

International Civil Aviation Organization

#### **MIDANPIRG Air Traffic Management Sub-Group**

Eighth Meeting (ATM SG/8) (Amman, Jordan, 7 – 10 November 2022)

#### Agenda Item 6: Air Navigation Deficiencies in the ATM/SAR fields

#### AIR NAVIGATION DEFICIENCIES IN THE ATM/SAR FIELDS

(Presented by the Secretariat)

#### **SUMMARY**

This working paper presents the deficiencies in the ATM and SAR fields for review and update.

Action by the meeting is at paragraph 3.

#### REFERENCE(S)

- MIDANPIRG/19 and RASG-MID/9 Meetings Report (Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, 14 – 17 February 2022)

#### 1. Introduction

1.1 The identification, assessment and reporting of Air Navigation Deficiencies represent a regular task of the MIDANPIRG and its subsidiary bodies.

#### 2. DISCUSSION

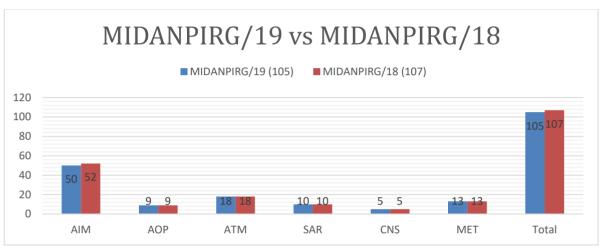
- 2.1 The meeting may wish to recall that different MIDANPIRG meetings urged States to use the MID Air Navigation Deficiency Database (MANDD) for the submission of requests for addition, update, and elimination of Air Navigation Deficiencies, including the submission of a specific Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for each deficiency. The meeting reiterated that a deficiency would be eliminated only when a State submit a formal Letter to the ICAO MID Office containing the evidence(s) that mitigation measures have been implemented for the elimination of this deficiency.
- 2.2 The MIDANPIRG/18 meeting noted with concern that the majority of deficiencies listed in the MANDD have no specific CAP. The meeting urged States to implement the provisions of MIDANPIRG Conclusion 15/35 related to elimination of Air Navigation Deficiencies, in particular, the submission of a specific Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for each deficiency:

MIDANPIRG CONCLUSION 15/35: AIR NAVIGATION DEFICIENCIES

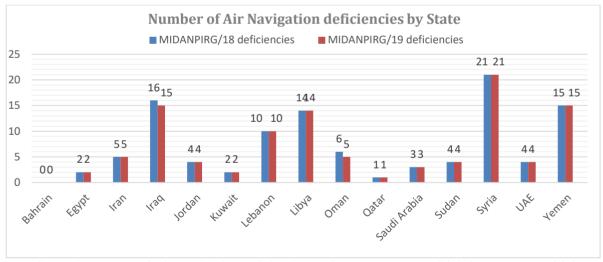
That, States be urged to:

a) use the MID Air Navigation Deficiency Database (MANDD) for the submission of requests for addition, update, and elimination of Air Navigation Deficiencies, including the submission of a specific Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for each deficiency; and

- b) submit a Formal Letter to the ICAO MID Regional Office containing the evidence(s) that mitigation measures have been implemented for the elimination of deficiency(ies) when requesting the elimination of deficiency(ies) from the MANDD.
- 2.1 The meeting is invited to reviewed and updated the list of deficiencies in the ATM, and SAR fields as reflected in the MID Air Navigation Deficiency Database (MANDD) at: <a href="https://mandd.icao.int">https://mandd.icao.int</a>. The meeting noted that the total number of Air Navigation Deficiencies recorded in MANDD is 105 deficiencies compared to 107 deficiencies in MIDANPIRG/18.
- 2.2 A quantitative analysis of the MID States' air navigation deficiencies is shown in the following Graphs and Table:



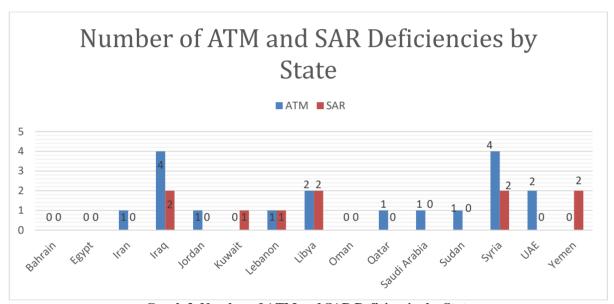
Graph 1. Reported Deficiencies by field (MIDANPIRG/19 & MIDANPIRG/18)



Graph 2. Number of Air Navigation deficiencies by State (MIDANPIRG/19 & MIDANPIRG/18)

	Bahrain	Egypt	Iran	Iraq	Jordan	Kuwait	Lebanon	Libya	Oman	Qatar	Saudi Arabia	Sudan	Syria	UAE	Yemen	Total
AOP	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	9
AIM	0	2	3	6	3	0	4	6	3	0	2	2	9	2	8	50
ATM	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	2	0	1	1	1	4	2	0	18
SAR	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	10
CNS	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	5
MET	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	3	0	3	13
TOTAL	0	2	5	15	4	2	10	14	5	1	3	4	21	4	15	107

Table 1. Number of Air Navigation Deficiencies by State and by Field



Graph 3. Number of ATM and SAR Deficiencies by State

- 2.3 <u>In the ATM field:</u> the total number of deficiencies is eighteen (18); eleven (11) priority "A" and seven (7) priority "B". Nine (9) related to the uncompleted signature of contingency agreements; seven (7) related to the non-implementation of planned regional ATS Routes; and two (2) related to unsatisfactory reporting of large Height deviation (LHD) to the MIDRMA.
- 2.4 <u>In the SAR field:</u> the total number of deficiencies is ten (10) priority "A". Five (5) related to the lack of implementation of SAR provisions; and five (5) related to non-compliance with the carriage of Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) requirements.
- 2.5 The updated lists of deficiencies in the ATM and SAR fields are at **Appendices A** and **B**, respectively.
- 2.6 The meeting may wish to note that ASPIG/3 meeting proposed a MID Air Navigation Deficiencies Management Process (MID AND-MP) as at **Appendix C**. The MIDANPIRG/19 meeting noted the proposal of the ASPIG/3 meeting and agreed that all MIDANPIRG Sub Groups need to study the proposal and provide their feedback, in order for the ICAO MID Office to provide the MIDANPIRG/20 meeting with a consolidated proposal on the subject.

#### 3. ACTION BY THE MEETING

- 3.1 The meeting is invited to:
  - a) review and update the list of deficiencies in the ATM and SAR fields;

- b) urge States to take necessary measures to implement the provisions of the MIDANPIRG/15 Conclusion 15/35, in particular submission of a specific Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for each deficiency; and
- c) study and provide feedback to MIDANPIRG/20 on the proposed MID AND-MP at **Appendix C**.

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# IRAN

Item No	Identification		Deficiencies				Corrective Actio	n		
	IREGUIREMENT	Facilities/ Services	Description	reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non-elimination			Executing body	completion	Priority for action
1	MID ANP TABLE ATM II-MID-1 MID REGION ATS ROUTE NETWORK		ATS routes A418/UP574 not implemented	Dec 2006	KUMUN-PAPAR segment not implemented.	S O	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Iran- UAE	Dec 2021	В

# IRAQ

Item No	Identification		Deficiencies				Corrective A	ction		
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	Date first reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non- elimination		Facilities/ Services	Executing body	Date of completion	Priority for action
1	MID ANP Table ATM II-MID-1 MID REGION ATS ROUTE NETWORK	-	ATS route G667 not implemented	Sep 2006	Segment ALSAN-ABD not implemented	S	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Iraq- Iran- Kuwait	Dec 2021	В
2	Annex 11 Para. 2.31	-	Development of contingency plan for implementation in the event of disruption or potential disruption of ATS and related supporting services. The Plan should also address natural disasters and public health emergencies. Contingency agreements should be signed with all adjacent ACCs.	Nov 2006	Contingency Agreement to be signed with Syria	S	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Iraq	Dec 2021	А
3	MID ANP Table ATM II-MID-1 MID REGION	-	ATS route G795 not implemented	May 2008	RAF-BSR segment not implemented	S	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally	Iraq- Saudi Arabia	Dec 2021	В

