



Agenda Item 4: Other business

ICAO AIR NAVIGATION PANELS, STUDY GROUPS AND TASK FORCES – WORK PROGRAMME

(Presented by the Secretariat)

1 Background

1.1 The International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) has established panels, study groups and task forces to aid the Air Navigation Commission (ANC) in the development of the ICAO Standards and Recommended Practices (SARPS) and Procedures for Air Navigation Services (PANS), for their adoption by the Council.

2 Suggested action

2.1 The meeting is invited to take note of the information provided in this Appendix to this paper.



GREPECAS
CNS/ATM/SG/2-IP/4
APPENDIX

ICAO Air Navigation Panels, Study Groups and Task Forces – Work Programme –

H.V. SUDARSHAN
International Civil Aviation Organization

Second Meeting of the Communications, Navigation
and Surveillance / Air Traffic Management Subgroup
(CNS/ATM/SG/2)
(Mexico City, Mexico, 16 to 19 November 2010)

PANELS/STUDY GROUPS/TASK FORCESS

THE VOLUNTARY WORK FORCE

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

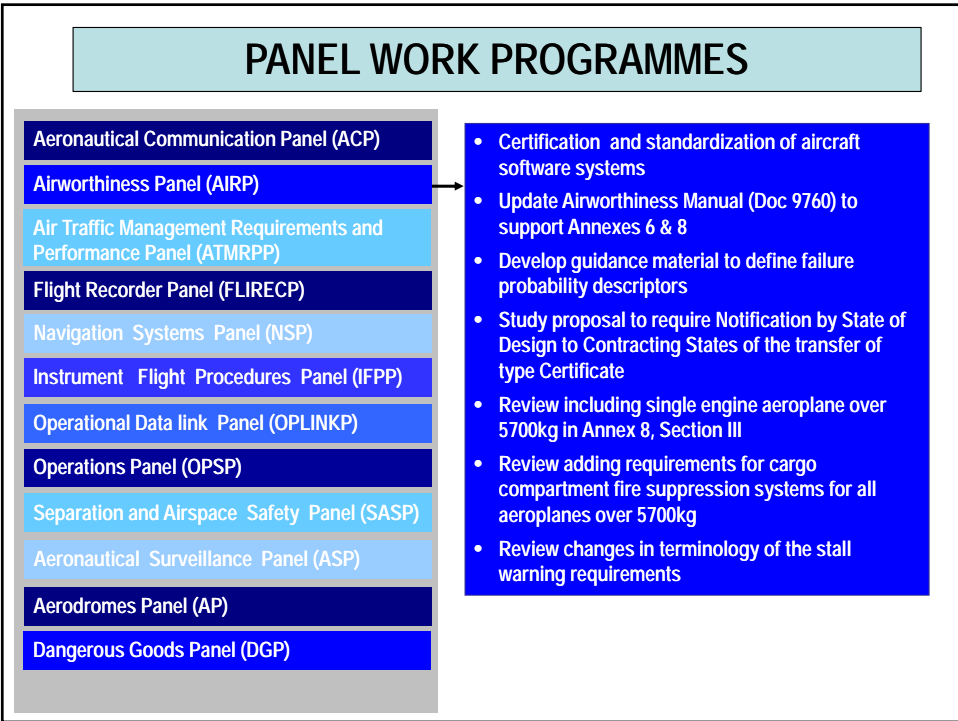
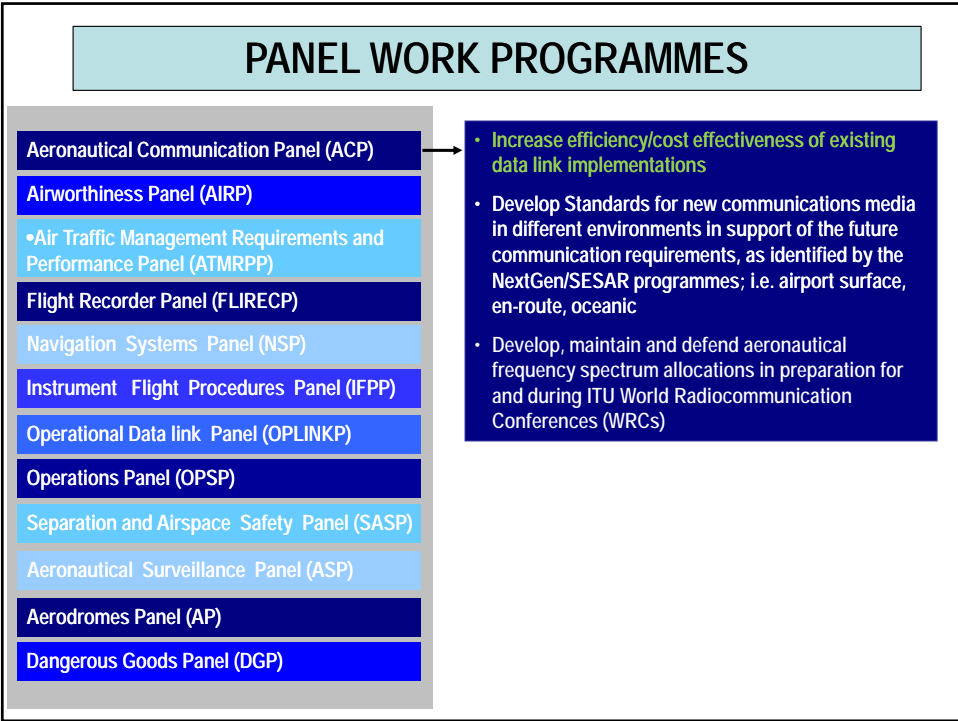
Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

Aerodromes Panel (AP)

Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

- Accident Investigation Methodology Study Group
- Aircraft Type Designators Study Group
- Aeronautical Information Service–Aeronautical Information Management Study Group (AIS-AIMSG)
- Aerodrome Meteorological Observation and Forecast Study Group (AMOFSG)
- Medical Provisions Study Group
- Meteorological Warnings Study Group (METWSG)
- PANS Aerodromes Study Group (PASG)
- Performance-Based Navigation Study Group (PBNSG)
- Safety Indicators Study Group (SISG)
- Unmanned Aircraft Systems Study Group (UASSG)
- Wake Turbulence Study Group (WTSG)
- International Airways Volcano Watch Operations Group (IAVWOPSG)
- Satellite Distribution System Operations Group (SADISOPSG)
- World Area Forecast System Operations Group (WAFSOPSG)
- Airborne Surveillance Task Force (ASTAF)
- Special Operations Task Force (SOTF)
- Fatigue Risk Management Systems Task Force (FRMSTF)
- Global PBN Task Force (GPBN TF)
- International Volcanic Ash Task Force (IVATF)
- Next Generation of Aviation Professionals Task Force

PANELS



PANEL WORK PROGRAMMES

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

Aerodromes Panel (AP)

Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

- Develop new flight planning in line with the Global ATM Operational Concept including 4D Trajectory Management (4D-TRAD) and the NextGen /SESAR developments for 2025 and beyond
- Management of the information necessary to provide the optimum ATM service (SDM)
- Optimization of operations through the use of CDM
- Develop performance-based SARPs in support of the new flight planning system in line with the Global ATM Operational Concept

PANEL WORK PROGRAMMES

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

Aerodromes Panel (AP)

Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

- Study the feasibility of airborne image recordings of the general cockpit area
- Update provisions on flight recorders due to technical developments
- Development of provisions on lightweight recording systems
- Look into means to improve the likelihood of recovering flight data following an accident

PANEL WORK PROGRAMMES

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

Aerodromes Panel (AP)

Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

- SBAS-based CAT I operations
- GBAS-based CAT II/III operations
- Define ILS critical & sensitive areas (CS) for large aircraft
- Improve GNSS availability & performance through introduction of dual frequency systems and multiple constellations
- Reduce conventional NAVAID infrastructure

PANEL WORK PROGRAMMES

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

Aerodromes Panel (AP)

Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

- Flight procedures requirements to address PBN fixed wing operations (RF turns, RNP AR etc)
- Flight procedure requirements for SBAS and GBAS
- Flight procedure requirements for helicopter PBN
- Continuous descent approach operations and Continuous climb operations
- Requirements for safety assessment of flight procedures including new collision risk model
- Quality Assurance guidance on the flight procedure development process
- Charting and database requirements for instrument flight procedures
- Development of guidance on Flight validation

PANEL WORK PROGRAMMES

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

Aerodromes Panel (AP)

Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

- Increasingly harmonized data link procedures allowing for seamless operations
- New set of data link messages for ADS-C, DLIC, CPDLC & DFIS that support ATS. Includes D-OTIS, Departure clearance, D-TAXI, Conformance Management/Flight Plan Intent (FLIPINT) and 4D Trajectory Management (4D-TRAD)
- Utilization of SATCOM Voice for routine ATS communications (OCA)

PANEL WORK PROGRAMMES

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

Aerodromes Panel (AP)

Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

- Provide guidance for the operational use of electronic flight bags (EFBs)
- Relaxation of approach restrictions currently in force for commencement of a final approach in instrument meteorological conditions (commonly known as "Approach Ban")
- Guidance on all-weather operations
- Modernize fuel planning and alternate selection provisions in Annex 6
- Develop guidance and industry best practices to Helicopter Emergency Medical Services HEMS
- Identify safety hazards which may be related to modification of flight operations to accommodate environmental issues and develop strategies to mitigate associated safety risks
- Identify operational areas in which improved pilot training is indicated

PANEL WORK PROGRAMMES

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

Aerodromes Panel (AP)

Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

- Harmonized use & exchange of RVSM monitoring data among RMAs
- 2.5 NM in-trail separation on final up to 20 miles from runway end
- MLAT & ADS-B for 3NM separation minima in use
- More stringent speed controls in oceanic airspace
- Enhanced terminal separation minima for PBN aircraft.
- GNSS (DME 10) separation in oceanic airspace
- Micro offsets (100 meter increments) as a next step of SLOP
- In-trail climb using ADS-B & CPDLC
- Surveillance capability extended to wide area multilateration systems
- Monitoring 5 minute longitudinal separation minima trials

PANEL WORK PROGRAMMES

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

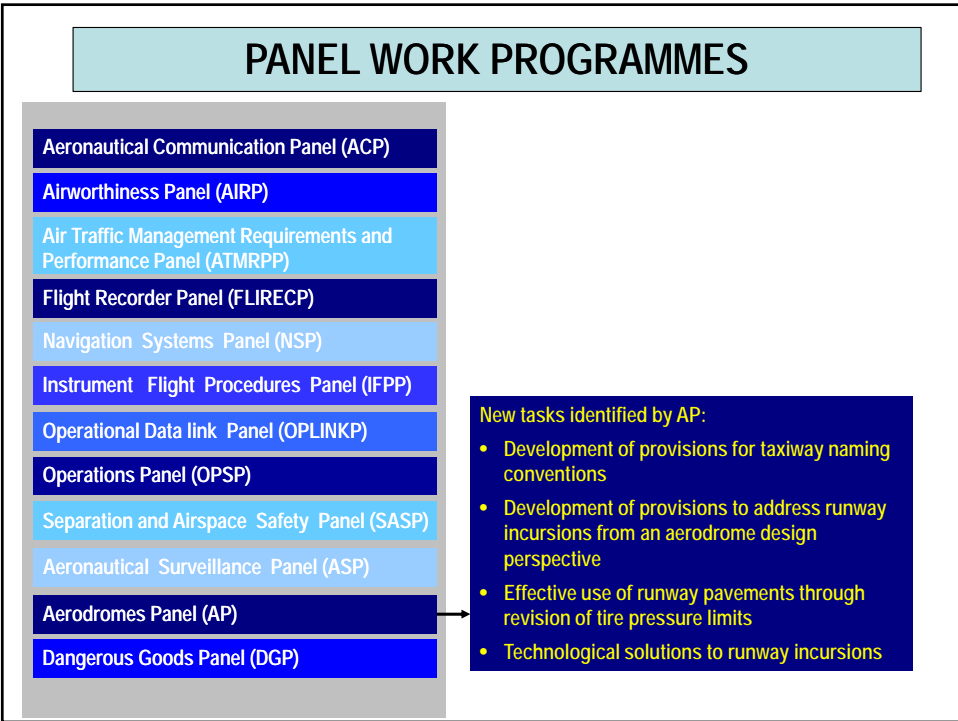
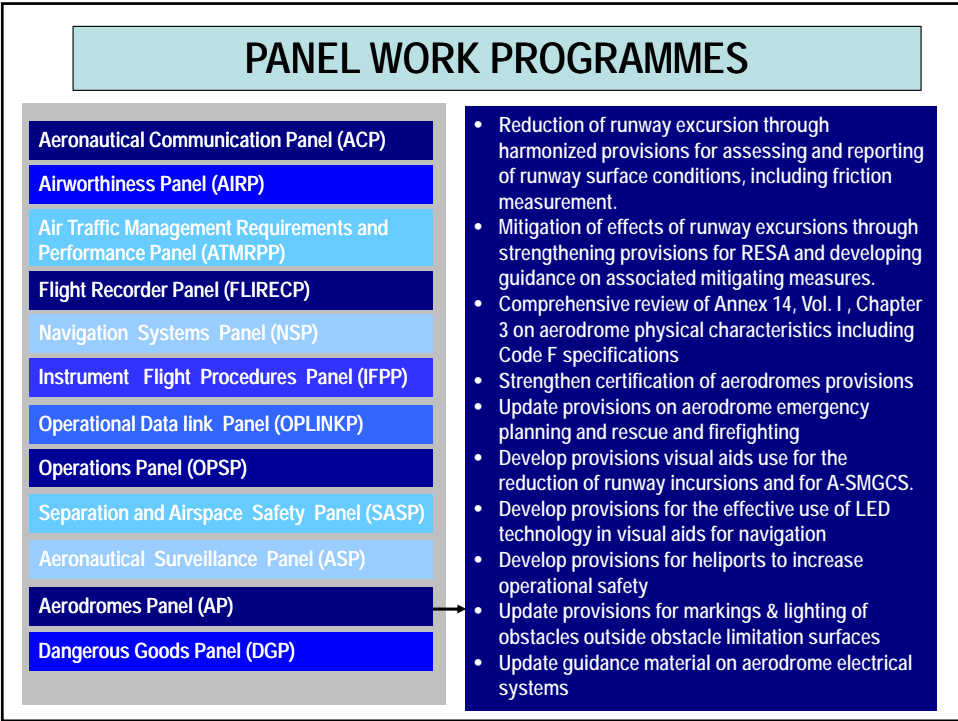
Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

