



# MID IP Network

## Project proposal

Submitted by

MID IP network Action group

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# Change Control



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## Executive Summary

This document developed by the MID IP Action Group to justify the need to have an IP Network in the ICAO MID Region which will be an enabler for many performance improvement planned to be implemented. Accordingly, this document is developed for consideration of this MID IP Network as a candidate project to be submitted to the MAEP Board. The Project aims to create a single IP Backbone for MID Region Air Traffic Management Community, and will be capable to respond to future Air Traffic requirements in a timely manner.

The proposed MID IP Network is in line with ICAO Global Air Navigation Plan (GANP), it will be an enabler for the successful implementation of many ASBU Modules like:

- 1- B0-FICE and B1-FICE - Increased Interoperability, Efficiency & Capacity through FF-ICE/1 application before Departure
- 2- B1-SWIM – Performance Improvement through the Application of System Wide Information Management (SWIM);
- 3- B1-DATM – Service Improvement through Integration of all Digital ATM Information; and
- 4- B1-AMET – Enhanced Operational Decisions through Integrated Weather Information

## Problem Statement

States in the MID have multi point to point circuits, to ensure high service availability relying on bilateral connections. In addition to the high running cost the current infrastructure depending on obsolete technology which can be an obstacle to implement the latest CNS technologies.

An example for the Current Point-to-Point circuit arrangement between MID States to support only the Aeronautical Fixed Service (AFS) Enhancement has the following issues:



- Half circuit arrangement between States is increasingly difficult to order and time consuming.
- Circuit upgrade between States is also impacted due to variable pricing and bandwidth availability of the half circuit at each State.
- Dynamic routing is not supported due to limited bandwidth and no central administration of the network.
- Incompatible network protocol does not support Extended Service as specified in ICAO Doc. 9880 and IPv6 addressing as specified in ICAO Doc. 9896.
- New future Information Management as recommended by ICAO 12th Air Navigation Conference, such as System Wide Information Management (SWIM), is not supported.
- Network security measures cannot be implemented, which leads many States to implement their own security measures and policy, adding to overall costs.
- Different budget cycles and priorities between States make the synchronization of upgrades difficult and in turn limit the seamless distribution of Aeronautical Fixed Service (AFS) data.

## Project Objectives

- 1- To create cost-effective, robust and secured network for all ground-to-ground ATM Application and capable to respond to future Air Traffic requirements in a timely manner
- 2- Ease Migration of ATM Application to the IP standard (IPv4 and IPv6)
- 3- Facilitate data sharing in a secured way
- 4- create a shared Network for all ATM stakeholders like Airport operators, Airline, ... etc
- 5- Minimize coordination for network management and enhancement;
- 6- provide a dynamic network and support new enhancements.



## Scope

Instead of having several fragmented States Network, the MID IP network will be the common Network for Ground to Ground Application with interconnectivity with other ICAO Regions networks, mainly the European Network (PENS), the APAC CRV Network, the AFI network and the VSAT network currently in operation in MID and AFI.

### **1- ATS Message Handling System (AMHS):**

The AMHS is an ICAO standard to exchange messages pertaining safety of Air Navigation services, and it should be implemented using Internet Protocol suite (IPS), the MID IP Network will foster the AMHS Implementation

### **2- Voice Communication:**

The coordination between Air Traffic control centers is carried out by using Analog voice communication or the using the multiplexer; the MID IP Network will enable the Implementation of Voice over IP which can improve the quality and redundancy.

### **3- OLDI/AIDC**

The implementation B0-FICE (Increased Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through Ground-Ground Integration), will improve coordination between Air Traffic Service Units (ATSUs) by using ATS Interfacility Data Communication (AIDC) and/or On-Line Data Interchange (OLDI). The transfer of communication in a data link environment improves the efficiency of this process. The standard messages for coordination between ATSUs centers can be easily implemented over the IP network, the capability to implement IPv6 enables running of the future services will further bring benefits. The implementation of Ground-Ground integration can bring immediate benefits on safety and reduce ATCO workload.



#### 4- Surveillance Data Sharing

Exchanging the Radar and ADS-B data between States have a significant impact to improve the Situational awareness coverage and Availability in Flight Information Regions., this results in improved safety.

#### 5- National IP Network

The National IP network could be prerequisite to become a User of the new one. Each State's Network should be connected the MID IP Network. The MID Regional IP addresses for States networks are at Attachments A and attachment B provide the current Status of the networks in MID States.

#### 6- Future Services

Like trajectory based operations, connection with Airline Network, Airport Network and Meteorology and other enhanced services will become easier. All information contained in different systems could be exchanged.

### General Implementation tasks and phases

No.	Task	Task Owner	Status	Duration
<b>Project Initiation</b>				
1	Earmark the MID IP Project in the MID region plans	ICAO MID Office	Done	1 day
2	Identify Stakeholder to propose the project	CNS SG/6	Done	1 day
3	Initial Project requirement document proposal	MID IP Network AG	Done	1 month
4	Initial review of project proposal	MSG/4		1 day
5	Guide the Project process and initial agreement on project	MAEP Board		



6	Agree on project team leader	MAEP		
7	Nominate Expert as members of the project team	MAEP		
<b>Develop Business Requirements</b>				
8	Develop Concept of operation			
9	Update the result of the IP Survey			
<b>Search for the Best Technical Solution</b>				
10	Facilitate a workshop With States and telecommunication Industry			
11	Prepare Request for Information			
12	Publish RFI			
<b>Conduct Dialog with Vendors</b>				
13	Form Answer committee			
14	Receive Vendor Questions			
15	Post Answer to Vendors' question			
<b>Identify Viable Alternatives</b>				
16	Receive Vendors approach in response to the RFI			
17	Select and document Viable alternatives			
18	Define and Finalize evaluation Criteria and Statement of need			
19	Develop Evaluation Plan			
<b>Request for Proposals (RFP)</b>				
20	Prepare RFP document			
21	Publish RFP			
22	Receive Vendors proposals			
<b>Evaluation of RFP proposals</b>				
23	Evaluate proposals			
24	Award Contract			



<b>Manage performance-based Contract</b>				
<b>25</b>	Designate Contract management committee			
<b>26</b>	Prepare contract management plan			
<b>27</b>	Facilitate contract management			

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## **Attachment A**

### **THE PROPOSED IPv4 ADDRESS PLAN for MID REGION**

#### **Introduction**

The IPv4 address scheme is proposed by the Caribbean and South American Regional for its ATN/IPS Network. The MID Region's plan was also part of their global IPv4 addressing assignment. The MID Region is requested to review this proposed IP addressing assignment for consideration and adoption.

#### **Objectives**

This document is meant to describe the addressing plan for IPv4 addresses throughout the MID Region. This document defines the recommended address format for IPv4 addresses. The document lists the addresses allocated to States in the MID Region and the interstate connections IP's. The implementation of the proposed plan will go into stages and should be carefully coordinated between States.