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	ATS ROUTE NETWORK						provided by the State				
4	MID ANP Table ATM II-MID-1 MID REGION ATS ROUTE NETWORK	-	ATS route A424 not implemented	_	LOTAN-LOVEK segment not implemented	o	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Iraq	Dec 2021	В	

# **JORDAN**

Item No	Identification	1	Deficiencies				Corrective Action					
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	first reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non- elimination		Facilities/ Services	Executing body	Date of completion	Priority for action		
11	Annex 11 Para. 2.31	-	Development of contingency plan for implementation in the event of disruption or potential disruption of ATS and related supporting services. The Plan should also address natural disasters and public health emergencies. Contingency agreements should be signed with all adjacent ACCs.	Nov 2006	Contingency agreements not signed with Syria.	Н	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State. State comment: due to political impact in the region Jordan is not able to complete the signature of contingency agreements with all adjacent States	Jordan	Dec 2021	А		

# LEBANON

Item No	Identification	1	Deficiencies				Corrective Ac	tion		
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	Date first reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non- elimination	•		Executing body	illate of	Priority for action
1	Annex 11 Para. 2.31	-	Development of contingency plan for implementation in the event of disruption or potential disruption of ATS and related supporting services. The Plan should also address natural disasters and public health emergencies. Contingency agreements should be signed with all adjacent ACCs.	Nov 2006	Contingency agreements not signed with Syria	S	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Lebanon	Dec 2021	А

# LIBYA

Item No	Identification	<u> </u>	Deficiencies				Corrective Action				
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	Date first reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non- elimination		Facilities/ Services	Executing body	Date of completion	Priority for action	
1	Annex 11 Para 3.3.5.1	-	Not reporting the required data to the MIDRMA in a timely manner.	Dec 2013	-		Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Libya	Dec 2021	A	
2	Annex 11 Para. 2.31	-	Development of contingency plan for implementation in the event of disruption or potential disruption of ATS and related supporting services. The Plan should also address natural disasters and public health emergencies. Contingency agreements should be signed with all adjacent ACCs	Dec 2014	Agreement signed only with Egypt	0	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Libya	Dec 2021	А	

# **QATAR**

Item No	Identification	1	Deficiencies				Corrective A	ction		
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	Date first reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non- elimination	•		Executing body	Date of	Priority for action
1	Annex 11 Para. 2.31	-	Development of contingency plan for implementation in the event of disruption or potential disruption of ATS and related supporting services. The Plan should also address natural disasters and public health emergencies. Contingency agreements should be signed with all adjacent ACCs.	Nov 2006	Contingency agreements not signed with UAE.			Qatar- Bahrain	Dec 2021	А

# SAUDI ARABIA

Item No	Identification	1	Deficiencies				Corrective A	ction		
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services		Date first reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non- elimination		Facilities/ Services	Executing body	Date of completion	Priority for action
1	Annex 11 Para. 2.31	-	Development of contingency plan for implementation in the event of disruption or potential disruption of ATS and related supporting services. The Plan should also address natural disasters and public health emergencies. Contingency agreements should be signed with all adjacent ACCs.		Contingency Agreements not signed with Iraq, Qatar and Sudan.	S	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Saudi Arabia	Dec 2021	А

# SUDAN

Item No	Identification	1	Deficiencies				Corrective Ac	ction		
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	Date first reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non- elimination	•		Executing body	illate of	Priority for action
1	Annex 11 Para. 2.31	-	Development of contingency plan for implementation in the event of disruption or potential disruption of ATS and related supporting services. The Plan should also address natural disasters and public health emergencies. Contingency agreements should be signed with all adjacent ACCs.	Dec 2014	Contingency Agreement signed only with Egypt	S	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Sudan	Dec 2021	Α

