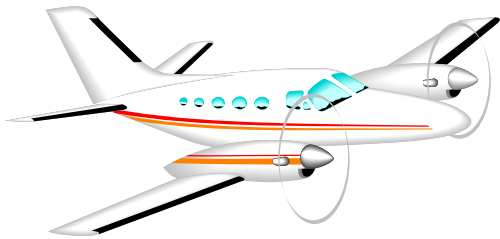
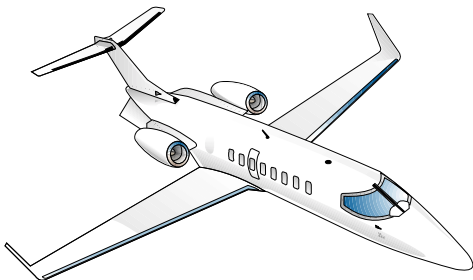


Aeronautical Radio Spectrum Policy and Management



**International Civil Aviation Organization
Regional Coordination Meeting
Lima, Peru
March 27 – 28, 2001**



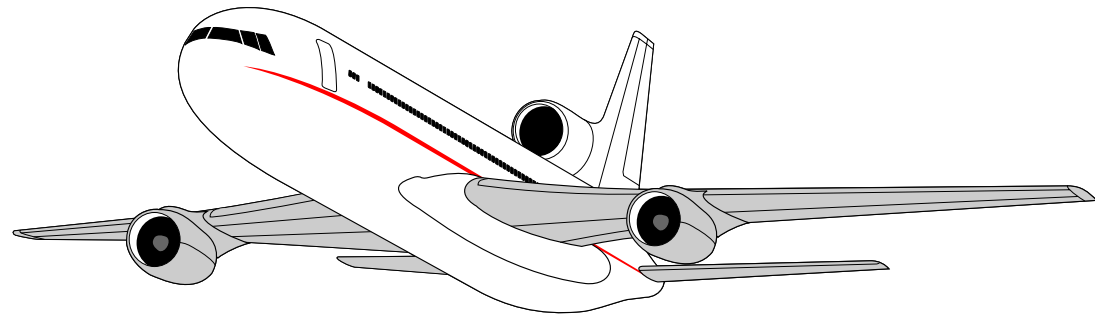
**Federal Aviation Administration
Washington, D.C.**



FAA Responsibilities

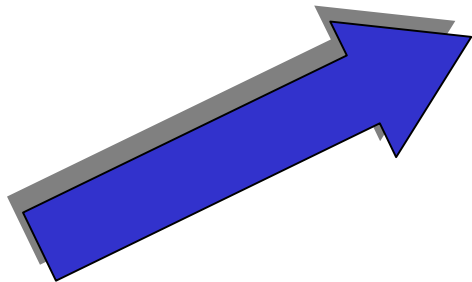
Federal Aviation Act of 1958

Air Safety

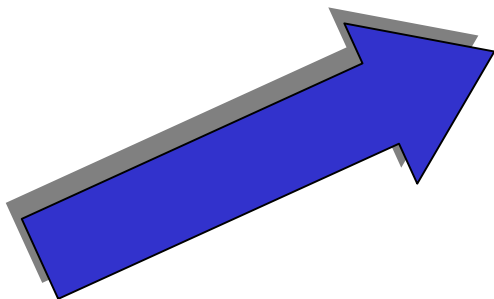


Efficient Air Commerce

FAA Mission



To regulate airspace control only as needed to promote safe and efficient movement of aircraft

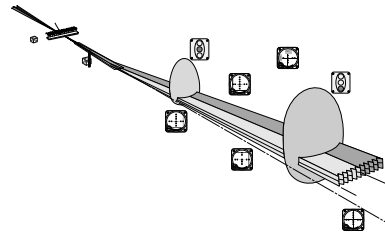


To develop and operate a common system of air navigation and air traffic control for both civil and military aviation

