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CORPORACIÓN CENTROAMERICANA DE SERVICIOS DE NAVEGACIÓN AÉREA

Organismo Internacional de Integración Centroamericana



Agencia Centroamérica de Servicios de Navegación Aérea (ACNA)

Manual

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CONTROL DE FIRMAS

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1. INTRODUCTION.

The Central American Corporation of Air Navigation Services (COCESNA) is an International Organization for Central American Integration, non-profit and public service, with legal status and financial autonomy; providing services in the areas of Air Navigation, Aeronautical Training, Aeronautical Safety and other related to them as emanated by its Articles of Agreement and Bylaws.

The State Members of COCESNA are Honduras, Guatemala, El Salvador, Nicaragua and Costa Rica, which signed the Constitutive Agreement on February 26, 1960. Subsequently, in the year of 1996, the State of Belize joined COCESNA.

1.1. BACKGROUND

The ICAO Global Air Navigation Plan (Doc 9750, GANP) provides ICAO's vision to achieve sustainable growth of the global civil aviation system. It also presents all States with a comprehensive planning tool supporting a harmonized global air navigation system. The GANP is an overarching framework that includes key civil aviation policy principles to assist ICAO Regions and States with the preparation of their Regional and State Air Navigation Plans (ANPs).

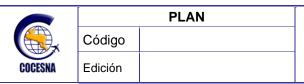
Planning and Implementation Regional Groups (PIRGs) are expected to develop the regional ANPs reflecting the regional requirements. GANP obligates COCESNA and States Members to map their individual or regional programmes against the harmonized GANP, but provides them with far greater certainty of investment. GANP requires active collaboration among States through the PIRGs in order to coordinate initiatives within applicable regional ANPs.

The GANP introduces the Aviation System Block Upgrades (ASBU) methodology. The ASBU methodology and its description of future aviation capabilities define programmatic and flexible global systems engineering approaches allowing all States to advance their air navigation capacities based on their specific operational requirements.

To this extent, the North American, Central American and Caribbean (NACC) Regional Office (RO), has published the NAM/CAR Regional Performance-Based Air Navigation Implementation Plan (RPBANIP, v3.1 in April 2014) aligning the activities and strategies with the ICAO ASBU methodology.

This document is the ANP for COCESNA aligning activities and strategies to the GANP and RPBANIP. The information contained is related mainly to:

- Planning: objectives set, priorities and targets planned at the state level
- Implementation monitoring and reporting: monitoring the progress of implementation towards targets planned. This information should be used for reporting purposes (i.e.: global and regional air navigation reports and performance dashboards); and/or
- Guidance: provide COCESNA and its State Members guidance material for the implementation of specific system/procedures in a harmonized manner.



The COCESNA's ANP would be used as a tool for planning, monitoring, and reporting the status of implementation of the aviation capabilities that are COCESNA's responsibility.

1.2. ENVIROMENT

Authority of COCESNA

The Central American Corporation of Air Navigation Services (COCESNA) is a, non-profit and public service, International Organism of Central American Integration with legal status and financial autonomy.

Airspace

Delimitation of the Air Space

The air space responsibility of COCESNA consists of the upper airspace of the Flight Information (UIR) of Central America and Oceanic Airspace (as specified in the Honduran AIP ENR 2.1) and in the AIP of Central America, in relation to the Flight Information Region (FIR) of Central America. Refer to Figure 1

Classification of ATS Airspace

The airspace of the Central American FIR / UIR, for ATS purposes, is classified as follows:

- a) Class "A" Airspace: From FL195 and above;
- b) Class "D" Airspace: From 9,000 feet to 19,000 feet; and
- c) Class "F" Airspace: From 3,000 feet up to 8,500 feet

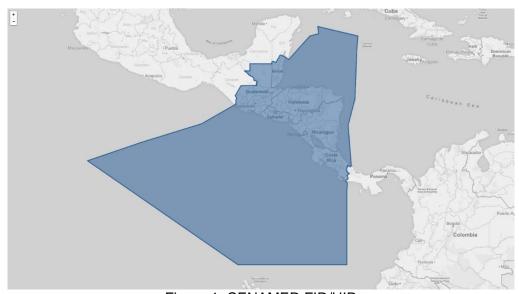


Figure 1. CENAMER FIR/UIR



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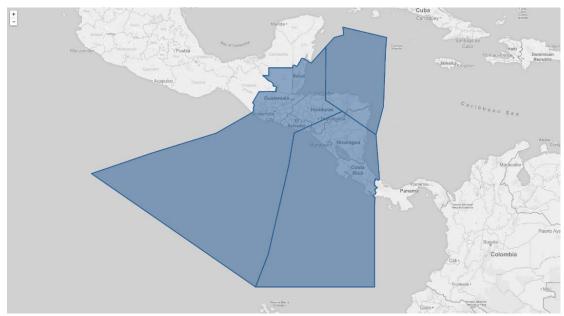


Figure 2. Standard Sector Configuration

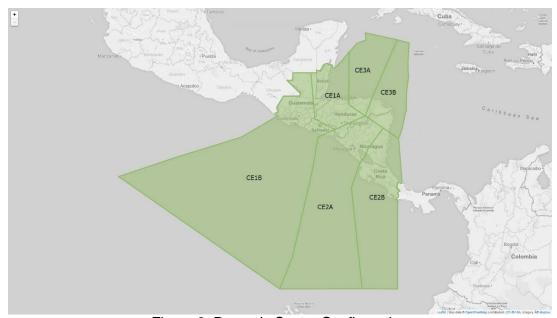


Figure 3. Dynamic Sector Configuration



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Traffic Forecast

Based on the 2011-2031 Caribbean / South America Regional Transit Forecast developed by the Ninth Meeting of the CAR / SAM Transit Forecast Group (CAR / SAM TFG), the total passenger traffic flow to, from, and within the region is projected to grow at an average annual rate of 6.1%.

The total number of aircraft movements forecast to increase from approximately 1.2 million in 2011 to slightly over 3.7 million in 2031, which reflects an average annual rate of 5.9%. The growth rates for the route groups will be in the range of 4.5% (between North American and CAR / SAM routes) to 8% (between South America and Central America / Caribbean).

The records of the number of operations in the FIR / UIR CENAMER from 2011 to 2017 reflect an annual increase of 4.82% in the number of movements. Table 1 shows the number of monthly operations for the years 2011-2017.

Month	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
JAN	12,904	13,708	15,040	15,837	16,574	18,148	18,404
FEB	11,387	12,852	13,363	14,090	14,331	18,779	16,355
MAR	12,822	13,980	14,981	16,202	16,104	19,070	18,609
APR	12,264	14,164	13,863	14,804	14,977	16,540	17,431
MAY	12,073	13,173	13,495	14,534	14,717	16,506	16,602
JUN	11,990	13,632	13,795	14,869	15,153	16,517	16,943
JUL	13,187	14,635	14,659	15,700	16,622	17,352	17,978
AUG	12,771	13,956	14,220	16,138	16,246	16,453	16,906
SEP	11,031	11,087	12,116	13,037	13,775	14,386	16,509
OCT	11,370	12,656	12,676	13,646	15,711	15,164	16,363
NOV	11,850	12,814	13,600	14,266	15,387	15,492	16,750
DEC	13,786	14,570	15,521	16,583	17,755	17,672	18,920
ANNUAL	147,435	161,227	167,329	179,706	187,352	202,079	207,770

Table 1. FIR/UIR CENAMER monthly operations 2011 - 2017



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Considering an annual growth rate of 4.82%, the number of operations forecasted for years 2018-2031 is detailed below:

YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
2017	18,404	16,355	18,609	17,431	16,602	16,943	17,978	16,906	16,509	16,363	16,750	18,920
2018	19,287	17,140	19,502	18,268	17,399	17,756	18,841	17,717	17,301	17,148	17,554	19,828
2019	20,213	17,963	20,438	19,145	18,234	18,609	19,745	18,568	18,132	17,972	18,397	20,780
2020	21,183	18,825	21,419	20,063	19,109	19,502	20,693	19,459	19,002	18,834	19,280	21,777
2021	22,200	19,729	22,448	21,027	20,027	20,438	21,686	20,393	19,914	19,738	20,205	22,823
2022	23,266	20,676	23,525	22,036	20,988	21,419	22,727	21,372	20,870	20,686	21,175	23,918
2023	24,383	21,668	24,654	23,094	21,995	22,447	23,818	22,398	21,872	21,679	22,191	25,066
2024	25,553	22,708	25,838	24,202	23,051	23,524	24,961	23,473	22,922	22,719	23,256	26,269
2025	26,780	23,798	27,078	25,364	24,157	24,654	26,160	24,600	24,022	23,810	24,373	27,530
2026	28,065	24,940	28,378	26,581	25,317	25,837	27,415	25,781	25,175	24,953	25,543	28,852
2027	29,412	26,137	29,740	27,857	26,532	27,077	28,731	27,018	26,384	26,150	26,769	30,237
2028	30,824	27,392	31,167	29,194	27,806	28,377	30,110	28,315	27,650	27,405	28,054	31,688
2029	32,303	28,707	32,663	30,596	29,140	29,739	31,556	29,674	28,977	28,721	29,400	33,209
2030	33,854	30,085	34,231	32,064	30,539	31,166	33,070	31,098	30,368	30,100	30,811	34,803
2031	35,479	31,528	35,874	33,603	32,005	32,662	34,657	32,591	31,825	31,544	32,290	36,473

