

# Provision of ICAO Space Weather Information

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**Federal Aviation  
Administration**

# Designation of Space Weather Centers

- In 2016, the Meteorology Panel developed criteria to identify space weather information providers capable of providing the ICAO space weather information service
- ICAO issued a State Letter (9 June 2017) requesting States to provide a formal expression of interest in providing the space weather information service
- WMO conducted audits of all States and consortia that indicated formal interest
- 13 November 2018, the ICAO Council established the space weather information service and designated States to provide Space Weather Advisories for International Air Navigation

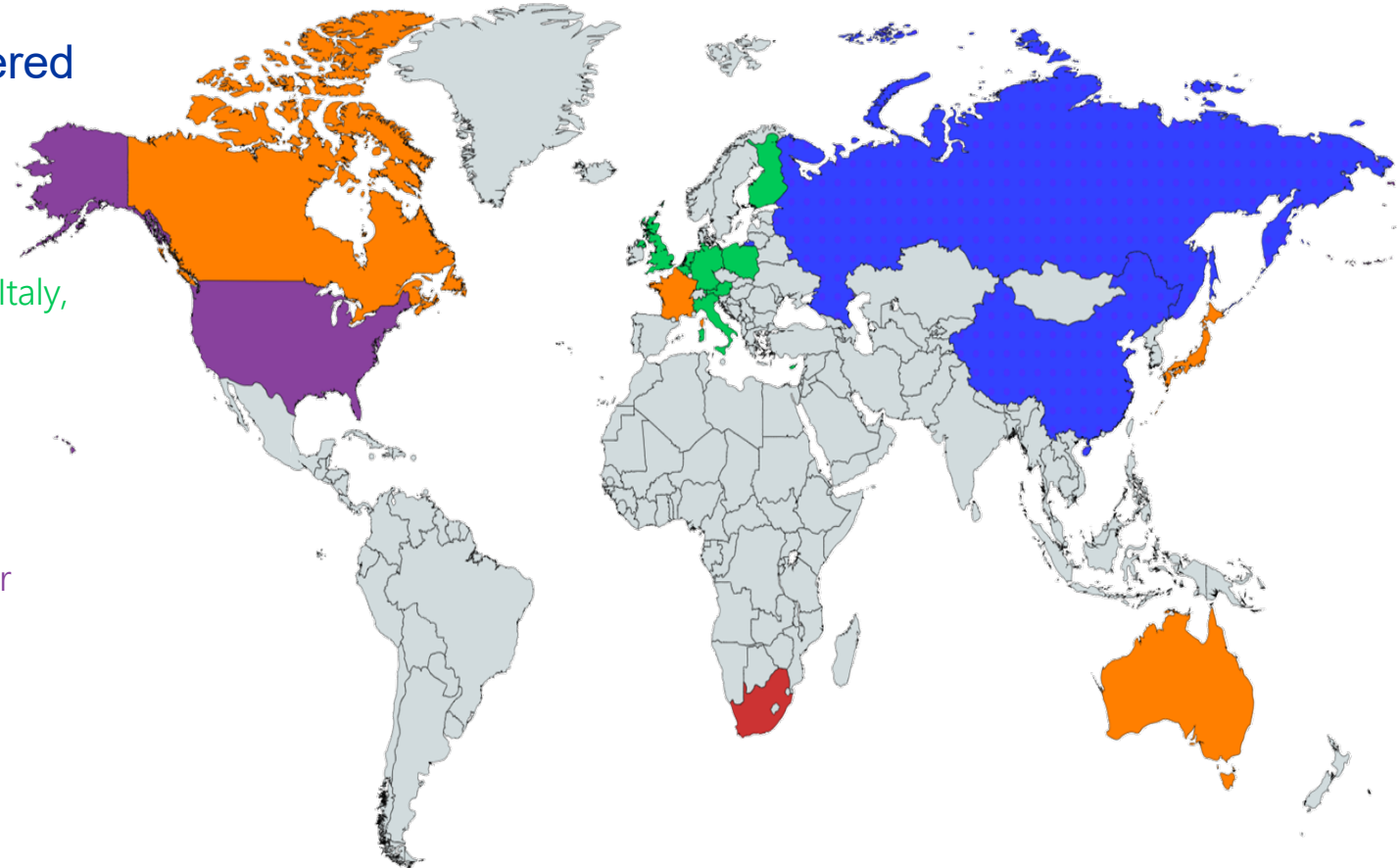


# ICAO-Designated Space Weather Centers

- Designated ICAO Centers
  - Four Global – Consortiums are considered one center
    - PECASUS (European consortium lead by Finland)
      - Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Finland, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Poland, South Africa, United Kingdom
    - ACFJ (Australia, Canada, France, Japan)
    - United States
      - NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center
    - China/Russian Federation Consortium