#### **Acronyms**

ICAO	-	International Civil Aviation Organization
AMHS	-	ATN Message Handling System
ARP	-	Address Resolution Protocol
ATN	-	Aeronautical Telecommunications Network
CNS		Communication Navigation Surveillance
BGP	-	Border Gateway Protocol
DNS	-	Domain Name Service
IANA	-	Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
ICS	-	ATN Internet Communication Service
IP	-	ATN Internet Communication Service
IPv4	-	Internet Protocol Version 4
IPv6	-	Internet Protocol Version 6
IPS	-	Internet Protocol suite
LACNIC	-	Latin American and Caribbean Internet Address Registry
LIR	-	Local Internet Registry
OSPF	-	Open Shortest Path First
RIR	-	Regional Internet Registry
ANSP	-	Air Navigation Service Provider
ISP	-	Internet Service Provider
APAC	-	Asia and Pacific
CAR	-	Caribbean
SAM	-	South America
MID	-	Middle east
WACAF	-	West And Central Africa

ESAF	-	East And South Africa
PDU	-	Packet Data Unit
MTA	-	Message Transfer Agent
UA	-	User Agent
ACP	-	Aeronautical Communication Panel
SWIM	-	System Wide Information Management
PENS	-	PAN European Network Service
IMS	-	Information Management Service

### Global IPv4 assignments

IPv4 Address			
10	Region	State / Territory	Host's
0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1st. Byte	2nd. Byte	3rd. Byte
			4th. Byte

- 0000 => SAM: South American Office.
- 0001 => NACC: North American, American Power station and Caribbean Office.
- 0010 => APAC: Asia and Pacific Office.
- **0011 => MID: Middle East Office.**
- 0100 => WACAF: Western and Central African Office.
- 0101 => ESAF: Eastern and Southern African Office.
- 0110 => EUR/NAT: European and North Atlantic Office.

### IP address Scheme Characteristics:

The proposed IPv4 address allocation scheme will be able to cover:

- 128 States
- 8190 Hosts for each State.
- 2048 Point-to-Point links.



## Network Assignments

Issue	State	Network	Direction Used	Decimal Notation	Binary Notation			
					1 <sup>st</sup> Byte	Region	State	Host
1	Bahrain	10.48.0.0/19	First	10.48.0.1	00001010.	0011	0000.000	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.31.254	00001010.	0011	0000.000	11111.11111110
2	Egypt	10.48.32.0/19	First	10.48.32.1	00001010.	0011	0000.001	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.63.254	00001010.	0011	0000.001	11111.11111110
3	Iran	10.48.64.0/19	First	10.48.64.1	00001010.	0011	0000.010	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.95.254	00001010.	0011	0000.010	11111.11111110
4	Iraq	10.48.96.0/19	First	10.48.96.1	00001010.	0011	0000.011	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.127.254	00001010.	0011	0000.011	11111.11111110
5	Jordan	10.48.128.0/19	First	10.48.128.1	00001010.	0011	0000.100	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.159.254	00001010.	0011	0000.100	11111.11111110
6	Kuwait	10.48.160.0/19	First	10.48.160.1	00001010.	0011	0000.101	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.191.254	00001010.	0011	0000.101	11111.11111110
7	Lebanon	10.48.192.0/19	First	10.48.192.1	00001010.	0011	0000.110	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.223.254	00001010.	0011	0000.110	11111.11111110
8	Libya	10.48.224.0/19	First	10.48.224.1	00001010.	0011	0000.111	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.255.254	00001010.	0011	0000.111	11111.11111110
9	Oman	10.49.0.0/19	First	10.49.0.1	00001010.	0011	0001.000	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.31.1	00001010.	0011	0001.000	11111.11111110
10	Qatar	10.49.32.0/19	First	10.49.32.1	00001010.	0011	0001.001	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.63.254	00001010.	0011	0001.001	11111.11111110
11	Saudi Arabia	10.49.64.0/19	First	10.49.64.1	00001010.	0011	0001.010	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.95.254	00001010.	0011	0001.010	11111.11111110
12	Sudan	10.49.96.0/19	First	10.49.96.1	00001010.	0011	0001.011	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.127.254	00001010.	0011	0001.011	11111.11111110
13	Syria	10.49.128.0/19	First	10.49.128.1	00001010.	0011	0001.100	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.159.254	00001010.	0011	0001.100	11111.11111110
14	UAE	10.49.160.0/19	First	10.49.160.1	00001010.	0011	0001.101	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.191.254	00001010.	0011	0001.101	11111.11111110
15	Yemen	10.49.192.0/19	First	10.49.192.1	00001010.	0011	0001.110	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.223.254	00001010.	0011	0001.110	11111.11111110

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Range 1		Range 2		Range 3		Range 4	
10.48.0 .0	-	10.48 .31 .255		10.49.0 .0	-	10.49 .31 .255	
10.48.32 .0	-	10.48 .63 .255		10.49.32 .0	-	10.49 .63 .255	
10.48.64 .0	-	10.48 .95 .255		10.49.64 .0	-	10.49 .95 .255	
10.48.96 .0	-	10.48 .127.255		10.49.96 .0	-	10.49 .127.255	
10.48.128.0	-	10.48.159 .255		10.49.128.0	-	10.49.159 .255	
10.48.160.0	-	10.48.191 .255		10.49.160.0	-	10.49.191 .255	
10.48.192.0	-	10.48.223 .255		10.49.192.0	-	10.49.223 .255	
10.48.224.0	-	10.48 .225.255		10.49.224.0	-	10.49 .225.255	
Range 5		Range 6		Range 7		Range 8	
10.52.0 .0	-	10.52 .31 .255		10.53.0 .0	-	10.53 .31 .255	
10.52.32 .0	-	10.52 .63 .255		10.53.32 .0	-	10.53 .63 .255	
10.52.64 .0	-	10.52 .95 .255		10.53.64 .0	-	10.53 .95 .255	
10.52.96 .0	-	10.52 .127.255		10.53.96 .0	-	10.53 .127.255	
10.52.128.0	-	10.52.159 .255		10.53.128.0	-	10.53.159 .255	
10.52.160.0	-	10.52.191 .255		10.53.160.0	-	10.53.191 .255	
10.52.192.0	-	10.52.223 .255		10.53.192.0	-	10.53.223 .255	
10.52.224.0	-	10.52 .225.255		10.53.224.0	-	10.53 .225.255	
Range 9		Range 10		Range 11		Range 12	
10.56.0 .0	-	10.56 .31 .255		10.57.0 .0	-	10.57 .31 .255	
10.56.32 .0	-	10.56 .63 .255		10.57.32 .0	-	10.57 .63 .255	
10.56.64 .0	-	10.56 .95 .255		10.57.64 .0	-	10.57 .95 .255	
10.56.96 .0	-	10.56 .127.255		10.57.96 .0	-	10.57 .127.255	
10.56.128.0	-	10.56.159 .255		10.57.128.0	-	10.57.159 .255	
10.56.160.0	-	10.56.191 .255		10.57.160.0	-	10.57.191 .255	
10.56.192.0	-	10.56.223 .255		10.57.192.0	-	10.57.223 .255	
10.56.224.0	-	10.56 .225.255		10.57.224.0	-	10.57 .225.255	
Range 13		Range 14		Range 15		Range 16	
10.60.0 .0	-	10.60 .31 .255		10.61.0 .0	-	10.61 .31 .255	
10.60.32 .0	-	10.60 .63 .255		10.61.32 .0	-	10.61 .63 .255	
10.60.64 .0	-	10.60 .95 .255		10.61.64 .0	-	10.61 .95 .255	
10.60.96 .0	-	10.60 .127.255		10.61.96 .0	-	10.61 .127.255	
10.60.128.0	-	10.60.159 .255		10.61.128.0	-	10.61.159 .255	
10.60.160.0	-	10.60.191 .255		10.61.160.0	-	10.61.191 .255	
10.60.192.0	-	10.60.223 .255		10.61.192.0	-	10.61.223 .255	
10.60.224.0	-	10.60 .225.255		10.61.224.0	-	10.61 .225.255	

