

Aviation Infrastructure for Africa Gap Analysis

Priority Evaluation Items for Air Navigation Services (ANS)

Presented by Prosper Zo'o Minto'o

Deputy Regional Director, ICAO, Western and Central African Office March 2019



Structure of preliminary analysis

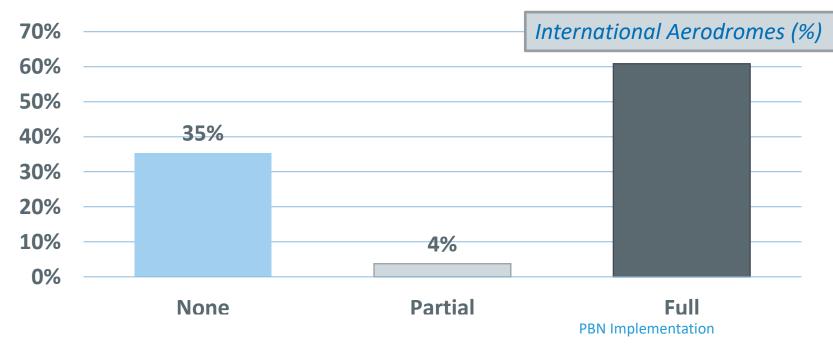
- Gap Area 1: Air Traffic Management (ATM)
- Gap Area 2: Communications, Navigation & Surveillance (CNS)
- Gap Area 3: Aeronautical Information Management (AIM)
- Gap Area 4: Aeronautical Meteorology (MET)
- Gap Area 5: Search and Rescue (SAR)



Gap Area 1: ATM



Implementation Gap-ATM PBN Implementation



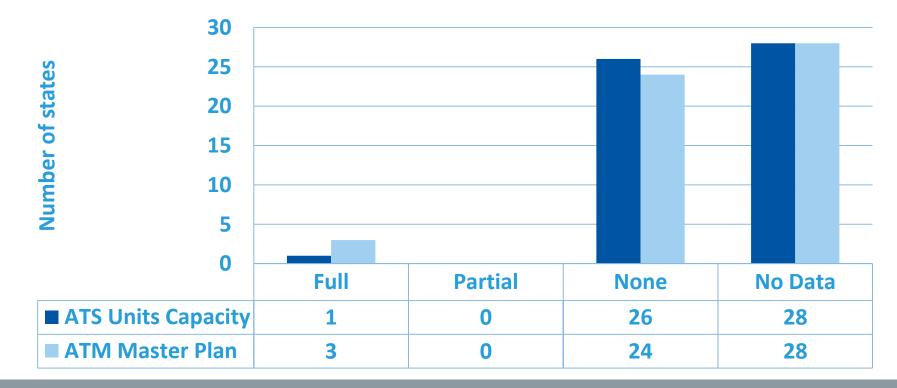


Implementation Gap-ATM PBN Implementation

- 35% of int. aerodromes have no performance based navigation (PBN) approaches
- 61% of the int. aerodromes have PBN on all instr. runway ends
- 11% of int. aerodromes with visual approach procedures only



Implementation Gap- ATM



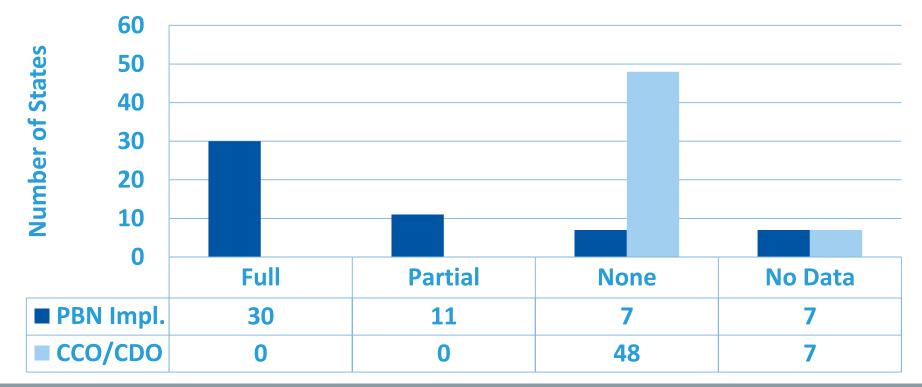


Implementation Gap- ATM

- Low ATS Units Capacity in terms of across the Region
- Low pace of development and implementation of ATM Master Plan



Implementation Gap – ATM (cont.)





