

Assistance for Action

Aviation and Climate Change Seminar

23 - 24 October 2012

ICAO Headquarters, Montréal, Canada

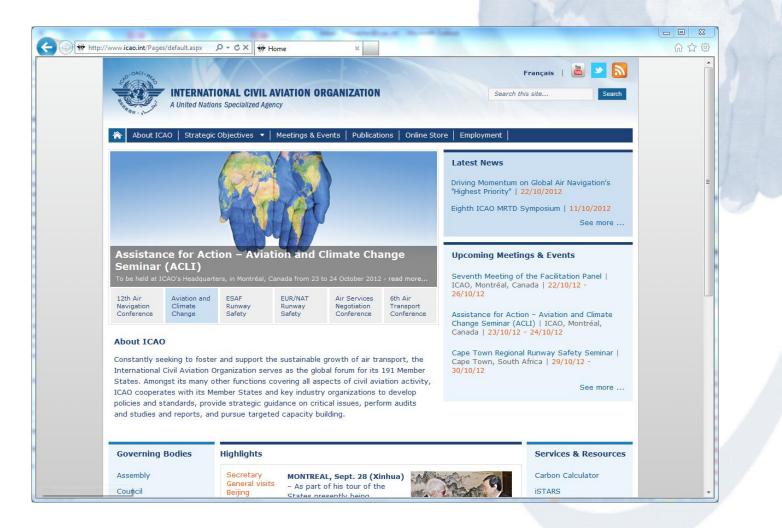


ICAO Website Overview

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Carbon Calculator

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	International Civil Aviation Organization		
Mage	Home English -		
(Carbon Emissions Calculator		
ICAO Methodology	CAO Public > Home > Carbon Emissions Calculator		
FAQ			
Help us to improve the calculator	ICAO has developed a methodology to calculate the carbon dioxide emissions from air travel for use in offset programmes.		
	 The ICAO Carbon Emissions Calculator allows passengers to estimate the emissions attributed to their air travel. It is simple to use and requires only a limited amount of information from the user. The methodology applies the best publicly available industry data to account for various factors such as aircraft types, route specific data, passenger load factors and cargo carried. For additional information, please see the accompanying methodology to the ICAO Carbon Emissions Calculator. You can find your carbon footprint by entering your city of origin and destination 		
	From: To:		
	My ticket is: 💿 Economy Class 🛛 Premium Class (Economy Premium, Business, or First)		
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	Climate Change	See more		ŕ
	Local Air Quality	Environmental Protection News		
	Market-Based Measures	New Progress on Aircraft CO2 Standard 11/7/12		
	Modelling & Databases	ICAO Secretary General Successfully Completes Pioneering Biofuels Journey	20/6/12	
	Operational Measures			
	Technology & Standards	ICAO Launches its First App	8/6/12	
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ACTION PLANS

ALTERNATIVE

FUELS

CAEP



Environment Environment Report 2010



Brochure

Flightpath to a ICAO Sustainable Future Journal (Rio+20 Review) Environment Issue

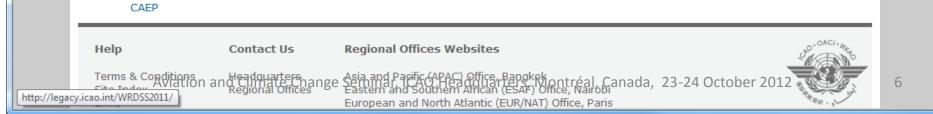


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Global Framework for Alternative Aviation Fuels



Report

2007



Events Rio+20

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Climate Change : Action Plan



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A global agreement reached by the 37th Session of the ICAO Assembly in October 2010 established a new benchmark for ICAO's objective relative on aviation and climate change. It provides a roadmap for action through 2050 for the 190 Member States of the Organization and invites them to voluntarily submit their/national action plans to reduce CO_2 emissions from international civil aviation to ICAO by June 2012.

The action plans will allow State to showcase the specific voluntary measures they intend to take in order to improve efficiency and thereby contribute to the global environmental aspirational goals established by the Assembly.