Table 2.- FIR/UIR CENAMER Monthly Forecast Operations 2018 – 2031

Year	Operations
2018	217,743
2019	228,195
2020	239,148
2021	250,627
2022	262,657
2023	275,265
2024	288,477
2025	302,324
2026	316,836
2027	332,044
2028	347,982
2029	364,685
2030	382,190
2031	400,535

Table 3.- FIR/UIR CENAMER Yearly Forecast Operations 2018 - 2031



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1.3. PLANNING METHODOLOGY

Guided by the GANP and RPBANIP, the planning process starts by identifying COCESNA's responsible ATM areas, major traffic flows and international aerodromes. An analysis of this data leads to the identification of opportunities for performance improvement. Available technologies and ASBU Elements are evaluated to identify which Elements best provide the needed operational improvements. Depending on the complexity of the selected technology or Elements, additional planning steps may be necessary including financing and training needs. Finally, the Air Navigation plan is developed for the deployment of improvements and supporting requirements. This planning methodology requires full involvement of COCESNA, Member States, airspace users and other stakeholders, thus ensuring commitment by all for implementation.

Considering that some of the ASBU Modules contained in the GANP are specialized packages of implementable capabilities, called Elements, that may be applied where specific operational requirements or corresponding benefits exist, COCESNA in coordination with Central American States, will decide how each ASBU Element would fit into national and regional plans.

In establishing and updating the implementation priorities detailed in the COCESNA's ANP, due consideration should be given to the safety priorities set out in the Global Aviation Safety Plan (GASP) and the NAM/CAR regional safety strategy. COCESNA will establish its own air navigation objectives, priorities and targets to meet its individual needs and circumstances in line with the global and regional air navigation objectives, priorities, and targets.

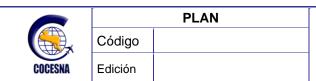
1.4. AIR NAVIGATION PLANNING PROCESS

The air navigation planning process prescribes evaluation, implementation, reviewing, reporting, and monitoring activities. It is recommended to conduct the process on a cyclical, annual basis. An Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF) is a tool to monitor and report the implementation status of capabilities. The COCESNA's ANRF is a customized tool for the application of setting planning targets, monitoring implementation, and identifying challenges, measuring implementation/performance and reporting. The ANRF reflects selected key performance areas as defined in the Manual on Global Performance of the Air Navigation System (ICAO Doc 9883).

Many of the future capabilities are described in terms of ASBU Elements. Some capabilities are specific to the need of the Central American Region and/or the State needs. These specific needs are described as Regional Aviation System Improvements (RASI) and State Aviation System Improvements (SASI). Both Analysis and Work Flow and ANRF are useful to manage the implementation status of ASBU, RASI, and SASI capabilities.

Analysis and work flow process

Figure 2 depicts the workflow for analyzing and implementing ASBU Elements. This flow process should be applied to each of the ASBU Elements. If the Element is applicable to an airport, each airport needs to be evaluated through this flow process. This same flow process is applicable to RASI and SASI.



The significance of each step in the workflow as it pertains to regional planning is as follows:

- **Analysis Not Started** The requirement to implement this ASBU Element has not yet been assessed
- **Analysis In Progress** A Need Analysis as to whether or not this ASBU Element is required, is in progress
- N/A The ASBU Element is not required
- **Need** The Need Analysis concluded that the ASBU Element is required, but planning for the implementation has not yet begun
- **Planning** Implementation of this ASBU Element is planned, but not yet started
- **Developing** Implementation of this ASBU Element is in the development phase, but not yet operational
- **Partially Implemented** Implementation of this ASBU Element is partially completed and/or operational but all planned implementations are not yet complete
- **Implemented** Implementation of this ASBU Element has been completed and/or is fully operational everywhere the need was identified

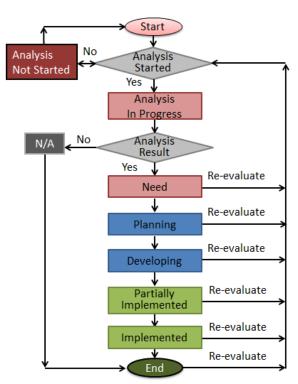
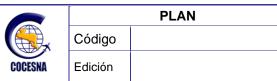


Figure 2: Analysis and Work Flow

The Need Analysis of ASBU Elements will identify which ASBU Elements are required. In this context, "required" means that the benefits estimated from the implementation would justify the associated implementation costs, or, the potential safety benefits are deemed to justify the



implementation costs. The implementation status of ASBU Elements which are not required should be indicated as "N/A", meaning "not applicable".

The analysis and implementation status determined in accordance with the above is reflected in the applicable ANRFs and in the ASBU Implementation Status Tables.

Monitoring and Reporting Results

Monitoring and reporting results will be analyzed by the Regions, States and the ICAO Secretariat to steer the air navigation improvements, take corrective actions and review the allocated objectives, priorities and targets if needed. The results will also be used by ICAO and aviation partner stakeholders to develop the annual Global Air Navigation Report. The report results will provide an opportunity for the international civil aviation community to compare progress across different ICAO regions in the establishment of air navigation infrastructure and performance-based procedures. The reports will also provide the ICAO Council with detailed annual results on the basis of which tactical adjustments will be made to the performance framework work programme, as well as triennial policy adjustments.

The information provided in the Your State/Organization ANRFs should be periodically reviewed and updated if subsequent analysis results in a change to the applicability of any ASBU Elements, whether or not they were selected. The explanation of ANRF is provided in Appendix A. The customized Your State/Organization ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form Template is provided in Appendix B. The Your State/Organization RASI and SASI Air Navigation Reporting Form Templates are provided in Appendix C.

1.5. Challenge Identification

To provide and promote safe and efficient air navigation services to the users, it is important to resolve ongoing challenges that hindering the mission. It is also important to anticipate and address the potential challenges in the future.

Existing Challenges

The ATC demands for the central American FIR expected to increase in the future. The current infrastructure at the Cetral American airports, notwithstanding upgrades and expansions over the years, does not adequately meet peak capacity demand. The solution requires a huge investment in airport infrastructure. This includes airport terminal development, runway and turning bay reconstruction and rehabilitation, total drainage redevelopment, new control tower and technical block, and continuous modernization of communication, navigation, and surveillance equipment (e.g. Performance Based Navigation procedures (PBN). The formal implementation of Standard Instrument Departure procedures (SIDs) would improve on the safety, efficiency and management of airspace capacity.



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In addition, airport operations need to be improved by introducing capabilities such as Airport Collaborative Decision Making (ACDM). To support airport operations, having accurate and timely weather and aeronautical information is essential. Information such as aerodrome warnings and wind shear warnings/alerts will increase safety of operations. Securing quality data should also be accomplished by introducing the Quality Management System (QMS) to both weather and aeronautical data.

A fundamental component which is critical concern, is the availability of human resource to meet the wide-ranging needs of airport operations. The provision of relevant training for that human resource is paramount.

Future Challenges

Anticipating heavier demand at the TWOW and TBTF airports, the introduction of a Ground Based Argumentation System (GBAS) landing system procedure would be effective.

The human resource issues, if not addressed in tandem with the infrastructure and procedure development, could result in deficient service provision and delivery. Human resource acquisition and development must coincide with the infrastructure and procedure development.



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2. COCESNA's Aviation System Block Upgrade (ASBU) Implementation Status

The status of ASBU implementation is provided in this section. Though there are Block 0 to Block 3 (B0, B1, B2, and B3), only B0 capacities are ready to be implemented with supporting documents such as standards, procedures, specifications, and training materials. ICAO will provide supporting documents for B1 in 2019, B2 in 2025, and B3 in 2031.

2.1. ASBU Block 0 Implementation Metrics, Targets, and Status

ASBU B0 Implementation Targets and Status are presented in this section. COCESNA considers only nine mean international airports of the next sixteen listed by each Members States, for airport oriented Elements:

1. BELIZE

MZBZ BELIZE/Philip S.W. Goldson Intl

2. COSTA RICA

MROC ALAJUELA/Juan Santamaría Intl.
MRLB LIBERIA/Daniel Oduber Quirós Intl.

MRLM LIMON/Limón Intl

MRPV PAVAS/Tobias Bolaños Intl.

3. EL SALVADOR

MSLP SAN SALVADOR/ El Salvador Intl MSSS SAN SALVADOR/ Ilopango Intl

4. GUATEMALA

MGGT GUATEMALA/La Aurora Intl
MGPB PUERTO BARRIOS/ Puerto Barrios
MGSJ SAN JOSE/Puerto de San Jose
MGMM SANTA HELENA/Mundo Maya Intl.