## MID REGION SUB-NETWORKS



### MID Region intra-Regional Links (Point to Point)

Sub-Net Mask	Link Name	IP Range
10.63.224. 0 /30	Bahrain - Riyadh	-- Bahrain Riyadh -- --
10.63.224. 4 /30	Bahrain - Dammam	-- Bahrain Dammam -- --
10.63.224. 8 /30	Bahrain - Jeddah	-- Bahrain Jeddah -- --
10.63.224. 12 /30	Bahrain - Kuwait	-- Bahrain Kuwait -- --
10.63.224. 16 /30	Bahrain – Doha1	-- Bahrain Doha1 -- --
10.63.224. 20 /30	Bahrain – Doha2	-- Bahrain Doha2 -- --
10.63.224. 24 /30	Bahrain – Abu Dhabi1	-- Bahrain AbuDhabi1 --

Detailed Network Configuration			
Sub-Network	Connected Route	Host / State	IP Address
10.63.224. 28 /30	Bahrain – Abu Dhabi2	-- Bahrain Abu Dhabi2 --	10.63.224.28 10.63.224.29 10.63.224.30 10.63.224.31
10.63.224. 32 /30	Bahrain – Tehran	-- Bahrain Tehran --	10.63.224.32 10.63.224.33 10.63.224.34 10.63.224.35
<b>7 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.224.36/30 – 10.63.224.63/30)</b>			
10.63.224. 64 /30	Egypt – Amman	-- Egypt Amman -- --	10.63.224.64 10.63.224.65 10.63.224.66 10.63.224.67 10.63.224.68
10.63.224. 68 /30	Egypt – Jeddah1	-- Egypt Jeddah1 -- --	10.63.224.69 10.63.224.70 10.63.224.71 10.63.224.72
10.63.224. 72 /30	Egypt – Jeddah2	-- Egypt Jeddah2 -- --	10.63.224.73 10.63.224.74 10.63.224.75 10.63.224.76
10.63.224. 76 /30	Egypt – Riyadh	-- Egypt Riyadh --	10.63.224.77 10.63.224.78 10.63.224.79
<b>12 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.224.80/30 – 10.63.224.127/30)</b>			
10.63.224. 128 /30	Iran - Iraq	-- Iran Iraq -- --	10.63.224.128 10.63.224.129 10.63.224.130 10.63.224.131 10.63.224.132
10.63.224. 132 /30	Iran - Kuwait	-- Iran	10.63.224.133

		Kuwait	10.63.224. 134
		--	10.63.224. 135
<b>14 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.224.136/30 – 10.63.224.191/30)</b>			
10.63.224. 192 /30	<b>Jordan - Jeddah</b>	Jordan	10.63.224. 192
		Jeddah	10.63.224. 193
		--	10.63.224. 194
		--	10.63.224. 195
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.224.196/30 – 10.63.224.255/30)</b>			
Sub-Network	Connected Route	Host / State	IP Address
10.63.225. 0 /30	<b>Kuwait - Iraq</b>	Kuwait	10.63.225.0
		Iraq	10.63.225.1
		--	10.63.225.2
		--	10.63.225.3
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.225.4/30 – 10.63.225.63/30)</b>			
10.63.225. 64 /30	<b>Qatar – Abu Dhabi</b>	Qatar	10.63.225. 64
		Abu Dhabi	10.63.225. 65
		--	10.63.225. 66
		--	10.63.225. 67
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.225.68/30 – 10.63.225.127/30)</b>			
10.63.225. 128 /30	<b>Saudi Arabia (Jeddah) - Muscat</b>	Jeddah	10.63.225.128
		Muscat	10.63.225.129
		--	10.63.225.130
		--	10.63.225.131
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.225.132/30 – 10.63.225.191/30)</b>			
10.63.225. 192 /30	<b>UAE (Abu Dhabi) - Muscat</b>	Abu Dhabi	10.63.225.192
		Muscat	10.63.225.193
		--	10.63.225.194
		--	10.63.225.195
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.225.196/30 – 10.63.225.255/30)</b>			
--	<b>10.64.226. 0 /30</b>	Lebanon	--
<b>16 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.226.0/30 – 10.63.226.63/30)</b>			
--	<b>10.63.226. 64 /30</b>	Sudan	--

**16 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.226.64/30 – 10.63.226.127/30)**

*Remark: In case of a new IP link between two states, both States will have to use the next available IP address range as specified in the above table.*

## MID Region intra-Regional Links (Per State)

No.	State	Connected Route	Local Interface	Next Hop Interface
1	<b>Bahrain</b>	Bahrain - Riyadh	10.63.224.1	10.63.224.2
		Bahrain - Dammam	10.63.224.5	10.63.224.6
		Bahrain - Jeddah	10.63.224.9	10.63.224.10
		Bahrain - Kuwait	10.63.224.13	10.63.224.14
		Bahrain – Doha1	10.63.224.17	10.63.224.18
		Bahrain – Doha2	10.63.224.21	10.63.224.22
		Bahrain – Abu Dhabi1	10.63.224.25	10.63.224.26
		Bahrain – Abu Dhabi2	10.63.224.29	10.63.224.30
		Bahrain – Tehran	10.63.224.33	10.63.224.34
2	<b>Egypt</b>	Egypt-Amman	10.63.224.65	10.63.224.66
		Egypt-Jeddah1	10.63.224.69	10.63.224.70
		Egypt-Jeddah2	10.63.224.73	10.63.224.74
		Egypt-Riyadh	10.63.224.77	10.63.224.78
3	<b>Iran</b>	Iran-Iraq	10.63.224. 129	10.63.224. 130
		Iran-Kuwait	10.63.224. 133	10.63.224. 134
		Iran-Bahrain	10.63.224.34	10.63.224.33
4	<b>Iraq</b>	Iraq-iran	10.63.224. 130	10.63.224. 129
5	<b>Jordan</b>	Jordan - Jeddah	10.63.224. 193	10.63.224. 194
		Jordan - Cairo	10.63.224.66	10.63.224.65
6	<b>Kuwait</b>	Kuwait-Bahrain	10.63.224.14	10.63.224.13
		Kuwait-Iraq	10.63.225.1	10.63.225.2
		Kuwait-Iran	10.63.224. 134	10.63.224. 133
7	<b>Lebanon</b>	--	--	--
8	<b>Libya</b>	--	--	--