"ICAO environmental action plans will help States identify the most appropriate measures to reduce emissions from international aviation. They will also allow ICAO to monitor progress by States in achieving global aspirational goals and help address specific needs through more targeted technical and financial assistance," said the Organization's Council President Roberto Kobeh González in his opening address at the first ICAO Hands-on Training workshop for States' Action Plans on CO₂ Emissions Reduction Activities held in Mexico City, Mexico, the first week of May 2011.

Action Plans submitted by States

1. United States Aviation Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Plan

What are action plans?

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ICAO Carbon Emissions Calculator

ICAO has developed a methodology to calculate the carbon dioxide emissions from air travel for use in offset programmes. Click here to see more.

The Carbon Calculator is additionally available in the Apple App Store as an iPhone and iPad application.



ICAO Green Meetings Calculator

The ICAO Green Meetings Calculator (IGMC) is a tool designed to support decision-making in reducing the carbon emissions from air travel to attend meetings.

The software generates an optimal location for a meeting in terms of CO2 emissions, taking into consideration the city of origin and the number of participants, as well as other parameters. While many factors may affect the decision for where a meeting should be held, the calculator helps facilitate the planning process.

Access the files here: ICAO Green Meetings Calculator (requires Microsoft Windows XP or newer) and the IGMC User Guide.



ICAO Fuel Savings Estimation Tool

Operational measures are one of the instruments available to States to improve fuel efficiency and reduce CO2 emissions. The ICAO Fuel Savings Estimation Tool (IFSET) has been developed by the Secretariat with support from States and international organizations to assist the States to estimate fuel savings in a manner consistent with the models approved by CAEP and Caligned with the States 23-24 October 2012