5. HONDURAS

MHLC LA CEIBA/Goloson Intl

MHRO ROATAN/Juan Manuel Gálvez Intl.

MHLM SAN PEDRO SULA/Ramón Villeda Morales Intl.

MHTG TEGUCIGALPA/Toncontín Intl

6. NICARAGUA

MNMG MANAGUA/Augusto César Sandino Intl



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ASBU B0 Implementation Metrics and Targets

Block 0 Modules	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks
		Performance Improvement Area 1: Airpor	rt Operations	
ACDM	1. Interconnection between aircraft operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None	B0-ACDM-1 Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. N/A B0-ACDM-1 Target 2: c. N/A	Status – N/A We receive the data information from each airport operator.
	2. Interconnection between aircraft operator & airport operator systems to share surface opera- tions information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-ACDM-2 Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. N/A B0-ACDM-2 Target 2: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	3. Interconnection between airport operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1, to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1, to 9	B0-ACDM-3 Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. 8 B0-ACDM-3 Target 2: N/A c. 8	Status –Information requested FPL,CPL,DEP,ARR(Information received via radar data sharing with each Central American state and via AMHS messaging and oral comm.) Implemented with, MHLM,MGMM, MGGT, MSLP, MSSS, MNMG, MROC, MRLB
	4. Interconnection between airport operator, aircraft operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-ACDM-4 Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. N/A B0-ACDM-4 Target 2: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
	5. Collaborative departure queue management	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-ACDM-5 Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. N/A B0-ACDM-5 Target 2: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
APTA	1. PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to LNAV/VNAV minima	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-APTA-1 Target 1: 2018-2019 a. Yes b. N/A B0-APTA-1 Target 2: 2018-2019 c. None	Status – N/A



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Block 0 Modules	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks
	2. PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to LPV minima	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-APTA-2 Target 1: 2018-2019 a. Yes b. N/A B0-APTA-2 Target 2: 2018-2019 c. None	Status – N/A
	3. PBN Approach Procedures without vertical guidance (LP, LNAV minima; using SBAS)	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-APTA-3 Target 1: 2018-2019 a. Yes b. N/A B0-APTA-3 Target 2: 2018-2019 c. None	Status – N/A
	4. GBAS Landing System (GLS) Ap- proach procedures	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-APTA-4 Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. N/A B0-APTA-4 Target 2: N/A c. None	Status – N/A
RSEQ	1. AMAN via controlled time of arrival to a reference fix	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-RSEQ-1. Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. None B0-RSEQ-1 Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	2. Departure management	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-RSEQ-2. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None B0-RSEQ-2. Target 2: c. N/A	Status – N/A
	3. Departure flow management	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-RSEQ-3. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None B0-RSEQ-3. Target 2: c. N/A	Status – N/A
	4. Point merge	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-RSEQ-4. Target 1: Assessed in Aug 2018 a. Yes b. None B0-RSEQ-4. Target 2: c. N/A	Status – N/A



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Block 0 Modules	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks
SURF	1. A-SMGCS with at least one coopera- tive surface surveil- lance system	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-SURF-1. Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. N/A B0-SURF-1. Target 2: c. N/A	Status – N/A
	2. Including ADS-B APT as an element of A-SMGCS	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-SURF-2. Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. N/A B0-SURF-2. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	3. A-SMGCS alerting with flight identification information	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-SURF-3. Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. N/A B0-SURF-3. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	4. EVS for taxi operations	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-SURF-4. Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. N/A B0-SURF-4. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	5. Airport vehicles equipped with transponders	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-SURF-5. Target 1: N/A a. Yes b. N/A B0-SURF-5. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
WAKE	New PANS- ATM wake turbu- lence categories and separation minima	ICAO has not developed new minima.	N/A	Status – N/A
	2. Dependent diagonal paired approach procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-WAKE-2. Target 1: Assessed in Dec 2016 a. No b. None B0-WAKE-2. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	3. Wake independent departure and arrival procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-WAKE-3. Target 1: Assessed in Dec 2016 a. No b. None B0-WAKE-3. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A



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Block 0 Modules	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks
	4. Wake turbulence mitigation for departures procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-WAKE-4. Target 1: Assessed in Dec 2016 a. No b. None B0-WAKE-4. Target 2: c. N/A	Status – N/A
	5. 6 wake turbulence categories and separation minima	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-WAKE-5. Target 1: Assessed in Dec 2016 a. No b. None B0-WAKE-5. Target 2: c. N/A	Status – N/A
	Perf	formance Improvement Area 2: Globally Interope	erable Systems and Data	
AMET	1. WAFS	a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	B0-AMET-1.Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-AMET-1.Target 2: c. Yes	Status – Implemented
	2. IAVW	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-AMET-2. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-AMET-2. Target 2: c. Yes	Status – Implemented
	3. TCAC forecasts	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-AMET-3. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-AMET-3. Target 2: c. Yes	Status – Implemented
	4. Aerodrome warnings	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-AMET-4. Target 1: a. Yes b. No B0-AMET-4. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	5. Wind shear warnings and alerts	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-AMET-5. Target 1: a. No b. None B0-AMET-5. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	6. SIGMET	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-AMET-6. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-AMET-6. Target 2: c. Yes	Status – Implemented



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Block 0 Modules	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks
	7. Other OPMET information (ME-TAR, SPECI and/orTAF)	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-AMET-7. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-AMET-7. Target 2: c. Yes	Status – Implemented
	8. QMS for MET	a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	B0-AMET-8. Target 1: a. No b. No B0-AMET-8. Target 2: c. No	Status - N/A
DATM	I. Aeronautical Information Ex- change Model (AIXM)	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-DATM-1. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-DATM-1. Target 2: c. yes	Status –Implemented AIXM capability has been installed in each Central American States.
	2. eAIP	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-DATM-2. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-DATM-2. Target 2: c. yes	Status –Implemented eAIP capability has been installed in each Central American States.
	3. Digital NOTAM	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-DATM-3. Target 1: TBD a. No b. TBD B0-DATM-3. Target 2: Implement by TBD c. No	Status - Analysis in progress We have the capability to develop Digital Notam, however, we need the State Members approval. We will review this element in 2020.
	4. eTOD	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-DATM-4. Target 1: N/A a. yes b. N/A B0-DATM-4. Target 2: c. None	Status – N/A
	5. WGS-84	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-DATM-5. Target 1: a. No b. No B0-DATM-5. Target 2: c. No	Status – Implemented All aeronautical Cartography is based in WGS-84
	6. QMS for AIM	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-DATM-6. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-DATM-6. Target 2: a. Yes	Status – Implemented ISO 9001-2015



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Block 0 Modules	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks
FICE	1. AIDC to provide initial flight data to adjacent ATSUs	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-FICE-1. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-FICE-1. Target 2: 2019 c. No	Status – PAC Partially Implemented(Guatemala, El Salvador, Nicaragua, Panama, Bogota and Guayaquil). NAM Partially Implemented (Havana and Merida)
	2. AIDC to update previously coordinated flight data	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-FICE-2. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-FICE-2. Target 2: 2019 c. No	Status – PAC Partially Implemented(Guatemala, El Salvador, Nicaragua, Panama, Bogota and Guayaquil). NAM Partially Implemented (Havana and Merida)
	3. AIDC for control transfer	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-FICE-1. Target 1: 2018 a. Yes b. Yes B0-FICE-1. Target 2: 2019 c. No	Status – PAC Partially Implemented NAM- Developing
	4. AIDC to transfer CPDLC logon infor- mation to the Next Data Authority	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-FICE-1. Target 1: N/A a. No b. No B0-FICE-1. Target 2: c. No	Status – N/A
	Per	formance Improvement Area 3: Optimum Ca		
ACAS	1. ACAS II (TCAS version 7.1)	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-ACAS-1. Target 1: N/A a. No b. No B0-ACAS-1. Target 2: N/A c. No	Status – Implemented Mode S Radar avail- able
	2. Auto Pilot/Flight Director (AP/FD) TCAS	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-ACAS-2 Target 1: N/A a. No b. No B0-ACAS-2. Target 2: N/A c. No	Status – N/A
	3. TCAS Alert Prevention (TCAP)	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-ACAS-3. Target 1: N/A a. No b. No B0-ACAS-3. Target 2: N/A c. No	Status – N/A