Item No	Identification		Deficiencies				Corrective A	ction		
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	Date first reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non- elimination		Facilities/ Services	Executing body	Date of completion	Priority for action
1	MID ANP Table ATM II-MID-1 MID REGION ATS ROUTE NETWORK	-	ATS route G202 not implemented	Dec 1997	Segment DAKWE - Damascus not implemented	S	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Syria	Dec 2021	В
2	MID ANP Table ATM II-MID-1 MID REGION ATS ROUTE NETWORK	-	ATS route UL602 not implemented	Dec 2003	Segments ELEXI-DRZ- GAZ not implemented.	S	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Syria	Dec 2021	В
3	Annex 11 Para. 2.31	-	Development of contingency plan for implementation in the event of disruption or potential disruption of ATS and related supporting services. The Plan should also address natural disasters and public health emergencies. Contingency	Nov 2006	No signed agreement yet	НО	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Syria	Dec 2021	А

# A-11

		agreements should be signed with all adjacent ACCs.							
4	Annex 11 Para 3.3.5.1	Reporting unsatisfactory LHDs to MIDRMA	Oct 2013	Syria to coordinate with MIDRMA.	Н	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Syria	Dec 2021	A

# UAE

Item No	Identification		Deficiencies	Deficiencies					Corrective Action				
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	first	Remarks/ Rationale for non- elimination	_		Executing body	Date of completetion	Priority for action			
1	Annex 11 Para. 2.31	-	Development of contingency plan for implementation in the event of disruption or potential disruption of ATS and related supporting services. The Plan should also address natural disasters and public health emergencies. Contingency agreements should be signed with all adjacent ACCs.		Plan completed and Agreements signed with Bahrain, Iran, Oman and Saudi Arabia. The plan next is to sign with Qatar after the finalisation of the LoA.	0	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	UAE	Dec 2021	Α			
2	MID ANP Table ATM II-MID-1 MID REGION ATS ROUTE NETWORK	-	ATS routes A418/UP574 not implemented	Dec 2006	KUMUN-PAPAR segment not implemented.	S	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Iran- UAE	Dec 2021	В			

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# **IRAQ**

Item No	Identification		Deficiencies				Corrective Action			
	IRequirement	Facilities/ Services	IDescription	Date first reported Remarks/ Rationale for non-elimination		ale for	IFACILITIES/ Services	Executing body	Date of	Priority for action
1	Annex 12 Para. 2.1	-	Lack of provision of required SAR services	Apr 2012	-	0	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Iraq	Dec 2021	A
2	Annex 6 Part I, Chap.6 and Part II Chap. 2 Annex 10, Vol III, Chap. 5 Annex 12 para. 2.6.4	ELT	Non-compliance with carriage of Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) requirements	Apr 2012	-	0	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State		Dec 2021	А

# **KUWAIT**

Item No	Identification		Deficiencies			Corrective Action			
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	Date first reported	Remarks/ Rationale for non-elimination	IFacilities/ Services	Executing body	Date of completion	Priority for action
1	Annex 6 Part I chap. 6 and Part II chap. 2 Annex 10, Vol III, Chap. 5 Annex 12 para. 2.6.4	IFI I	Non-compliance with carriage of Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) requirements	Apr 2012	- 0	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State		Dec 2021	А

# **LEBANON**

Item No	Identification Deficiencies				Corrective Action					
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	Description	Date first reported	Rationale for		Facilities/ Services	•		Priority for action
1	Annex 12 Para. 2.1	_	Lack of provision of required SAR services	Apr 2012	-	О	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State		Dec 2021	A

# LIBYA

Item No	Identification   Deficiencies				Corrective Action					
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	IDescription .	Date first Remarks/ Rationale for non-elimination		ale for	leacilities/ Services	Executing body	Date of completion	Priority for action
1	Annex 6 Part I chap. 6 and Part II chap. 2 Annex 10, Vol III, Chap. 5 Annex 12 para. 2.6.4	-	Non-compliance with carriage of Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) requirements	Dec 2014	-	HSO	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Libya	Dec 2021	А
2	Annex 12 Para. 2.1	_	Lack of provision of required SAR services	Dec 2014	-	HSO	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Libya	Dec 2021	А