Implementation Gap – ATM (cont.)

• PBN Implementation as per Assembly Resolution A37-11 is relatively high but needs to be completed

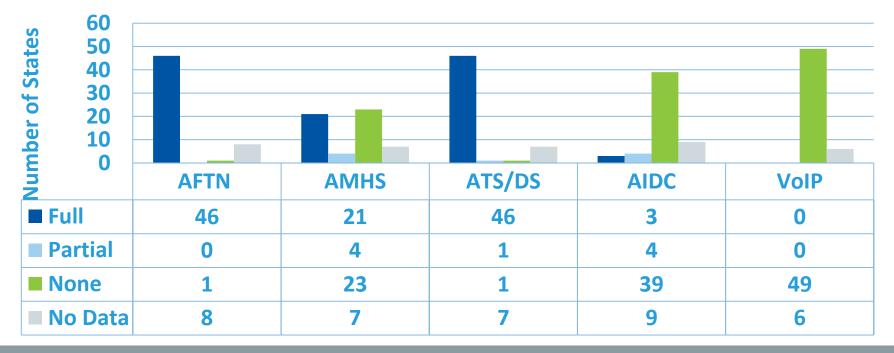
• CCO/CDO implementation has not started to take full advantage of PBN approach procedures



Gap Area 2: CNS



Infrastructure Implementation Gap – Ground/Ground Communications



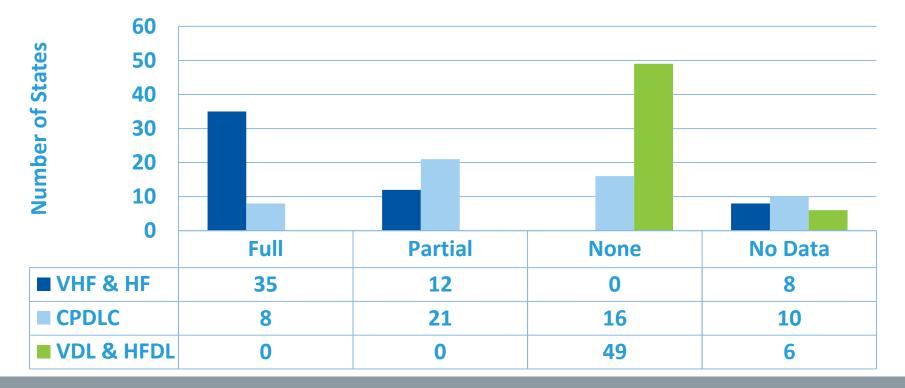


Infrastructure Implementation Gap – Ground/Ground Communications

- High rate of implementation of the AFI AFTN Plan
- Relatively low progress in implementing AMHS circuits and low interconnection of existing AMHS systems
- Very low progress in implementing AIDC (OLDI) circuits interconnection between ATM systems
- Implementation and interconnection of VoIP not started although planned by APIRG