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Block 0 Modules	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks
ASEP	1. ATSA-AIRB	a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	B0-ASEP-1. Target 1: a. No b. No B0-ASEP-1. Target 2: N/A c. No	Status – Analysis not started
	2. ATSA-VSA	a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	B0-ASEP-2. Target 1: N/A a. No b. No B0-ASEP-2. Target 2: N/A c. No	Status – Analysis not started
ASUR	1. ADS-B	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-ASUR-1. Target 1: a. Yes b. Yes B0-ASUR-1. Target 2: 2018 c. No	Status – Partially Implemented
	2. Multilateration (MLAT)	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-ASUR-2. Target 1 a. No b. No B0-ASUR-2. Target 2: c. N/A	Status - N/A
FRTO	CDM incorporated into airspace planning	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-FRTO-1. Target 1: Assessed in 2018 a. Yes b. Yes B0-FRTO-1. Target 2: c. Yes	Status – Implemented (COCESNA forms part of CADENA which does a weekly CDM telcon, and has developed an OIS where all ANSP and aircraft operators may see any TMI that will be applied.)
	2. Flexible Use of Airspace (FUA)	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-FRTO-2. Target 1: Assessed in 2018 a. Yes b. Yes B0-FRTO-2. Target 2: c. Yes	Status – Implemented (COCESNA has LOA with each Central American State that obliges the members to send NOTAMs when any Military area will be activated. Also any dangerous, restricted areas have to be declared in the AIP
	3. Flexible route systems	a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	B0-FRTO-3. Target 1 N/A a. Yes b. No B0-FRTO-3. Target 2: c. No	Status – Capability not needed
	4. CPDLC used to request and receive re-route clearances	a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	B0-FRTO-2. Target 1: Assessed in April 2017 a. Yes b. Yes B0-FRTO-2. Target 2: c. Yes	Status - Implemented



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Block 0	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks
Modules NOPS	Sharing prediction of traffic load for	a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No	B0-NOPS-1. Target 1:	Status – Partially
	next day	b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	a. Yes b. Yes B0-NOPS-1. Target 2: Dec 2019 c. No	Implemented (COCESNA has developed a system that predicts traffic one week prior the day of operation, only COCESNA and the Central American States have access to this information.) A CDM process will be
				created in the app to allow all the airspace users to see the traffic load.
	2. Proposing alternative routings to avoid or minimize	a. Have we assessed the need?Yes or Nob. Do we need this capability?	B0-NOPS-2. Target 1: a. No b. No	Status – Analysis not started
	ATFM delays	Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	B0-NOPS-2. Target 2: c. No	
OFTL	1. ITP using ADS-B	a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No	B0-OFTL-1. Target 1: N/A a. No b. No	Status – Analysis not started
		c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	B0-OFTL-1. Target 2: c. No	
SNET	1. Short Term Conflict Alert (STCA)	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? 	B0-SNET-1. Target 1: 2015 a. Yes b. Yes B0-SNET-1. Target 2:	Status - Implemented
	2. Area Proximity Warning (APW)	 Yes or No a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? 	c. Yes B0-SNET-2. Target 1: 2015 a. Yes b. Yes B0-SNET-2. Target 2:	Status - Implemented
	3. Minimum Safe Altitude Warning (MSAW)	 Yes or No a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	c. Yes B0-SNET-3. Target 1: 2015 a. Yes b. Yes B0-SNET-3. Target 2: c. Yes	Status - Implemented
	4. Medium Term Conflict Alert (MTCA)	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. Do we need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? 	B0-SNET-4. Target 1: 2015 a. Yes b. Yes B0-SNET-4. Target 2:	Status - Implemented
		Yes or No Performance Improvement Area 4: Efficient	c. Yes	
ССО	1. Procedure changes to facilitate CCO	Number of aerodromes to be considered: a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability?	B0-CCO-1. Target 1: a. No b. None B0-CCO-1. Target 2:	Status – Analysis in progress
		None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	c. None	



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Block 0 Modules	Elements	Metrics	Targets	Status & Remarks
	2. Route changes to facilitate CCO	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? <i>Yes or No</i> b. How many aerodromes need this capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i> c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? <i>None, 1 to 9</i>	B0-CCO-2. Target 1: a. No b. None B0-CCO-2. Target 2: c. None	Status – Analysis in progress
	3. PBN SIDs	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-CCO-3. Target 1: a. No b. None B0-CCO-3. Target 2: c. None	Status – Analysis in progress
CDO	1. Procedure changes to facilitate CDO	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-CDO-1. Target 1: a. No b. None B0-CCO-1. Target 2: c. None	Status- Analysis in progress
	2. Route changes to facilitate CDO	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-CDO-2. Target 1: a. No b. None B0-CCO-2. Target 2: c. None	Status – Analysis in progress
	3. PBN STARs	Number of aerodromes to be considered: 9 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? None, 1 to 9 c. How many aerodromes implemented the capability? None, 1 to 9	B0-CDO-3. Target 1: a. No b. None B0-CCO-3. Target 2: c. None	Status – Analysis in progress
TBO	1. ADS-C over oceanic and remote areas	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-TBO-1. Target 1: 2017 a. Yes b. yes B0-TBO-1. Target 2: c. Yes	Status - Implemented
	2. CPDLC over continental areas	 a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No 	B0-TBO-2. Target 1: 2017 a. Yes b. yes B0-TBO-2. Target 2: c. Yes	Status - Implemented
	3. CPDLC over oceanic and remote areas	a. Have we assessed the need? Yes or No b. How many aerodromes need this capability? Yes or No c. Have we implemented the capability? Yes or No	B0-TBO-3. Target 1: 2017 a. Yes b. yes B0-TBO-3. Target 2: c. Yes	Status - Implemented



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ASBU B0 Implementation Status Summary

The summary of ASBU B0 implementation status is provided in the table below. The details of ASBU B0 implementation status is recorded using ANRFs and provided in Appendix D.

			Need A	nalysis	3	Implementation Status (if Element is needed)				
Module	Elements		In Progress	Need	N/A	Planning	Developing	Partially Implemented	Implemented	
	Performance Improvement Area 1: Airpo	rt Ope	rations	ı						
ACDM	 Interconnection between aircraft operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information 				$\sqrt{}$					
	Interconnection between aircraft operator & airport operator systems to share surface operations information Interconnection between airport operator & ANSP systems to share		- 1		√					
	surface operations information		√							
	Interconnection between airport operator, aircraft operator & ANSP systems to share surface operations information				√					
	Collaborative departure queue management				√					
APTA	PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to LNAV/VNAV minima				√					
	2. PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to LPV minima				√					
	3. PBN approach procedures without vertical guidance to LNAV minima				√					
	4. GBAS Landing System (GLS) procedures to CAT I minima				√					
RSEQ	1. AMAN via controlled time of arrival to a reference fix				√					
	2. Departure management				√					
	3. Departure flow management									
	4. Point merge				\checkmark					
SURF	1. A-SMGCS with at least one cooperative surface surveillance system				√					
	2. Including ADS-B APT as an element of A-SMGCS				√					
	3. A-SMGCS alerting with flight identification information				√					
	4. EVS for taxi operations				√					
	5. Airport vehicles equipped with transponders				√					
WAKE	1. New PANS-ATM wake turbulence categories and separation minima				√					
	2. Dependent diagonal paired approach procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart				√					
	 Wake independent departure and arrival operations (WIDAO) for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart 				√					
	 Wake turbulence mitigation for departures (WTMD) procedures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart based on observed crosswinds 				√					
	5. 6 wake turbulence categories and separation minima									
	Performance Improvement Area 2: Globally Interop	erable	System	s and I) 				- 1	
AMET	1. WAFS 2. IAVW								√ √	
	3. TCAC forecasts								\ √	
	4. Aerodrome warnings				√					
	5. Wind shear warnings and alerts									



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			Need A	nalysis	3	Implementation Status (if Element is needed)			
Module	Elements		In Progress	Need	N/A	Planning	Developing	Partially Implemented	Implemented
	6. SIGMET								$\sqrt{}$
	7. Other OPMET information								√
	8. QMS for MET				√				
DATM	Standardized Aeronautical Information Exchange Model (AIXM)								√
	2. eAIP								$\sqrt{}$
	3. Digital NOTAM								
	4. eTOD								
	5. WGS-84								√
	6. QMS for AIM								$\sqrt{}$
FICE	AIDC to provide initial flight data to adjacent ATSUs							√	
	AIDC to update previously coordinated flight data							√	
	AIDC for control transfer							$\sqrt{}$	
	4. AIDC to transfer CPDLC logon information to the Next Data Au-								
	thority	<u> </u>							
4.04.0	Performance Improvement Area 3: Optimum Capacity and Flexible Flights				- 1				
ACAS	1. ACAS II (TCAS version 7.1) 2. AP.FD function				.1				√
					√ √				
ACED	3. TCAP function 1. ATSA-AIRB	V			V				
ASEP	1. ATSA-AIRB 2. ATSA-VSA	√ √							
ASUR	1. ADS-B	V						√	
ASUK	2. Multilateration (MLAT)				√			V	
FRTO	CDM incorporated into airspace planning				V				√
TRIO	Flexible Use of Airspace (FUA)								√
	3. Flexible routing	√							•
	4: CPDLC used to request and receive re-route clearances								√
NOPS	Sharing prediction of traffic load for next day							V	
11010	Proposing alternative routings to avoid or minimize ATFM delays	V							
OPFL	ITP using ADS-B	√							
SNET	Short Term Conflict Alert implementation (STCA)								√
	2. Area Proximity Warning (APW)								√
	3. Minimum Safe Altitude Warning (MSAW)								√
	4. Medium Term Conflict Alert (MTCA)								√
	Performance Improvement Area 4: Efficie	ent Flig	ht Path	s					
CCO	Procedure changes to facilitate CCO		$\sqrt{}$						
	2. Airspace changes to facilitate CCO		V						
	3. PBN SIDs		$\sqrt{}$						
CDO	Procedure changes to facilitate CDO		√						
	2. Airspace changes to facilitate CDO		√						
	3. PBN STARs		√						
TBO	ADS-C over oceanic and remote areas								√
	CPDLC over continental areas								√
	CPDLC over oceanic and remote areas								√

2.2. ASBU Block 1 Implementation Targets and Status This section will be written after 2019. Appendix E is reserved for ASBU B1 ANRFs.



