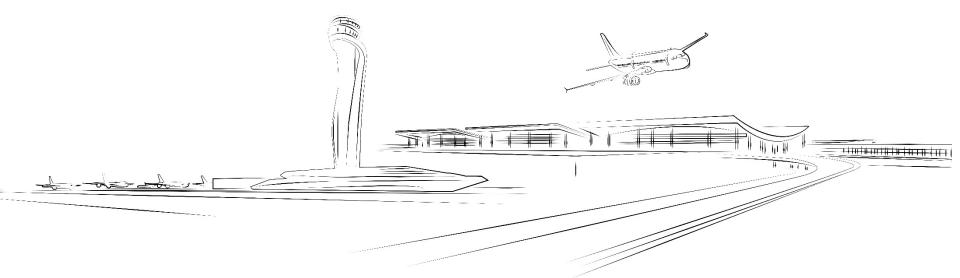


STATE AIRPORTS AUTHORITY of TÜRKİYE AIR NAVIGATION SERVICE PROVIDER (DHMI)



Preventive Mechanism: DME-DME Applications in Türkiye

Ufuk ŞAN



ICAO EUR/MID Radio Navigation Symposium, Antalya, 6-8 February 2024



Preventive Mechanism: DME-DME Applications in Türkiye



Overview

- Preventive Mechanism: DME DME Navigation
- DME-DME Applications in Türkiye
- A Realized Application: Van Airport
- Second Application : Gaziantep Airport
- Future Perspective





Preventive mechanisms : DME – DME Navigation:

State Responsibilities: ICAO ANC/12:

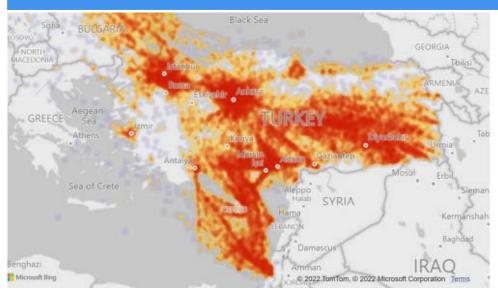
Recommendation 6/8 – Planning for mitigation of global navigation satellite system vulnerabilities That States:

f) where it is determined that terrestrial aids are needed as part of a mitigation strategy, give priority to retention of distance measuring equipment (DME) in support of inertial navigation system (INS)/DME or DME/DME area navigation, and of instrument landing system at selected runways.



GPS Outages in the Region



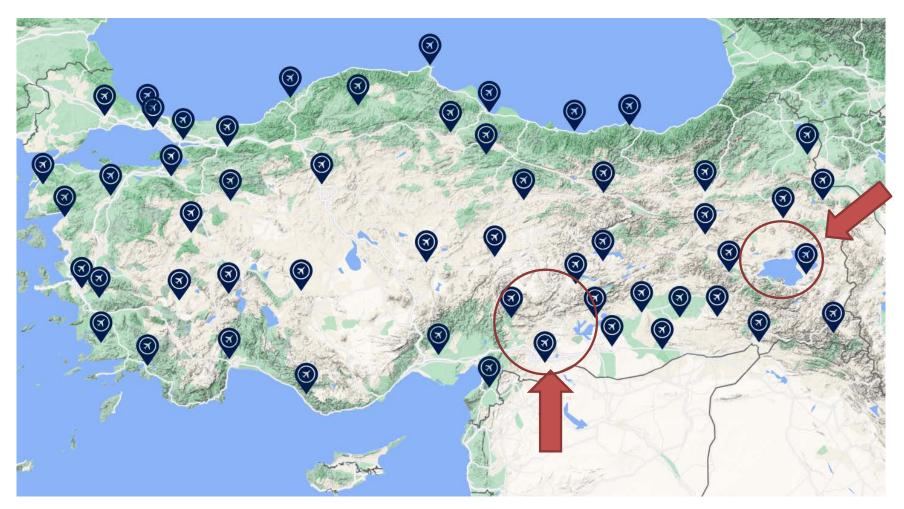


- As seen in the above picture there are lots of GPS problem especially in the South East and middle of the country.
- Thats why we have selected these two airports, Van and Gaziantep in the region as pilot Project of DME-DME navigation procedure as complementary to the present aids.