<b>9</b>	<b>Oman</b>	--	--	--
No.		Connected Route	Local Interface	Next Hop Interface
<b>10</b>	<b>Qatar</b>	Qatar-AbuDhabi Qatar-Bahrain1 Qatar-Bahrain2	10.63.225. 65 10.63.224.18 10.63.224.22	10.63.225. 66 10.63.224.17 10.63.224.21
<b>11</b>	<b>Saudi Arabia</b>	Jeddah - Muscat Jeddah - Cairo1 Jeddah - Cairo2 Jeddah - Amman Jeddah - Bahrain	10.63.225.129 10.63.224.70 10.63.224.74 10.63.224. 194 10.63.224.10	10.63.225.130 10.63.224.69 10.63.224.73 10.63.224. 193 10.63.224.9
<b>12</b>	<b>Sudan</b>	--	--	--
<b>13</b>	<b>Syria</b>	--	--	--
<b>14</b>	<b>UAE</b>	UAE - Muscat UAE - Bahrain1 UAE - Bahrain2 UAE - Qatar	10.63.225. 193 10.63.224.26 10.63.224.30 10.63.225. 66	10.63.225. 194 10.63.224.25 10.63.224.29 10.63.225. 65
<b>15</b>	<b>Yemen</b>	--	--	--

## **Impact of Changing Point-to-Point Ip address**

The corresponding point-to-point IP line will be down during IP replacement process

## **Tips to Replace IP address**

- 1- Coordinate with the adjacent State to agree on IPs, Routing, etc.
- 2- Make a backup of current configuration of the network devices (Routers, Firewalls... etc.)
- 3- Simulate new configuration on test network devices if possible
- 4- Advise AFS operators about downtime duration & time (for data line) or the controller(for voice line), the AFS operator should direct TFC to alternative CCT, and controller to use alternative voice means(dialup, Backup voice line,...etc.)
- 5- Configure network device with new setting
- 6- Send test data and decide about its reliability
- 7- Advise about its availability.

## **IP Change Schedule**

No	State	Old IP	New IP	Net Mask	Router Type	Target date to change	State to connect to	Circuit speed	Circuit number	Type of Circuit	ISP	State Contact
1	Bahrain											
2	Egypt											
3	Iran											
4	Iraq											
5	Jordan											
6	Kuwait											
7	Lebanon											

8	<b>Libya</b>											
9	<b>Oman</b>											
10	<b>Qatar</b>											
11	<b>Saudi Arabia</b>											
12	<b>Sudan</b>											
13	<b>Syria</b>											
14	<b>UAE</b>											
15	<b>Yemen</b>											

## Attachment B

State      Bahrain (Manama)

<b>State</b>	<b>Speed</b>	<b>ISP</b>	<b>IP Address</b>	<b>Net Mask</b>	<b>Router Type</b>	<b>Data end user interface</b>	<b>Applications in use</b>
Riyadh	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.12	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	FXO/FXS	Voice
Dammam	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.44	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	FXO/FXS	Voice
Tehran	64k	Batelco	172.16.10.2	255.255.255.0	Cisco2800	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Kuwait	128k	Batelco	10.61.11.8	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Serial	AFTN-Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Jeddah	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.48	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Serial	CIDIN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Doha-1	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.32	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Serial	Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Doha-2	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.56	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
AbuDhabi-1	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.12	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Serial	Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
AbuDhabi-2	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.16	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Serial	CIDIN
						FXO/FXS	Voice

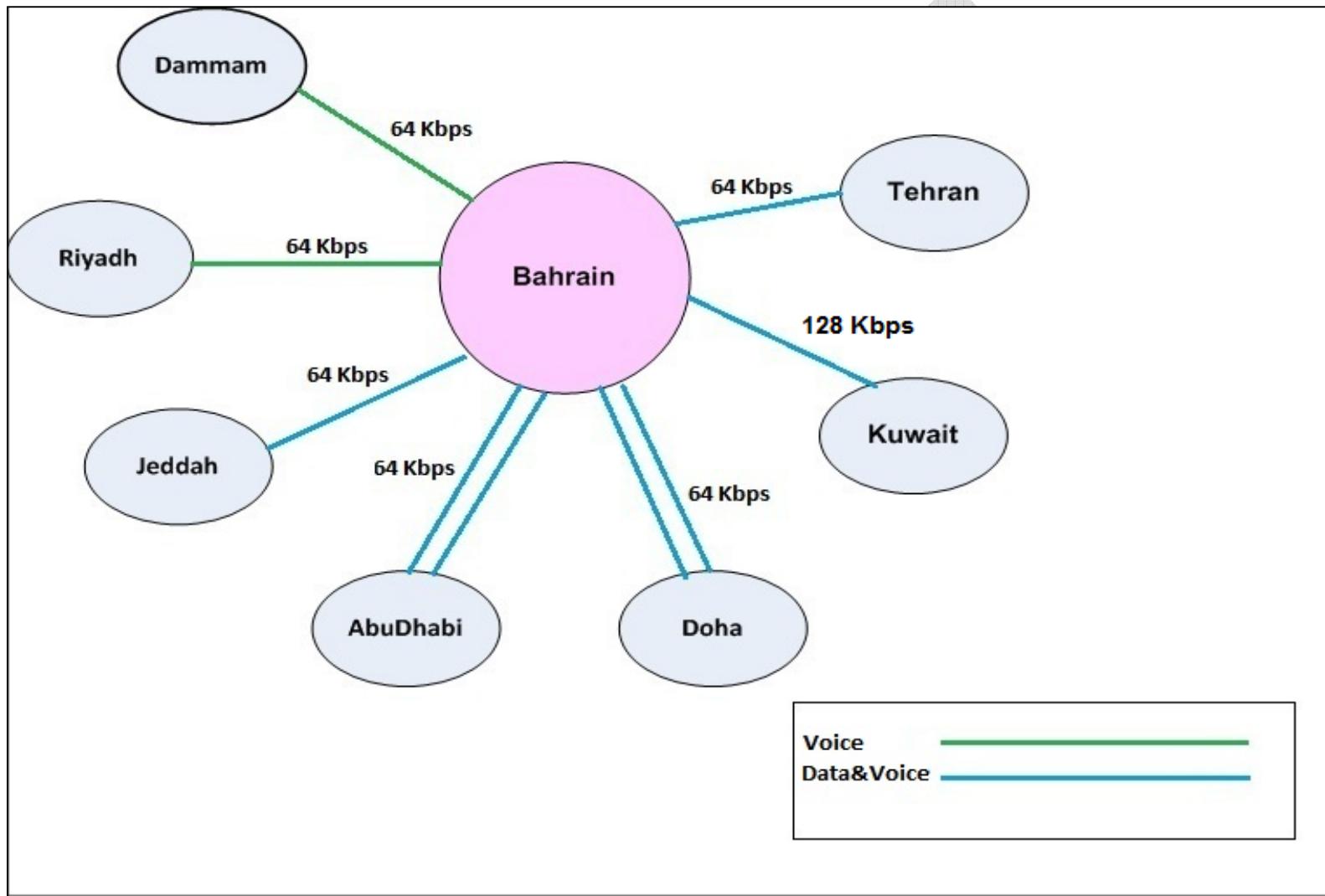


Figure 1: Bahrain Circuit Diagram

## State Egypt (Cairo)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Amman	64k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	10.10.10.2 192.168.12.7	255.255.255.0 255.255.255.0	Motorola Vanguard 6800	IP	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Jeddah1	64k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	192.168.80.2	255.255.255.0	Cisco2800	FXO/FXS	Voice
						IP	OLDI, Radar
Jeddah2	128k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vanguard 6455	IP	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Riyadh	64k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	192.168.80.2	255.255.255.0	Cisco2800	FXO/FXS	Voice
Tripoli	64k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Cisco1700	Serial	AFTN