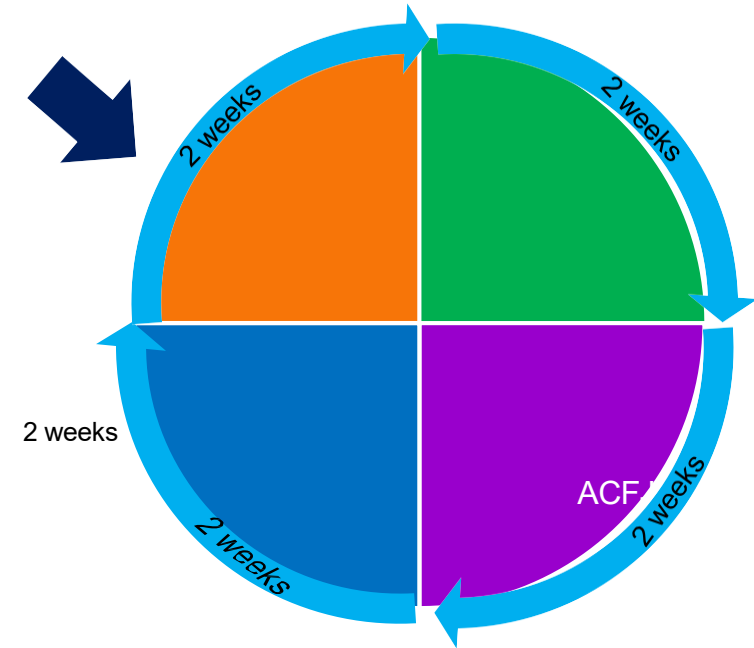
## One Regional Center

- South Africa



# ICAO-Designated Space Weather Centers, Cont.

- Global Centers became operational **7 November 2019**
- One ‘On Duty’ Center at any given time
  - Two-week rotation
  - “On Duty” Center issues all advisories
  - Centers continually coordinate and collaborate
  - China-Russian Federation Consortium became operational in 2021