Van and Gaziantep Airports







Geography of Van Ferit Melen Airport

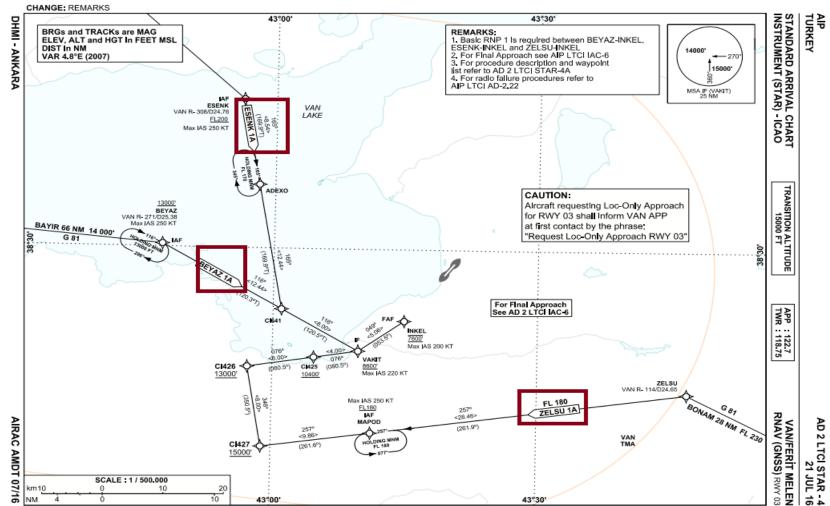


Some of the highest mountains in Türkiye are located in the South part of Van Ferit Melen Airport. Elevation of the airport is : 1670 m



















Firstly, ESENK 1A, BEYAZ 1A and ZELSU 1A procedures were created on DEMETER. At

the beginning, there was a DME (Id name: Van) in this area. In order to obtain satisfactory

results, two more DMEs (DME-1 and DME-2) were created. Then, simulation was runned.

AD 2 LTCI STAR-4A 14 NOV 13 AIP TURKEY

VAN AIRPORT RNAV (GNSS) APCH PROCEDURE DESCRIPTIONs for RWY 03

A- RNAV (GNSS) ARRIVAL PROCEDURE

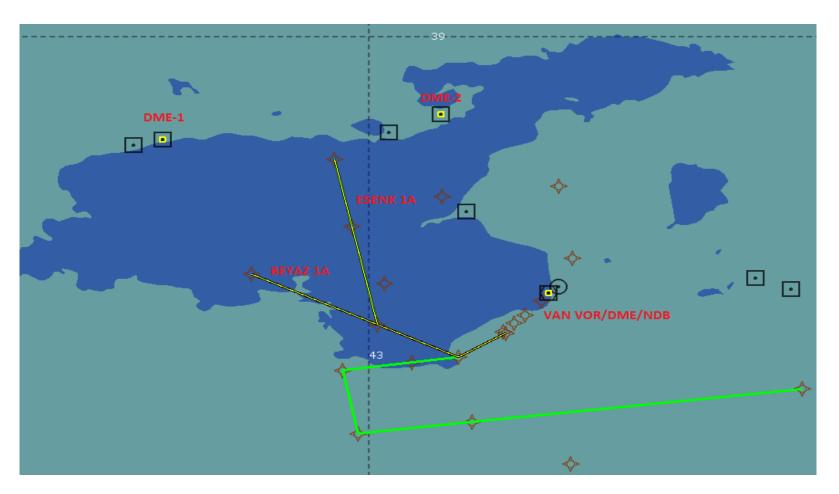
Name	Path descriptor	Waypoint name	Flyover	Course °M (°T)	Turn direction	Altitude (Ft)	Speed limit (IAS)	Navigation performance
BEYAZ 1A	IF	BEYAZ				+ 13000	250-	RNP 1
	TF	CI641		116 (120.3)				RNP 1
	TF	VAKIT		116 (120.5)	L	+8600	220-	RNP 1
	TF	INKEL		049 (053.5)	L	7600	200-	RNP 1

B- RNAV (GNSS) ARRIVAL PROCEDURE

Name	Path descriptor	Waypoint name	Flyover	Course °M (°T)	Turn direction	Altitude (Ft)	Speed limit (IAS)	Navigation performance
	IF	ESENK				+FL200	250-	RNP 1
ESENK 1A	TF	ADEXO		165 (169.9)				RNP 1
	TF	CI641		165 (169.9)	L			RNP 1
	TF	VAKIT		116 (120.5)	L	+8600	220-	RNP 1
	TF	INKEL		049 (053.5)	L	7600	200-	RNP 1









- Limited Redundancy
- Full Redundancy
- High Redundancy

.

