

for NAM/CAR/SAM SAR Implementation Meeting (based on ICAO/IMO JWG-SAR/23 Berlin, 12-16 September 2016)

Need, Overview, Status

David Edwards modified version based on Henk J. Hof

Chairman ICAO GADSS-Advisory Group

The Need







Vulnerability

Timely identification and location of aircraft in distress

Availability and sharing of valuable information

Effective and regularly trained procedures





- → Know where aircraft fly
- → Know when aircraft are in distress
- → Enhance ability to rescue
- **→** Enhance ability to recover

Global Aeronautical Distress and Safety System Overview – 3 primary functions





- Provides automatic A/C position at least once every 15 minutes
- ATS Surveillance may be utilised
- Can be activated from the cockpit
- Multiple solutions
- May have airline defined triggers for abnormal operations with higher reporting rate

Autonomous Distress Tracking (ADT)

- Provides automatic A/C position at least once every minute
- Must be active prior to an end of flight accident event
- May be manually activated
- Can not be deactivated from the cockpit
- Results in a distress notification to the appropriate SAR region



Flight Data Recovery

- Ensures a minimum CVR and FDR dataset is recovered in a timely manner
- Operation Approval Required



Aircraft Tracking (Normal / Abnormal)



"A process, established by the operator that maintains and updates at standardised intervals a ground based record of the four dimensional position of individual aircraft in flight"



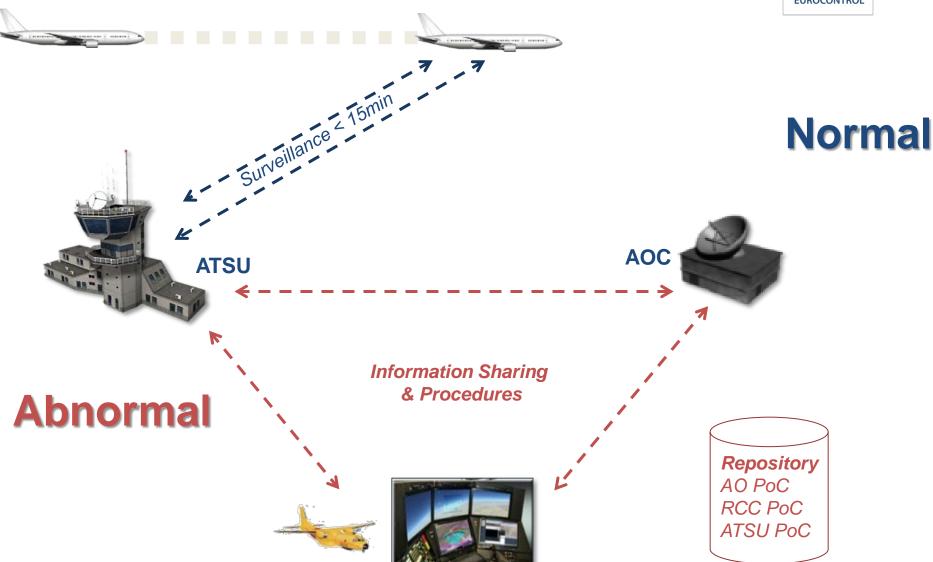


Maximum take-off weight - MTOW



Aircraft Tracking with Automated Surveillance

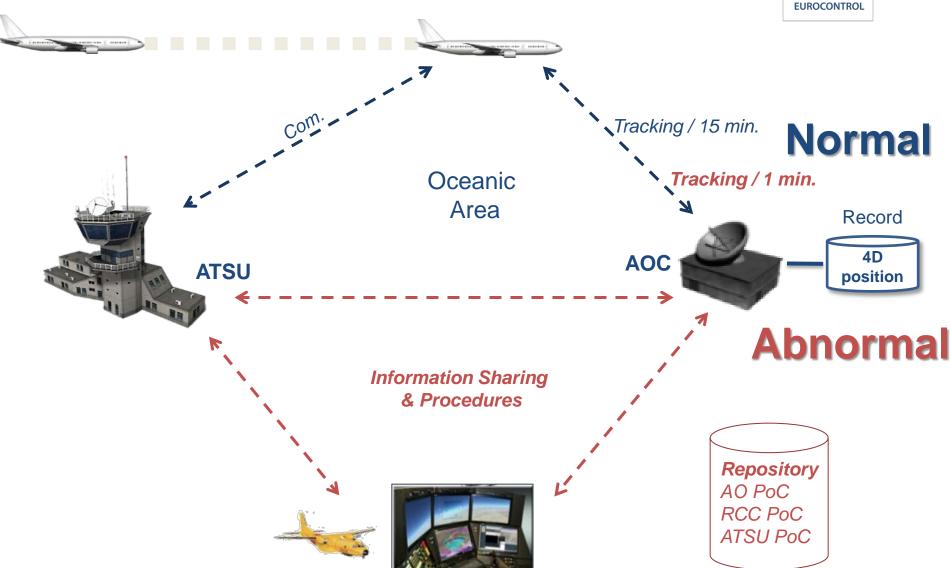




RESCUE COORDINATION CENTER

Aircraft Tracking without Autom. Surveillance





RESCUE COORDINATION CENTER

Information sharing



- Right information
- Right time
- Right place

Information e.g.:

last known position

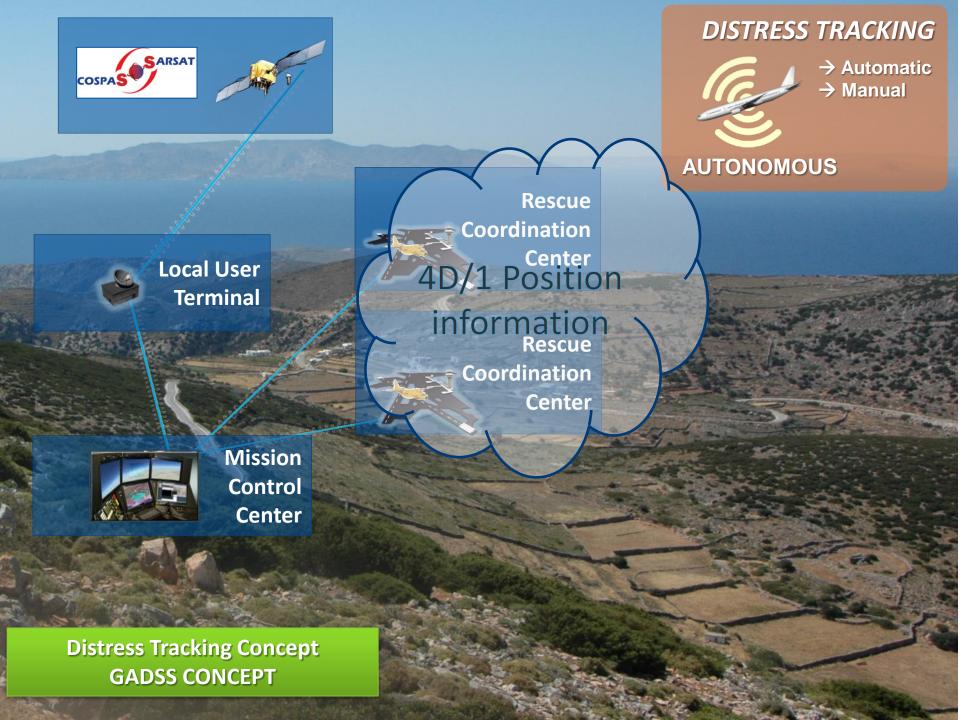
flight track

flight plan

SAR information

Long term objective: Full System Wide Information Management

Near Term: Information Repositories Services







Other Satellites



DISTRESS TRACKING



→ Automatic

→ Manual

AUTONOMOUS

Rescue
Coordination
Center
4D/1 Position
information

information Rescue Coordination Center



Ground Station



Mission Control Center





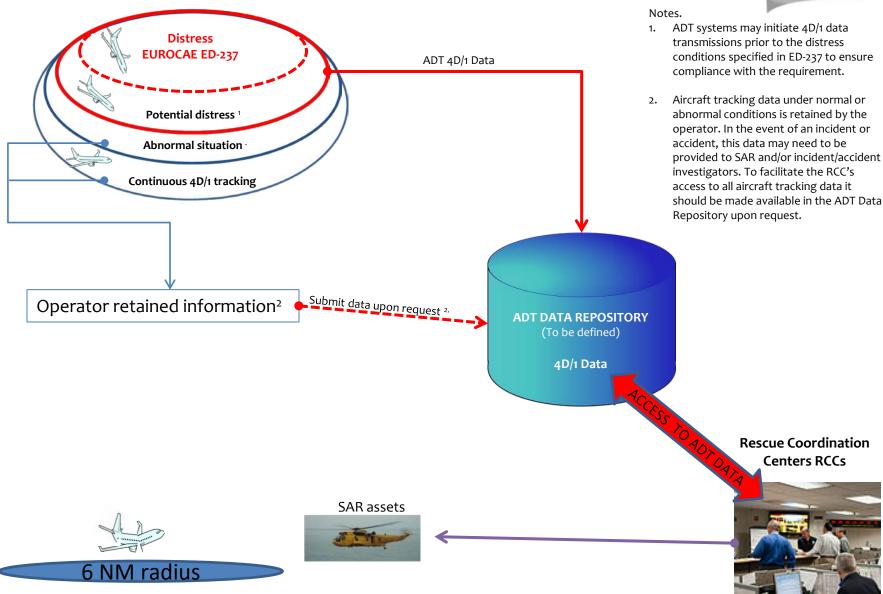
Control Center

Distress Tracking Concept GADSS CONCEPT



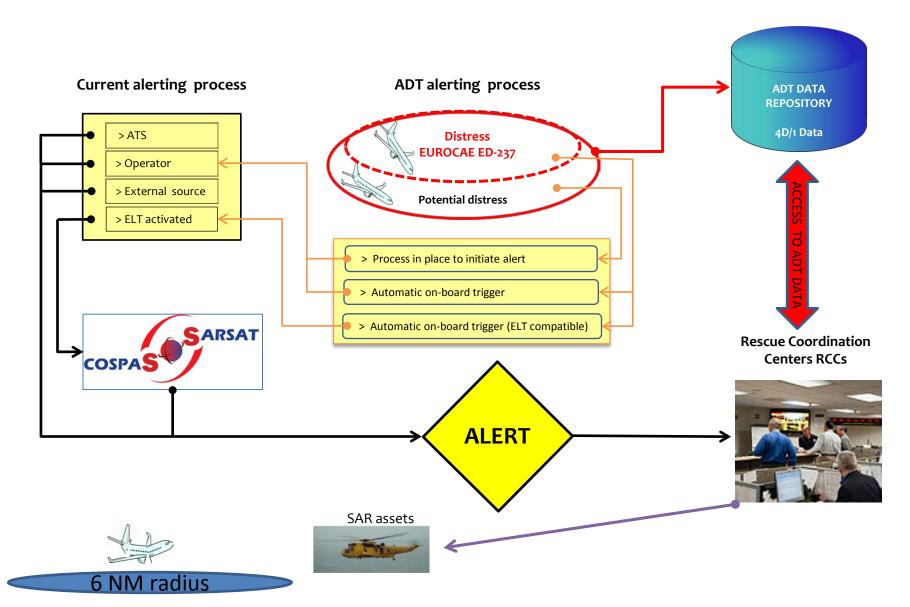
ADT DATA RETENTION LOCATION AND ACCESS





ADT DISTRESS ALERTING





GADSS Concept of Operations: Objectives



- Ensure timely detection of aircraft in distress:
 - To timely initiate SAR actions
- Ensure tracking of aircraft in distress and timely and accurate location of end of flight
 - To accurately direct SAR actions
- Enable efficient and effective SAR operations
- Ensure timely retrieval of flight recorder data

Global Aeronautical Distress and Safety System GADSS



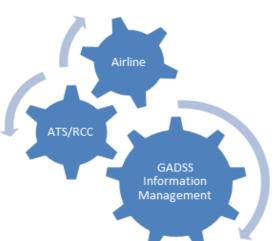
- → Know where aircraft fly
- → Know when aircraft are in distress
- + Enhance ability to rescue
- → Enhance ability to recover

Autonomous Distress Tracking (ADT)

- Provides automatic A/C position at least once every minute
- Must be active prior to an end of flight accident event
- May be manually activated
- Can not be deactivated from the cockpit