Infrastructure Implementation Gap – Air/Ground Communications



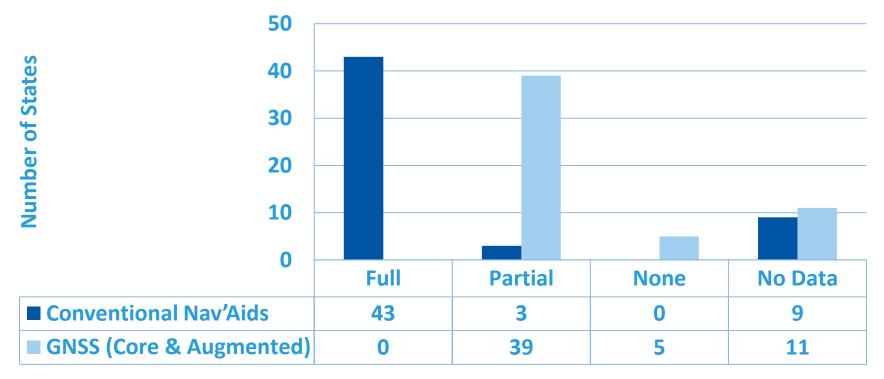


Infrastructure Implementation Gap – Air/Ground Communications

- Good VHF & HF coverage of the airspace along the routes with some casual shortage of availability and quality
- Progress in implementing CPDLC across Flight Information Regions
- Implementation and interconnection of VDL & HF DL not started although planned by APIRG



Infrastructure Implementation Gap – Navigation



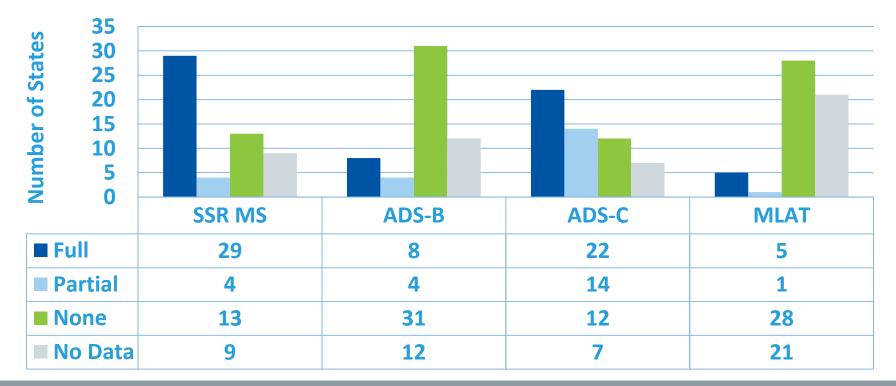


Infrastructure Implementation Gap – Navigation

- Good pace of implementation conventional Navaids (VOR, DME, ILS)
- GNSS core constellations highly used although outstanding lack of approval.
- Low pace of implementation of SBAS as compared to ABAS (SBAS subjected to impact analysis according to APIRG GNSS strategy)



Implementation Gap – Surveillance





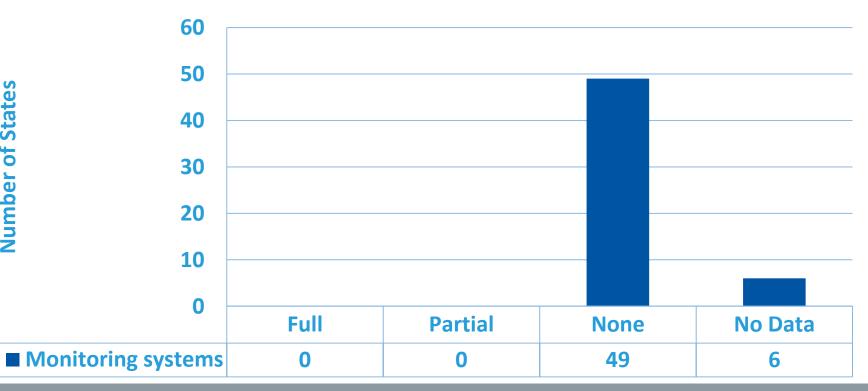
Implementation Gap – Surveillance

- Progress in implementing Secondary Surveillance Radar (SSR) Mode S
- Low pace of implementation of ADS-B stations
- Progress in implementing ADS-C across Flight Information Regions
- Low level of implementation and operation of MLAT stations