# **SYRIA**

Item No	Identification		Deficiencies				Corrective Action			
	Requirement	Facilities/ Services	IDescription	Date first	IRationale for IF:		IFacilities/ Services	Executing body	Date of completion	Priority for action
1	Annex 12 Para. 2.1	_	Lack of provision of required SAR services	Apr 2012	-	0	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Syria	Dec 2021	А
2	Annex 6 Part I chap. 6 and Part II chap. 2 Annex 10, Vol III, Chap. 5 Annex 12 para. 2.6.4	-	Non-compliance with carriage of Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) requirements	Apr 2012	-	0	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State		Dec 2021	А

# YEMEN

Item No	Identification		Deficiencies				Corrective Action			
	IKeauirement	Facilities/ Services	IDescription	Date first reported Remarks/ Rationale for non-elimination		ale for	IFacilities/ Services	Executing body	Date of completion	Priority for action
1	Annex 12 Para. 2.1	-	Lack of provision of required SAR services	Apr 2012	-	0	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Yemen	Dec 2021	А
2	Annex 6 Part I chap. 6 and Part II chap. 2 Annex 10, Vol III, Chap. 5 Annex 12 para. 2.6.4	-	Non-compliance with carriage of Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) requirements	Apr 2012	-	0	Corrective Action Plan has not been formally provided by the State	Yemen	Dec 2021	А

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# THE MIDDLE EAST AIR NAVIGATION DEFICIENCIES MANAGEMENT PROCESS (MIDAND-MP)

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 Based on the information resulting from the assessment carried out by ICAO on the input received from various regions regarding deficiencies in the air navigation field, it became evident that improvements were necessary in the following areas:
  - a) collection of information;
  - b) safety assessment of reported problems;
  - c) identification of suitable corrective actions technical/ operational/ financial/organizational), both short-term and long-term; and
  - d) method of reporting in the reports of ICAO planning and implementation regional groups (PIRGs).
- 1.2 This methodology is therefore prepared with the assistance of ICAO PIRGs and is approved by the ICAO Council for the efficient identification, assessment and clear reporting of air navigation deficiencies. It may be further updated by the Air Navigation Commission in the light of the experience gained in its utilization.
- 1.3 For the purpose of this methodology, the definition of deficiency is as follows:

A *deficiency* is a situation where a facility, service or procedure does not comply with a regional air navigation plan approved by the Council, or with related ICAO Standards and Recommended Practices, and which situation has a negative impact on the safety, regularity and/or efficiency of international civil aviation.

# 2. Collection and inclusion of information in the Data Base

2.1 Collection of the information for all the sources (**Regional office, States, Users, Professional provider organizations' sources**): Refer to the PART XX, Section 2 of the MIDANPIRG Procedural Handbook,

# 2.2 MID Air Navigation Deficiencies Data Base (MANDD)

- 2.2.1 In order to support the implementation of the Uniform Methodology for the identification, assessment and reporting of deficiencies, the MID Air Navigation Deficiencies Data Base (MANDD) that is a web-based platform provides an online tool for States and relevant stakeholders to manage Air Navigation Deficiencies in the region. The application is available at <a href="https://mandd.icao.int/">https://mandd.icao.int/</a>. Reporting of information on Deficiencies actions taken by the MID Office
- 3.1 In order to enable the MIDANPIRG to make consistent evaluation of deficiencies, States and concerned International organizations including IATA, IFALPA and IFATCA, are expected to provide the information they have to the ICAO MID Regional Office for action as appropriate, during MIDANPIRG meetings.