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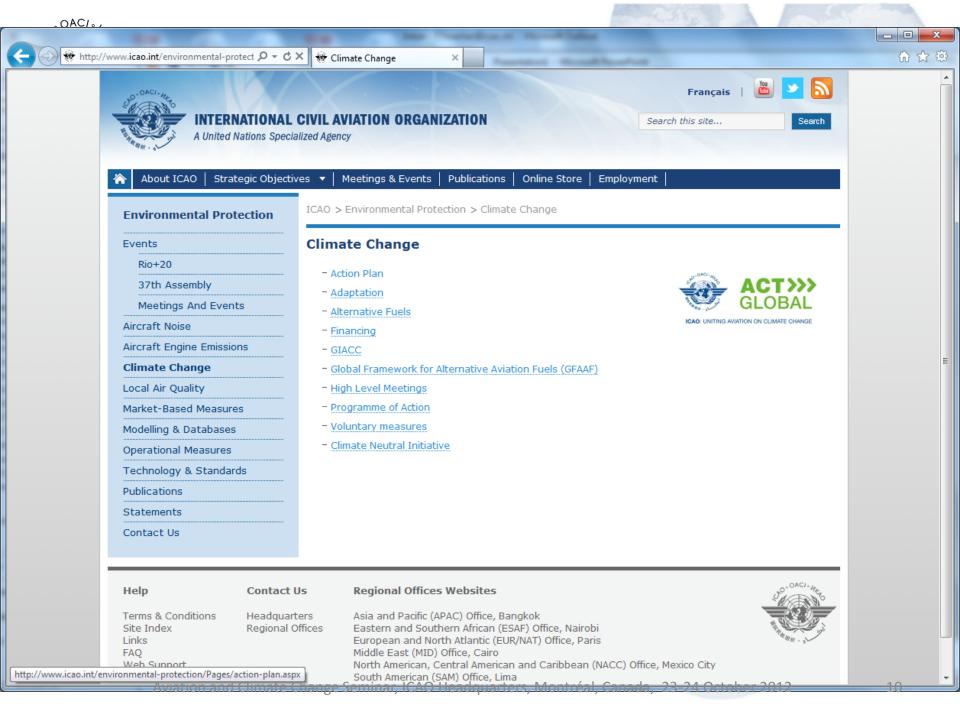
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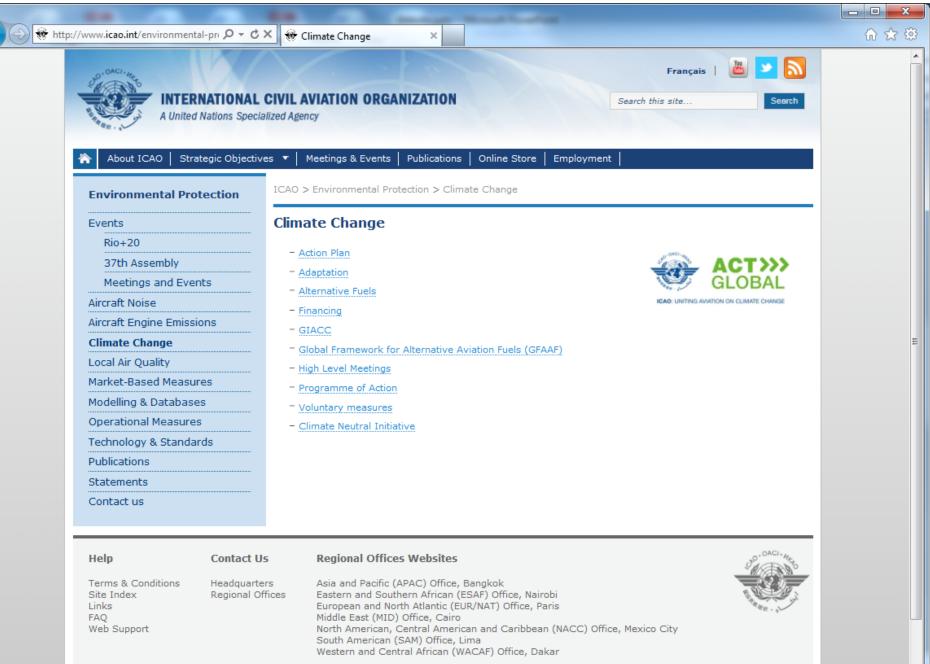
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	Operational Measures Technology & Standards Publications	Working Papers by Item	*
	Statements Contact us	WP/21 Civil aviation and the environment (04/05/10) en fr es ru ar zh EX/4	Π
		WP/22 United Nations Climate Neutral Initiative (26/05/10) en fr es ru ar zh EX/5 <th></th>	
		WP/23 Aviation and alternative fuels (25/05/10) en fr es ru ar zh EX/6	E
		WP/24 Consolidated statement of continuing ICAO policies and practices related to environmental protection - General provisions, noise and local air quality (04/06/10) en fr es ru ar zh	
		WP/25 Consolidated statement of continuing ICAO policies and practices related to en fr es ru ar zh EX/8 environmental protection - Climate Change (24/09/10) environmental protection - Climate Change (24/09/10) environmental protection - Climate Change (24/09/10)	
		WP/26 Present and future aircraft noise and emissions trends (21/07/10) en fr es ru ar zh EX/9 WP/27 Developments in other United Nations bodies (06/08/10) en fr es ru ar zh	
		WP/27 Developments in other United Nations bodies (U6/U8/10) en m es ru ar 2n EX/10 WP/262 International aviation and climate change – Proposal for Assembly Resolution en fr es ru ar zn	
		EX/53 (21/09/10) WP/361 Report of the Executive Committee on Agenda item 17 (4/10/10)	
		P/35 P/35 WP/402 Report of the Executive Committee on Agenda item 17, Section on climate en fr es rule rule rule wP/402 Report of the Executive Committee on Agenda item 17, Section on climate en fr es rule es rule	
		P/66 change (7/10/10)	
		Livestream videos	
		1. ICAO Carbon Emission Calculator http://www.livestream.com/icao	
		2. Feasibility of Achieving Climate Change Goals for International Aviation <u>http://www.livestream.com/icao</u>	
		3. Aviation and climate change http://www.livestream.com/icao	

4. Alternative fuels. (Will be available shortly)

37th Assembly, Agenda Item 17: Environmental Protection

Since the 36th Session of the ICAO Assembly held in September 2007, ICAO's main effort in





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Climate Change : Adaptation

Introduction

Climate change is considered to be one of the most serious environmental threats to sustainable development, with adverse impacts expected on human health, food security, economic activity, natural resources and physical infrastructure. There is solid scientific evidence to suggest that despite the technology improvements as well as other operational and economic measures to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, the climate could continue to change, and the potential consequences might be significant.

