



International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO Regional Seminar on MRTDs, Biometrics and Security Standards

Séminaire Régional de l'OACI sur les normes
des documents de voyage lisible à la machine,
de biométrie et de sécurité



Maputo, Mozambique
24-26 November 2010

The changing global dynamic of travel document fraud

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ISO
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Shift from Fraudulent Alteration of Travel Doc to Identity Fraud

- Is this correct?
- Is it a global phenomenon?
- If so, when did it occur?
- Why did it occur?
- What affect does it have?

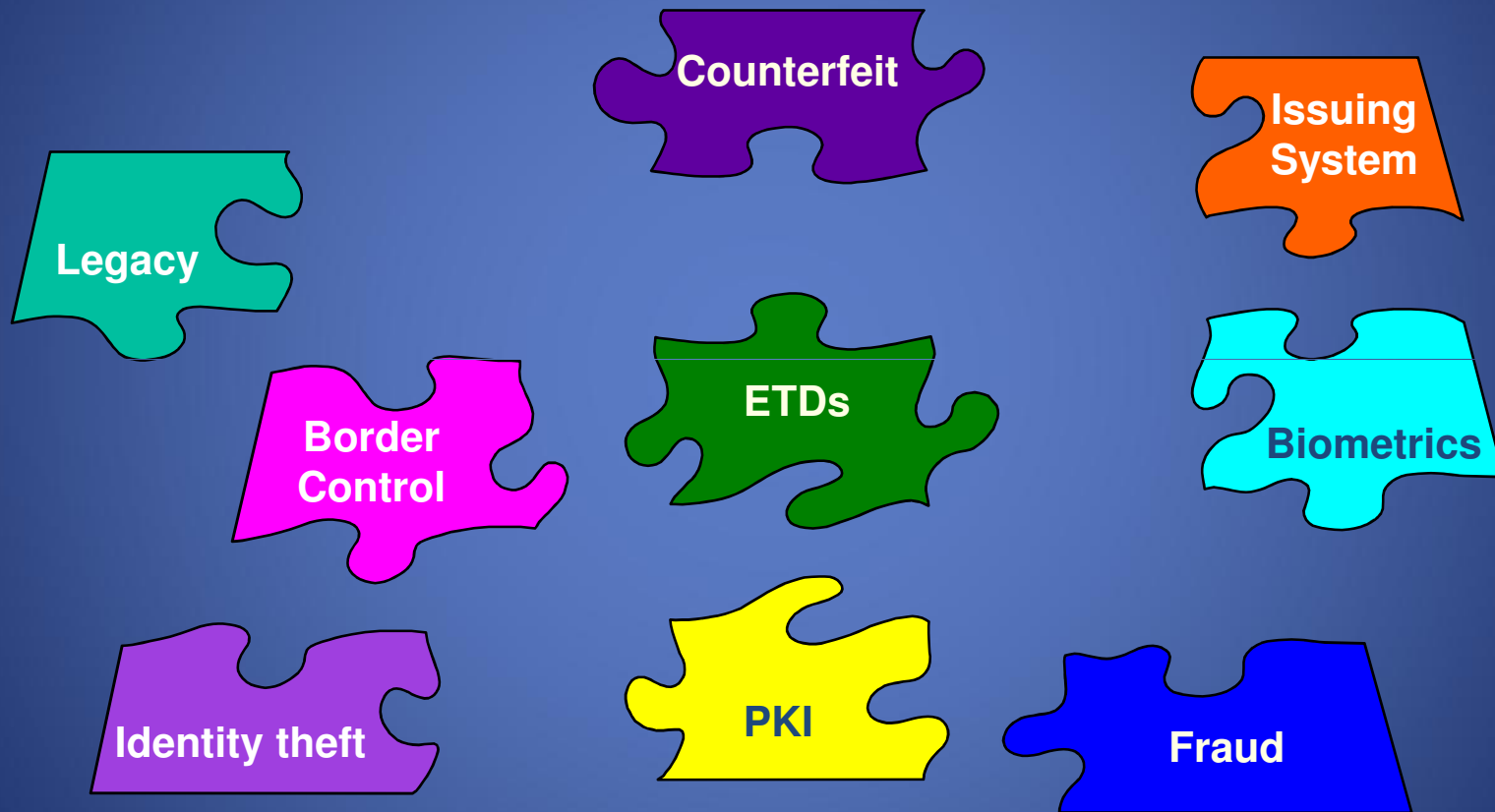


Threat

- Criminals will always pick the weakest link:
 - Document security
 - Issuing procedures
 - False identity
- Threat changes as technologies & procedures develop
- Threat varies from country to country & region to region



All Component Parts must be Mutually Supporting



Balance between Document Security & Identity fraud

- **Document fraud**

- Fraudulent alteration
- Counterfeit

- **Identity fraud**

- Fraudulently acquired TDs
- Identity theft
- Look alike



Document Fraud

1980 to 2010



Sixth Symposium and Exhibition on ICAO MRTDs, Biometrics and Security Standards, 1 to 4 November 2010, Montréal



ICAO Definitions Document Fraud

- **Counterfeit:**