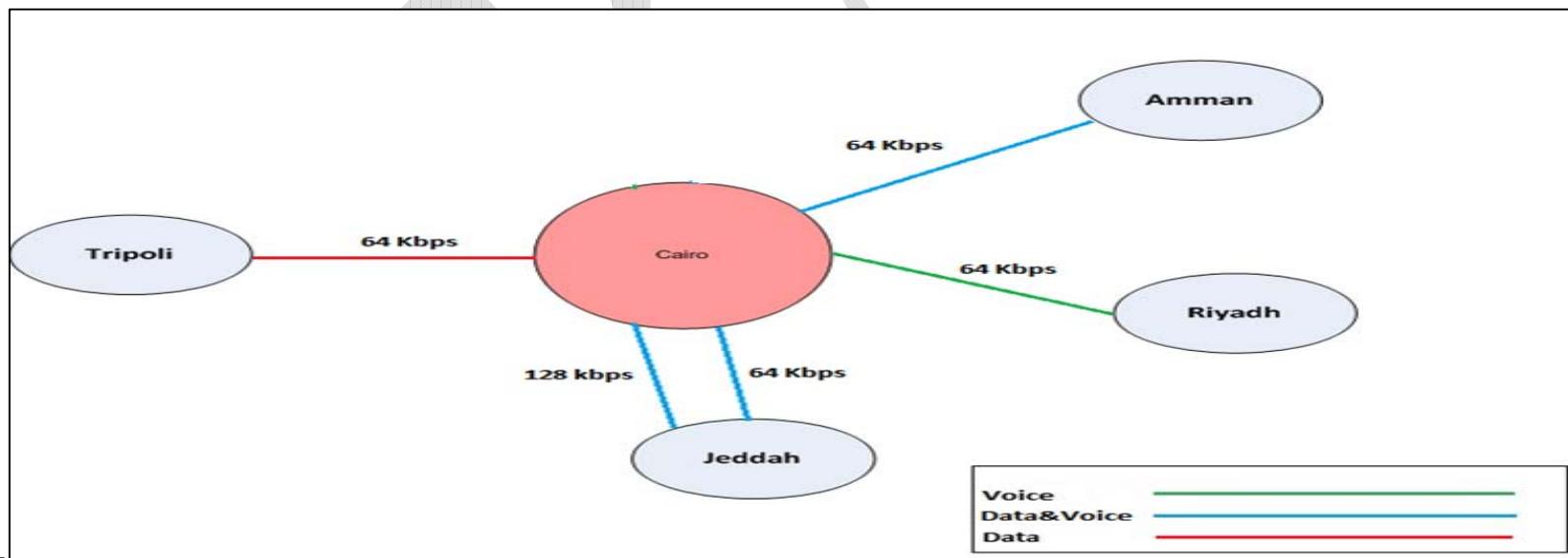
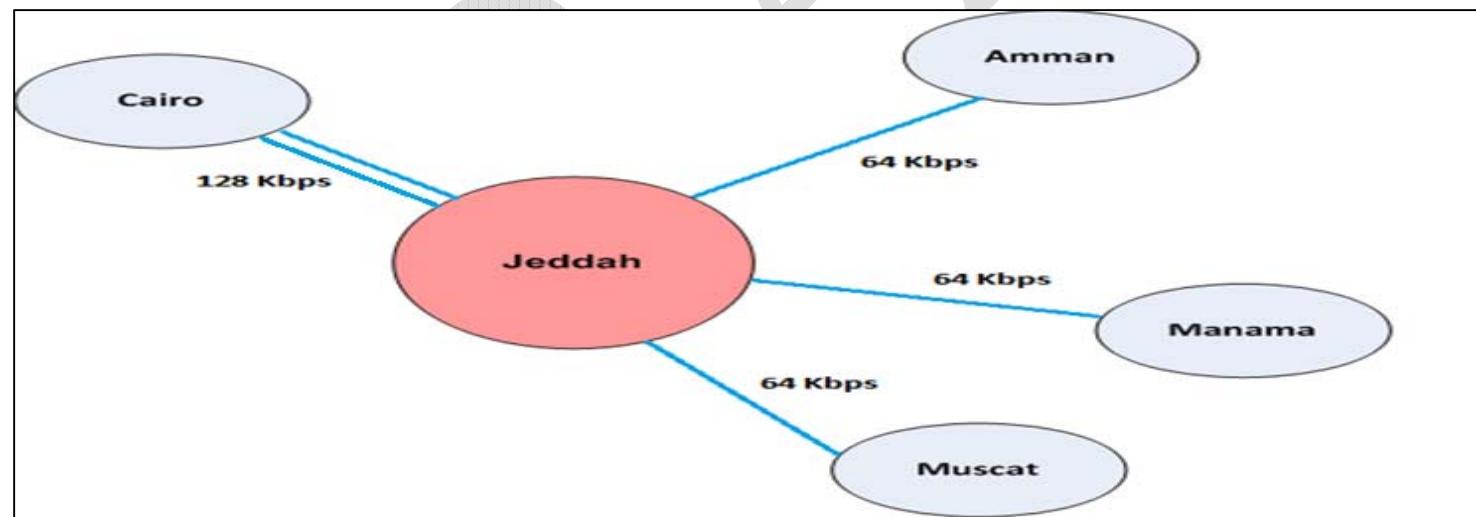


Figure 2: Cairo Circuit Diagram

**ATT B**

**State Saudi Arabia (Jeddah)**

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Cairo1	128k	N/A	192.168.12.0	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vanguard 6455	IP	AHHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Cairo2	64k	N/A	N/A	N/A	Motorola Vanguard 6455	IP	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Amman	64k	N/A	192.168.12.0	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vanguard 6455	IP	AHHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Muscat	64k	N/A	192.168.12.0	255.255.255.0	Cisco 2811	IP	AHHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Manama	64k	N/A	TBD	TBD	Motorola Vanguard 6435	Serial	CIDIN
						FXO/FXS	Voice



*Figure 3: Jeddah Circuit Diagram*

State      IRAN(Tehran)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Bahrain	64k	Iran PPT	172.16.10.2	255.255.255.0	Cisco2811	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Baghdad	32k	Iran PPT	192.168.191.14	255.255.255.0	Cisco2811	FXO/FXS	Voice
Kuwait	64k	Iran PPT	172.16.12.0	255.255.255.0	Cisco2811	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Abu Dhabi	64k	Iran PPT	172.16.15.0	255.255.255.0	Cisco2811	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Muscat	64k	Iran PPT	172.16.14.0	255.255.255.0	Cisco2811	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice



Figure 4: Tehran Circuit diagram

State      UAE (Abu Dhabi)

## ATT B

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Bahrain1 <sup>1</sup>	64K	Etisalat	N/A	N/A	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Serial	Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Bahrain2 <sup>1</sup>	64K	Etisalat	N/A	N/A	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Serial	AFTN/CIDI N
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Oman	64K	Etisalat	192.168.130.0	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Ethernet	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Qatar	128K	Etisalat	192.168.131.0	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Ethernet	AMHS/OLD I
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Qatar <sup>2</sup>	256K	Etisalat	84.255.163.140	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vanguard 6840	Ethernet	AMHS
Qatar <sup>2</sup>	256K	Etisalat	192.168.10.0	255.255.255.252	Cisco 1921	FXS Ethernet	Voice Radar
Amman <sup>3</sup>	2Mb	Etisalat	94.56.192.202	255.255.255.0	Fortigate 110C firewall	Ethernet	AMHS
Iran	64K	Etisalat	N/A	N/A	Cisco 2811	Ethernet FXS	AMHS Voice

**Remarks:** <sup>1</sup> The IP addresses for Bahrain links is configured by ISP and not identified on UAE side.

<sup>2</sup> These are planned circuits still under test

<sup>3</sup> The link type between Jordan and Abu Dhabi is over an IPSec connection over the public internet (VPN)

## INTERNATIONAL LINKS

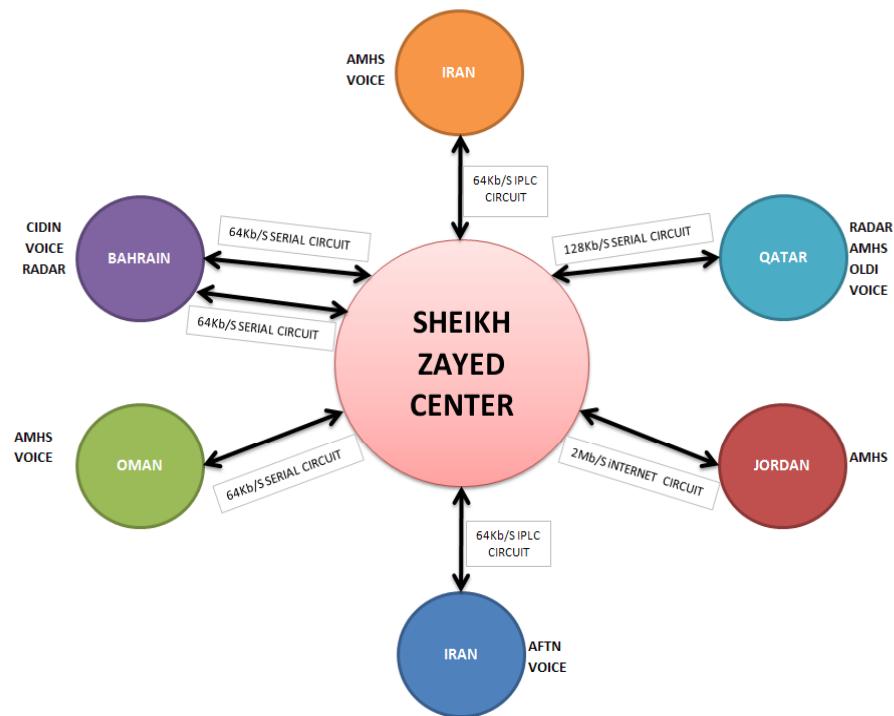


Figure 5: Abu Dhabi Circuit Diagram

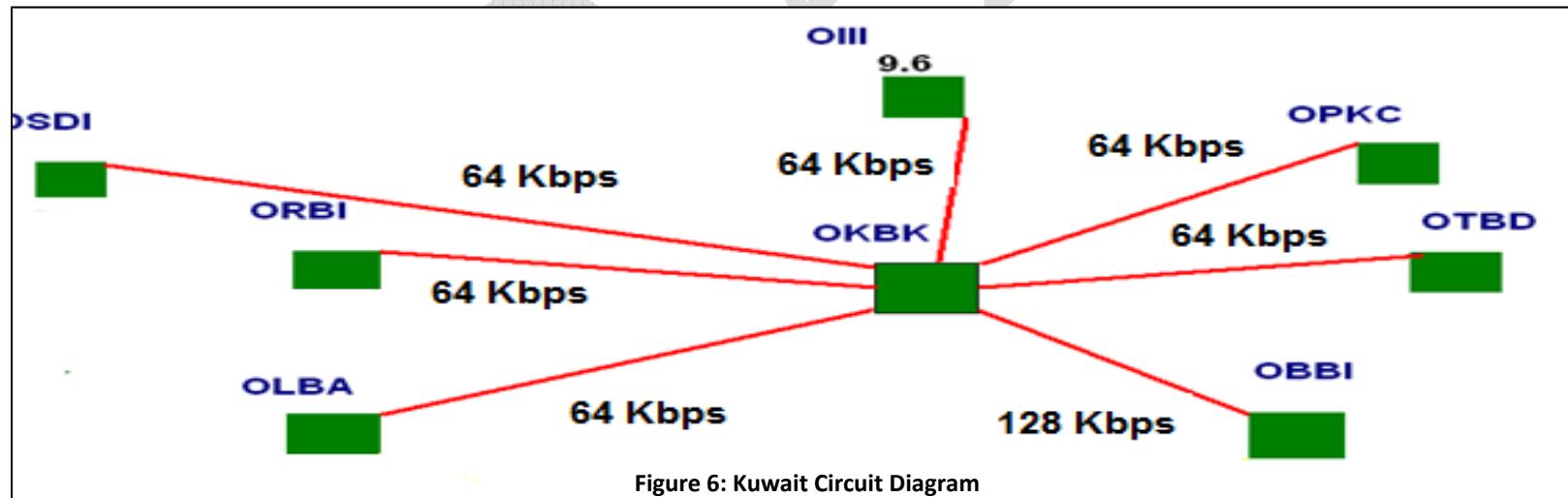
## ATT B

### State      Kuwait (Kuwait)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Beirut	64K	Qualitynet	--	--	Motorola Modem 3460	N/A	AFTN
Doha	64K	Qualitynet	--	--	Motorola Modem 3460	N/A	AFTN
Tehran	64K	Qualitynet	172.16.12.2	255.255.255.252	Cisco 2800	N/A	AFTN-Voice
Damascus	64K	Qualitynet	--	--	Motorola Modem 3460	N/A	AFTN
Bahrain	128K	Qualitynet	--	--	Motorola Vanguard 6455	N/A	AFTN, Radar Voice
Baghdad	64K	Qualitynet	192.168.0.160	255.255.255.0	Motorola Modem 3460	N/A	AFTN-Voice

**Remarks:**

- The connectivity for circuits (Beirut, Doha, Damascus, Karachi and Bahrain) is pure layer 2 there is no IP configuration on these circuits.
- For Tehran circuit there is IP configuration on the WAN side 172.16.12.2/30 (between Quality net and Tehran provider), but there is no IP configuration between Quality net and DGCA Kuwait.