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2.3. ASBU Block 2 Implementation Targets and Status

This section will be written after 2025. Appendix F is reserved for ASBU B2 ANRFs.

2.4. ASBU Block 3 Implementation Targets and Status

This section will be written after 2031. Appendix G is reserved for ASBU B3 ANRFs.

3. ICAO NACC Regional Aviation System Improvements (RASI) Status

The RPBANIP is aligned with GANP and provides guidance to States in the NACC region. The ICAO NACC RO also provides guidance to implement certain capabilities outside the ASBU scope, yet regionally important improvements. Currently 4 aerodrome associated NACC region specific improvements are identified and shown below. RASI ANRF for ICAO NACC Regional Initiatives is prepared and provided in Appendix H.

- Aerodrome certification Status: N/A
- Heliport operational approval Status: Implemented
- Visual aids for navigation Status: Implemented
- Aerodrome Bird/Wildlife Organization and Control Programme Status: N/A

4. COCESNA's State Aviation System Improvements (SASI) Status

COCESNA's State Aviation System Improvements (SASI) are broken into three categories; (1) Equipment upgrades; (2) Procedure upgrades; and (3) Infrastructure upgrades. The details of upgrades were recorded using SASI ANRFs and provided in Appendix I.

4.1. Equipment Upgrades

Equipment upgrades are not identified at this time.

4.2. Procedure Upgrades

Procedure upgrades are not identified at this time.

4.3. Infrastructure Upgrades

There are three infrastructure upgrades, shown below, which have been identified to address anticipated airport and airspace demand growth. SASI ANRF for Infrastructure Upgrades is prepared and provided in Appendix I.

- Airport Terminal Development Status: N/A
- Airport Rwy Rehabilitation and extension Status: N/A
- Control Tower and Technical Building upgrade Status: N/A



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5. COCESNA State ANP Next Review Schedule

The next review and revision of this document is scheduled in September 2018.



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Appendix A: ANRF Explained

An ASBU ANRF should be completed for each applicable ASBU Module as follows:

PIA The Performance Improvement Area (1, 2, 3 or 4) for the ASBU Module, as per

the NAM ASBU Handbook.

Block - Module The Module Designation for the ASBU Module, as per the NAM ASBU Hand-

book.

Date The date when the form was completed or updated.

Module Description The Summary Description for the ASBU Module, as per the NAM ASBU Hand-

book.

Element The descriptive text for each Element, as per the *NAM ASBU Handbook*. It is not

necessary to include the Defined, Derived from or Identified By information. Insert additional rows, if necessary, to accommodate all of the Elements listed for

the ASBU Module.

Date Planned or Implemented The month and year when the Element was fully implemented or the year

when it is planned for the Element to be fully implemented by all applicable States or at all applicable aerodromes. This field should be left blank if the Status for the Element is "Analysis Not Started" or "Not Applicable" for all States or

aerodromes in the Region.

Status The Need Analysis or Implementation status for the Element, in accordance with

Table NAM ASBU III-1, III-2, III-3 or III-4. Indicate the status as follows:

Not Started: if the Need Analysis has not been started for any of the States or

aerodromes

In Progress: if at least one Need Analysis has been started but none have yet

been completed

Need: if at least on Need Analysis has determined a requirement for the Element,

but no implementation planning has yet been initiated

Not Applicable: 1) if all of the Need Analyses completed to date have concluded the Element is not required, or 2) if the Element is not an aerodrome-related improvement and the Region has not adopted the improvement for region-wide im-

plementation.

Planning: if at least one implementation is in the Planning phase and no imple-

mentations have yet been completed.

Developing: if at least one implementation is in the Developing phase but no

implementations have yet been completed.

Partially Implemented: if at least one, but not all, implementations have been

completed.

Implemented: if all of Needed implementations have been completed.

Status Details Further information to support or explain the reported status. The reason(s) an

Element was found to be "Not Applicable" for all the aerodromes (or States) in



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the Region. The reason(s) why the Need Analysis has not been completed for all or some of the aerodromes (or States) in the Region. Information on where implementation has or has not been completed (as appropriate) if the reported status is "Partially Implemented".

Achieved Benefits

Describe the achieved benefits for the entire Module or particular Elements. The benefits can be quantitative or qualitative. The benefits should be described for the following 5 of the 11 Key Performance Areas (KPAs) defined the *Manual on Global Performance of the Air Navigation System* (Doc 9883):

Access & Equity: Improving the operating environment so as to ensure all air-space users have the right of access to ATM resources needed to meet their specific operational requirements; and ensuring that the shared use of the airspace for different airspace users can be achieved safely. Providing equity for all air-space users that have access to a given airspace or service. Generally, the first aircraft ready to use the ATM resources will receive priority, except where significant overall safety or system operational efficiency would accrue or national defence considerations or interests dictate by providing priority on a different basis.

Capacity: Improving the ability to meet airspace user demand at peak times and locations while minimizing restrictions on traffic flow. Responding to future growth by increasing capacity, efficiency, flexibility, and predictability while ensuring that there are no adverse impacts to safety and giving due consideration to the environment. Increasing resiliency to service disruption and minimising resulting temporary loss of capacity.

Efficiency: Improving the operational and economic cost effectiveness of gate-to-gate flight operations from the airspace users' perspective. Increasing the ability for airspace users to depart and arrive at the times they select and fly the trajectory they determine to be optimum in all phases of flight.

Environment: Contributing to the protection of the environment by minimizing or reducing noise, gaseous emissions, and other negative environmental effects in the implementation and operation of the air navigation system.

Safety: Reducing the likelihood or severity of operational safety risks associated with the provision or use of air navigation services.

Implementation Challenges

enges A description of any circumstances that have been encountered or are foreseen that might prevent or delay implementation. Challenges should be categorized and described under the applicable subject area.

Notes

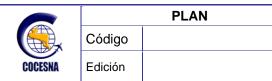
Any further information as deemed appropriate.



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Appendix B: ASBU ANRF Template

		COCE	SNA ASBU Air Navigation Repor	rting Form (ANRF)	
PIA	4	Block - Module	B0 - CDO	Date	
			formance-based airspace and arriva		
			escent operations. This will optimize		descent pro-
			ninal areas. The application of PBN	enhances CDO.	
		ementation Status		T	T
1		Description:		Date Planned/Implemented	Status
		e changes to facilitat	te CDO		N/A
	Status Do	etails			
					I a
2		Description		Date Planned/Implemented	Status
		inges to facilitate CI	DO		N/A
	Status Do	etails			
_	T14	D		D-4- DI1/I141	C4-4
3	PBN STA	Description		Date Planned/Implemented	Status N/A
	Status Do				IN/A
	Status Do	etans			
Acl	nieved Ben	ofite			
	ess and Eq				
	ess and Eq ment 1:	шиу			
-	ment 3:				
	pacity				
_	ciency				
	vironment				
Safe	etv				
-		on Challenges			
		ı Implementation			
		ementation			
	cedures Av				
Ope	erational A	pprovals			
Not					



Appendix C: RASI and SASI ANRF Templates

RASI and SASI ANRF templates are the same with ASBU ANRF template with exception of the header as shown in this Appendix. The first header is for the ICAO NACC Regional Office specific improvements while the second header is for the State specific improvements.

Section C.1: Regional Aviation System Improvements (RASI) ANRF Header

Enter appropriate State Name and Date. Describe the Module (i.e., improvement group description.)

COCESNA RASI Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)		
ICAO NACC Regional Initiatives	Date	
Module Description: ICAO NACC RO has identified airport imp	provements.	
Refer to the ASBU ANRF for the remaining sections (i.e., Elemen plementation Challenges, and Notes)	t Implementation Status, Achieved Benefits, Im-	

Section C.2: State Aviation System Improvements (RASI) ANRF Header

Enter appropriate State Name, Upgrades category (i.e., Equipment, Procedure, Infrastructure, etc.), Date. Describe the Module (i.e., Upgrades category description.)