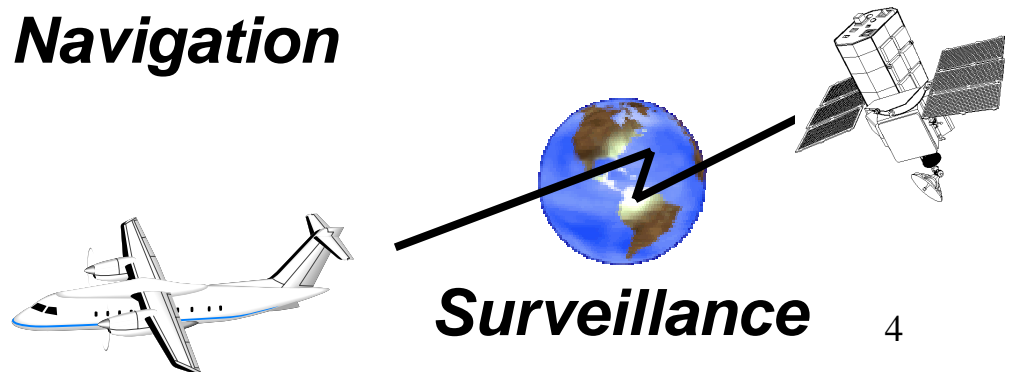
Three Functions for Safe Flight



Communication



Navigation



Surveillance

Two Tasks of Air Traffic Control

Separation



Collision Avoidance

FAA Employment

- **TOTAL WORKFORCE:** **48,463**
- ***Major Occupations***
 - Air Traffic Services **35,425**
 - Regulation and Certification **5,864**
 - Civil Aviation Security **1,153**
 - Airports **446**
 - Research and Acquisition **1,898**
 - Commercial Space Transportation **25**
 - Staff **3,652**

Number of FAA Facilities

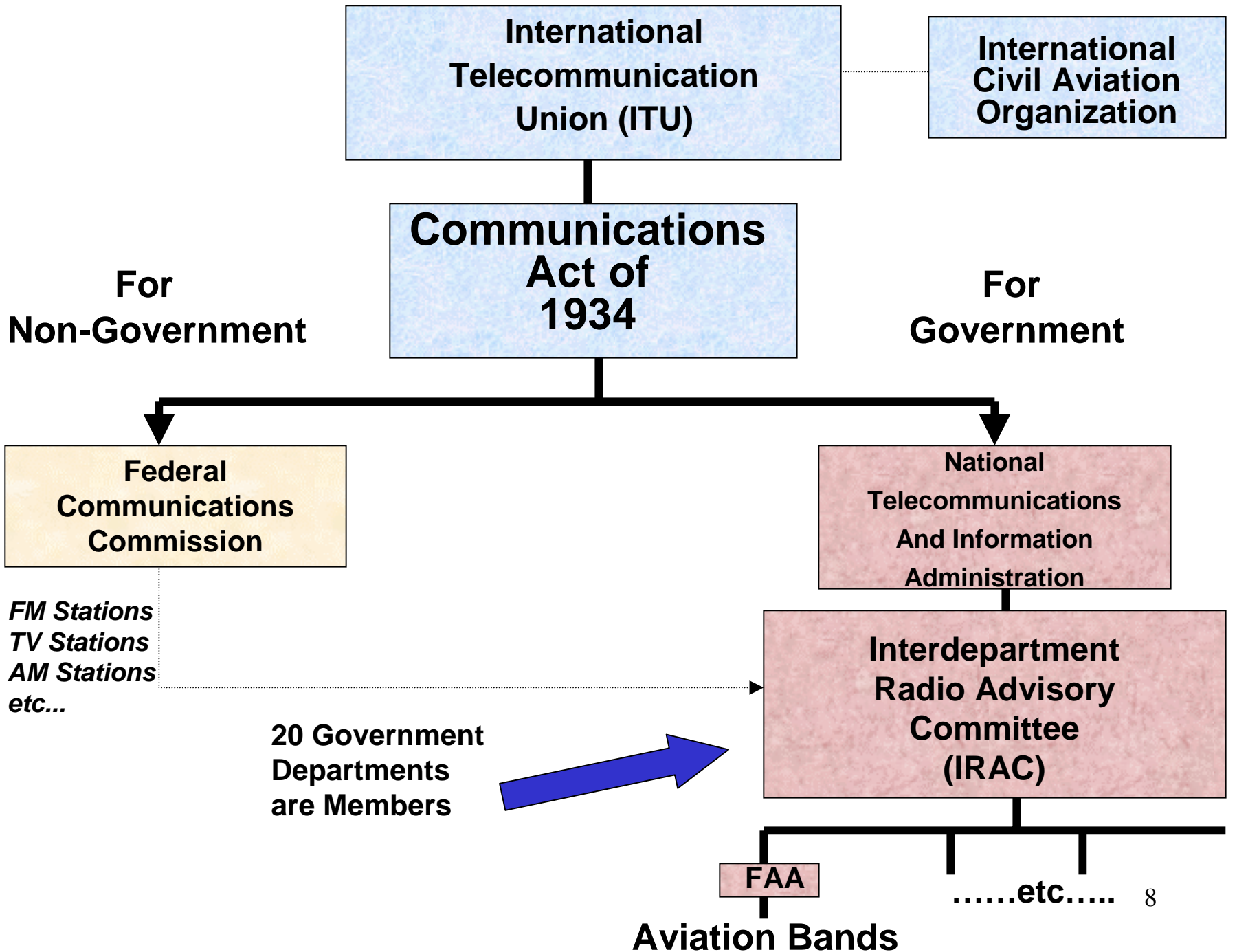
Aeronautical Facilities

- Communications	14,103
- Navigation	
VOR	1,054
DME	813
ILS	1,131
- Surveillance	1,794