**State      Jordan (Amman)**

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Cairo	64k	N/A	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Vanguard	N/A	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Jeddah	64k	N/A	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Vanguard	N/A	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Abu Dhabi*	2M	NITC	193.188.93.19	255.255.255.0	Cisco 5510	N/A	AMHS

\* The link type between Jordan and Abu Dhabi is over public internet (VPN)

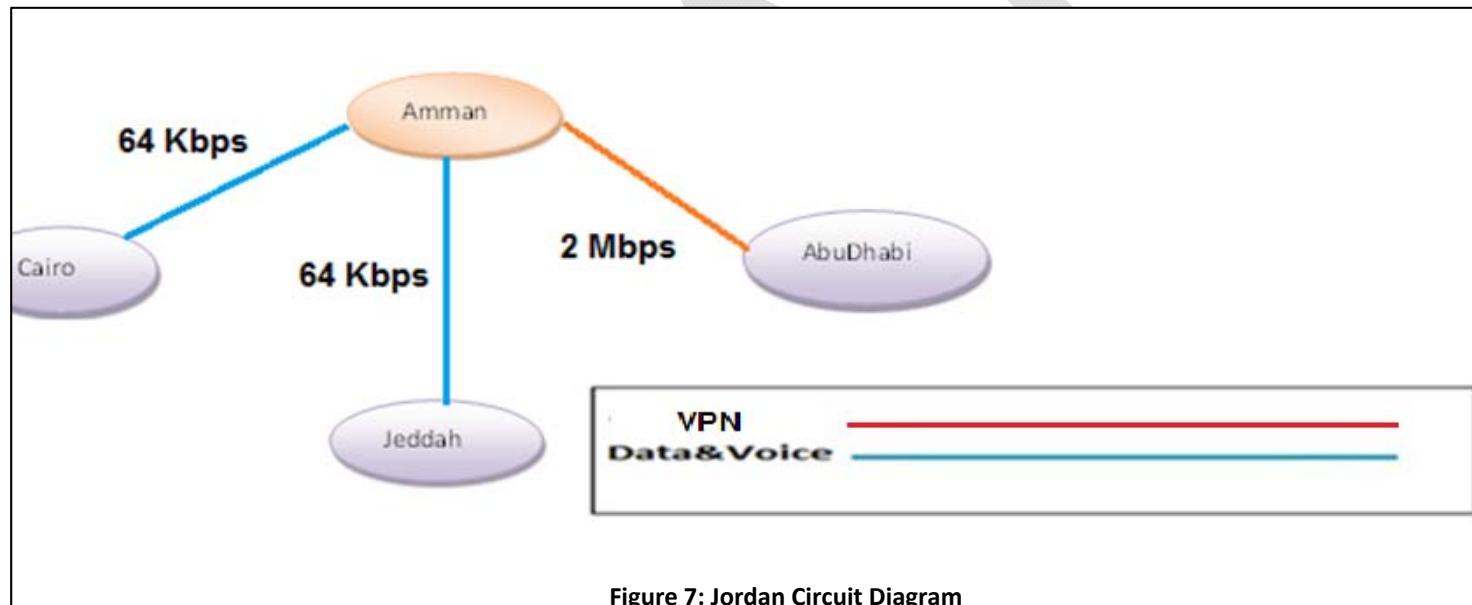
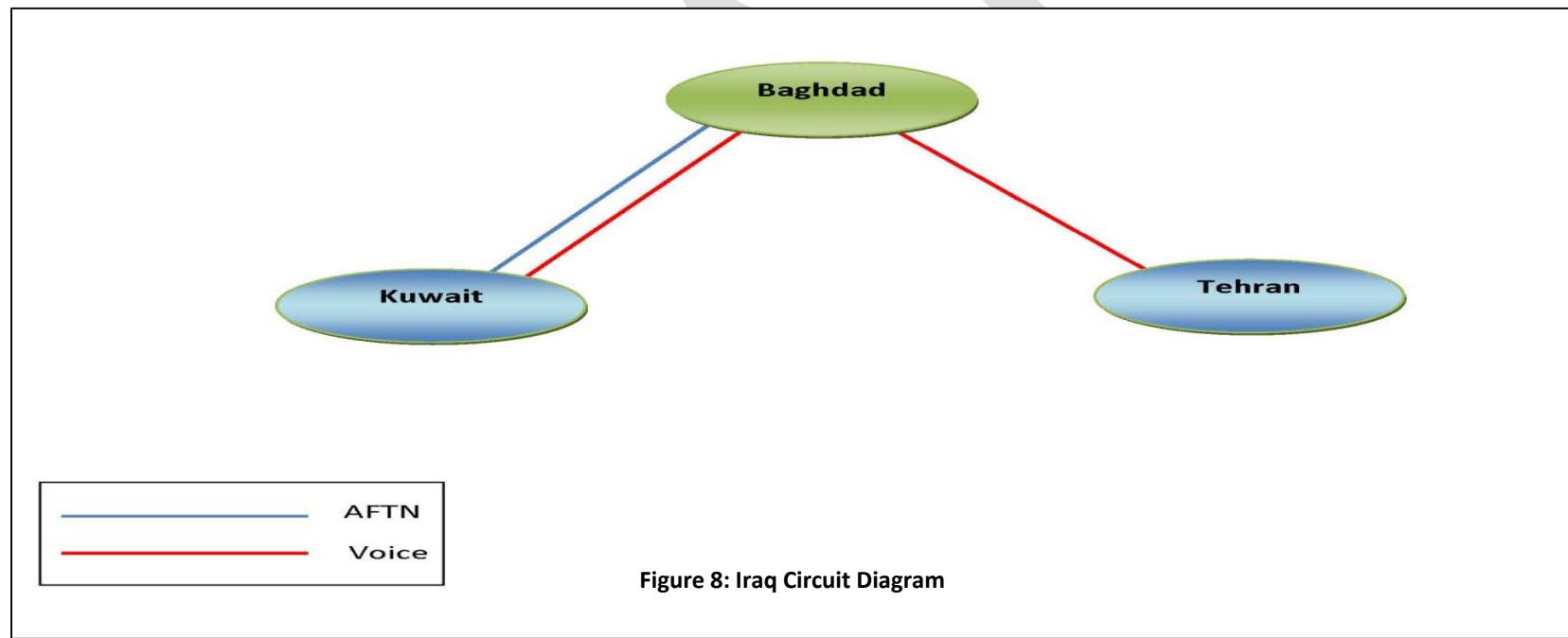


Figure 7: Jordan Circuit Diagram

**ATT B****State Iraq (Baghdad)**

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Iran	32k	Passcom	192.168.191.10	255.255.255.0	NDsatcom SkyWan 5000	FXS	Voice
Kuwait	64k	Passcom	192.168.191.2	255.255.255.0	NDsatcom SkyWan 5000	FXS	Voice
			192.168.0.60	255.255.255.0		Ethernet	AFTN



