented** The month and year when the Element was fully implemented or the year

when it is planned for the Element to be fully implemented by all applicable States or at all applicable aerodromes. This field should be left blank if the Status for the Element is "Analysis Not Started" or "Not Applicable" for all States or

aerodromes in the Region.

**Status** The Need Analysis or Implementation status for the Element, in accordance with Table NAM ASBU III-1, III-2, III-3 or III-4. Indicate the status as follows:

Not Started: if the Need Analysis has not been started for any of the States or

aerodromes

**In Progress:** if at least one Need Analysis has been started but none have yet been completed

**Need:** if at least on Need Analysis has determined a requirement for the Element, but no implementation planning has yet been initiated

**Not Applicable:** 1) if all of the Need Analyses completed to date have concluded the Element is not required, or 2) if the Element is not an aerodrome-related improvement and the Region has not adopted the improvement for region-wide implementation.

**Planning:** if at least one implementation is in the Planning phase and no implementations have yet been completed.

**Developing:** if at least one implementation is in the Developing phase but no implementations have yet been completed.

**Partially Implemented:** if at least one, but not all, implementations have been completed.

**Implemented:** if all of Needed implementations have been completed.

Status Details Further information to support or explain the reported status. The rea

Further information to support or explain the reported status. The reason(s) an Element was found to be "Not Applicable" for all the aerodromes (or States) in the Region. The reason(s) why the Need Analysis has not been completed for all or some of the aerodromes (or States) in the Region. Information on where

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implementation has or has not been completed (as appropriate) if the reported status is "Partially Implemented".

#### **Achieved Benefits**

Describe the achieved benefits for the entire Module or particular Elements. The benefits can be quantitative or qualitative. The benefits should be described for the following 5 of the 11 Key Performance Areas (KPAs) defined the *Manual on Global Performance of the Air Navigation System* (Doc 9883):

Access & Equity: Improving the operating environment so as to ensure all airspace users have the right of access to ATM resources needed to meet their specific operational requirements; and ensuring that the shared use of the airspace for different airspace users can be achieved safely. Providing equity for all airspace users that have access to a given airspace or service. Generally, the first aircraft ready to use the ATM resources will receive priority, except where significant overall safety or system operational efficiency would accrue or national defence considerations or interests dictate by providing priority on a different basis.

Capacity: Improving the ability to meet airspace user demand at peak times and locations while minimizing restrictions on traffic flow. Responding to future growth by increasing capacity, efficiency, flexibility, and predictability while ensuring that there are no adverse impacts to safety and giving due consideration to the environment. Increasing resiliency to service disruption and minimising resulting temporary loss of capacity.

*Efficiency:* Improving the operational and economic cost effectiveness of gate-to-gate flight operations from the airspace users' perspective. Increasing the ability for airspace users to depart and arrive at the times they select and fly the trajectory they determine to be optimum in all phases of flight.

**Environment:** Contributing to the protection of the environment by minimizing or reducing noise, gaseous emissions, and other negative environmental effects in the implementation and operation of the air navigation system.

*Safety:* Reducing the likelihood or severity of operational safety risks associated with the provision or use of air navigation services.

**Implementation Challenges** A description of any circumstances that have been encountered or are foreseen that might prevent or delay implementation. Challenges should be categorized and described under the applicable subject area.

**Notes** Any further information as deemed appropriate.

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## Appendix B: ASBU ANRF Template

Au	thority of	El Salva	dor/Civil A	viation Authority CAA A	SBU Aiı	r Navi	gation Reporting Form	(ANRF)			
PIA	4	Block -	- Module	B0 - CDO		Date	August 2018				
opt pro	<b>Module Description:</b> To use performance-based airspace and arrival procedures allowing an aircraft to fly its optimum profile using continuous descent operations. This will optimize throughput, allow fuel efficient descent profiles, and increase capacity in terminal areas. The application of PBN enhances CDO.										
	Element Implementation Status										
1	Element						Planned/Implemented	Status			
			to facilitate	e CDO		Septen	nber 2014	Implemented			
	Status D	etails									
2	Element	Descript	ion			Date I	Planned/Implemented	Status			
			facilitate CD	00			nber 2014	Implemented			
	Status D	etails									
3	Element		ion				Planned/Implemented	Status			
	PBN STA	ARs			ì	Septen	nber 2014	Implemented			
	Status D	etails									
Acl	nieved Ber	nefits									
	ess and E										
				lse leave it blank.							
_		Describe i	f you can, e	lse leave it blank.							
	pacity										
	ciency										
	vironment										
Saf		ion Chall	longos								
_	plementat										
	onics Impl										
	onics impi ocedures A										
_	erational A		,								
Not		ipprovais									
	vide notes	if applica	able.								

