

ICAO Workshop Aviation & Carbon Markets

Montreal, Canada 18 June 2008

Session 3: Emissions Trading Schemes ETS newly launched

Australian ETS



- Government elected in Nov 2007
- Ratified the Kyoto Protocol in Dec 2007
- Created new Dept of Climate Change
- Australia has now committed to:
 - reducing CO2 emissions by 60% by 2050 over 2000 levels, and
 - introducing a broad based emissions trading scheme by 2010



- A cap and trade scheme
- Broad coverage
- Address impact on strongly affected industries
- Linking with other schemes
- Need to act now
- Interim target?



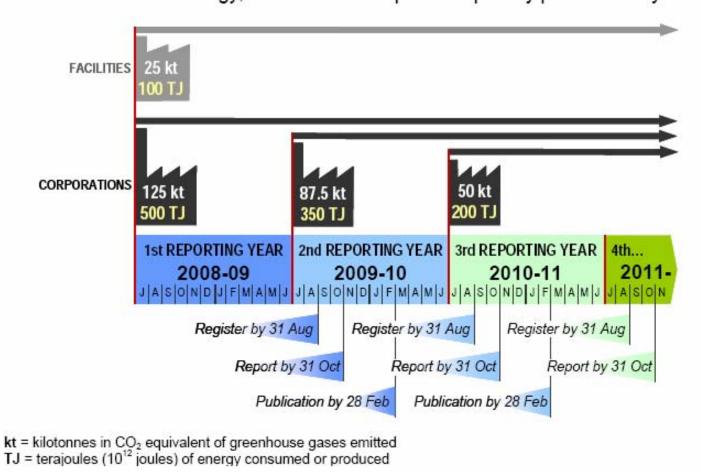
- Mar Jun 2008: preliminary consultations
- Jul 2008: public release of a Green Paper
- Dec 2008: public release of draft legislation
- Mar Mid 2009: Bill before Parliament
- 2nd Part 2009: regime established
- 2010: emissions trading scheme commences



- National Greenhouse & Energy Reporting Act 2007 - NGER Act
- Formal greenhouse/energy reporting regime
 - 'facility' threshold of 25 kilotonnes of C02 / year
 - first reporting period 1 Jul 2008 30 Jun 2009
- Aviation industry captured
 - airport carbon footprinting exercise now underway
 - airlines have established fuel use datasets

NGER ACT REPORTING TIMELINE

A corporation or facility must report when it emits greenhouse gases, produces energy, or consumes energy, at or above the specified quantity per financial year.





Australian Government



Australian ETS

www.climatechange.gov.au/emissionstrading/index.html

Greenhouse & Energy Reporting

www.climatechange.gov.au/reporting/index.html

Garnaut Climate Change Review
 www.garnautreview.org.au/domino/Web_Notes/Garnaut/garnautweb.nsf

Department of Climate Change

www.climatechange.gov.au/index.html