Aerodromes Panel (AP)

Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

- Technical Standards for radar, ADS-B, multilateration and ACAS
- Increased capacity of 1030 MHz extended squitter to accommodate growth in traffic and new applications
- New cost-effective means of surveillance (e.g. multi-static primary radar)
- New type/concept of ACAS
- Detect and avoid for UAS operations



PANEL WORK PROGRAMMES

Aeronautical Communication Panel (ACP)

Airworthiness Panel (AIRP)

Air Traffic Management Requirements and
Performance Panel (ATMRPP)

Flight Recorder Panel (FLIRECP)

Navigation Systems Panel (NSP)

Instrument Flight Procedures Panel (IFPP)

Operational Data link Panel (OPLINKP)

Operations Panel (OPSP)

Separation and Airspace Safety Panel (SASP)

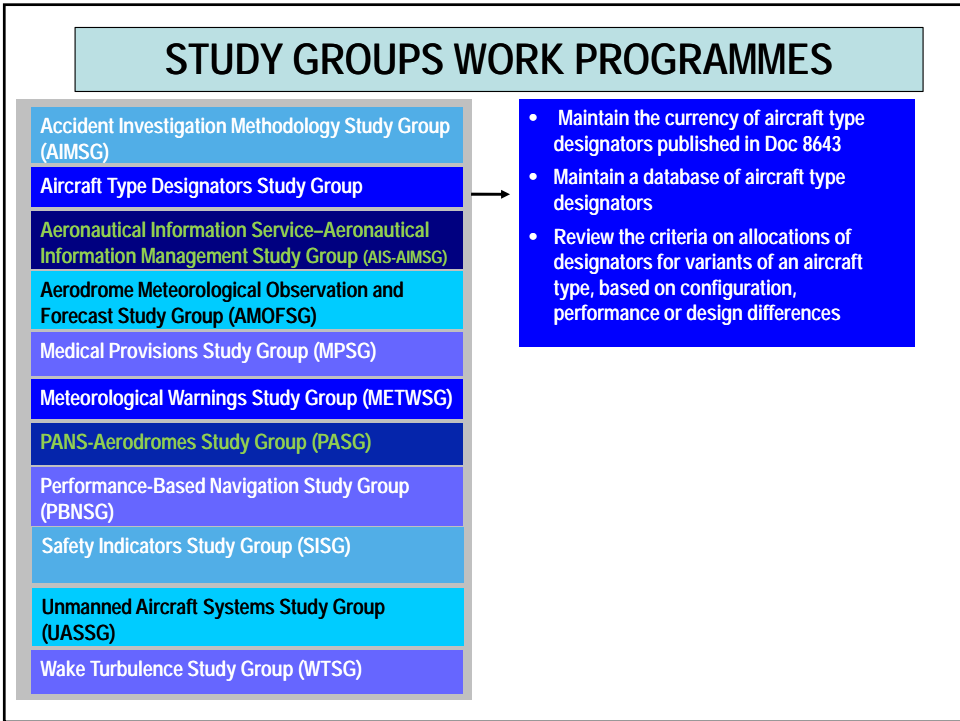
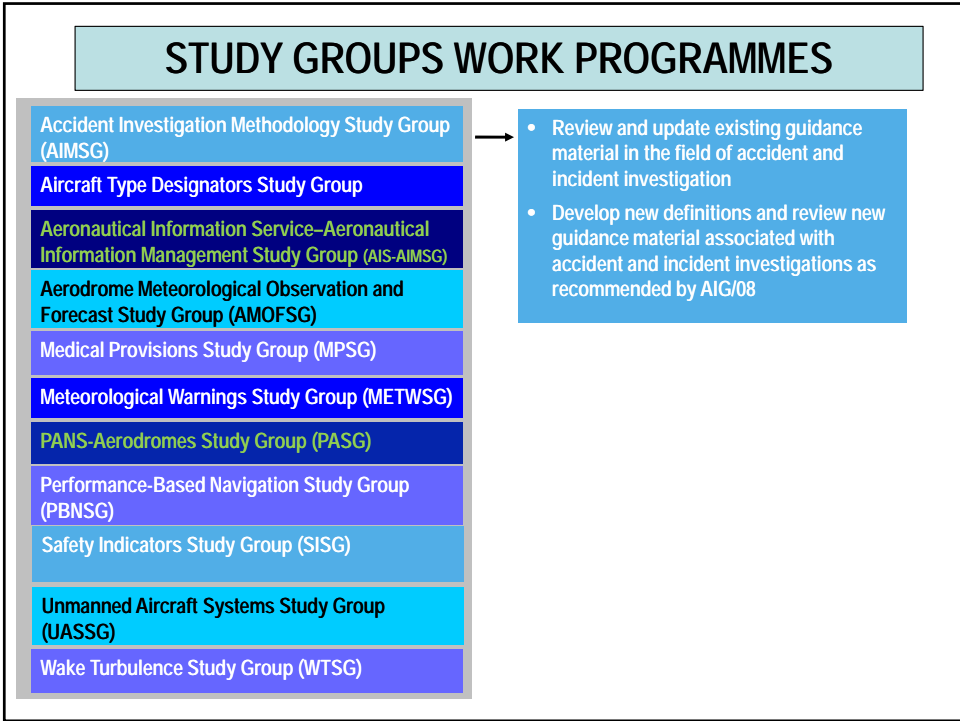
Aeronautical Surveillance Panel (ASP)