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#### **Appendix C: RASI and Civil Aviation Authority CAA ANRF Templates**

RASI and Civil Aviation Authority CAA ANRF templates are the same with ASBU ANRF template with exception of the header as shown in this Appendix. The first header is for the ICAO NACC Regional Office specific improvements while the second header is for the State specific improvements.

#### Section C.1: Regional Aviation System Improvements (RASI) ANRF Header

Enter appropriate State Name and Date. Describe the Module (i.e., improvement group description.)

Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA RASI Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
ICAO NACC Regional Initiatives	Date	September 1, 2017					
Module Description: ICAO NACC RO has identified airport imp	orovemer	nts.					
Refer to the ASBU ANRF for the remaining sections (i.e., Ele Implementation Challenges, and Notes)	ement Im	plementation Status, Achieved Benefits,					

#### Section C.2: State Aviation System Improvements (RASI) ANRF Header

Enter appropriate State Name, Upgrades category (i.e., Equipment, Procedure, Infrastructure, etc.), Date. Describe the Module (i.e., Upgrades category description.)

Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA SASI Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
Infrastructure Upgrades	Date	September 1, 2017					
Module Description: Describe module.							
Refer to the ASBU ANRF for the remaining sections (i.e., Ele Implementation Challenges, and Notes)	ement In	nplementation Status, Achieved Benefits,					

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### Appendix D: Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA ASBU Block 0 ANRFs

	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation	Reporti	ing Form (ANRF)	
PIA	Block - Module B0 - ACDM	Date	August - 06, 2018	
	dule Description: To implement collaborative applications t			
	among the different stakeholders on the airport. This will im			
	ys on movement and manoeuvring areas and enhance safety,	efficien	cy and situational awarer	ness.
Ele	ment Implementation Status			
1	<b>Element Description:</b>		Planned/Implemented	Status
	Interconnection between aircraft operator and ANSP	Decen	nber 2020	Need
	systems to share surface operations information			
	Status Details			
	Coordinations have been made between the aircraft operator		ANSP, to implement an	ordering of the
	aircraft on the ground according to their scheduled departure			Ι
2	<b>Element Description:</b>		Planned/Implemented	Status
	Interconnection between aircraft operator and airport	Decen	nber 2020	Need
	operator systems to share surface operations information			
	Status Details	c		
	Interconnection monitoring is carried out between the aircra	it operat	for and airport operator, to	o guarantee an
2	effective implementation.	D 4 1	DI 1/T I 4 I	Gt t
3	Element Description:		Planned/Implemented	Status
	Interconnection between airport operator and ANSP	Decen	nber 2020	Need
	systems to share surface operations information  Status Details			
		ft amanat	on and airmont anamatan t	o overementos em
	Interconnection monitoring is carried out between the aircrateffective implementation	n operai	or and airport operator, to	o guarantee an
4	Element Description:	Date I	Planned/Implemented	Status
•	Interconnection between airport operator, aircraft operator		nber 2020	Need
	and ANSP systems to share surface operations information	Decen	11001 2020	riced
•	Status Details			
	Interconnection monitoring is carried out between the aircraft	ft operat	or and airport operator a	nd ANSP, to
	guarantee an effective implementation	F		, , , ,
5	Element Description:	Date I	Planned/Implemented	Status
	Collaborative departure queue management		plicable	N/A
	Status Details	1	•	I
	N/A			
Ach	ieved Benefits			
Acc	ess and Equity			
Cap	acity			
	ciency			
Env	ironment			
Safe	ety			
Imp	blementation Challenges			
Gro	und system Implementation			
	onics Implementation			
	^			

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Procedures Availability	
Operational Approvals	
Notes	