State Name SASI Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)		
Infrastructure Upgrades	Date	
Module Description: Describe module.		
Refer to the ASBU ANRF for the remaining sections (i.e., Elemen plementation Challenges, and Notes)	t Implementation Status, Achieved Benefits, Im-	



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Appendix D: COCESNA's ASBU Block 0 ANRFs

COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)				
PIA		Date March 12, 2018		
amo	dule Description: To implement collaborative applications that ong the different stakeholders on the airport. This will improve symmetry and manoeuvring areas and enhance safety, efficiency areas.	surface traffic management reduc	e operations data sing delays on	
Ele	ment Implementation Status			
1	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status	
	Interconnection between aircraft operator and ANSP systems	N/A	N/A	
	to share surface operations information			
	Status Details			
_	We would like to receive DEP/ARR messages from the aircraf			
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status	
	Interconnection between aircraft operator and airport opera-	N/A	N/A	
	tor systems to share surface operations information. Status Details			
3	This element is between aircraft operators and airport operator Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status	
3	Interconnection between airport operator and ANSP systems	N/A	N/A	
	to share surface operations information	IV/A	IN/A	
	Status Details			
	We would like to receive DEP/ARR messages from airport ope	erator is aircraft operator cannot	nrovide	
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status	
T	Interconnection between airport operator, aircraft operator	N/A	N/A	
	and ANSP systems to share surface operations information	1471	1471	
	Status Details	L		
	Applies for airports near each other			
5	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status	
	Collaborative departure queue management	N/A	N/A	
	Status Details		•	
Acl	nieved Benefits			
Acc	ress and Equity:			
Cap	pacity:			
Effi	ciency:			
Env	vironment:			
Saf	ety:			
Im	plementation Challenges			
	ound System Implementation:			
	onics Implementation:			
	cedures Availability:			
Ope	erational Approvals:			
Not	es			

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)				
PIA	Block - Module B0 - APTA	Date	March 12, 2018		
(GE thus tion GL	dule Description: The use of Performance-based Navial SAS) landing system (GLS) procedures will enhance the increasing safety, accessibility and efficiency. This is satellite system (GNSS), Baro-vertical navigation (VNS). The flexibility inherent in PBN approach design can	e reliability and possible through IAV), satellite-ba	predictability of approach the application of basic used augmentation system	nes to runways, global naviga- n (SBAS) and	
Ele	ment Implementation Status				
1	Element Description: PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to LNAV/VNAV minima Status Details N/A	Date I N/A	Planned/Implemented	Status N/A	
2	Element Description: PBN approach procedures with vertical guidance to Liminima Status Details	PV Date I N/A	Planned/Implemented	Status N/A	
3	N/A Element Description: PBN approach procedures without vertical guidance to LNAV minima		Planned/Implemented	Status N/A	
4	Status Details N/A Element Description:	Data I	Planned/Implemented	Status	
4	GBAS Landing System (GLS) procedures to CAT I m Status Details N/A		ranned/implemented	N/A	
Act	nieved Benefits				
Acc Cap Effi	ess and Equity: pacity: ciency:				
Env Safe	ironment:				
	olementation Challenges				
Gra Avia Pro Ope	ound system Implementation: onics Implementation: cedures Availability: erational Approvals:				
Not	es				

	COCESNA ASBU Air Naviga	tion Reportin	ıg F	Form (ANRF)	
PIA		Date	_	March 12, 2018	
run utili	dule Description: To manage arrivals and departures way aerodrome or locations with multiple dependent ruze the inherent runway capacity.				
	ment Implementation Status	T_			Ι
1	Element Description:			lanned/Implemented	Status
	AMAN via controlled time of arrival to a reference fix Status Details	x N/A	1		N/A
	Status Details N/A				
2	Element Description:	Dod	n D	lanned/Implemented	Status
4	Departure management	N/A		iaimeu/impiementeu	N/A
	Status Details	11/1	1		IV/A
	N/A				
3	Element Description:	Dat	e P	lanned/Implemented	Status
	Departure flow management	N/A			N/A
-	Status Details	<u>, </u>			
	N/A				
4	Element Description:	Dat	te P	lanned/Implemented	Status
	Point merge	N/A	1		N/A
	Status Details				
	N/A				
	nieved Benefits				
	ess and Equity: N/A				
	pacity: N/A				
JJ	ciency: N/A				
	ironment: N/A				
	ety: N/A				
	plementation Challenges				
	und system Implementation: N/A				
	onics Implementation: N/A				
	cedures Availability: N/A				
	erational Approvals: N/A				
Not	es				

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)				
PIA		Date March 12, 2018			
vid way Au visi	dule Description: First levels of advanced-surface movement es surveillance and alerting of movements of both aircraft and vy/aerodrome safety. tomatic dependent surveillance-broadcast (ADS-B) information on systems (EVS) is used for low-visibility operations.	ehicles at the aerodrome, thus im	proving run-		
	ment Implementation Status	T	_		
1	Element Description: A-SMGCS with at least one cooperative surface surveillance system Status Details	Date Planned/Implemented N/A	Status N/A		
	N/A				
2	Element Description: ADS-B APT	Date Planned/Implemented N/A	Status N/A		
	Status Details N/A				
3	Element Description: A-SMGCS alerting with flight identification information	Date Planned/Implemented N/A	Status N/A		
	Status Details N/A				
4	Element Description: EVS for taxi operations	Date Planned/Implemented N/A	Status N/A		
	Status Details N/A	, .	1 2		
5	Element Description: Airport vehicles equipped with transponders	Date Planned/Implemented N/A	Status N/A		
	Status Details N/A				
Acl	nieved Benefits				
	ess and Equity: N/A				
	pacity: N/A				
	ciency: N/A				
	vironment: N/A				
	ety: N/A				
	plementation Challenges				
	ound system Implementation: N/A				
	onics Implementation: N/A				
	ocedures Availability: N/A				
No	erational Approvals: N/A				
1/10	tes				

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Rep		
PIA		Date March 12, 2018	
	dule Description: Improved throughput on departure and arriv		ake turbulence
	aration minima, revised aircraft wake turbulence categories and	procedures.	
1	ment Implementation Status Element Description:	Data Blancad/Irranlamantad	Chahan
1	New PANS-ATM wake turbulence categories and separation	Date Planned/Implemented N/A	Status N/A
	minima	IV/A	IN/A
	Status Details	<u> </u>	
	Wait for the ICAO document to be published		
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Dependent diagonal paired approach procedures for parallel	N/A	N/A
	runways with centrelines spaced less than 760 meters (2,500		
	feet) apart		
	Status Details		
	N/A	Data Diamand II	G4-4
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented N/A	Status N/A
	Wake independent departure and arrival operations (WIDAO) for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less	N/A	N/A
	than 760 meters (2,500 feet) apart		
	Status Details	<u> </u>	
	N/A		
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Wake turbulence mitigation for departures (WTMD) proce-	N/A	N/A
	dures for parallel runways with centrelines spaced less than		
	760 meters (2,500 feet) apart based on observed crosswinds		
	Status Details		
	N/A	Γ	Τ ~
5	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	6 wake turbulence categories and separation minima	N/A	N/A
	Status Details		
	N/A		
Acl	nieved Benefits		
Acc	ess and Equity: N/A		
_	pacity: N/A		
	ciency: N/A		
	ironment: N/A		
	ety: N/A		
	blementation Challenges		
	ound system Implementation: N/A		
	onics Implementation: N/A		
	cedures Availability: N/A		
Not	erational Approvals: N/A		
1101			

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)					
PIA	2	Block - Module	B0 - AMET	Date	March 12, 2018	
Modu	le Descrip	tion: Global, regiona	al and local meteoro	ological information	on:	
a) f	a) forecasts provided by world area forecast centres (WAFC), volcanic ash advisory centres (VAAC) and tropical					
c	cyclone advisory centres (TCAC);					

- b) aerodrome warnings to give concise information of meteorological conditions that could adversely affect all aircraft at an aerodrome including wind shear; and
- c) SIGMETs to provide information on occurrence or expected occurrence of specific enroute weather phenomena which may affect the safety of aircraft operations and other operational meteorological (OPMET) information, including METAR/SPECI and TAF, to provide routine and special observations and forecasts of meteorological conditions occurring or expected to occur at the aerodrome.

This information supports flexible airspace management, improved situational awareness and collaborative decision making, and dynamically optimized flight trajectory planning.