 - An unauthorised copy or reproduction of a genuine security document made by whatever means
- **Forgery:**
 - Fraudulent alteration of any part of the genuine document e.g. changes to the biographical page or the portrait



Advances in Document Security

- **1980s:** Intro of MRP - Photo sub
- **1990s:**
 - Digital image replacing stuck-in photo
 - Membrane laminates
 - DOVIDs / OVI
 - Move of data page away from cover
 - Digital security
 - Laser engraving
- **2000s:** Biometrics & ePassports



1980s

Stuck in photographs



Summary of Document fraud in 1980s

- Photo substitution
- Stuck in photos
- Thick & insecure laminates
- Data pages on cover
- Hand infilled / impact printers
- Only seven countries issuing MRPs
- Very few MRP readers deployed



Advances in Document security and Personalisation Technologies in the 1990s

- Improvement in digital printers:
 - Incorporation of digital images
- Moving data page away from cover
- Incorporating bank note features
- Introduction of laser engraving & polycarbonate data pages
- Ink jet printers
- Move to MRP – all bio data on one page



Data page removed away from cover and introduction of digital imaging



E MRP



Machine Assisted Document Security Verification

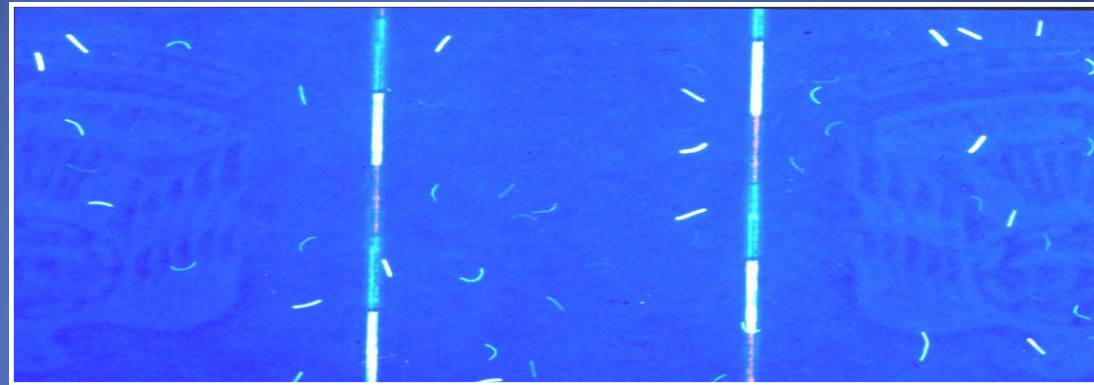
ICAO NTWG paper on subject

- **A structure feature:**
 - hologram or DOVID
- **A substance feature:**
 - Inks / fibres etc
- **A data feature:**
 - Digital security - Steganography