- 3.2 The information should at least include description of the deficiency, risk assessment, possible solution, deadlines, responsible entities, agreed new action to be taken to resolve identified Deficiencies.
- 3.3 Newly identified deficiencies shall be sent to MID Office by the State/Organization Focal Point through the MANDD. Evidences to support the information provided should be forwarded via email to the ICAO MID Regional Office (<u>icaomid@icao.int</u>) or attached in the MANDD (as potentially upgraded).
- 3.4 The newly added deficiency in the MANDD will always have an "N" status for New at the point of entering the details in the reporting form. Once approved by the concerned Regional Officer, the deficiency will appear in the database list highlighted in "Yellow" and will be available for MANDD users in the delete, update, search and print options.
- 3.5 Once received and updated in the MANDD system by the ICAO MID Office, the request is forwarded to the appropriate Regional Officer for review and analysis as per the paragraph 2.1.1 of the MIDANPIRG Procedural Handbook. The ICAO MID Office may contact the source of the information and the concerned State for more details when required. The result of the evaluation is submitted with all the evidences to a committee formed by the Regional Office subject matter Experts and the Deputy Regional Director for review.
- 3.6 If the deficiencies are confirmed, the State is informed by the ICAO MID Regional Office and given a time period to take appropriate actions. If actions are taken in time, the case is closed and captured in the MANDD as proposed for deletion and will appear highlighted in "Yellow" as a strike through then notified to the MIDANPIRG meeting.
- 3.7 Otherwise, the case is submitted to the MIDANPIRG Meeting for consideration and endorsement using the List of reported Deficiencies extracted from the MANDD system. The MIDANPIRG' endorsed deficiencies are uploaded in the MANDD by the MID Office and the concerned State<sub>(s)</sub> are requested to submit a Corrective Action Plan within a given deadline.
- 3.8 The concerned State(s) shall follow-up the implementation of proposed mitigation actions, as established in the action plan and submit relevant evidences for consideration to the ICAO MID Office through the MANDD/by email.
- 3.9 In case of challenges with the implementation, the State Focal point should inform and coordinate with the Regional Officer managing the AND concerned Area (**AOP**, **ATM**, **AIM**, **CNS**, **MET** and **SAR**). Both, the State's Focal Points and Regional Officer should ensure that the information provided in the MANDD is continuously updated.
- The agenda of MIDANPIRG meeting should include an item on air navigation deficiencies, including information reported by States and other stakeholders in accordance with PART XX, Section 2 of the MIDANPIRG Procedural Handbook, The review of the deficiencies should be a top priority for each MIDANPIRG meeting which should make an assessment of the safety impact, of the reviewed lists of deficiencies, for subsequent review by the ICAO Air Navigation Commission.
- 3.11 In line with the above, and keeping in mind the need to eventually make use of this information in the planning and implementation process, it is necessary that once a deficiency has been identified and validated, defined fields of information should be provided in the reports on deficiencies in the air navigation systems. The Model reporting table for use in the MIDANPIRG report and Actions by the ICAO MID Office are stated in the Part XX, Sections 5 and 6 of the MIDANPIRG Procedural Handbook.

# C-3 Additional Guidance for Minimum Reporting on non-compliances

- 3.12 In order to encourage reporting, the Group has adopted a list of minimum reporting areas which is reflected at **Attachment A** to this Process. The intent of the list is **NOT** to replace reporting based on ICAO Council policy, but to encourage reporting, in recognition of Assembly Resolution A37-15 Appendix L, and noting the historical critically low level of reporting, as well as the expanse of SARPs and requirements on which reporting may be effected.
- 3.13 Without prejudice to the definition of "deficiency" as approved by the Council, States, Regulators and Air Navigation Service Providers (ANSPs), users, and professional organizations (IFALPA, IFATCA, IFATSEA, etc.) are encouraged to report on non-compliances in the areas listed in **Attachment A**, in addition to reporting any other deficiencies as defined by the Council.

#### 4. Monitoring & Removal of MIDANPIRG endorsed Deficiencies from the Data base

- 4.1 The ICAO MID Office will monitor the implementation by the States of their corrective actions plans and report to MIDANPIRG. States shall implement their action plans and submit relevant evidences for consideration to the ICAO MID Regional Office by email to <a href="mailto:icaomid@icao.int">icaomid@icao.int</a>.
- 4.2 The relevant Regional Officers should assess on the regular basis the implementation of the States action plans until their completion. Once the implementation completed, a documented report, comprising evidences should be submitted the ICAO MID Office for their review by the ICAO MID Regional Officers and the Deputy Regional Director. The review report is submitted to the MIDANPIRG meeting for appropriate action.
- 4.3 If deemed satisfactory, the deficiency is deleted from the MANDD at which point will appear as a strike though highlighted in "Yellow" and the information is provided to the State.
- 4.4 Once validated and confirmed by the MIDANPIRG meeting to be an existing deficiency based on provided evidences, a command is run in the system to remove the resolved (proposed for deletion) deficiencies from the Database by the Regional Office.