Number of States

Implementation Gap – Spectrum





Implementation Gap – Spectrum

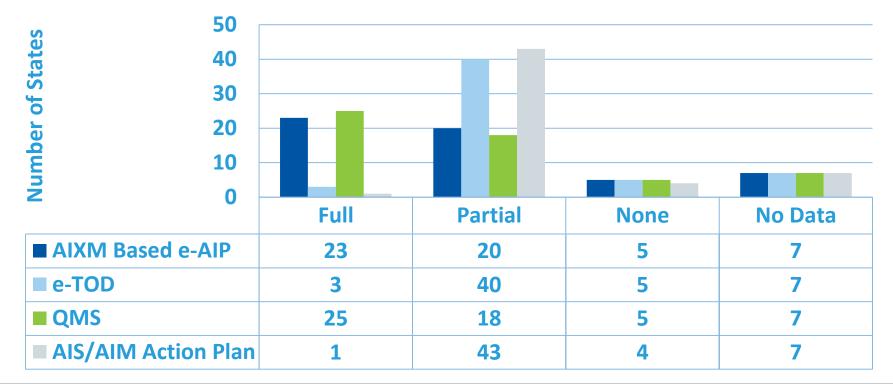
- No implementation of spectrum monitoring and reporting systems although increasing number of interference occurrences.
- Reports on such occurrences are requested by ITU to address cases of harmful interferences to aviation.



Gap Area 3: AIM



Implementation Gap – AIM





Implementation Gap – AIM

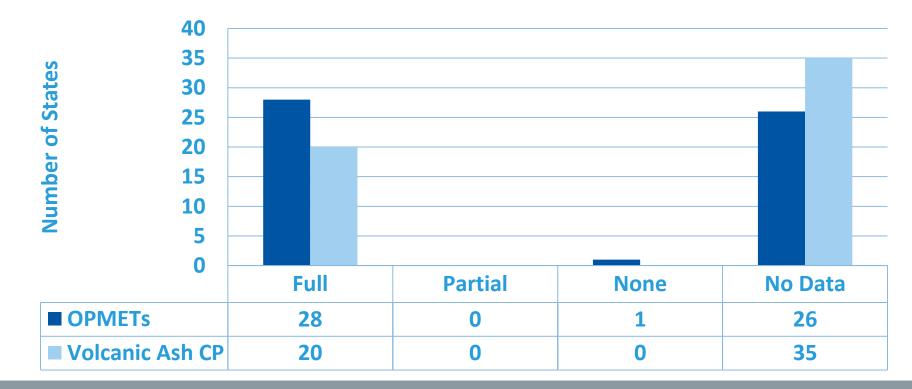
- Progress made of AIXM Based e-AIP implementation
- Progress made in implementation of e-TOD
- AIS/AIM Transition Plans developed



Gap Area 4: MET



Implementation Gap – MET





Implementation Gap – MET

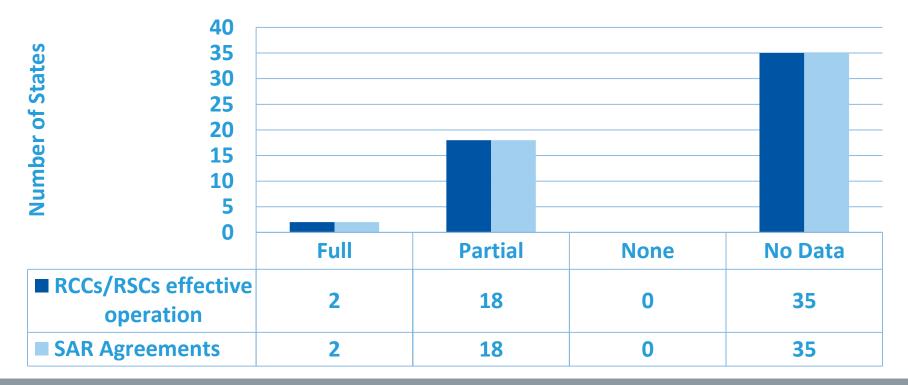
- Increased availability rate of OPMETs
- Low pace of implementation of Volcanic Ash contingency procedures



Gap Area 5: SAR



Implementation Gap – Search and Rescue





Implementation Gap – Search and Rescue

- SAR Operation: Low pace of establishment of effective RCCs/RSCs
- SAR Agreements: Low pace of signature of effective SAR Agreements as per An12 provisions.



Aggregated Implementation Gaps - ANS