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	EL SALVAI	DOR ASBU Air Navigation	Reportii	ng Form (ANRF)						
PIA		B0 - APTA	Date	August - 06, 2018						
Mo	odule Description: The use of Pe	rformance-based Navigation	(PBN) ar	d ground-based augmen	tation system					
(GI	BAS) landing system (GLS) proce	edures will enhance the reliable	ility and p	predictability of approach	nes to runways,					
thu	thus increasing safety, accessibility and efficiency. This is possible through the application of basic global									
nav	navigation satellite system (GNSS), Baro-vertical navigation (VNAV), satellite-based augmentation system (SBAS)									
	I GLS. The flexibility inherent in I	PBN approach design can be	exploited	to increase runway capa	city.					
Ele	ment Implementation Status									
1	<b>Element Description:</b>			Planned/Implemented	Status					
	PBN approach procedures with	vertical guidance to	No ap	plicable	N/A					
	LNAV/VNAV minima									
	Status Details									
	We have RNAV RNP AR proce	dures								
2	Element Description:			Planned/Implemented	Status					
	PBN approach procedures with	vertical guidance to LPV	No ap	plicable	N/A					
	minima									
	Status Details									
	We have RNAV RNP AR proce	dures	_							
3	Element Description:			Planned/Implemented	Status					
	PBN approach procedures withou	out vertical guidance to	No ap	plicable	N/A					
	LNAV minima									
	Status Details									
	We have RNAV RNP AR proce	dures	-							
4	Element Description:			Planned/Implemented	Status					
	GBAS Landing System (GLS) p	procedures to CAT I minima	No ap	plicable	N/A					
	Status Details									
	We have RNAV RNP AR proce	dures								
	hieved Benefits									
	cess and Equity									
_	pacity									
	iciency									
	vironment									
Saf										
	plementation Challenges									
	ound system Implementation									
	ionics Implementation									
	ocedures Availability									
Ope	erational Approvals									
Not	tes									

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		EL SALVAD	OR ASBU Air	Navigation R	eportii	ng Form (ANRF)	
PIA	1	Block - Module	B0 - RSEQ		Date	August - 06, 2018	
						based metering) to and fr	
	-		nultiple depende	ent runways at	closely	proximate aerodromes,	to efficiently
		nt runway capacity.					
Ele		entation Status					
1	Element Des	•				Planned/Implemented	Status
	AMAN via c	ontrolled time of arr	rival to a referen	ice fix	No Ap	plicable	N/A
	Status Detai	ls					
2	Element Des	scription:			Date I	Planned/Implemented	Status
	Departure ma	anagement			No Ap	plicable	N/A
	Status Detai	ls		<u>.</u>			
	N/A						
3	Element Des					Planned/Implemented	Status
		ow management			No Ap	plicable	N/A
	Status Detai	ls					
	N/A						
4	Element Des	scription:				Planned/Implemented	Status
	Point merge				No app	plicable	N/A
	Status Detai	ls					
	N/A						
	nieved Benefit						
	ess and Equity	У					
	pacity						
Effi	ciency						
Env	vironment						
Safe							
	plementation						
	ound system In	•					
	onics Impleme						
	cedures Avail						
Ope	erational Appr	rovals					
Not	tes						

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation 1	Reporti	ng Form (ANRF)	
PIA	A 1 Block - Module B0 - SURF	Date	August - 06, 2018	
Mo	dule Description: First levels of advanced-surface movement	guidanc	e and control systems (A	-SMGCS)
_	vides surveillance and alerting of movements of both aircraft an	d vehicl	les at the aerodrome, thus	improving
	way/aerodrome safety.			
	tomatic dependent surveillance-broadcast (ADS-B) information	is used	when available (ADS-B.	APT). Enhanced
	on systems (EVS) is used for low-visibility operations.			
	ment Implementation Status			
1	<b>Element Description:</b>		Planned/Implemented	Status
	A-SMGCS with at least one cooperative surface surveillance	No ap	plicable	N/A
	system			
	Status Details			
	El Salvador International Airport do not need A-SMGCS			
2	<b>Element Description:</b>		Planned/Implemented	Status
	ADS-B APT	No ap	plicable	N/A
	Status Details			
	El Salvador International Airport do not need ADS-BAPT	1		T
3	Element Description:		Planned/Implemented	Status
	A-SMGCS alerting with flight identification information	No ap	plicable	N/A
	Status Details			
	El Salvador International Airport do not need A-SMGCS	1		La
4	Element Description:		Planned/Implemented	Status
	EVS for taxi operations	No ap	plicable	N/A
	Status Details			
-	El Salvador International Airport do not need EVS	I D 4 I	DI 1/T I / I	Gt t
5	Element Description:		Planned/Implemented	Status N/A
	Airport vehicles equipped with transponders  Status Details	No ap	plicable	N/A
	It is not necessary that type of transponders			
A al	hieved Benefits			
	ress and Equity			
	pacity			
_	ciency			
	vironment			
Saf	plementation Challenges			
	ound system Implementation			
	onics Implementation			
	onics Implementation ocedures Availability			
	erational Approvals			
No				
140	ues			