The likely impacts of climate change (storms, heat waves,etc.) were initially assessed by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) in 1999 and these assessments have since been updated, the most recent one being IPCC's Fourth Assessment Report issued in 2007. According to the latest IPCC assessments, the impacts of climate change will be felt worldwide (see article *Adaptation to Climate Change– Challenges Facing Civil Aviation Stakeholders*, Chapter 6 of this report). The need to address the adverse effects of climate change either by mitigation or by adaptation is becoming more pressing.

The articles in Chapter 6 of this report focus on how the changes in climate could affect aviation and the possible areas where aviation might need to adapt its ground and flight operations.

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Adaptation – An International Concern

The Bali Action Plan adopted in 2007 at the thirteenth Conference of the Parties (COP13) of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), identified "adaptation" as one of the four building blocks (along with mitigation, finance and technology) required for a strengthened future response to climate change. These building blocks are meant to enable the full, effective and

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Climate Change : Financing

Climate financing is one of the key elements of the international discussions addressing climate change in the medium and long term. The scale and size of the challenge that is associated with sustained reductions of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions on a global scale requires rigorous solutions and robust financing mechanisms that will be needed to develop and deploy mitigation technologies and to adapt to the impacts of climate change. In particular, significant financial and human resources will be required to ensure that developing countries are able to meet the challenge of climate change while growing their own economies in a sustainable manner.

Background

According to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), the current levels of funding available for climate change-related initiatives will be insufficient to address the future financial flows estimated to be required for adaptation and mitigation measures under a strengthened future climate change agreement, post-2012. Developing countries currently receive only 20 to 25 per cent of the investment they need for climate change mitigation and adaptation, which only represents approximately 46 per cent of the total that will be required by 2030.

While a few States have been able to undertake initial actions to combat climate change using their own financial resources (as a result of their own economic growth), the energy demand in developing countries is projected to increase immensely, which will require additional resources. Nonetheless, the resulting emissions reductions expected to be achieved by developing States by 2030 is estimated to be about 68% of global emission reductions.

200		
175		Mitigation: \$139 billion-\$175 billion
150		
125	100	
100	\$28 billio	n-\$100 billion
75		
50		
25	Funding for adaptation and mitigation \$9 billion	
0 -		

Figure 1: Additional investment needs in developing countries, by 2030 (World Bank presentation at the ICAO Colloquium on Aviation and Climate Change, Montreal, May 2010).

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Voluntary Measures

ICAO has collected information on voluntary activities and is planning to provide feedback to States and the aviation community, with the aim of dissemination of such activities. ICAO has been encouraged to study three market-based measures such as voluntary measures, emission-related levies and emissions trading, pursuant to Appendix I to Assembly Resolution A35-5, aimed at reducing climate impact caused by greenhouse gases (GHG) emitted from the aviation sector.

In addition the new resolution (Assembly <u>Resolution A36-22</u>, Appendix L) urges States to adopt measures relating to Emissions related charges and taxes, Emissions trading, Carbon offsets and Clean Development Mechanism.

Regarding voluntary measures, ICAO has already developed a <u>template</u> (pdf) for voluntary agreements between the aviation sector and public sector organizations.

This call for States to provide information was sent to all States on 3 October 2006 and renewed on 2 December 2009. Some States had replied to the first State Letter as of 7 December 2006. The information submitted, as well as the information collected prior to February 2007 is available here (pdf). A second State Letter has requested submission of an updated questionnaire by 31 December 2009. Click here to view the latest responses.

ICAO welcomes submissions regarding voluntary activities at any time, in order to ensure that a wide sample of information is collected.

1. Template and Guidance on Voluntary Measures, 2004 (pdf)

2. Questionnaire (doc):	English	Français	Español	Русский	ا عرب	<u>中文</u>
3. Questionnaire (PDF):	English	Français	Español	Русский	ا عرب	<u>中文</u>

4. List of collected Voluntary Activities Against Global Warming

5. Operational Opportunities to Minimize Fuel Use and Reduce Emissions, Circular 303-AN/176.

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For more information on our activities, please visit ICAO's website

http://www.icao.int/env

ICAO ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT²⁰¹⁰