Substance Feature

- OVI
- Fibres



Belgium Passport

Image perforation

Laser engraved image

Pictogram

Self authentication feature

OVI

InkJet

Colour UV replication of data page

Clear polycarbonate sheet



Identity Fraud

1980 to 2010



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Identity Fraud

- Threat
 - 40,000,000 births go unrecorded p.a.
 - Breeder documents - birth certificates
 - Poor issuing procedures
 - Internal fraud
 - Poor training of border control officers
 - Linking of databases. Births & deaths
 - Poor exchange of information between countries
 - Political – failed states
 - Lost & stolen. Lack of passport readers



Identity fraud in 1980s / 1990s

- Few national data bases
- Births & deaths not linked
 - The day of the Jackal
- Insecure breeder documents
- Ease of assuming an identity
 - Threat differed from region to region



Improvements in Issue Procedures

2000s

- Increased use of data bases:
- Linking births & deaths
- Linking of government data bases
 - Legal issues / data protection
- Advanced Passenger Information (API)
- Social footprint - Interviews
- Use of biometrics to prevent multiple applications
- Automation of biometric checks



Summary

2010

- ePassport most secure passport ever issued
 - Not many readers deployed
 - Does not prove identity but seals ID
 - Not all ePassports protected by PKI security
- In general Poor National identity management
 - Establish identity
 - Confirm citizenship
 - Assess entitlement