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation l	Reporting Form (ANRF)	
PIA		<b>Date</b> August - 06, 2018	
	dule Description: Improved throughput on departure and arrive		ake turbulence
	aration minima, revised aircraft wake turbulence categories and	procedures.	
Ele	ment Implementation Status	,	
1	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	New PANS-ATM wake turbulence categories and separation	No applicable	N/A
	minima		
	Status Details		
	Wait for the ICAO document to be published		T
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Dependent diagonal paired approach procedures for parallel	No applicable	N/A
	runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500		
	feet) apart		
	Status Details		
	N/A	In . n	Lac
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Wake independent departure and arrival operations	No applicable	N/A
	(WIDAO) for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less		
	than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart		
	Status Details		
_	N/A	D ( D) 1/7 1 ( 1	T qu u
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Wake turbulence mitigation for departures (WTMD)	No applicable	N/A
	procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less		
	than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart based on observed crosswinds		
	Status Details		
	N/A		
5	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
3	6 wake turbulence categories and separation minima	No applicable	N/A
	o wake turbulence categories and separation minima	то аррпсавіе	IN/A
	Status Details		
	N/A		
Acl	hieved Benefits		
	ess and Equity		
	pacity		
	iciency		
	vironment		
Saf			
	plementation Challenges		
	ound system Implementation		
	onics Implementation		
	ocedures Availability		
	erational Approvals		
No			
110			

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EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA	1	Block - Module	B0 - AMET	Date	August - 06, 2018		

Module Description: Global, regional and local meteorological information:

- a) forecasts provided by world area forecast centres (WAFC), volcanic ash advisory centres (VAAC) and tropical cyclone advisory centres (TCAC);
- b) aerodrome warnings to give concise information of meteorological conditions that could adversely affect all aircraft at an aerodrome including wind shear; and
- c) SIGMETs to provide information on occurrence or expected occurrence of specific enroute weather phenomena which may affect the safety of aircraft operations and other operational meteorological (OPMET) information, including METAR/SPECI and TAF, to provide routine and special observations and forecasts of meteorological conditions occurring or expected to occur at the aerodrome.

This information supports flexible airspace management, improved situational awareness and collaborative decision making, and dynamically optimized flight trajectory planning.

This module includes elements which should be viewed as a subset of all available meteorological information that can be used to support enhanced operational efficiency and safety.

	Element Inches at the Character of the C						
Element Implementation Status							
1	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	WAFS	January 2012	Implemented				
	Status Details						
			La.				
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	IAVW	January 2004	Implemented				
	Status Details						
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented					
	TCAC forecasts	December 2013	Implemented				
	Status Details						
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Aerodrome warnings	December 2004	Implemented				
	Status Details						
5	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Wind shear warnings and alerts	December 2004	Implemented				
	Status Details						
6	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	SIGMET	December 2004	Implemented				
	Status Details						
7	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Other OPMET information (METAR, SPECI and/or TAF)	December 2000	Implemented				
	Status Details	•	•				
8	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	QMS for MET	August 2018	Implemented				
			1				
			I				

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Status Details					
Achieved Benefits					
Access and Equity					
Capacity					
Efficiency					
Environment					
Safety					
Implementation Challenges					
Ground system Implementation					
Avionics Implementation					
Procedures Availability					
Operational Approvals					
Notes					

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA		<b>Date</b> August - 06, 2018						
orig (AI info	dule Description: The initial introduction of digital processing gination to publication, through aeronautical information service M) implementation, use of aeronautical exchange model (AIX permation publication (AIP) and better quality and availability of	ce (AIS)/aeronautical information M), migration to electronic aeron	n management					
	ment Implementation Status	-	T -:					
1	Element Description: Standardized Aeronautical Information Exchange Model (AIXM) Status Details	<b>Date Planned/Implemented</b> February 2017	Status Implemented					
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
_	eAIP	September 2018	Implemented					
	Status Details	T. T.	r					
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	Digital NOTAM	February 2017	Implemented					
	Status Details	,	*					
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	eTOD	December 2024	Analysis Not Started					
	Status Details there is not technological equipment							
5	Element Description: WGS-84	Date Planned/Implemented January 2001	Status Implemented					
	Status Details							
6	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	QMS for AIM	August 2018	Implemented					
	Status Details							
	nieved Benefits							
	nieved Benefits							
	ress and Equity							
	pacity							
	ciency vironment							
Saf								
	plementation Challenges							
	ound system Implementation							
	onics Implementation							
	ocedures Availability							
No	·							