Worst Value

Center Value

0.0

2.5

5.0

7.5

10.0

12.5

15.0

17.5

Distance [NM]

20.0

22.5

25.0

27.5

30.0

32.5

35.0



Limited Redundancy

Worst Value

Center Value

ō

1

5 6 â 9 10 11 12

13 14

Distance [NM]

15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

26 27

- Full Redundancy
- High Redundancy







Determinations of DME Locations





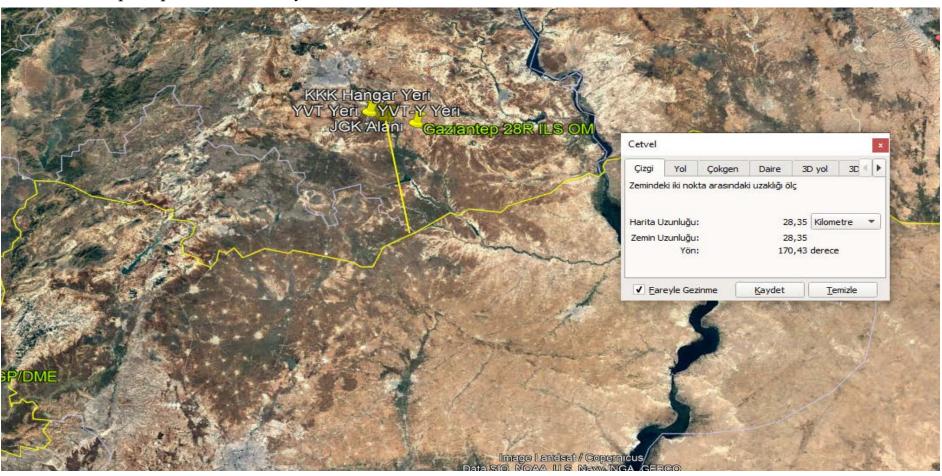




Second Application: Gaziantep Airport

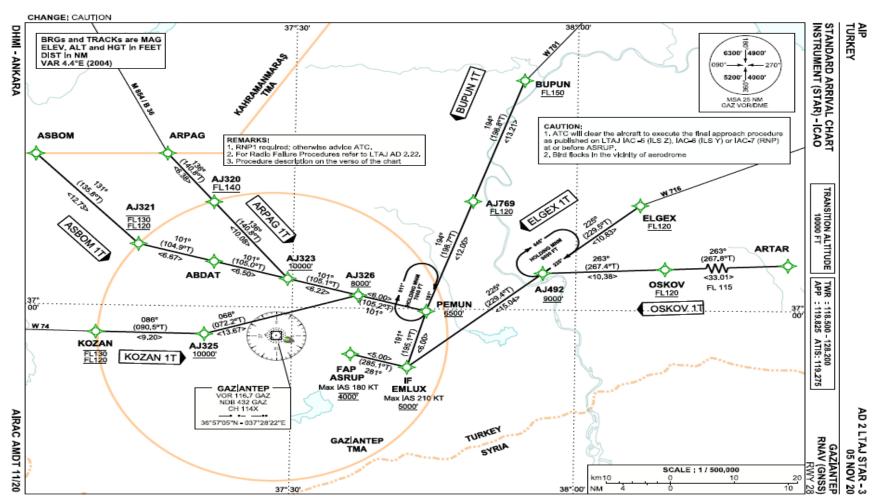


Gaziantep Airport is close to Syria border.













Waypoints on STAR-3 were defined one by one. Each procedure was implented and result of each procedure analyzed.