This module includes elements which should be viewed as a subset of all available meteorological information that can be used to support enhanced operational efficiency and safety.

	be used to support enhanced operational efficiency and safety.					
Ele	ment Implementation Status					
1	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status			
	WAFS	2017	Implemented			
	Status Details					
	Information is being provided to COCESNA by each State Member and the WAFC in Washington					
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status			
	IAVW	2017	Implemented			
	Status Details	•				
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status			
	TCAC forecasts	2017	Implemented			
	Status Details					
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status			
	Aerodrome warnings	N/A	N/A			
	Status Details					
	N/A					
5	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status			
	Wind shear warnings and alerts	N/A	N/A			
	Status Details					
	N/A					
6	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status			
	SIGMET	2017	Implemented			
	Status Details					
	N/A					
7	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status			
	Other OPMET information (METAR, SPECI and/or TAF)	2017	Implemented			
	Status Details		•			
	N/A					
8	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status			
	QMS for MET	N/A	N/A			
	Status Details					
	N/A					
Acl	nieved Benefits					
	ess and Equity:					
	pacity:					
	ciency:					
	vironment:					
Saf						
	plementation Challenges					
	ATTACHE CAMMINIANDED					

Ground system Implementation:
Avionics Implementation:
Procedures Availability:
Operational Approvals
Notes

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation R	eporting Form (ANRF)	
PI		Date March 12, 2018	
Mo	dule Description: The initial introduction of digital processi	ng and management of information	, from origina-
tion	n to publication, through aeronautical information service (AIS	S)/aeronautical information manage	ement (AIM)
imp	plementation, use of aeronautical exchange model (AIXM), m	igration to electronic aeronautical i	nformation pub-
lica	ation (AIP) and better quality and availability of data.		
Ele	ement Implementation Status		
1	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Standardized Aeronautical Information Exchange Model (AIXM)	2017	Implemented
	Status Details		
	COCESNA migration from AFTN to AMHS includes AIXN	I implementation	
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	eAIP	2017	Implemented
	Status Details COCESNA migration from AFTN to AMHS includes eAIP in Guatemala and Belice		
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	Digital NOTAM	TBD	Analysis in
			progress
	Status Details		
	We have the capability to develop Digital Notam, however, review this element in 2020.	we need the State Members approv	al. We will
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	eTOD	N/A	N/A
	Status Details		
	It is each Member State's responsibility		
5	Element Description: WGS-84	Date Planned/Implemented 2017	Status Implemented
	Status Details		
	It is each Member State's responsibility		
6	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status
	QMS for AIM	2017	Implemented
	Status Details In transition from AIS to AIM		
Ac	hieved Benefits		
	hieved Benefits		
	cess and Equity:		
	pacity:		
	iciency:		
	vironment:		
	ety:		
	plementation Challenges		
	ound system Implementation:		
	onics Implementation:		
	ones Implementation. Ocedures Availability:		
No	·		
140	us		

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation R	eporting	Form (ANRF)					
PIA		Date	March 12, 2018					
data An	dule Description: To improve coordination between air traffaction communication (AIDC) defined by ICAO's Manual of Air Tadditional benefit is the improved efficiency of the transfer of	raffic Ser	vices Data Link Applicat	ions (Doc 9694).				
Ele	ment Implementation Status							
1 Element Description: AIDC to provide initial flight data to adjacent ATSUs Date Planned/Implemented 2019								
	Status Details We have AIDC with Mexico ACC, Habana ACC, El Salvad connect AIDC with Costa Rica APP and Belice APP in 2018							
2	Element Description: AIDC to update previously coordinated flight data	Date I 2019	Planned/Implemented	Status Partially Implemented				
	Status Details We have AIDC with El Salvador APP and Nicaragua APP. VAPP and Belice APP in 2018.							
3	Element Description: AIDC for control transfer	Date I 2019	Planned/Implemented	Status Partially Implemented				
	Status Details We have AIDC with El Salvador APP and Nicaragua APP. V Rica APP and Belice APP, Mexico ACC and Habana ACC i		nning AIDC control trans	sfer with Costa				
4	Element Description: AIDC to transfer CPDLC logon information to the Next Data Authority		Planned/Implemented	Status N/A				
	Status Details N/A							
Act	nieved Benefits							
	ess and Equity:							
	pacity:							
	ciency:							
	ironment:							
Safe								
	olementation Challenges							
	Ground system Implementation:							
	Avionics Implementation:							
	cedures Availability:							
_	erational Approvals:							
Not	es							

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)					
PIA	3	Block - Module	B0 - ACAS	Date	March 12, 2018	
Mo	dule Descrip	tion: To provide sho	ort-term improvement	s to existing airl	orne collision avoidance	systems
(AC	(AS) to reduce	e nuisance alerts whi	le maintaining existin	g levels of safet	y. This will reduce trajec	ctory deviations
and	increase safe	ty in cases where the	re is a breakdown of	separation.		
		nentation Status				
1	Element De				Planned/Implemented	Status
 		CAS version 7.1)		2017		Implemented
	Status Detai	ils				
	N/A			Ī		
2	Element De				Planned/Implemented	Status
-	AP/FD funct			N/A		N/A
	Status Detai	ils				
	N/A					Lac
3	Element De				Planned/Implemented	Status
-	TCAP functi			N/A		N/A
	Status Detain N/A	IIS				
A ob	ieved Benefi	4 a				
	ess and Equit					
	ess ana Equii pacity:	<i>y</i> .				
	ciency:					
	ironment:					
Safe						
-	olementation	Challenges				
•		nplementation:				
	onics Impleme	_				
	cedures Avail					
	rational App	<u> </u>				
Not		o rous.				
1101	CB					

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)					
PIA	3	Block - Module	B0 - ASEP	Date	March 12, 2018	
Mo	dule Descript	ion: Two air traffic	situational awareness	(ATSA) applic	ations which will enhance	e safety and
			e means to enhance tra	ffic situational	awareness and achieve q	uicker visual
	uisition of targ					
	a) AIRB (basic airborne situational awareness during flight operations).					
		paration on approac	h).			
		entation Status		1		T ~
1	Element Des				Planned/Implemented	Status
	ATSA-AIRE	3		2019		Analysis not
	Status Detai	la				started
	N/A	IS				
2	Element Des	scrintion.		Date I	Planned/Implemented	Status
_	ATSA-VSA	scription.		2019	namica/implementeu	Analysis not
						started
	Status Detai	ls		•		
	N/A					
Acl	iieved Benefi	ts				
	ess and Equit	y:				
_	pacity:					
	ciency:					
	ironment:					
Safe	,	~- ·-				
	olementation					
		nplementation:				
	Avionics Implementation: Procedures Availability:					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Not	erational Appr	ovais.				
1901	es					

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)					
PIA		Block - Module	B0 - ASUR	Date	March 12, 2018	
					surveillance supported by	
					This capability will be ex	pressed in vari-
	ous ATM services, e.g. traffic information, search and rescue and separation provision.					
Ele		nentation Status				
1	Element De	scription:			Planned/Implemented	Status
	ADS-B			2019		Partially Im-
L						plemented
	Status Detai					
					ize, Isla del Coco (Costa l	
					emala), Mata de Caña (Co	
				sland). In 2018	, we will implement two r	nore stations to
2		DS-B continental co	overage.	D 4	DI 1/T 1 4 1	Gt 4
2	Element Des	scription:		Date	Planned/Implemented	Status N/A
-	Status Detai	?1~				IN/A
	Status Detai	IIS				
Ach	nieved Benefi	tc				
	ess and Equit					
	pacity:	<i>y</i> •				
	ciency:					
	ironment:					
Safe	etv:					
-	olementation	Challenges				
		nplementation:				
	onics Impleme					
	cedures Avail					
Оре	rational Appi	rovals:				
Not						
Ì						

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)						
PIA		Date March 12, 2018					
	Iule Description: To allow the use of airspace which would o						
	g with flexible routing adjusted for specific traffic patterns. The						
	potential congestion on trunk routes and busy crossing points,	resulting in reduced flight lengths	and fuel burn.				
	Element Implementation Status						
1	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	CDM incorporated into airspace planning	2018	Implemented				
	Status Details						
	COCESNA is member of the ATFM data exchange network of		T				
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Flexible Use of Airspace (FUA)	2017	Implemented				
	Status Details	~					
	LOA has been signed with each State allowing Civil Aviation		T a				
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
-	Flexible routing	N/A	N/A				
	Status Details						
	N/A	ID (D) 1/7 1 (I	G				
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
-	CPDLC used to request and receive re-route clearances	2017	Implemented				
	Status Details AIP Publication of the use of CPDLC was made for all the Ce	ntual American Ainancea					
A -1-		entrai American Airspace.					
	ieved Benefits ess and Equity:						
	1 2						
	acity: ciency:						
70	·						
	ironment:						
,	Safety:						
	Implementation Challenges						
	Ground system Implementation:						
	Avionics Implementation: Procedures Availability:						
	<u> </u>						
_	rational Approvals:						
Not	es						

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)					
PIA	Block - Module B0 - NOPS	Date	March 12, 2018			
min volv at w AT	Module Description: Air traffic flow management (ATFM) is used to manage the flow of traffic in a way that minimizes delays and maximizes the use of the entire airspace. Collaborative ATFM can regulate traffic flows involving departure slots, smooth flows and manage rates of entry into airspace along traffic axes, manage arrival time at waypoints or flight information region (FIR)/sector boundaries and re-route traffic to avoid saturated areas. ATFM may also be used to address system disruptions including a crisis caused by human or natural phenomena.					
1	ment Implementation Status Element Description:	Do4a I	Normad/Translamantad	Status		
1	Sharing prediction of traffic load for next day	2019	Planned/Implemented	Partially Implemented		
	Status Details Planning to do the TFM Flight Data Exchange with FAA via	SWIM				
2	Element Description: Proposing alternative routings to avoid or minimize ATFM delays	Date I 2019	Planned/Implemented	Status Analysis not started		
	Status Details Currently developing a CDM process with airlines and airport	operator	rs.			
	ieved Benefits ess and Equity:					
	ess ana Equity. vacity:					
_	ciency:					
	ironment:					
Safe						
-	lementation Challenges					
	und system Implementation:					
	onics Implementation:			_		
	cedures Availability:		-			
Ope	rational Approvals:					
Not	es					