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA	2	Block - Module	B0 - FICE	Date	August - 06, 2018			
	_	-	oordination between air traffi			•		
	data communication (AIDC) defined by ICAO's Manual of Air Traffic Services Data Link Applications (Doc 9694).							
			efficiency of the transfer of	commun	ication in a data link envi	ronment.		
	_	nentation Status		•				
1	Element De	-			Planned/Implemented	Status		
			ta to adjacent ATSUs	Decen	nber 2016	Implemented		
	Status Deta	ils						
				T		1 ~		
2	Element De	•	1 1 Cl. 1 . 1 .		Planned/Implemented	Status		
	_	date previously coord	dinated flight data	Decen	nber 2016	Implemented		
	Status Deta	ils						
3	Element De	scarintian.		Doto I	Planned/Implemented	Status		
3		ontrol transfer			nber 2016	Implemented		
	Status Deta			Decen	1001 2010	Implemented		
	. Status Deta	1115						
4	Element De	escription:		Date 1	Planned/Implemented	Status		
			information to the Next		pplicable	N/A		
	Data Author			1	•			
	Status Deta	ils				1		
	N/A							
Acl	hieved Benef	its						
Acc	ess and Equi	ty						
Cap	pacity							
Effi	iciency							
Env	vironment							
Saf								
	plementation							
		mplementation				,		
	onics Implem					,		
	ocedures Avai							
	erational App	rovals				,		
Not	tes							

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)						
PIA	Block - Module B0 - ACAS	<b>Date</b> August - 06, 2018					
	<b>Module Description:</b> To provide short-term improvements to existing airborne collision avoidance systems						
	AS) to reduce nuisance alerts while maintaining existing level	•	ctory deviations				
	increase safety in cases where there is a breakdown of separat	on.					
	ment Implementation Status						
1	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	ACAS II (TCAS version 7.1)	December 2020	Developing				
	Status Details						
	It has ACAS and TCAS applicable regulations, but not in ver-						
2	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	AP/FD function	December 2020	Developing				
	Status Details						
	The regulations for its implementation are being developed						
3	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	TCAP function	No Applicable	N/A				
	Status Details						
	N/A						
	ieved Benefits						
	ess and Equity						
_ ^	acity						
Effi	ciency						
Env	ironment						
Safe	•						
	lementation Challenges						
	und system Implementation						
	onics Implementation						
Pro	cedures Availability						
Оре	rational Approvals						
Not	es						

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA	3	Block - Module	B0 - ASEP	Date	August - 06, 2018			
Mo	<b>Module Description:</b> Two air traffic situational awareness (ATSA) applications which will enhance safety and							
effi	ciency by prov	viding pilots with the	e means to enhance traf	fic situational	awareness and achieve q	uicker visual		
	uisition of targ	•						
a) A	AIRB (basic ai	rborne situational av	vareness during flight of	perations).				
		paration on approac	h).					
Ele		entation Status						
1	Element Des	•			Planned/Implemented	Status		
1	ATSA-AIRB	3		No Ap	plicable	N/A		
	Status Detai	ls						
	N/A							
2	<b>Element Des</b>	scription:			Planned/Implemented	Status		
	ATSA-VSA			No Ap	plicable	N/A		
	Status Detai	ls						
	N/A							
	nieved Benefit							
Acc	ess and Equity	У						
	pacity							
Effi	ciency							
Env	rironment							
Safe	ety							
Imp	plementation	Challenges						
Gro	ound system In	nplementation						
Avie	onics Impleme	entation						
Pro	cedures Avail	ability						
Оре	rational Appr	rovals						
Not	es							

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA	3	Block - Module	B0 - ASUR	Date	August - 06, 2018			
Mod	Module Description: To provide initial capability for lower cost ground surveillance supported by new							
tech	nologies such	as ADS-B OUT and	d wide area multilateration (	MLAT) s	ystems. This capability v	vill be expressed		
in va	arious ATM s	ervices, e.g. traffic i	nformation, search and rescu	e and sep	paration provision.			
Eler		entation Status						
1	Element Des	scription:			Planned/Implemented	Status		
	ADS-B			Decen	nber 2019	Developing		
	Status Detai	ls						
			COCESNA ADS-B is waitin					
2	<b>Element Des</b>	scription:			Planned/Implemented	Status		
	MLAT			No Ap	plicable	N/A		
	Status Detai	ls						
	N/A							
	ieved Benefit							
	ess and Equity	V						
Cap	acity							
Effic	ciency							
Env	ironment							
Safe	ty							
Imp	lementation	Challenges						
	•	ıplementation						
	nics Impleme							
Proc	cedures Avail	ability						
Ope	rational Appr	ovals						
Note	es							