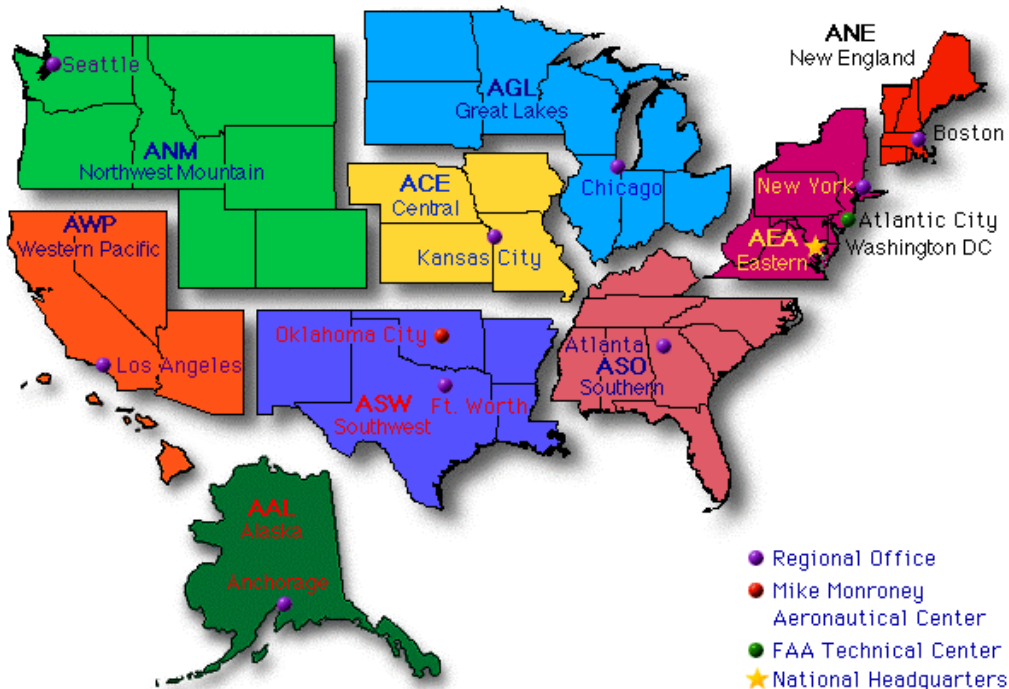
Air Traffic Control Facilities

- Air Route Traffic Control Center (ARTCC)	21
- Air Traffic Control Tower (ARTCC)	496
- Flight Service Station (FSS)	75
- Automated Flight Service Stations	61
- Airport Surveillance Radar (ASR)	235
- Air Route Surveillance Radar (ARSR)	120

 Over 50,000 frequency assignments to support these!! ⁷



FAA Frequency Coordination



- Spectrum requirements begin at the FAA Region
- FAA automated system
- HQ FAA approves and forwards to NTIA

Bands Supporting Aviation

90 - 110 kHz	LORAN-C Navigation System
190 - 435 & 510 - 535 kHz	Non-directional Beacon (NDB)
2100 - 28,000 kHz	High Frequency Communication
74.6 - 75.4 MHz	NAVAID (marker beacon)
108 - 118 MHz	NAVAID (VOR, ILS localizer, and GBAS)
118 - 137 MHz	VHF Air/Ground Communication
162-174 MHz	Fixed, Mobile Communication
225 - 328.6 & 335.4 - 400 MHz	UHF Air/Ground Communication
328.6 - 335.4 MHz	NAVAID (ILS glide slope)
406 - 406.1 MHz	Satellite Emergency Radiobeacon

Bands Supporting Aviation

406.1 - 420 MHz

Fixed, Mobile Communication

932-935 & 941 - 944 MHz

Fixed Communication

960 - 1215 MHz

NAVAID (TACAN/DME, GNSS, etc.)

1030/1090 MHz

Radar Beacon, TCAS, Mode S, etc.