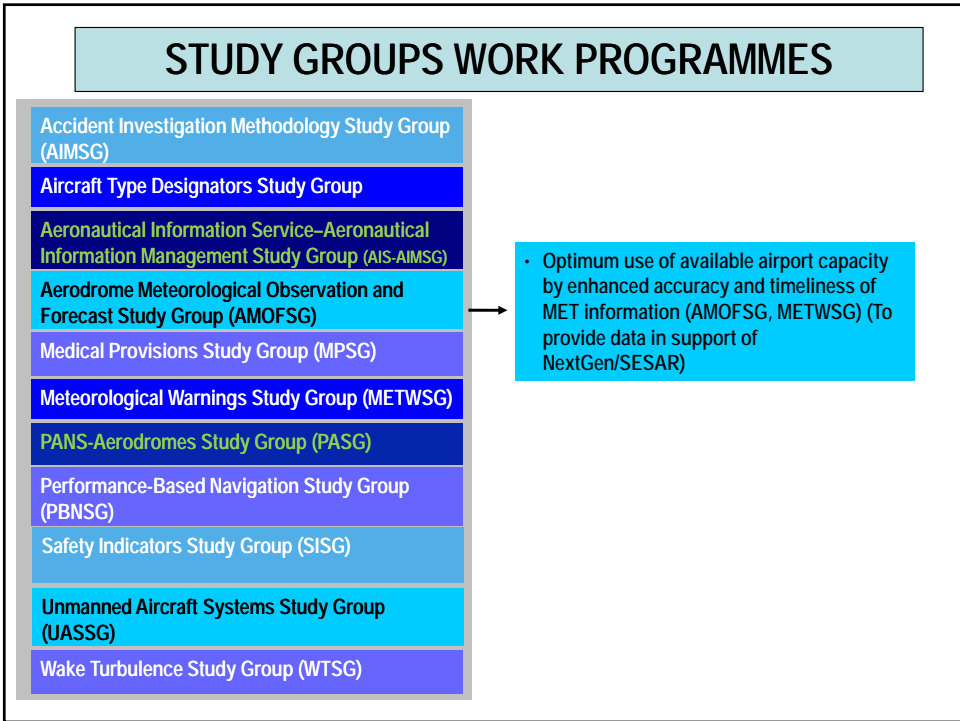
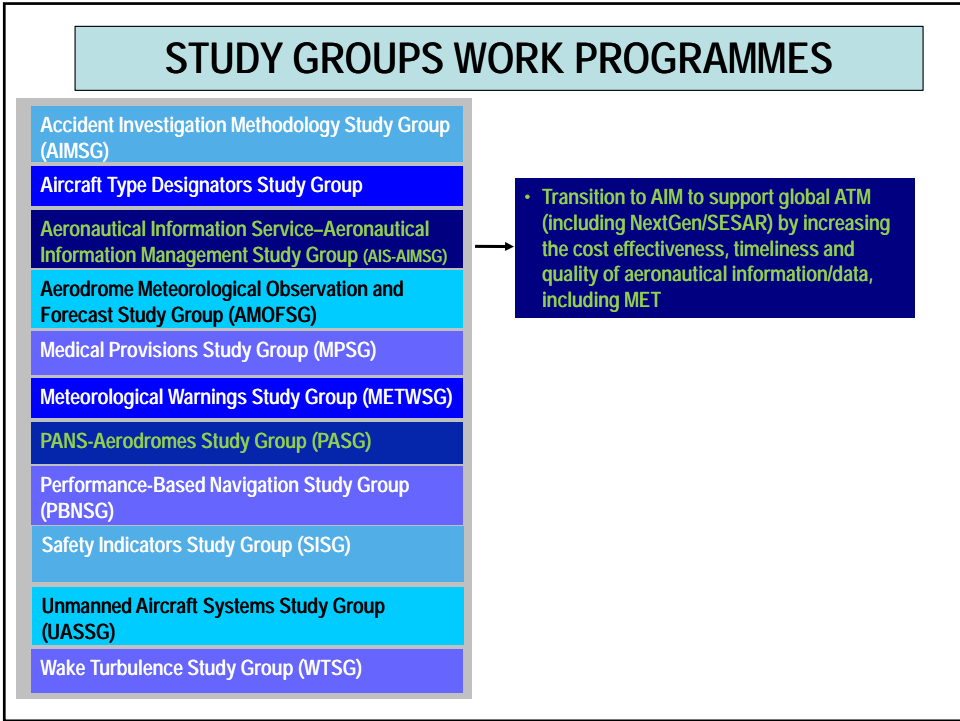
Aerodromes Panel (AP)

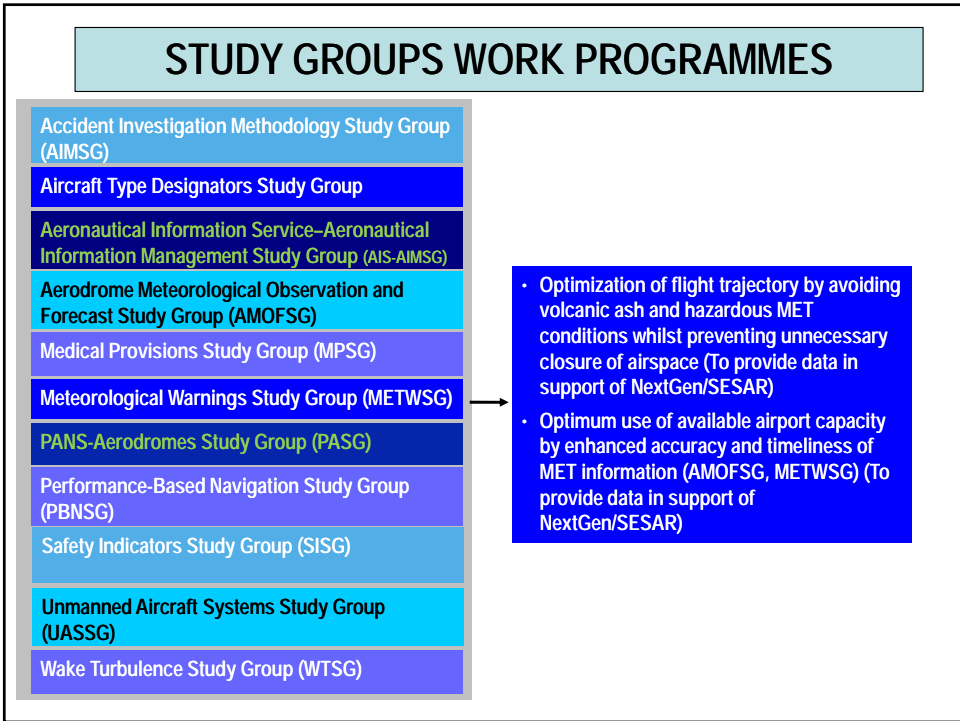
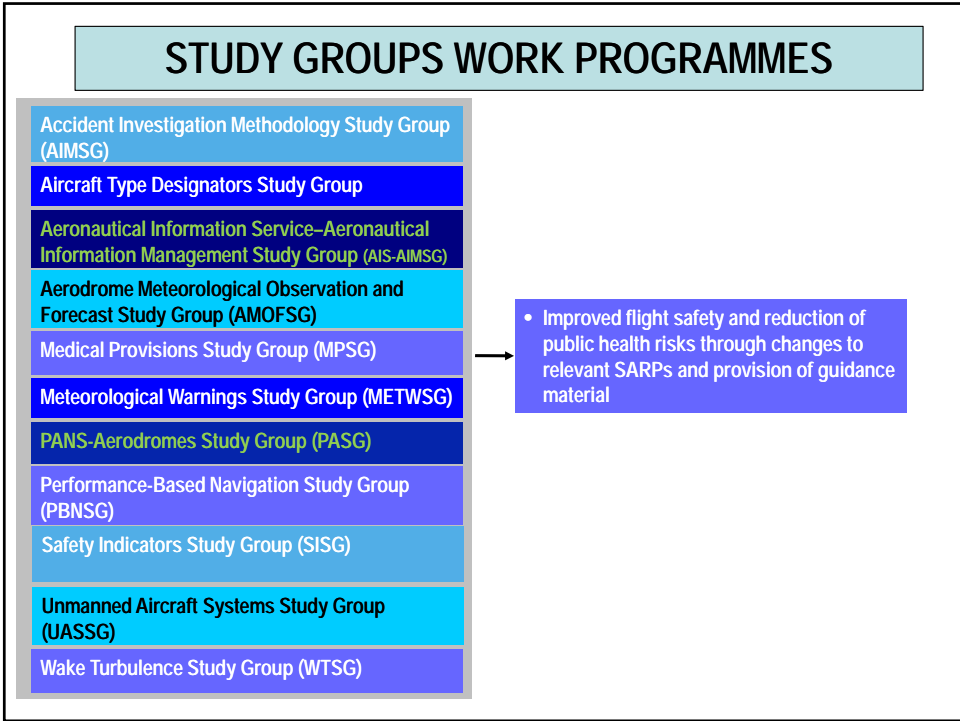
Dangerous Goods Panel (DGP)