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)						
PIA	Block - Module B0 - FRTO	<b>Date</b> August - 09, 2018					
	<b>Module Description:</b> To allow the use of airspace which would otherwise be segregated (i.e. special use airspace)						
	ng with flexible routing adjusted for specific traffic patterns.	0 01					
red	icing potential congestion on trunk routes and busy crossing	points, resulting in reduced flight le	engths and fuel				
bur							
	ment Implementation Status		1				
1	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	CDM incorporated into airspace planning	No Applicable	N/A				
	Status Details						
	N/A		T				
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Flexible Use of Airspace (FUA)	No Applicable	N/A				
	Status Details						
•	N/A		Lac				
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Flexible routing	No Applicable	N/A				
	Status Details						
_	N/A.		Lac				
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	CPDLC used to request and receive re-route clearances  Status Details	No Applicable	N/A				
	Status Details N/A						
A ol	nieved Benefits						
	ess and Equity						
	ecs and Equity Pacity						
	ciency						
	ironment						
Saf							
v	olementation Challenges						
	und system Implementation						
	onics Implementation						
	cedures Availability						
	erational Approvals						
Not							
110							

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)						
PIA	PIA         3         Block - Module         B0 - NOPS         Date         August - 06, 2018						
min invo time AT	Module Description: Air traffic flow management (ATFM) is used to manage the flow of traffic in a way that minimizes delays and maximizes the use of the entire airspace. Collaborative ATFM can regulate traffic flows involving departure slots, smooth flows and manage rates of entry into airspace along traffic axes, manage arrival time at waypoints or flight information region (FIR)/sector boundaries and re-route traffic to avoid saturated areas. ATFM may also be used to address system disruptions including a crisis caused by human or natural phenomena. Element Implementation Status						
1	Element De			Date	Planned/Implemented	Status	
•		diction of traffic load	for next day		ember 2019	Developing	
•	Status Deta		·	ing		1 1	
2	Element De	escription:		Date	Planned/Implemented	Status	
	Proposing a	lternative routings to	avoid or minimize A	TFM No A	Applicable	N/A	
	delays						
	Status Deta	ils					
	N/A						
	ieved Benef						
	ess and Equi	ty					
	pacity						
	ciency						
	ironment						
Safe	•	- CI II					
		Challenges					
	•	mplementation					
	onics Implem						
	cedures Avai						
•	rational App	rovals					
Not	es						

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA	3	Block - Module	B0 - OPFL	Date	August - 06, 2018			
Mo	dule Descrip	tion: To enable airc	raft to reach a more s	satisfactory flight	level for flight efficienc	y or to avoid		
turb	ulence for sa	fety. The main benef	it of ITP is fuel/emis	sions savings and	I the uplift of greater pay	loads.		
Ele	ment Implen	nentation Status						
1	<b>Element De</b>	scription:		Date I	Planned/Implemented	Status		
	ITP using A	DS-B		No Ap	plicable	N/A		
	Status Deta	ils						
	N/A							
Acl	nieved Benefi	its						
Acc	ess and Equit	ty						
Cap	pacity							
Effi	ciency							
Env	rironment							
Safe	ety							
Imp	olementation	Challenges						
Gra	ound system Ir	nplementation						
Avi	onics Implem	entation						
Pro	cedures Avaii	lability						
Ope	erational App	rovals						
Not	es							

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation	Reporting Form (ANRF)	
PIA	Block - Module B0 - SNET	<b>Date</b> August - 06, 2018	
	dule Description: To enable monitoring of flights while airbo		
	trollers of potential risks to flight safety. Alerts from short-term		
,	W) and minimum safe altitude warnings (MSAW) are propose	•	
	tribution to safety and remain required as long as the operation	al concept remains human centred	d.
	ment Implementation Status		
1	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Short Term Conflict Alert (STCA)	December 2014	Implemented
	Status Details		
2	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Area Proximity Warning (APW)	December 2014	Implemented
	Status Details		
3	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Minimum Safe Altitude Warning (MSAW)	December 2014	Implemented
	Status Details		
4	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Medium Term Conflict Alert (MTCA)	December 2014	Implemented
	Status Details		
Acl	nieved Benefits		
Acc	ess and Equity		
Cap	pacity		
Effi	ciency		
Env	ironment		
Saf	•		
	olementation Challenges		
	und system Implementation		
	onics Implementation		
	cedures Availability		
	erational Approvals		
Not	es		