- Results in a distress notification to the appropriate SAR region

Flight Recorder Data Recovery

- Ensures a minimum CVR and FDR dataset is recovered in a timely manner
- Operation Approval Required



Aircraft Tracking

- Provides automatic A/C position at least once every 15 minutes
- ATS Surveillance may be utilised
- . Can be deactivated from the cockpit
- multiple solutions
- May have airline defined triggers for abnormal operations with higher reporting rate

GADSS: more than a system



- Complete SAR support approach including:
 - Assess shortcomings Civil/ Military coordination
 - Assess impact of FIR/SRR coordinates misalignment
 - Assess Annex 12 compliance
 - Review Annex 12, 30 min period
 - Develop guidance for inflight emergency training for ATSUs
 - Review ELT maintenance procedures
- GADSS ConOps includes comprehensive work plan to address full scope

Things for You to Think About to be ready...



- Operator role expanded, Media and Public expectations
- Your gaps in surveillance (radar coverage) remote land and oceanic areas (beyond territorial sea)
- Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) on "Iridium NEXT" satellites being launched starting November 2016.
 - Enables Aireon's ADS-B satellite-based system to provide global aircraft surveillance in real time.
 (Operator or ATSU can purchase.)
- 406 MHz ELT-Distress Tracking (ELT-DT) 4D/1 alerts direct to RCC
- Your ATS and RCCs reaction?