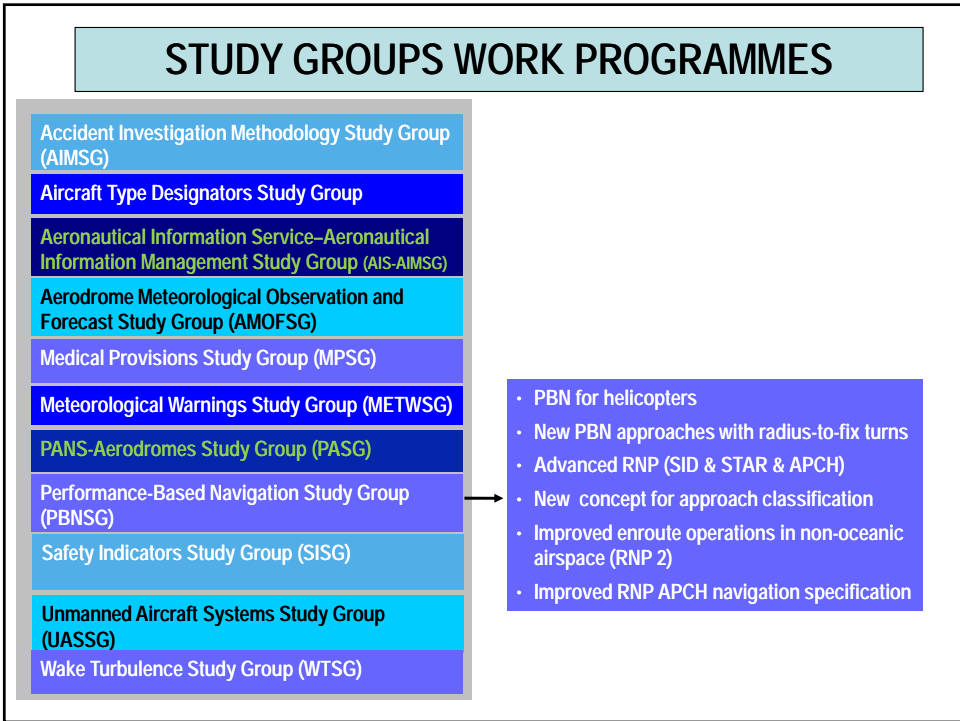
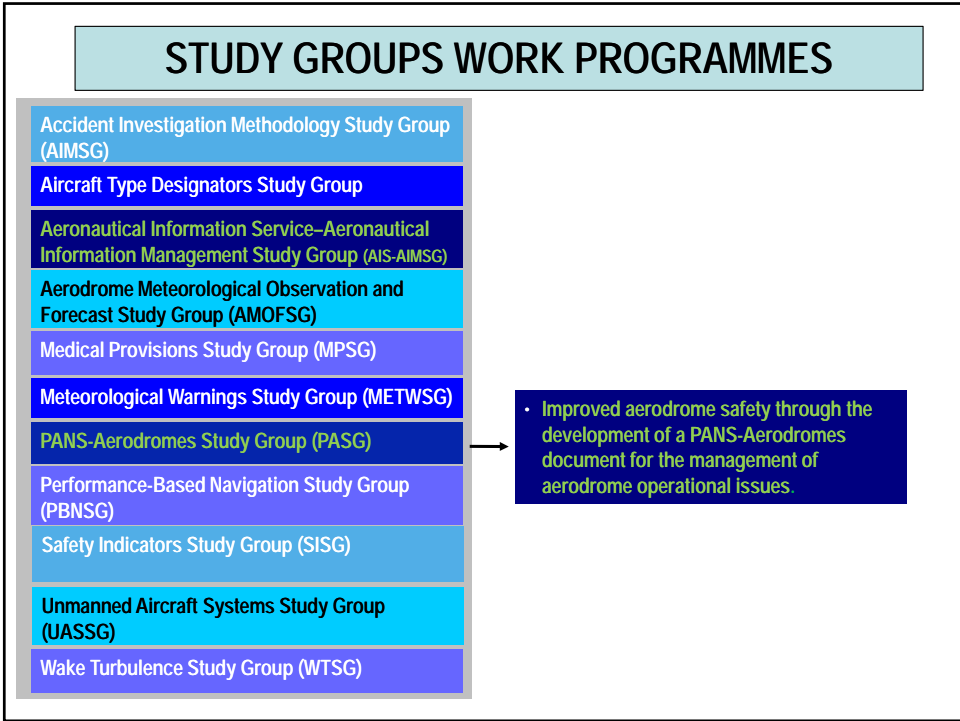
- Develop amendments to the Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air and its related documents so as to ensure that the documents remain up-to-date.
- Address emerging and on-going safety concerns, e.g. batteries (including lithium batteries), gas mixtures, exemptions and approvals.

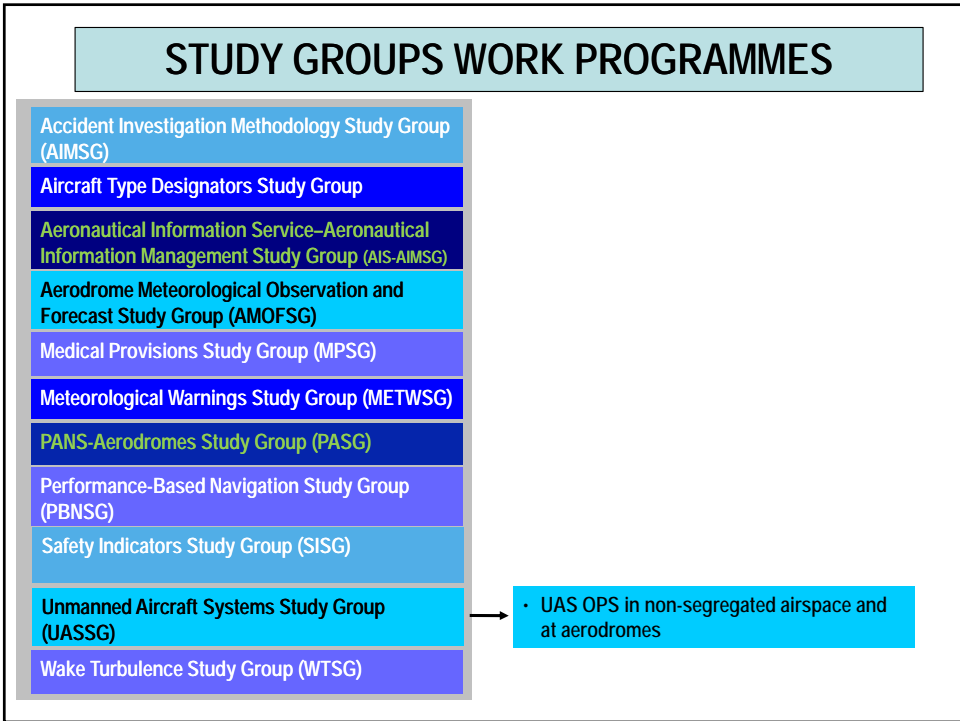
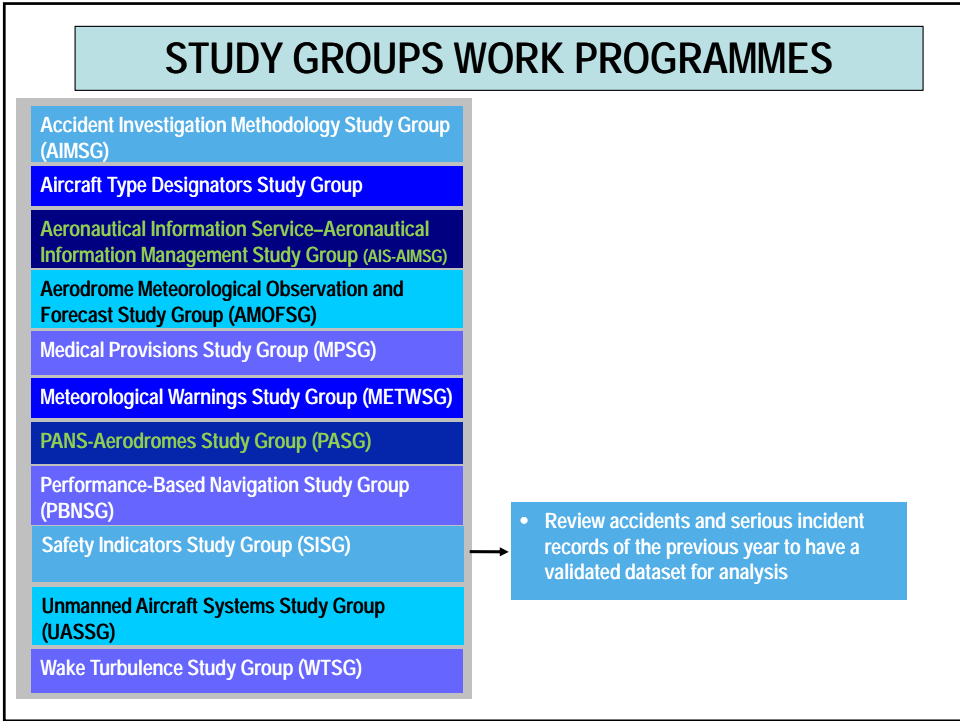
STUDY GROUPS