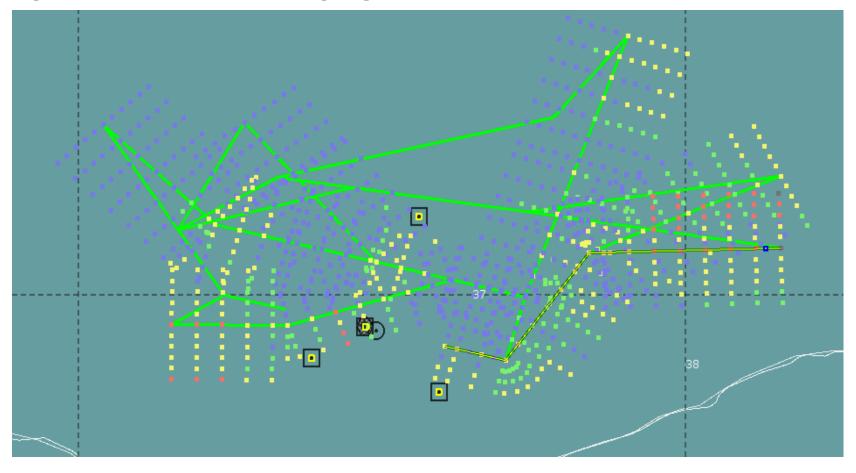
Туре	Fix identifier (Waypoint name)	Latitude	Longitude
FlyBy	ABDAT	37:04:39.42 N	037:21:37.77 E
FlyBy	AJ320	37:10:47.72 N	037:21:31.15 E
FlyBy	AJ321	37:06:22.97 N	037:13:34.78 E
FlyBy	AJ323	37:02:57.92 N	037:29:28.38 E
FlyBy	AJ325	36:57:09.67N	037:20:43.84E
FlyBy	AJ326	37:01:20.27N	037:36:58.54E
FlyBy	AJ492	37:03:47.06N	037:56:29.29E
FlyBy	AJ769	37:11:08.66N	037:49:00.99E
FlyBy	ARPAG	37:15:45.00 N	037:16:28.00 E

Туре	Fix identifier (Waypoint name)	Latitude	Longitude
FlyBy	ASBOM	37:15:32.00N	37:02:29.00 E
FlyBy	ASRUP	36:55:15.79N	037:36:14.02E
FlyBy	BUPUN	37:23:40.01N	037:54:20.23E
FlyBy	ELGEX	37:10:50.32N	038:06:46.25E
FlyBy	EMLUX	36:53:57.56N	037:42:15.27E
FlyBy	KOZAN	36:57:15.00N	037:09:15.00E
FlyBy	OSKOV	37:04:15.85N	038:09:26.95E
FlyBy	PEMUN	36:59:45.64N	037:44:12.35E





All procedures in STAR-3 for Gaziantep Airport were created and the result is:





NM

ó

Gaziantep Airport

10

37° 30'



CHANGE; CAUTION aip Türkiye 38%00 STANDARD ARRIVAL CHART INSTRUMENT (STAR) - ICAO PHM 37°:30' BRGs and TRACKs are MAG ELEV, ALT and HGT in FEET 40000 and and a state of the st . 6300' 4900' DIST In NM - ANKARA VAR 4.4°E (2004) 90° 270 BUPUN 5200 4000 MSA 25 NM GAZ VOR/DME P. 41.4 AJ075 ARPAG ASBOM 252° (258.1°T) 민가 6 Z. <16.48 AJ602 252° (255.9°T) ELGEX 1K OTVUN ELGEX TRANSITION ALTITUDE 10000 FT <6.00> AJ603 255* (259.7°T): (278.0*7) <6.00> 275° 275 UMOLU (279.2°T) <18.15> FL140 <14.03> AJ601 275* (279.5*T) 7250 OSKOV <20.27> Max holding speed 230 KT OSKOV 1K 5550' LITSO APP 266° 101°... (104-8°T) 37° 00HOLDING MNM R = 118.500 - 128.200 = 119.825 S = 119.275 37° 8000 FT 5.000 EKSIX (-) W 74 KOZAN MAX JAS 180 KT REMARKS KO 4600 6500' 1. RNP1 REQUIRED, OTHERWISE ADVICE ATC 2. FOR RADIO FAILURE PROCEDURES REFER TO AIP LTAJ AD 2,22 3. PROCEDURE DESCRIPTION ON THE VERSO GAZ ANTEP OF THE CHART VOR 116.7 GAZ NDB 432 GAZ CAUTION CH 114X AIRAC AMDT 03/23 AD 2 LTAJ STAR - 5 20 APR 23 THIS ARRIVAL PROCEDURE WILL ONLY 36°57'05"N - 037"28'22"E GAZ ANTEP BE EXECUTED BY THE AIRCRAFT TO TURKEY TMA COMPLY LTAJ IAC-8. GAZIANTEP RNAV (GNSS) SYRIA RWY SCALE ; 1 / 500,000 20 km10 10 0

38*:00'





Waypoints on STAR-5 were defined one by one. Each procedure was implented and result of each procedure analyzed.