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA	Block - Module	B0 - CCO	Date	August - 06, 2018				
	<b>Module Description:</b> To implement continuous climb operations in conjunction with performance-based							
	igation (PBN) to provide opportu		-	<u> </u>	fficient climb			
	files, and increase capacity at con	gested terminal areas. The app	plication	of PBN enhances CCO.				
	ment Implementation Status							
1	<b>Element Description:</b>			Planned/Implemented	Status			
	Procedure changes to facilitate (	CCO	Januar	y 2016	Implemented			
	Status Details							
2	<b>Element Description:</b>			Planned/Implemented	Status			
	Airspace changes to facilitate Co	CO	Januar	y 2016	Implemented			
	Status Details							
3	<b>Element Description:</b>			Planned/Implemented	Status			
	PBN SIDs		Septer	nber 2014	Implemented			
	Status Details							
	nieved Benefits							
Acc	ress and Equity							
_ ^	pacity							
	ciency							
	vironment							
Saf	<u> </u>							
	plementation Challenges							
	ound system Implementation							
	onics Implementation							
	cedures Availability							
ĺ	erational Approvals							
Not	tes							

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA	Block - Module B0 - CDO	<b>Date</b> August 06, 2018						
Mo	Module Description: To use performance-based airspace and arrival procedures allowing an aircraft to fly its							
	mum profile using continuous descent operations. This will op		cient descent					
	files, and increase capacity in terminal areas. The application o	f PBN enhances CDO.						
Ele	ment Implementation Status							
1	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	Procedure changes to facilitate CDO	January 2016	Implemented					
	Status Details							
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
4	Airspace changes to facilitate CDO	January 2016	Implemented					
	Status Details	January 2010	Implemented					
	Satus Deans							
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	PBN STARs	September 2014	Implemented					
	Status Details							
Δcl	nieved Benefits							
	ess and Equity							
	pacity							
	ciency							
00	ironment							
Saf								
	blementation Challenges							
	ound system Implementation							
Avionics Implementation								
	cedures Availability							
Ope	erational Approvals							
Not								

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	EL SALVADOR ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA		Date						
	<b>Module Description:</b> To implement a set of data link applications supporting surveillance and communications in							
	raffic services, which will lead to flexible routing, reduced ser	paration and improved safety.						
Ele	ment Implementation Status							
1	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	ADS-C over oceanic and remote areas	No Applicable	N/A					
	Status Details							
	N/A	<u> </u>						
2	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	CPDLC over continental areas	No Applicable	N/A					
	Status Details							
	N/A		1					
3	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	CPDLC over oceanic and remote areas	No Applicable	N/A					
	Status Details							
	N/A		1					
4	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	SATVOICE direct controller-pilot communication (DCPC)	No Applicable	N/A					
	Status Details							
	N/A							
	ieved Benefits							
	ess and Equity							
_ ^	acity							
	ciency							
	ironment							
Safe	•							
Implementation Challenges								
Ground system Implementation								
	Avionics Implementation							
	cedures Availability							
	rational Approvals							
Not	es							

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Appendix E: Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA ASBU Block 1 ANRFs Insert ASBU B1 ANRFs in the future.

Appendix F: Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA SBU Block 2 ANRFs Insert ASBU B2 ANRFs in the future.

Appendix G: Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA ASBU Block 3 ANRFs Insert ASBU B3 ANRFs in the future.

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## Appendix H: Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA ANRFs