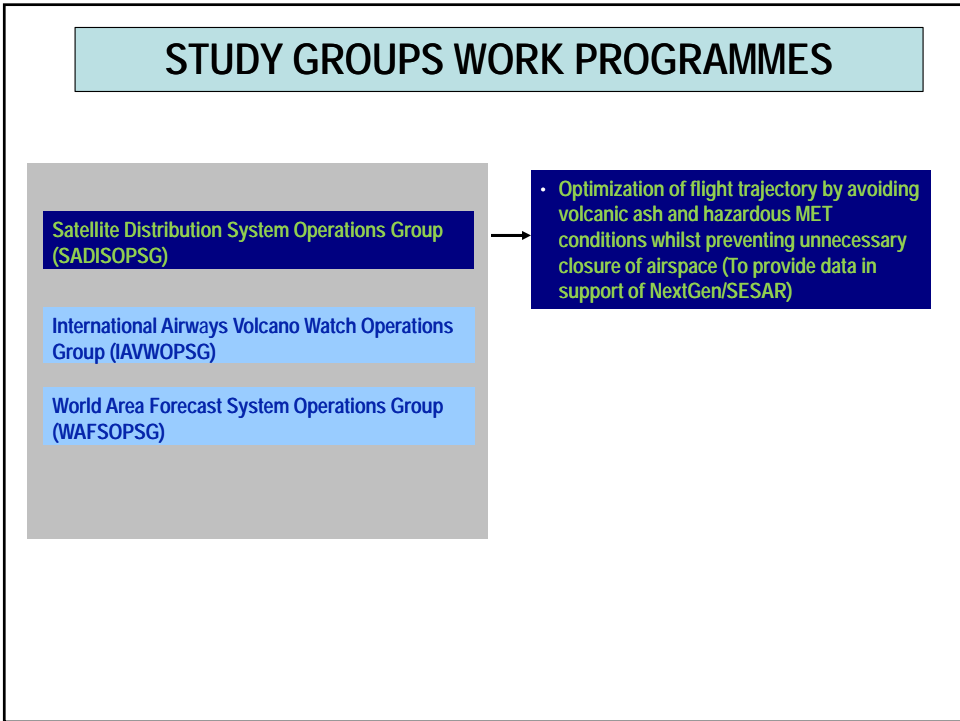
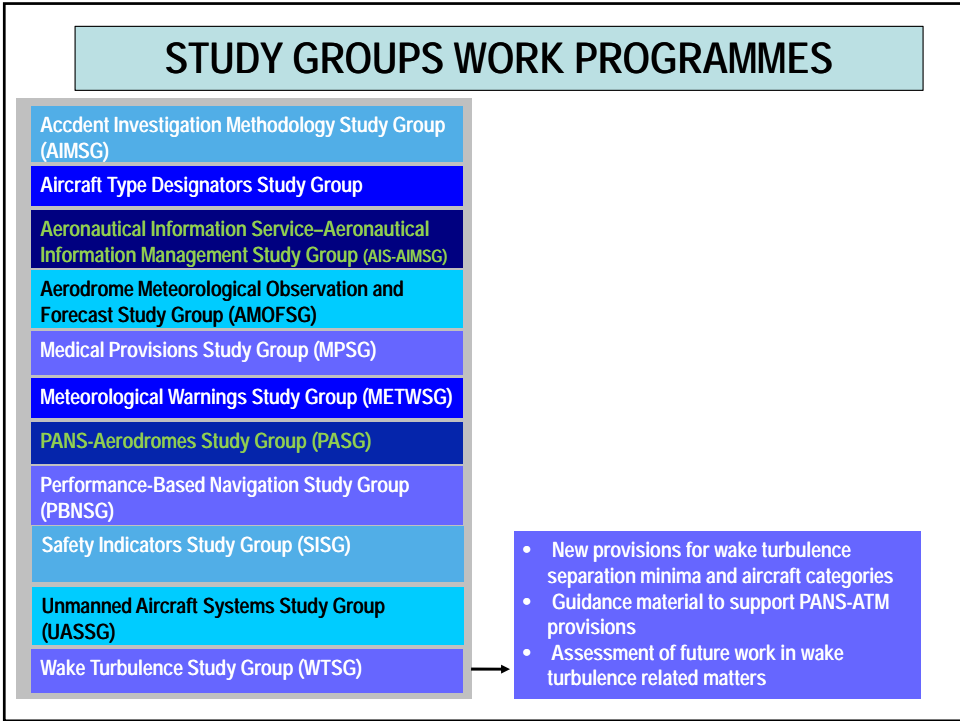