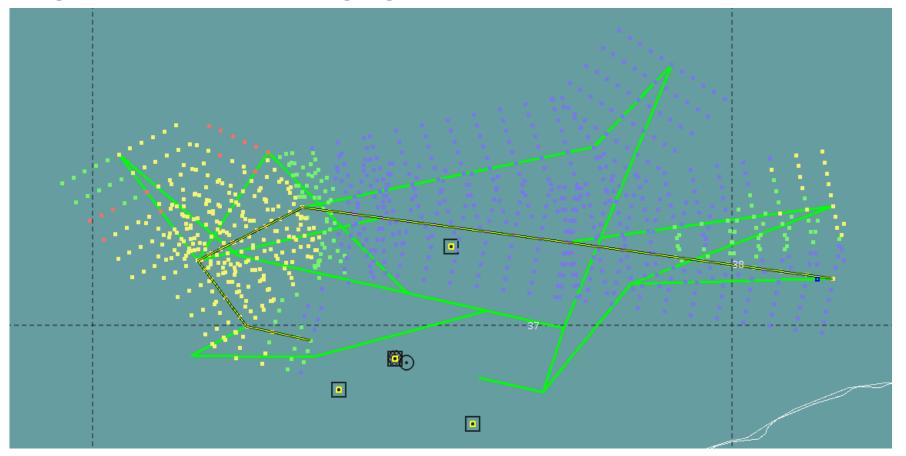
Туре	Fix identifier (Waypoint name)	Latitude	Longitude
FlyBy	ASBOM	37:15:32.00N	037:02:29.00E
FlyBy	ARPAG	37:15:45.00N	037:16:28.00E
FlyBy	BUPUN	37:23:40.01N	037:54:20.23E
FlyBy	OSKOV	37:04:15.85 N	38:09:26.95 E
FlyBy	ELGEX	37:10:50.32N	038:06:46.25E
FlyBy	KOZAN	36:57:15.00 N	37:09:15.00 E
FlyBy	UMOLU	37:07:33.31N	037:44:26.49E

Туре	Fix identifier (Waypoint name)	Latitude	Longitude
FlyBy	AJ601	37:05:54.36N	037:09:52.91E
FlyBy	AJ075	37:16:11.44N	037:46:59.66E
FlyBy	AJ602	37:12:11.45N	037:26:58.58E
FlyBy	AJ603	37:09:46.88N	037:27:06.63E
FlyBy	OTVUN	37:10:43.22N	037:19:41.67E
FlyBy	LITSO	36:59:55.86N	037:14:27.26E
FlyBy	EKSIX	36:58:38.75 N	37:20:29.21 E





All procedures in STAR-5 for Gaziantep Airport were created and the result is:





Coordination During Flight Checks



- Before the all flight inspections of our NAVAIDs equipments, in order to prevent, at least minimize the adverse effects of possible interference sources which may cause unintentional GPS outages, we contact in advance by correspondence to relevant authorities and system operators for critical regions in Türkiye.
- However in some regions we are not able to maintaintain stable GPS signals as the interfering sources are located out of country borders.



Future Perspective



In conclusion, the rising concern of GNSS outages, particularly GPS spoofing, demands a harmonised, collaborative, and holistic approach to monitoring and safeguarding navigation systems.

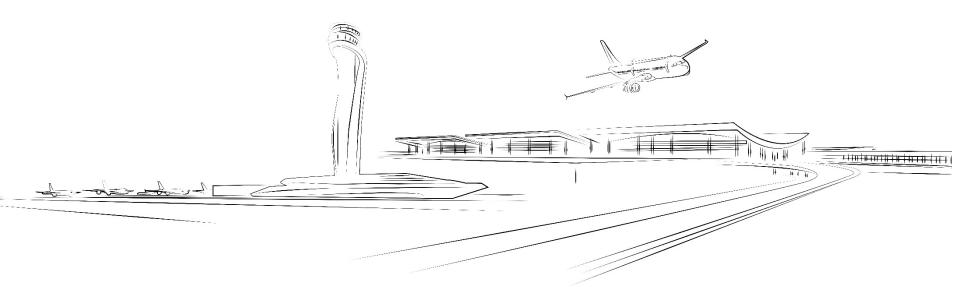
Civil-military coordination, enhanced cooperation among states and stakeholders, and the implementation of countermeasures are essential steps in mitigating the impact of GNSS outages.





Thank You

Questions?



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