Lessons Learned in Upset Prevention and Recovery Training

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Federal Aviation Administration

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Questions I imagined you having

- Do we know if UPRT is working?
- Any consensus UPRT pros/cons?
- Any unintended consequences?
- Any UPRT differences between operators?
- What are my UPRT anxieties?

Main points

- UPRT saved at least one commercial flight last year
- In sim, want understanding, not muscle memory
- UPRT quality control is incredibly important

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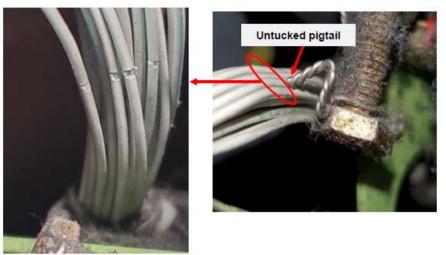
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- Republic 4439 E175 trim runaway incident (Nov 2019)
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- Need additional industry-wide metrics

Main point #1



- Untucked pigtail causing trim electrical short
- Nine other airplanes also had chafing
- Memory item differences between airline and OEM
- Used UPRT skill of banking to lower nose

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 - Many pilots have said "why didn't I know this before now?"
 - Some pilots saying "yes" when asked if there is anything else they would like to see during their simulator session

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- Cons
 - Hear that we are destroying their simulators (yet, others in the same company are saying that is not true)
 - Some frustration on expectations and implementation of some of the requirements like differences training, slow flight, bounced landing, and gusting crosswinds

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- A few forest versus trees problems
 - instructor station details
 - overfocus on procedure at the expense of understanding

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 - Some have a 4-hrs of academics, followed by a 4-hr dedicated UPRT simulator session

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- My 2020 plan was travel and compare programs
 - Then, COVID-19

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- The learning points should NOT be
 - "this is the right amount and rate of control input" as the flight condition affects that

Main point #2

• Simulator load factor limitations

- Some recoveries feel great in the simulator but they won't in the aircraft
 - Pulling 2.5g's in a commercial transport is unnerving, and may cause you to change your input
 - While I think aerobatic training has some benefits, it is not a fix
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- Seeing excessive control in the simulator getting overlooked
- Seeing confusion among concepts of lift, load factor, and AOA
 - Since sim provides so little load factor, the sim is not clearing that confusion
 - Particularly seeing error of saying some display movements are from load factor, when they are from AOA (like the red zipper)
 - Load factor = L/W; Lift = f(CAS, AOA, configuration); AOA = well, you know

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 - Breaking the stall is easy...it's the ensuing recovery that's hard
 - At high altitude, lack of pitch damping wreaks recovery havoc
 - At low altitude, pitch-up from too much thrust wreaks recovery havoc

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 - For instance:
 - Top and bottom amber bands
 - Top and bottom barber poles
 - Which ones move during maneuvering? Why?
 - Can use speed trend vector to in recoveries for proper amount and timing of pitch inputs

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- If the pilot is the lifesaver after a particular failure, then the less likely the failure happens, perhaps the more that failure needs to be trained
 - If you hardly ever train for it, you may hardly ever respond correctly

• Incomplete understanding, awareness, and use of trim

- A LOT of people are teaching UPRT
 - Most are quite good, and I continue to learn from others
 - Potential slippery slope with instructor turnover
 - Quality control is incredibly important

Main point #3

Conclusions

- UPRT saved at least one commercial flight last year
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- UPRT quality control is incredibly important