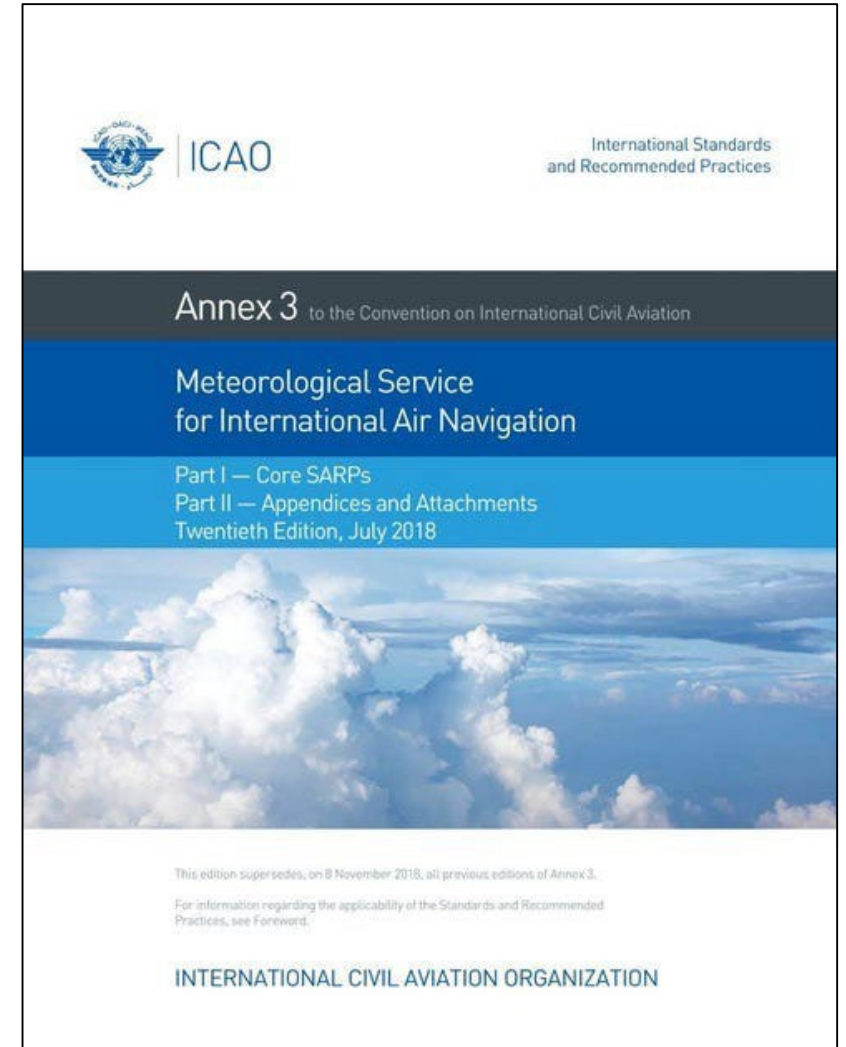
# Use of the Space Weather Advisory

- Primarily intended for pre-flight planning decisions (e.g., route selection, altitude selection, fuel loading)
- Provides real-time warnings for some SWX events
- May be used for in-flight route or altitude deviations
- Promotes common situational awareness among aviation decision-makers