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA		3	Block - Module	B0 - OPFL	Date	March 12, 2018		
						level for flight efficienc		
turb	ule	nce for saf	ety. The main ber	efit of ITP is fuel/emis	ssions savings and	d the uplift of greater pay	loads.	
Elei	mer	nt Implem	entation Status					
1		ement Des			Date 1	Planned/Implemented	Status	
	IT	P using AI	OS-B		TBD		Analysis not	
							started	
		atus Detai	ls					
	N/.							
		ed Benefit						
		and Equity	y: N/A					
Cap	aci	ty: N/A						
Effic	cien	ıcy: N/A						
Env	iror	nment: N/A	4					
Safe	ety:	N/A						
Imp	len	nentation	Challenges					
Gro	una	l system In	nplementation: N/	A				
Avionics Implementation: N/A								
Pro	Procedures Availability: N/A							
Ope	rati	ional Appr	ovals: N/A					
Not	es							

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)						
PIA		0 - SNET		March 12, 2018			
	Module Description: To enable monitoring of flights while airborne to provide timely alerts to air traffic controllers of potential risks to flight safety. Alerts from short-term conflict alert (STCA), area proximity warnings (APW)						
	minimum safe altitude warnings (MS						
	to safety and remain required as long				iitiai Collulou-		
	ment Implementation Status	s as the operational concep	t i Cilialiis	numan centred.			
1	Element Description:		Date Pla	nned/Implemented	Status		
-	Short Term Conflict Alert (STCA)		2015	imed, implemented	Implemented		
	Status Details		2015		mpremented		
	It was implemented in the CENAME	ER ACC upgrade (AIRCO	N2100 R)				
2	Element Description:			nned/Implemented	Status		
	Area Proximity Warning (APW)		2015	•	Implemented		
	Status Details		ı		•		
	It was implemented in the CENAME	ER ACC upgrade (AIRCO	N2100 R)				
3	Element Description:		Date Pla	nned/Implemented	Status		
	Minimum Safe Altitude Warning (M	ISAW)	2015		Implemented		
	Status Details						
	It was implemented in the CENAME	ER ACC upgrade (AIRCO			1		
4	Element Description:			nned/Implemented	Status		
	Medium Term Conflict Alert (MTCA	A)	2015		Implemented		
	Status Details		I				
	It was implemented in the CENAME	ER ACC upgrade (AIRCO	N2100 R)				
	nieved Benefits						
	ess and Equity:						
	pacity:						
	ciency:						
	vironment:						
Saf	,						
	plementation Challenges						
	Ground system Implementation:						
	onics Implementation:						
	ocedures Availability:						
	erational Approvals:						
Not	tes						

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA	4 Block - Module B0 - CCO	Date October 25, 2017						
tion	Module Description: To implement continuous climb operations in conjunction with performance-based navigation (PBN) to provide opportunities to optimize throughput, improve flexibility, enable fuel-efficient climb profiles, and increase capacity at congested terminal areas. The application of PBN enhances CCO.							
	ment Implementation Status							
1	Element Description: Procedure changes to facilitate CCO	Date Planned/Implemented 2019	Status Analysis in					
	Troccure changes to facilitate CCO	2017	progress					
	Status Details	,						
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	Airspace changes to facilitate CCO	2019	Analysis in					
			progress					
	Status Details							
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status					
	PBN SIDs	2019	Analysis in progress					
	Status Details	1	F - 8 - 122					
Acl	nieved Benefits							
Acc	ess and Equity:							
•	pacity:							
00	ciency:							
	ironment:							
	Safety:							
Implementation Challenges								
Ground system Implementation:								
Avionics Implementation:								
	Procedures Availability:							
	erational Approvals:							
Not	es							

	COCESNA ASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)						
PIA	A 4 Block - Module	e B0 - CDO	Date March 12, 2018				
tim	Module Description: To use performance-based airspace and arrival procedures allowing an aircraft to fly its optimum profile using continuous descent operations. This will optimize throughput, allow fuel efficient descent profiles, and increase capacity in terminal areas. The application of PBN enhances CDO.						
Ele	ement Implementation Status						
1	Element Description: Procedure changes to facilitate	e CDO	Date Planned/Implemented 2019	Status Analysis not started			
	Status Details						
2	Element Description: Airspace changes to facilitate	CDO	Date Planned/Implemented 2019	Status Analysis not started			
í	Status Details						
3	Element Description: PBN STARs		Date Planned/Implemented 2019	Status Analysis not started			
	Status Details						
Acl	hieved Benefits						
Acc	cess and Equity:						
	pacity:						
	iciency:						
	vironment:						
	ety:						
	plementation Challenges ound system Implementation:						
	ionics Implementation:						
	ocedures Availability:						
	erational Approvals:						
Not							



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COCESNAASBU Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
PIA	PIA 4 Block - Module B0 - TBO Date March 12, 2018						
Mo	Module Description: To implement a set of data link applications supporting surveillance and communications in						
air t	raffic services	s, which will lead to	flexible routing, red	uced separation	and improved safety.		
Elei		entation Status					
1	Element Des				e Planned/Implemented	Status	
	ADS-C over	oceanic and remote	areas	2017	7	Implemented	
-	Status Detai	ls					
	Status 2 ctas	ion on April 2017					
2	Element Des			Date	Planned/Implemented	Status	
	CPDLC over	continental areas		2017	7	Implemented	
	Status Detai						
3		ion on April 2017		D-4	. Dl 1/7141	Status	
3	Element Des	scription: coceanic and remote	0,000	2017	e Planned/Implemented	Status	
	CFDLC OVE	oceanic and remote	areas	201		Implemented	
	Status Detai	ls		l		1	
		ion on April 2017					
	ieved Benefit						
	ess and Equity	y:					
•	acity:						
	ciency:						
	ironment:						
Safe		Challangag					
_	olementation	cnallenges uplementation:					
	una system in onics Impleme						
	cedures Avail						
	rational Appr	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Not		orais.					
1100							

Appendix E: COCESNA's ASBU Block 1 ANRFs

Insert ASBU B1 ANRFs in the future.

Appendix F: COCESNA's SBU Block 2 ANRFs

Insert ASBU B2 ANRFs in the future.

Appendix G: COCESNA's ASBU Block 3 ANRFs

Insert ASBU B3 ANRFs in the future.



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Appendix H: COCESNA's Organization RASI ANRFs

COCESNA's RASI Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)							
IC	AO NACC Regional Initiatives	Date					
Mo	Module Description: ICAO NACC RO has identified airport improvements.						
Ele	Element Implementation Status						
1	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Aerodrome certification		N/A				
	Status Details						
			T-				
2	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Heliport operational approval		N/A				
	Status Details						
			1				
3	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Visual aids for navigation		N/A				
	Status Details						
			•				
4	Element Description:	Date Planned/Implemented	Status				
	Aerodrome Bird/Wildlife Organization and Control Pro-		N/A				
	gramme						
	Status Details						
	hieved Benefits						
	cess and Equity						
_	pacity:						
	iciency						
	vironment: No report						
	Safety						
	plementation Challenges						
	Ground system Implementation:						
	onics Implementation:						
	ocedures Availability:						
_	erational Approvals:						
No	tes						



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Appendix I: COCESNA's Organization SASI ANRFs

	COCESNA's Air Navigation Reporting Form (ANRF)						
	Infrastructure Upgrades Date September 1, 2017						
Mo	Module Description: Development of major components of the overall Airport/Aerodrome to meet the demands of						
the	the growing Aviation Industry. This will improve capacity and safety in the in terminal and allow seamless maneu-						
	ing of wide body Aircraft (example B777) at the turning bay. S						
	e and reduce surface wear and tear. New ATC facility is requir						
	proving operational space is vital to meet the need of increased			structure up-			
	des will increase an overall traffic management efficiency and e	enhance	safety.				
Ele	ment Implementation Status						
1	Element Description:	Date 1	Planned/Implemented	Status			
	Airport Terminal Development	TBD		N/A			
	Status Details						
2	Element Description:	400000	Planned/Implemented	Status			
	Airport Runway Rehabilitation and Extension	TBD		N/A			
	Status Details						
				h a			
3	Element Description:	700	Planned/Implemented	Status			
	Control Tower and Technical Building Upgrades	TBD		N/A			
	Status Details						
L .	1.1.1.00						
	hieved Benefits						
	eess and Equity						
	pacity						
- 55	ciency						
	vironment						
Saf							
	plementation Challenges						
	ound system Implementation						
	onics Implementation						
	ocedures Availability						
_	erational Approvals						
No	tes						