**Civil Aviation Authority CAA** ANRF

	Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CA	A Air Na		m (ANRF)		
	AO NACC Regional Initiatives	Date	August – 07, 2018			
_	dule Description: ICAO NACC RO has identified airport im	proveme	ents.			
Ele	ment Implementation Status					
1	Element Description:	Date	Planned/Implemented	Status		
	Aerodrome certification	Dec 2	2019	Developing		
	Status Details					
	ICAO NACC region has a goal to have CAR aerodromes in i	ts region	al ANP Table AOP I-1 be	e certified. My		
	Organization's one airport, MSLP. They is in the process.					
2	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date	Planned/Implemented	Status		
	Heliport operational approval	No A	pplicable	N/A		
	Status Details					
	N/A					
3	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date	Planned/Implemented	Status		
	Visual aids for navigation	Sep 1	981	Implemented		
	Status Details					
	ICAO NACC region has a goal to have CAR airports in its A	NP Tabl	e AOP I-1 compliant with	Annex 14		
	requirements. This capability is implemented at MSLP.					
4	<b>Element Description:</b>	Date	Planned/Implemented	Status		
	Aerodrome Bird/Wildlife Organization and Control	Dec 2	2009	Implemented		
	Programme					
	Status Details					
	ICAO NACC region has a goal to have CAR airports in its A					
	bird/wildlife organization and control programme. MSLP is	developi	ng the manual to address	this issue.		
Ac	hieved Benefits					
	cess and Equity					
Ele	ment 1 - Aerodrome certification: International operators may	not be p	permitted to operate to aer	odromes that are		
	certified					
	ment 2. Heliport operational approval: International operators	may not	be permitted to operate to	o heliports that		
	not approved					
	ment 3. Visual aids for navigation: International operators ma	y not be	permitted to operate to ae	rodromes that		
	not compliant with Annex 14					
	pacity: No report					
	iciency					
	ment 3. Visual aids for navigation: Annex 14 compliant visua	ıl aids fo	r navigation assist flights	to more		
	ciently complete ground movements					
	vironment: No report					
	ety					
	ment 1 - Aerodrome certification: Certification should be con	_				
	AO SARPs. Certification and the associated regulatory overs			eness of SSP and		
	S processes to identify and correct safety issues at certified aer					
	Element 2. Heliport operational approval: Certification should be contingent upon the heliport complying with					
applicable ICAO SARPs. Approval and the associated regulatory oversight should increase the effectiveness of SSP						
	and SMS processes to identify and correct safety issues at approved heliports.					
	ment 3. Visual aids for navigation: Annex 14 compliant visu			t crew confusion		
	assist in avoiding runway incursions or other ground moveme					
	ment 4. Aerodrome Bird/Wildlife Organization and Control F					
	gramme reduces the potential for aircraft to strike wildlife or it	ngest wil	dlife into engines or prop	ellers.		
	plementation Challenges					
Gr	ound system Implementation: No report: No report					

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Avionics Implementation: No report			
Procedures Availability: No report			
Operational Approvals: No report			
Notes			
Element 1: Airport Terminal Development will also address the airport terminal security issues.			

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## Appendix I: Authority of El Salvador/Civil Aviation Authority CAA ANRFs

Replace with your Civil Aviation Authority CAA ANRF.

Civil Aviation Authority CAA Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)				
Infrastructure Upgrades Date September 1, 2017				
<b>Module Description:</b> Development of major components of the overall Airport/Aerodrome to meet the demands of				
the growing Aviation Industry. This will improve capacity and safety in the in terminal and allow seamless				
maneuvering of wide body Aircraft (example B777) at the turning bay. Such maneuvering will reduce runway				
occupancy time and reduce surface wear and tear. New ATC facility is required to meet the demands of increase				
staffing. Improving operational space is vital to meet the need of increased traffic. The benefits of such				
infrastructure upgrades will increase an overall traffic management efficiency and enhance safety.				
Element Implementation Status				
1	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status	
	Airport Terminal Development	December 2019	Developing	
	Status Details			
	Current terminal building does not meeting the passenger demands during peak periods. With the current			
_	airport terminal situation, the security and safety are likely to be compromised.			
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status	
	Airport Runway Rehabilitation and Extension	No Applicable	N/A	
	Status Details N/A			
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status	
3	Control Tower and Technical Building Upgrades	No Applicable	N/A	
	Status Details	No Applicable	IV/A	
	N/A			
Acl	nieved Benefits			
Access and Equity				
Ticcess and Equity				
Capacity				
Element 1 - Airport Terminal Development: Increase the capacity to handle passengers smoothly at the peak arrival				
periods.				
Efficiency				
Environment				
Safety				
Element 2 - Airport Runway Rehabilitation and Extension: Improve operational safety of aircraft.				
Element 3 - Control Tower and Technical Building Upgrades: Improve operational safety of aircraft and ATCOs.				
Implementation Challenges				
Ground system Implementation				
Avionics Implementation				
Procedures Availability				
On angli ang I Ammuon ala				
Operational Approvals				
Not	tes			
<b>Notes</b> Element 1 - Airport Terminal Development: Address the airport terminal security issues.				
Deficit 1 Amport Terminal Development. Address the airport terminal security issues.				

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