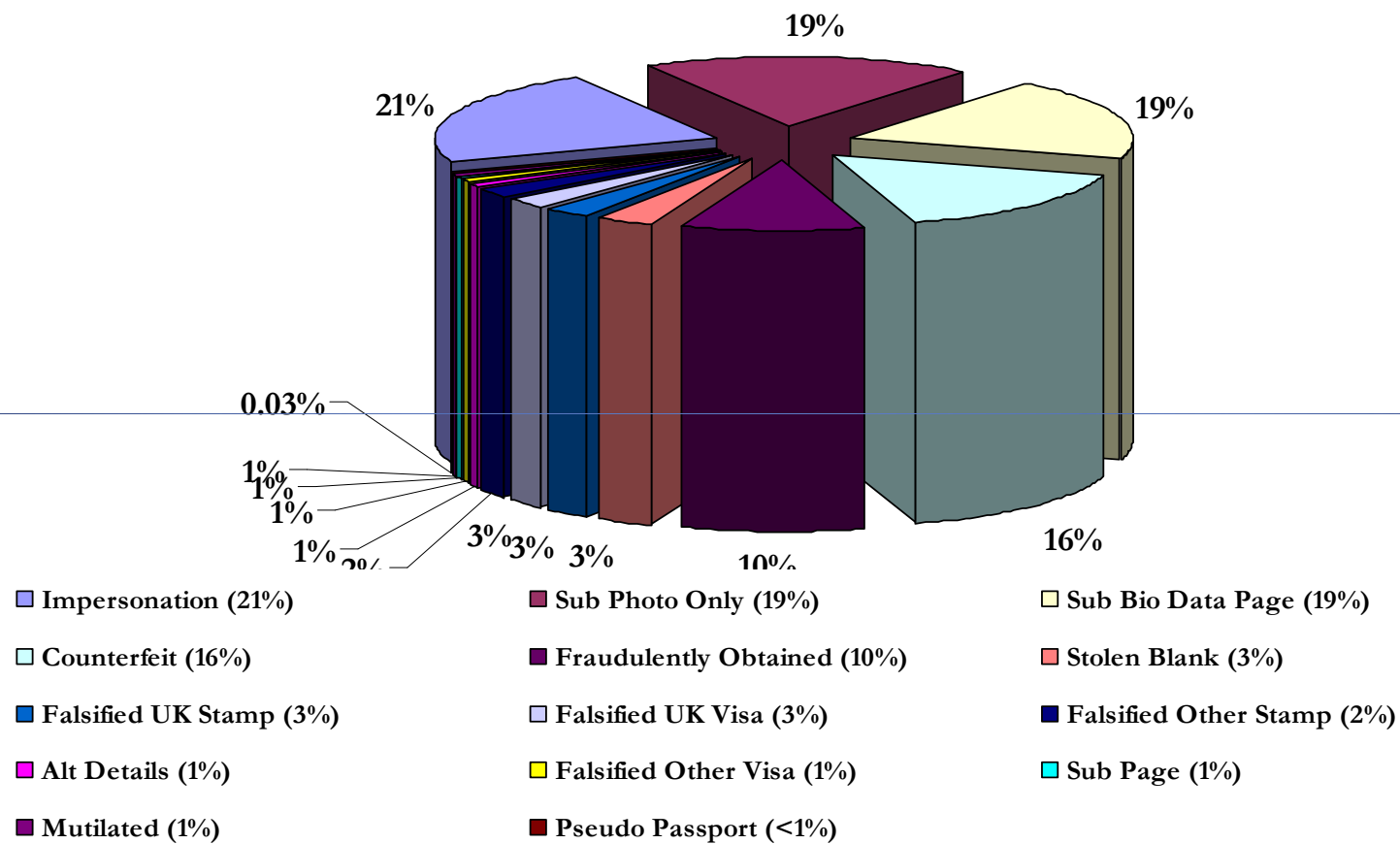


ICAO Doc 9303

- Informative appendix 1 to sect III
 - Security standards for MRTDs
- Informative appendix 2 to sect III
 - Machine assisted document verification
- **Informative appendix 3 to sect III**
 - **The prevention of fraud associated with the issuance process**
 - Originated from a G8 paper



Forgery Detections by Forgery Category UK Border Control 2007



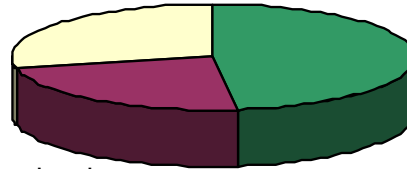
Statistics for 2007

- **Identity Fraud: 31%**
 - Impersonations / Lookalikes: 21%
 - Fraudulently obtained: 10%
- **Document fraud 54%**
 - Photo sub: 19%
 - Bio data page sub: 19%
 - Counterfeit : 16%
- **Remainder: 15%**



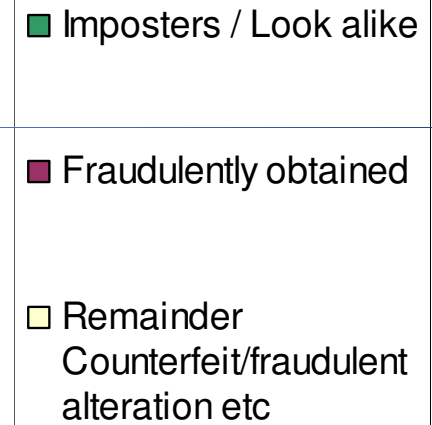
Stats from Sept 2009

Remainder
Counterfeit/fraudulent
alteration etc
29%



Imposters / Look alike
48%

Fraudulently obtained
23%



Statistics from 2009

- **Identity fraud: 71%**
 - Imposters / lookalikes: 48%
 - Fraudulently obtained: 23%
- **Document fraud: 29%**
 - Fraudulent alterations / counterfeits / others:



Summary

- 2007

- Identity Fraud = 31%
- Document Fraud = 54%
- Remainder = 15%

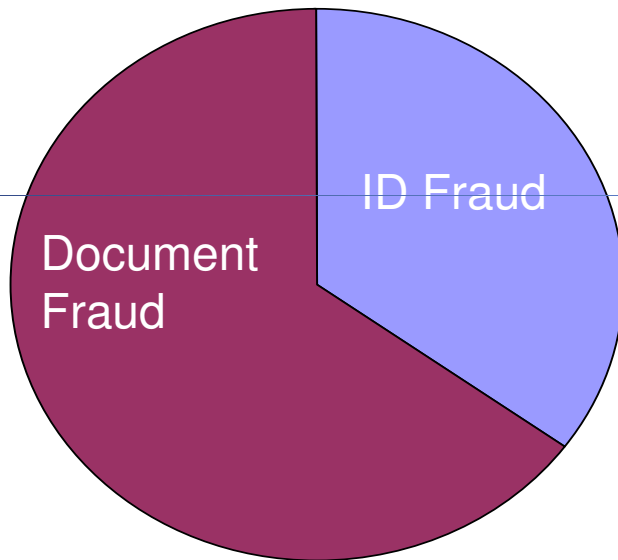
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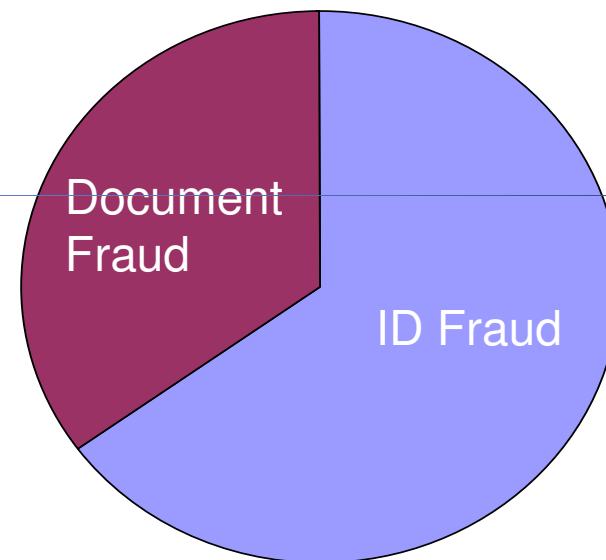