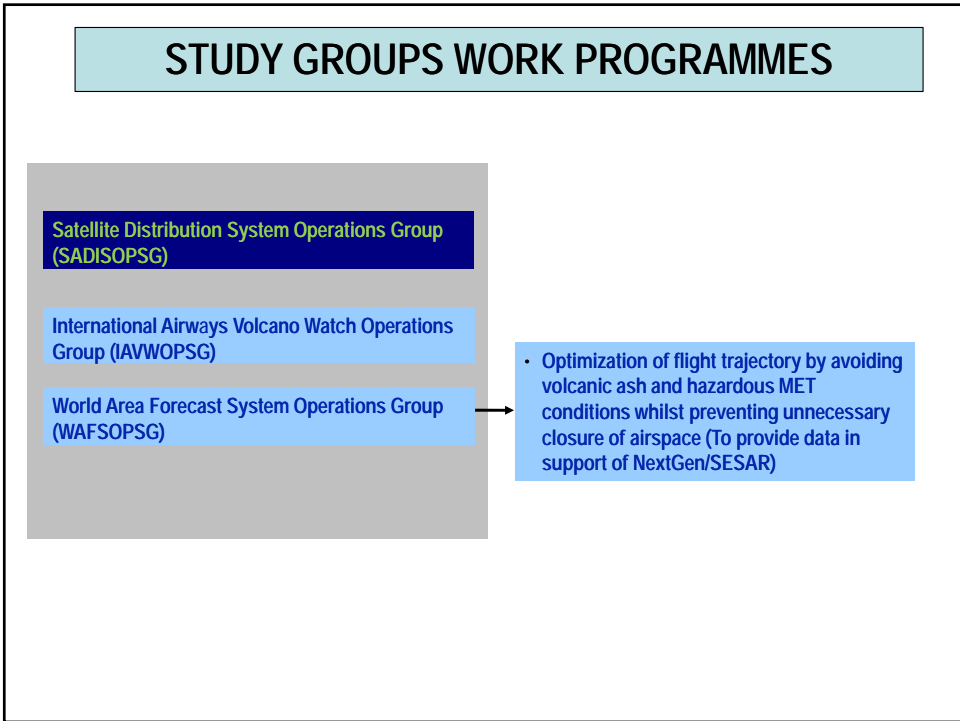
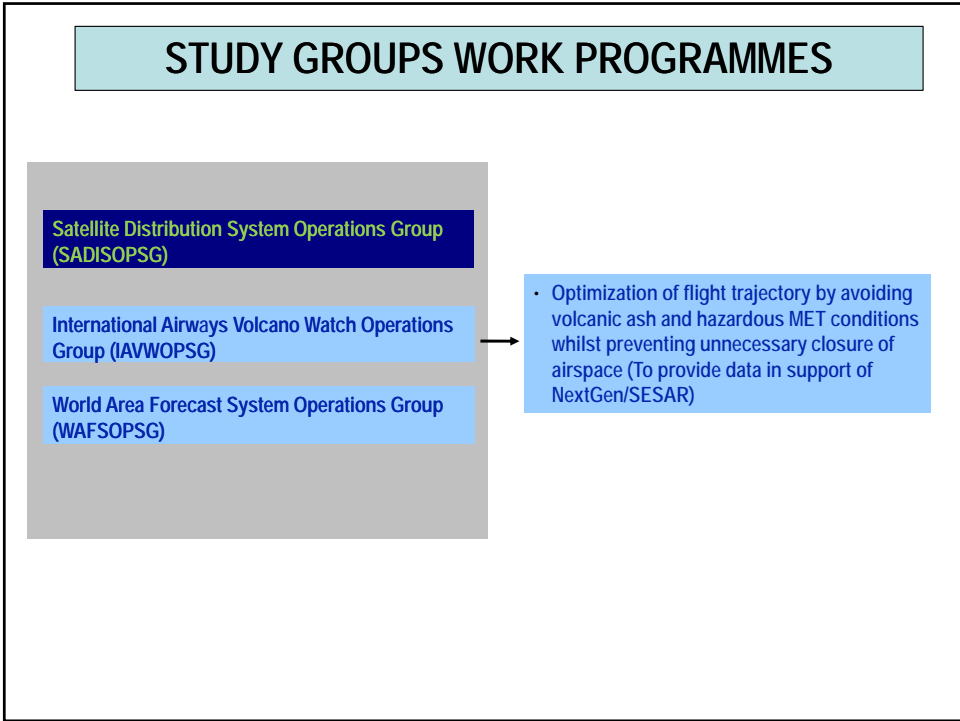












TASK FORCES

TASK FORCES WORK PROGRAMMES

Airborne Surveillance Task Force (ASTAF)

Special Operations Task Force (SOTF)

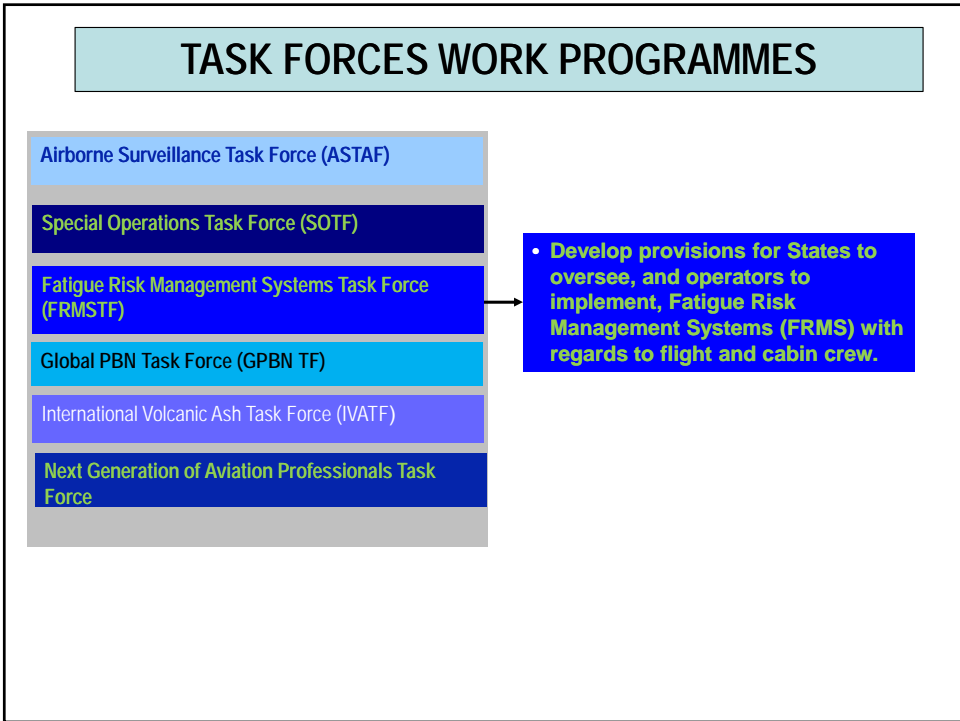
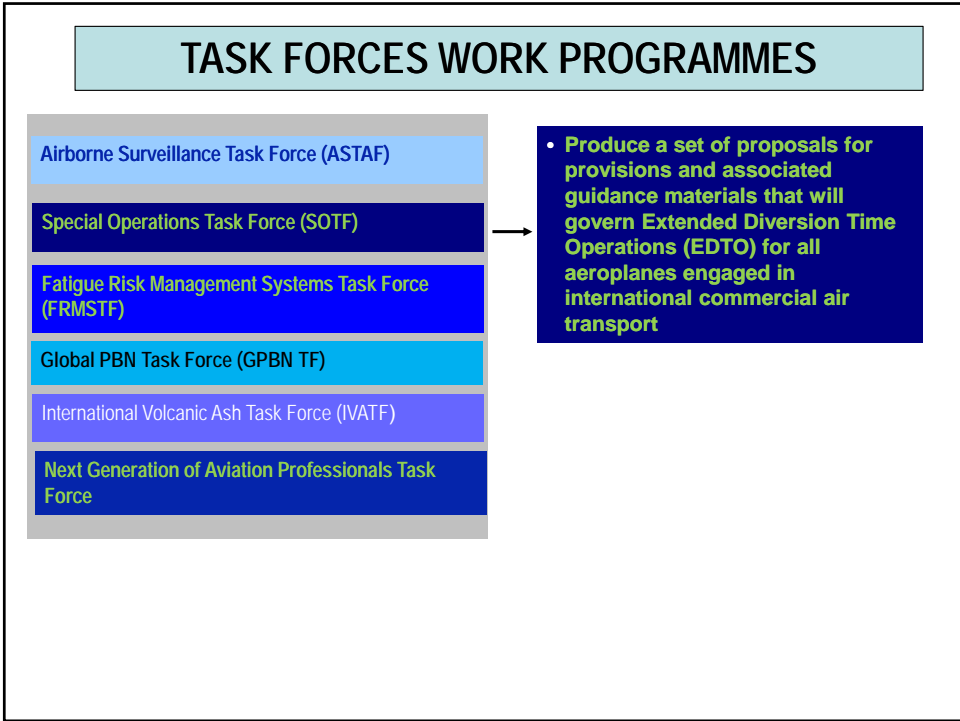
Fatigue Risk Management Systems Task Force (FRMSTF)