## State QATAR (Doha)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Abu Dhabi	128k	QTEL	200.200.200.x	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vanguard 6455	serial	AFTN, Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Kuwait	64 k	QTEL	N/A	N/A	New Bridge Modem 2602	Serial	AFTN
Bahrain	64 k	QTEL	N/A	N/A	Motorola Vanguard 6840	serial	AFTN, Radar
Bahrain	64 k	QTEL	N/A	N/A		FXO/FXS	AFTN, Radar
					Motorola Vanguard 6840	Voice	Voice

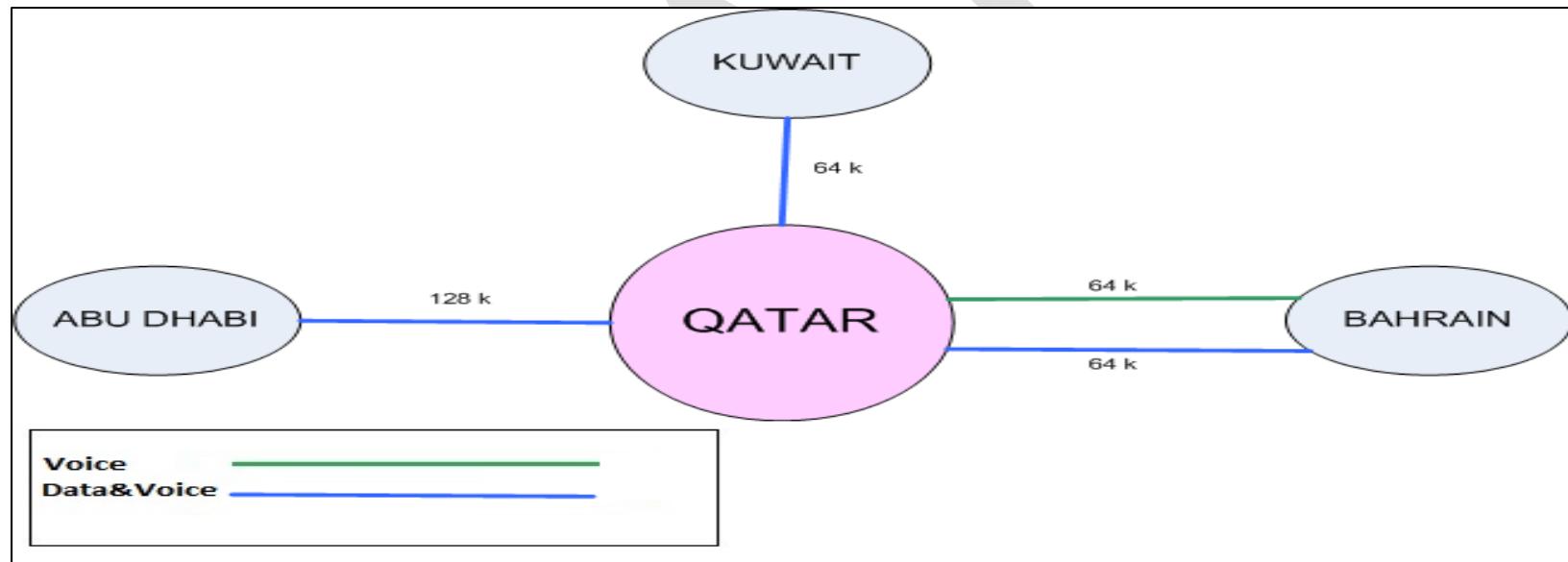


Figure 9: Qatar Circuit Diagram

## ATT B

### State OMAN (Muscat)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Abu Dhabi	64 k	OMANTEL	192.168.12.142	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vanguard 6455	serial	AFTN, AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
JEDDAH	64 k	OMANTEL	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Cisco 2800	serial	AFTN, AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Bahrain	64 k	OMANTEL	192.168.30.1	255.255.255.0	Cisco 2800	serial	AFTN, Radar
						FXO/FXS	AFTN, Radar
Iran	64 k	OMANTEL	172.16.14.0	255.255.255.252	Cisco 2800	FXO/FXS	Voice

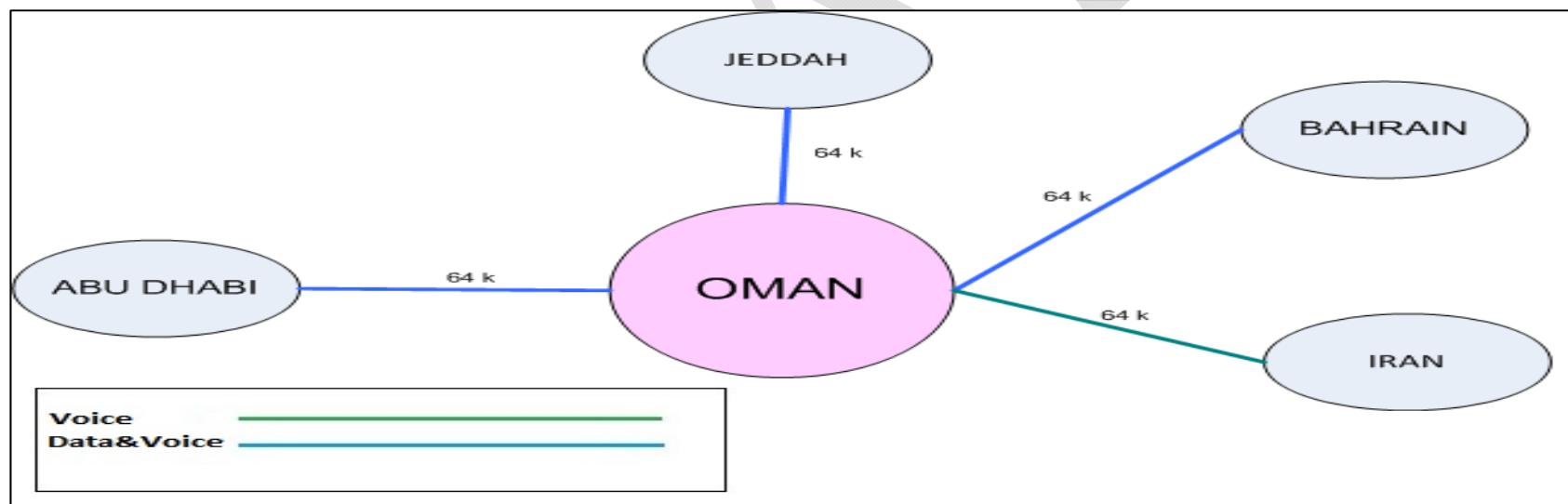


Figure 10: Oman Circuit Diagram

**Remark:**

After conducting the IP network Survey, *Common infrastructure characteristics in all states have been found as follows:*

- Lebanon is in process of migration three circuits to IP networks (Kuwait, Bahrain, and Jeddah).
- Libya, Sudan, Syria and Yemen do not have IP circuits implemented
- Security Measure: Not implemented\*
- Voice interfaces: FXO/FXS
- Voice Protocol Supported: SIP,H.323
- All IP circuits is using IPv4
- Link Type: Leased Line.
- Router interfaces: Async Serial, Sync Serial ,Ethernet

\* Jordan has a firewall device CISCO ASA5510 for Abu Dhabi link (VPN)

- END -