Country A

2006

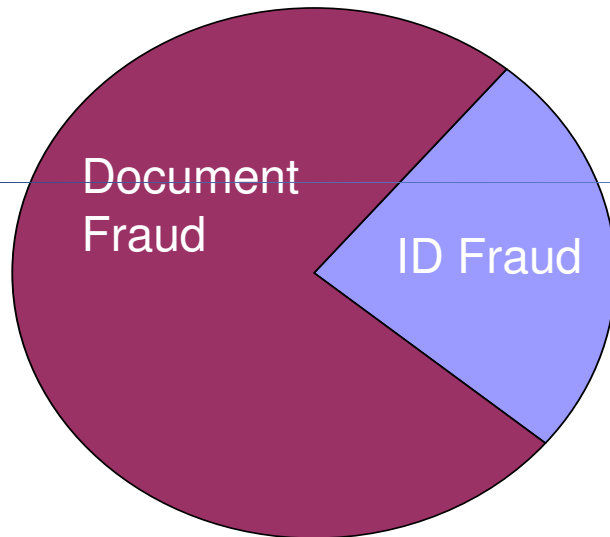


2009

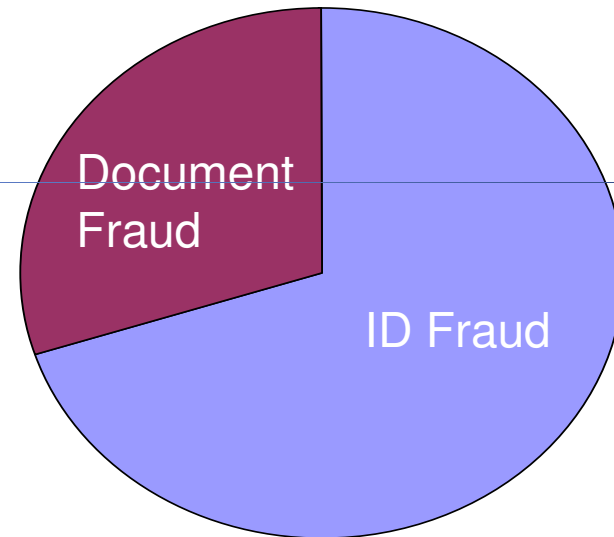


Country B

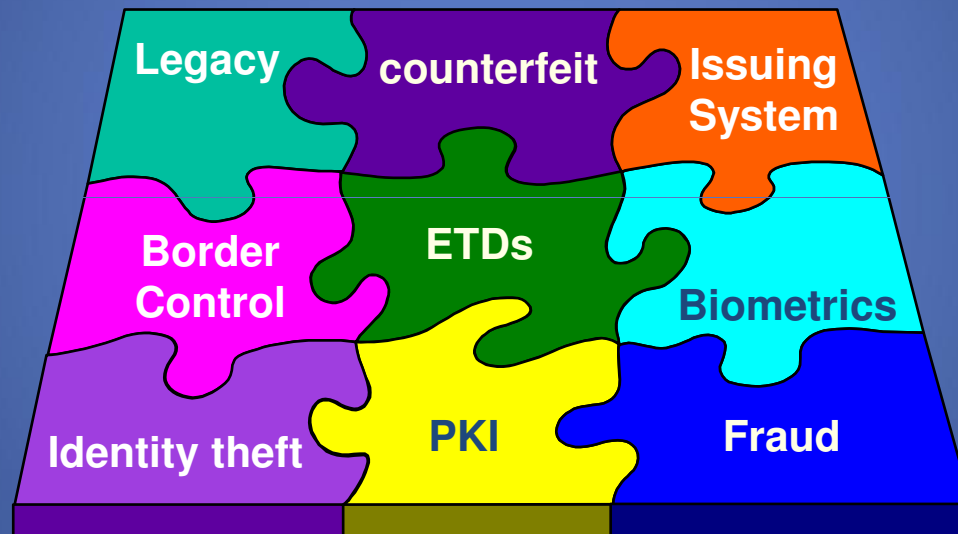
2006



2009



Threat constantly changing



Biometrics in Issue Process as well as in Document



Biometrics

- Biometrics will help to solve Identity fraud, lookalikes & imposters
- Biometrics will not prove an identity but will seal an identity
- ePassports just another security feature
 - Still a need for traditional security features



Conclusion

- It would seem that Identity Fraud has now become the major problem
- ICAO has identified that establishing an “Evidence of Identity” is a major requirement
- The danger of issuing highly secure MRTDs based on insecure and corrupt issuance procedures



- Thank you for your attention

- Malcolm Cuthbertson

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MRP Summary

- 169 out of 190 countries issuing MRPs
- 21 countries still not issuing MRPs
- 10 of these 21 countries have tenders or contracts in place
- ICAO requirement for all countries to issue MRPs by 1st April 2010
- No non MRPs after 2015



ePassport Summary

2009 - 58 countries. 67,400,000 issued p.a.

2010 - Possible additional 28 countries. 14.6 M

- **Total of 86 countries out of 190**
- **Total Annual volume 82 million out of 120 million**



International standards



Identity Fraud

- Internal fraud
- Lost & stolen
- look alike
- Breeder documents
- Evidence of identity
- Renewals
- ETDs
- Legacy books. 10 yrs to 5yr validity
- Political - Failed States



Internal Fraud

- Secure & centralised issuing process
- Limit the number of officers who can grant authority
- Make officers accountable
- No one person can issue a passport
- Audit trail



Summary 2010

- Document fraud
- Pro's
 - E MRP most secure ever
 - Seals an ID
- Con's
 - Lack of readers
 - Not protected by PKI
 - Legacy documents
- ID Fraud
- Pro's
 - Increase use of linked databases



Data page – under pressure

- The page with all the personal data and the most examined page
- It must provide protection against counterfeit and fraud, especially from desk-top publishing



NTWG Report

- Towards better practices in national identity
- Guidance for passport issuing authorities & national identity management

