

# **Ground Operations**

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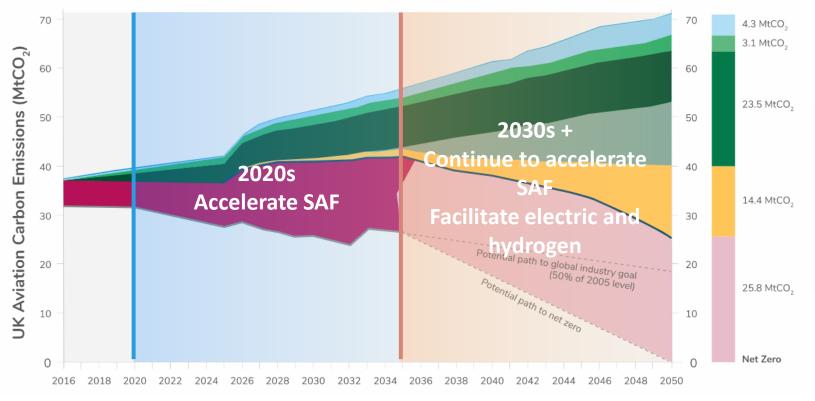
Director of Carbon Strategy, Heathrow **Airport** 



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### Sustainable Aviation Roadmap

**Airport Implications** 



- Activity Growth (without carbon price)
- Effect of Carbon Price on Demand
- Improved Operations / ATM
- Fleet Upgrades, with known aircraft types
- Fleet Upgrades, with future aircraft types
- Sustainable Fuels
- Gross Emissions (CO, emissions from UK departing flights before offset and removal
- Market Based Measures MBMs specifically EU ETS + CORSIA
- MBMs (Carbon removal measures)
- Net Emissions

UK Aviation has a plan to achieve Net Zero by 2050 in line with UK law



## Sustainable Aviation Fuels (SAF)

#### **Airport Implications**

- We are focussed on second generation SAF and synfuels with waste-to-biojet key to near-term UK production.
- Analysis by the World Economic Forum's *Clean Skies for Tomorrow* Coalition shows that up to around 10% of EU aviation fuel from SAF by 2030 is ambitious but deliverable.
- SAF should require no significant airport infrastructure changes blended/dropped in offsite and delivered by pipeline or train
- Our focus is on encouraging supply and stimulating demand. Heathrow is calling on UK government to act with urgency and purpose to address the "chicken and egg" of limited/high-cost supply and hence limited demand.



### **Electric Propulsion**

#### **Airport Implications**

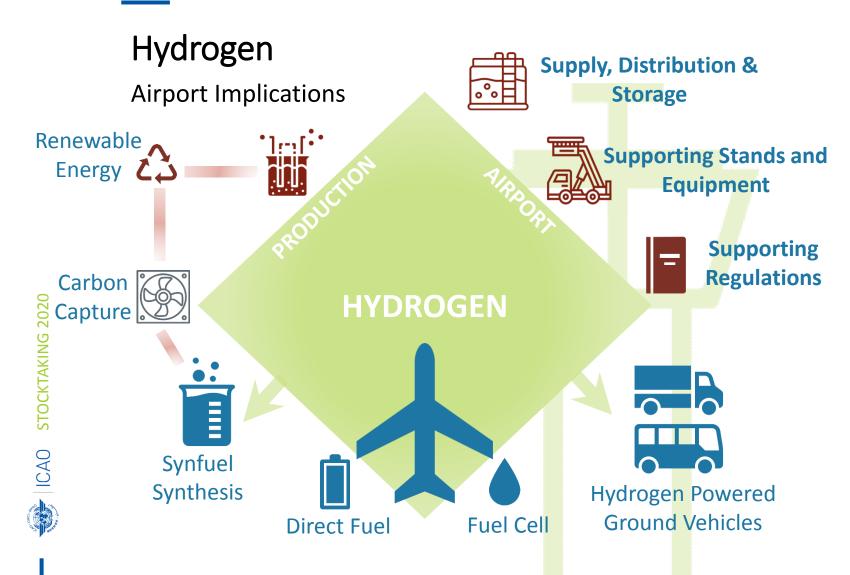
Provision of a range of infrastructure requirements to support fully zero-carbon flight – planning for the first generation of hybrid-electric short haul services

Our current research and innovation programme – AIREPS – is assessing the nature and scale of infrastructure changes to enable electric flight. A larger programme is set to follow which will model a complete domestic sustainable aviation system. University of Essex University of Reading

Key considerations include issues such as:

- Power demand and network infrastructure
  - High Voltage cabling retrofit required and the key cost barrier to overcome
- Battery charging, storage, associated business models
  - Flexibility in charging to limit demands at peak times
  - On-stand options require less battery swapping hence faster turnaround
- Mixed mode 'sustainable propulsion stands'
- Operational considerations such as safety, ground movements and airspace





- Potential for regional aircraft by 2030s, with some uncertainty
- Supply & Distribution: Pre-2040 tanker delivery likely to satisfy demand (CleanSky 2)
- Post-2040 more substantial supporting infrastructure for stands, storage and distribution
- 2040 global demand for LH<sub>2</sub> could reach 10m tonnes (CleanSky 2)
- On-airport safety regulations must be advanced – the focus of Horizon 2020 projects 'ENABLEH2' and Hytunnel





 Action: Airport coordination with fuel providers, manufacturers and airlines to ensure value chain evolves in line with uptake

Icons Credit: Chameleon Design, ProSymbols, ArmOkay, Eucalyp.

## Thank You

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