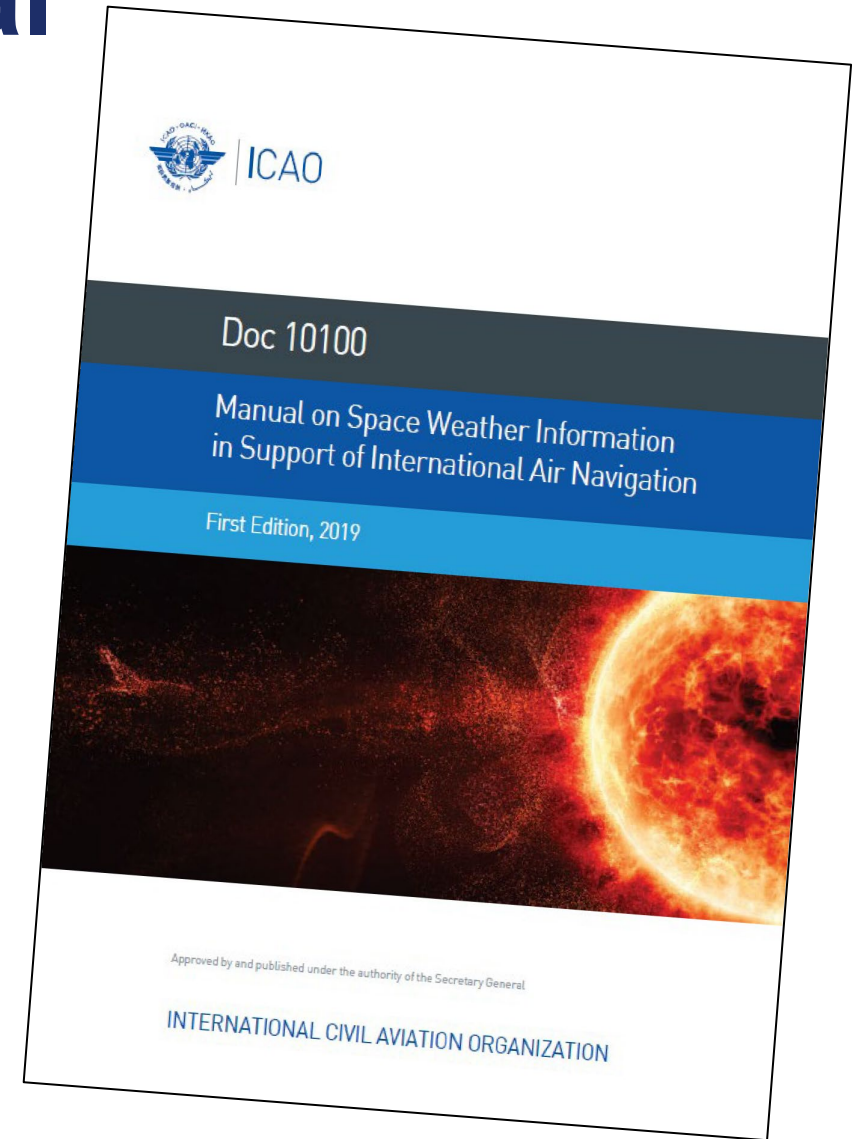
# ICAO Provisions for SWX Information

- ICAO Annex 3 – *Meteorological Service for International Air Navigation*
- Provisions for space weather information introduced in Amendment 78 (2018)
  - Advisories issued for
    - HF Voice/Data & Satellite Communications
    - Radiation Exposure to Crew & Passengers
    - GNSS Based Navigation & Surveillance
- Minor changes made to the content of the SWX Advisory in Amendment 79 (2020)
- Additional changes to the format and content planned for Amendment 81 and PANS-MET (2024)



# ICAO Space Weather Manual

- Manual on Space Weather Information in Support of International Air Navigation (Doc 10100)
- First edition published October 2019
- Second edition will be available in late 2024 and will incorporate changes with Amendment 81 and PANS-MET



# ICAO Space Weather Advisory

- **Issued for moderate (MOD) and severe (SEV) events**
  - For radiation events,
    - MOD is issued for radiation between FL 250 and FL 460
    - SEV is issued above FL 250.
- **The advisory depicts the affected region in one of three ways:**
  - one or more pre-defined latitude bands of width 30° shown in the table, followed by a longitude range in 15° increments;
  - the term DAYLIGHT SIDE, meaning the extent of the planet that is in daylight; or
  - a polygon using latitude and longitude coordinates

| Title of the latitude bands                    | Ranges of the latitude bands |
|--|------------------------------|
| High latitudes northern hemisphere (HNH)       | N90 to N60                   |
| Middle latitudes northern hemisphere (MNH)     | N60 to N30                   |
| Equatorial latitudes northern hemisphere (EQN) | N30 to equator               |
| Equatorial latitudes southern hemisphere (EQS) | Equator to S30               |
| Middle latitudes southern hemisphere (MSH)     | S30 to S60                   |
| High latitudes southern hemisphere (HSH)       | S60 to S90                   |



# Sample ICAO SWX Advisory

FNXX01 YMMC 020100

SWX ADVISORY

DTG: 20190202/0100Z

SWXC: ACFJ

ADVISORY NR: 2019/10

SWX EFFECT: HF COM MOD

OBS SWX: 02/0100Z DAYLIGHT SIDE

FCST SWX + 6 HR: 02/0700Z DAYLIGHT SIDE

FCST SWX + 12 HR: 02/1300Z DAYLIGHT SIDE

FCST SWX + 18 HR: 02/1900Z NO SWX EXP

FCST SWX + 24 HR: 03/0100Z NO SWX EXP

RMK: LOW END OF BAND HF COM DEGRADED  
ON SUNLIT ROUTES. NEXT 12 HOURS  
MOST POSSIBLE, DECLINING THEREAFTER.

NXT ADVISORY: 20190202/0700Z=



# Space Weather Advisory Headers

| WMO Headers       |              |                |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------|
|                   | TAC Advisory | IWXXM Advisory |
| ACFJ – Australia  | FNXX01 YMMC  | LNXX01 YMMC    |
| ACFJ – France     | FNXX01 LFPW  | LNXX01 LFPW    |
| PECASUS – Finland | FNXX01 EFKL  | LNXX01 EFKL    |
| PECASUS – UK      | FNXX01 EGRR  | LNXX01 EGRR    |
| CRC – China       | FNXX01 ZBBB  | LNXX01 ZBBB    |
| CRC – Russia      | FNXX01 UUAG  | LNXX01 UUAG    |
| SPWC – USA        | FNXX01 KWNP  | LNXX01 KWNP    |

01 = GNSS  
 02 = HF COM  
 03 = RADIATION  
 04 = SATCOM



# Questions?



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