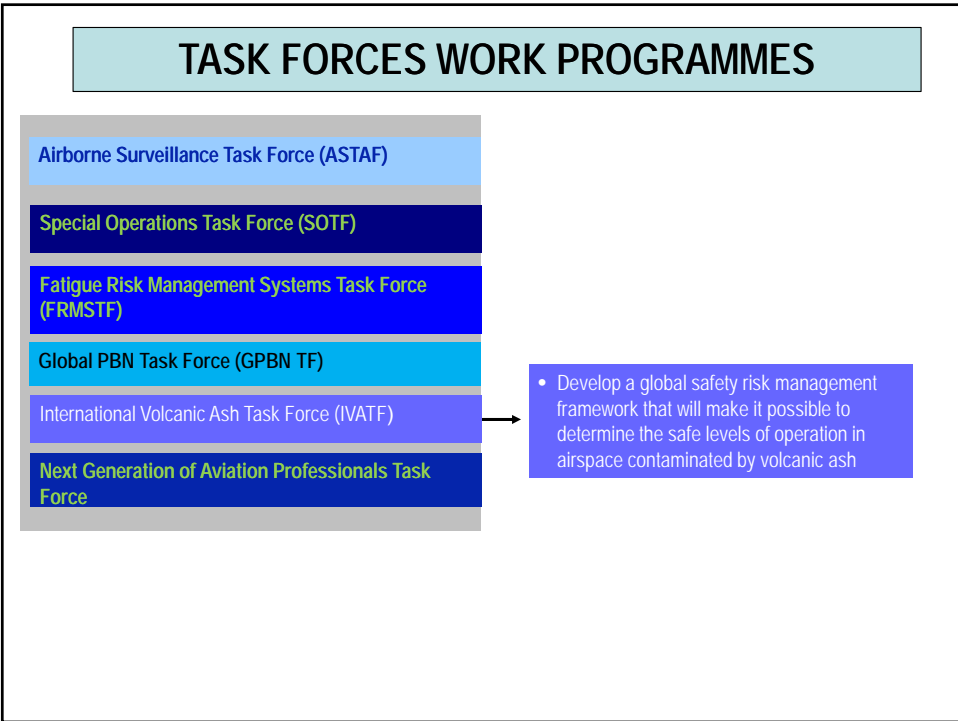
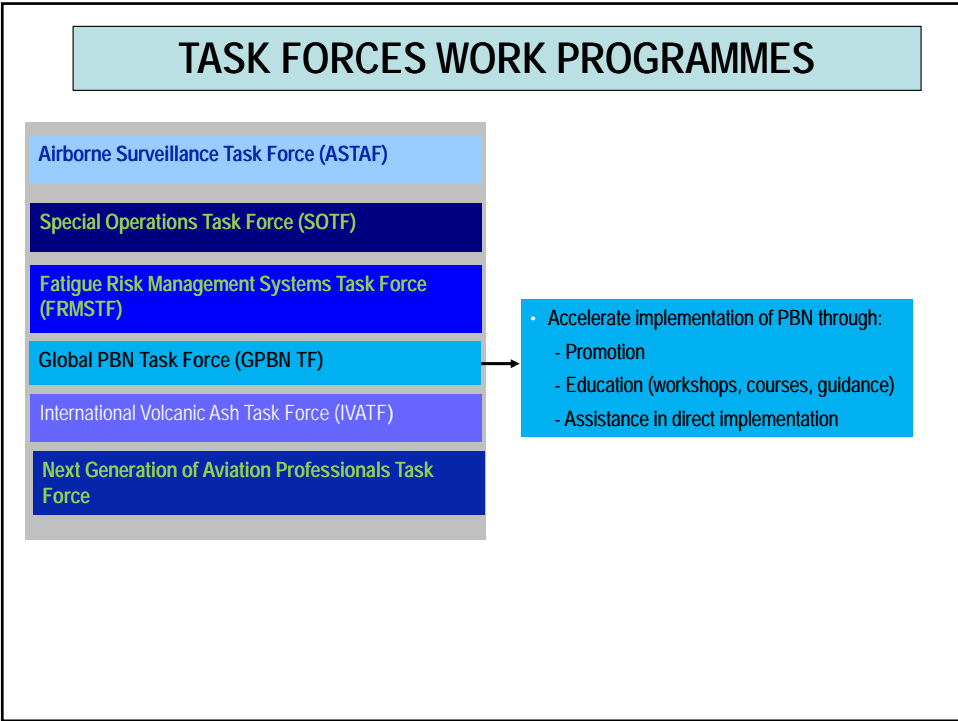
Global PBN Task Force (GPBN TF)

International Volcanic Ash Task Force (IVATF)

Next Generation of Aviation Professionals Task Force

- Air traffic situational awareness (ATSA)-in-trail procedure (ATSA-ITP) in oceanic airspace (e.g. enhanced crossing and passing operations);
- Identification of the reference aircraft in radiotelephony (e.g. ICAO three letter designator versus call sign);
- Air traffic situational awareness (ATSA) in cruise/approach and on the aerodrome surface (e.g. enhanced traffic situational awareness during flight operations and enhanced traffic situational awareness on the airport surface (ATSA-SURF)); and
- Merging and sequencing (M&S) in terminal control area (TMA) taking into account continuous descent operations (CDO) requirements (e.g. enhanced visual acquisition for see and avoid and enhanced successive visual approaches).





TASK FORCES WORK PROGRAMMES

Airborne Surveillance Task Force (ASTAF)

Special Operations Task Force (SOTF)

Fatigue Risk Management Systems Task Force (FRMSTF)

Global PBN Task Force (GPBN TF)

International Volcanic Ash Task Force (IVATF)

Next Generation of Aviation Professionals Task Force

- Develop provisions to harmonize competencies of aviation professionals such as flight crew and air traffic management professionals
- Develop and implement a communication strategy to reach out to the next generation
- Develop proposals for the accreditation of university programmes related to aviation



END