# 5. Assessment and prioritization

- 5.1 A general guideline would be to have three levels of priority organized on the basis of safety, regularity and efficiency assessment as follows:
  - **"U" priority** (**Red**) = Urgent requirements having a direct impact on safety and requiring immediate corrective actions. Urgent requirement consisting of any physical, configuration, material, performance, personnel or procedures specification, the application of which is urgently required for air navigation safety.
  - "A" priority (Orange) = Top priority requirements necessary for air navigation safety. Top priority requirement consisting of any physical, configuration, material, performance, personnel or procedures specification, the application of which is considered necessary for air navigation safety.

**"B" priority (Green)** = Intermediate requirements necessary for air navigation regularity and efficiency. Intermediate priority requirement consisting of any physical, configuration, material, performance, personnel or procedures specification, the application of which is considered necessary for air navigation regularity and efficiency.

5.2 In addition, the MIDANPIRG's Sub-Groups including the ASPIG (Aerodromes Safety Planning and Implementation Group) should assess, as deemed necessary, the endorsed Deficiencies based on SMS principles. As practical as it can be, the assessment and prioritization of Deficiencies is based on the safety risk matrix contained in the Safety Management Manual (SMM), Doc 9859:



Table 1. Safety risk probability table

Likelihood	Meaning	Value
Frequent	Likely to occur many times (has occurred frequently)	5
Occasional	Likely to occur sometimes (has occurred infrequently)	4
Remote	Unlikely to occur, but possible (has occurred rarely)	3
Improbable	Very unlikely to occur (not known to have occurred)	2
Extremely improbable	Almost inconceivable that the event will occur	1

Note.— This is an example only. The level of detail and complexity of tables and matrices should be adapted to the particular needs and complexities of each organization. It should also be noted that organizations might include both qualitative and quantitative criteria.

Table 2. Example safety risk severity table

Severity	Meaning	Value			
Catastrophic	<ul> <li>Aircraft / equipment destroyed</li> <li>Multiple deaths</li> </ul>	A			
Hazardous	<ul> <li>A large reduction in safety margins, physical distress or a workload such that operational personnel cannot be relied upon to perform their tasks accurately or completely</li> <li>Serious injury</li> <li>Major equipment damage</li> </ul>	В			
Major	to cope with adverse operating conditions as a result of an increase in workload or as a result of conditions impairing their efficiency  • Serious incident				
Minor	<ul> <li>Injury to persons</li> <li>Minor</li> <li>Nuisance</li> <li>Operating limitations</li> <li>Use of emergency procedures</li> <li>Minor incident</li> </ul>				
Negligible	Few consequences	E			

Table 3. Example safety risk matrix

Safety Risk	Safety Risk		Severity									
Probability		Catastrophic A	Hazardous B	Major C	Minor D	Negligible E						
Frequent	5	5A	5B	5C	5D	5E						
Occasional	4	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E						
Remote	3	3A	3B	3C	3D	3E						
Improbable	2	2A	2B	2C	2D	2E						
Extremely improbable	1	1A	1B	1C	1D	1E						

Note.— In determining the safety risk tolerability, the quality and reliability of the data used for the hazard identification and safety risk probability should be taken into consideration.

Table 4. Example of safety risk tolerability

Safety Risk Index Range	Safety Risk Descriptio	Recommended Action
5A, 5B, 5C, 4A, 4B, 3A	INTOLERABLE	Take immediate action to mitigate the risk or stop the activity. Perform priority safety risk mitigation to ensure additional or enhanced preventative controls are in place to bring down the safety risk index to tolerable.
5D, 5E, 4C, 4D, 4E, 3B, 3C, 3D, 2A, 2B, 2C, 1A	TOLERABLE	Can be tolerated based on the safety risk mitigation. It may require management decision to accept the risk.
3E, 2D, 2E, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E	ACCEPTABLE	Acceptable as is. No further safety risk mitigation required.