
Inter-American Telecommunication Commission (CITEL)



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Permanent Consultative Committee II: Radiocommunications (PCC.II)

PCC.II RADIOCOMMUNICATIONS

WG relative to
CITEL's
Preparation for
World
Radiocommunications
Conferences

WG on Terrestrial
Services

WG on Spectrum
Management

WG on Satellite
System and
Scientific Services

WG on
Broadcasting

WG to
Coordinate
Strategic
Initiatives of the
OAS related to
radiocommunications

Ad Hoc Group on
"Resolutions,
Decisions and
Recommendations
of PCC.II"



- **Preliminary View (PVP or PV)**
- **Preliminary Proposal (PP):** a proposal that one (1) OAS/CITEL Member State presents to PCC.II, and that has not yet been supported by any other Member State. The PP is to be considered by the WG-WRC; with the objective of developing it into an INTER-AMERICAN PROPOSAL for eventual submission to the WRC.
- **Draft Inter-American Proposal (DIAP):** PRELIMINARY PROPOSAL which has been supported by at least one (1) other Member State. The DIAP is to be considered by the WG-WRC; with the objective of developing it into an INTER-AMERICAN PROPOSAL for eventual submission to the WRC. .
- **Inter-American Proposal (IAP):** DRAFT INTER-AMERICAN PROPOSAL, for which the PCC.II has ended its consideration and discussion as early as the LIMIT MEETING but not later than the FINAL MEETING and has been supported by at least 6 (six) Administrations, and which is not opposed by more than 50% (fifty per cent) of the total number of supports obtained.



AGENDA ITEM 1.6: *to consider, in accordance with Resolution 772 (WRC-19), regulatory provisions to facilitate radiocommunications for sub-orbital vehicles;*

BACKGROUND:

Sub-orbital vehicles must operate in the same airspace as conventional aircraft while transitioning to and from space. Stations on board sub-orbital vehicles have a need for voice/data communications, navigation, surveillance, and telemetry and tracking and command (TT&C) applications to safely and effectively complete various mission requirements. The current regulatory provisions and procedures for terrestrial and space services may or may not be adequate for international use of relevant frequency assignments by stations on board sub-orbital vehicles.

Preliminary views

- An administration considers to pursue studies called for by Resolution **772 (WRC-19)** as a basis for possible new regulatory provisions to support the growing radiocommunications needs of sub-orbital vehicles.



Agenda Item 1.7: to consider a new aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service (AMS(R)S) allocation in accordance with Resolution 428 (WRC-19) for both the Earth-to-space and space-to-Earth directions of aeronautical VHF communications in all or part of the frequency band 117.975-137 MHz, while preventing any undue constraints on existing VHF systems operating in the AM(R)S, the ARNS, and in adjacent frequency bands;

BACKGROUND

The frequency band 117.975- 137 MHz is allocated on a primary basis to the AM(R)S service and used for air-ground, ground-air and air-air systems, providing critical voice and data communications for air traffic management and airline operational control on a global basis. Resolution 428 (WRC-19) invites WRC-23 to consider a new primary allocation to the AMS(R)S based on the results of sharing and compatibility studies. This new AMS(R)S service will support direct pilot-air traffic controller voice as well as data communications in oceanic and remote areas without modifying aircraft equipment.

Preliminary Views:

- Some administrations support the ongoing technical and regulatory studies for co-existence between potential new primary AMS(R)S service in the frequency band 117.975 – 137 MHz and existing terrestrial primary allocated in-band and adjacent band services with the anticipation of providing space-based VHF communications between pilot and air traffic controllers. This potential new allocation must protect current systems using existing primary allocated services and not constrain planned usage of those systems.



AGENDA ITEM 1.8: *to consider, on the basis of ITU-R studies in accordance with Resolution **171 (WRC-19)**, appropriate regulatory actions, with a view to reviewing and, if necessary, revising Resolution **155 (Rev.WRC-19)** and No. **5.484B** to accommodate the use of fixed-satellite service (FSS) networks by control and non-payload communications of unmanned aircraft systems.*

Preliminary views:

Some administrations support completion of the studies called for by Resolutions **171 (WRC-19)** and **155 (Rev.WRC-19)** to define the conditions for operating UAS CNPC links in the FSS (see resolves 19 of Resolution **155 (Rev.WRC-19)**) in the frequency bands for which No. **5.484B** already applies. Based on the results of studies, to consider revisions to Resolution **155 (Rev.WRC-19)** in order to finalize the provisions needed to accommodate the use of FSS networks by UAS CNPC systems and to revise No. **5.484B** to provide clarity that the provisions apply to the use of earth stations on board unmanned aircraft.



Agenda Item 1.9: *to review Appendix 27 of the Radio Regulations and consider appropriate regulatory actions and updates based on ITU-R studies, in order to accommodate digital technologies for commercial aviation safety-of-life applications in existing HF bands allocated to the aeronautical mobile (route) service and ensure coexistence of current HF systems alongside modernized HF systems, in accordance with Resolution 429 (WRC-19)*

BACKGROUND:

The availability of digital technologies provides the opportunity to modernize aeronautical wideband (i.e. multiple 3 kHz channel aggregated contiguously or non-contiguously) communications in the High Frequency (HF) bands towards faster data rates and better voice communications. There is an operational need for the modernization of data link services in the HF band for messages related to the safety and regularity of flight for use by international civil aviation. Current aeronautical HF systems are limited by the available technology and are insufficient to meet many modern aircraft information requirements without being augmented by aeronautical safety satellite communications.

It should be noted that existing aeronautical analogue voice and narrowband digital HF systems are the primary means for international and domestic aviation to communicate with aircraft in remote and oceanic areas beyond the range of terrestrial VHF radios.

Preliminary Views

- Some administrations supports studies called for by Resolution **429 (WRC-19)** to accommodate new digital HF technologies.



Agenda Item 1.10: to conduct studies on spectrum needs, coexistence with radiocommunication services and regulatory measures for possible new allocations for the aeronautical mobile service for the use of non-safety aeronautical mobile applications, in accordance with Resolution **430 (WRC-19)**;

- No CITEL views/positions at this time

CITEL's Preparation for World Radiocommunication Conferences.



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Working Group relative to CITEL's Preparation for World Radiocommunication Conferences.

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