1215 - 1400 MHz

Air Route Surveillance Radar, GNSS

1544 - 1545 MHz

Emergency Mobile Satellite Communication

1545 - 1559 MHz

Aeronautical Mobile Satellite (R) Service (downlink)

1559-1610 MHz

GNSS

Bands Supporting Aviation

1645.5 - 1646.5 MHz	Emergency Mobile Satellite Communication
1646.5 - 1660-5 MHz	Aeronautical Mobile Satellite (R) Service (uplink)
1710 - 1850 MHz	Low Density Radiocommunication Link
2700 - 2900 MHz	Airport Surveillance Radar, Weather Radar
2900 - 3000 MHz	Weather Radar
4200 - 4400 MHz	Airborne Radio Altimeter
5000 - 5250 MHz	NAVAID (Microwave Landing System)
5350 - 5470 MHz	Airborne Radar and Associated Airborne Beacons
5600 - 5650 MHz	Terminal Doppler Weather Radar

Bands Supporting Aviation

7125 - 8500 MHz	Radio Communication Link
8750 - 8850 MHz	Airborne Doppler Radar
9000 - 9200 MHz	Military Precision Approach Radar, ASDE-X
9300 - 9500 MHz	Airborne Radar and Associated Airborne Beacons
13.25 - 13.4 GHz	Airborne Doppler Radar
14.4 - 15.35 GHz	Television (video) Microwave Link
15.7 - 16.2 GHz	Airport Surface Detection Equipment (ASDE)
21.2 - 23.6 GHz	Microwave Link (multi-use)

Typical Air Field



ILS Localizer



VORTAC



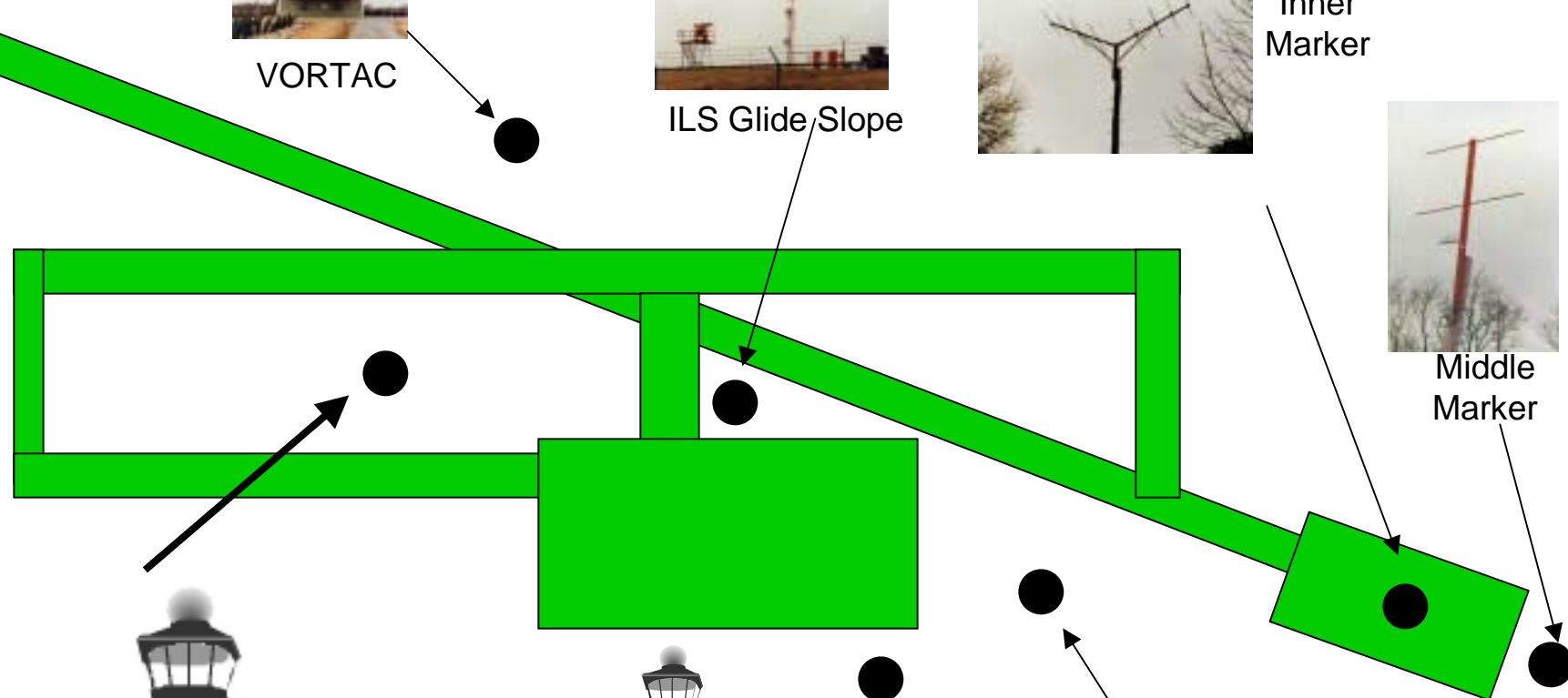
ILS Glide Slope



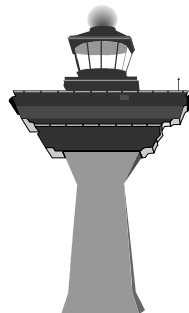
Inner Marker



Middle Marker



Airport Surface Detection Equipment



Control Tower



Airport Surveillance Radar



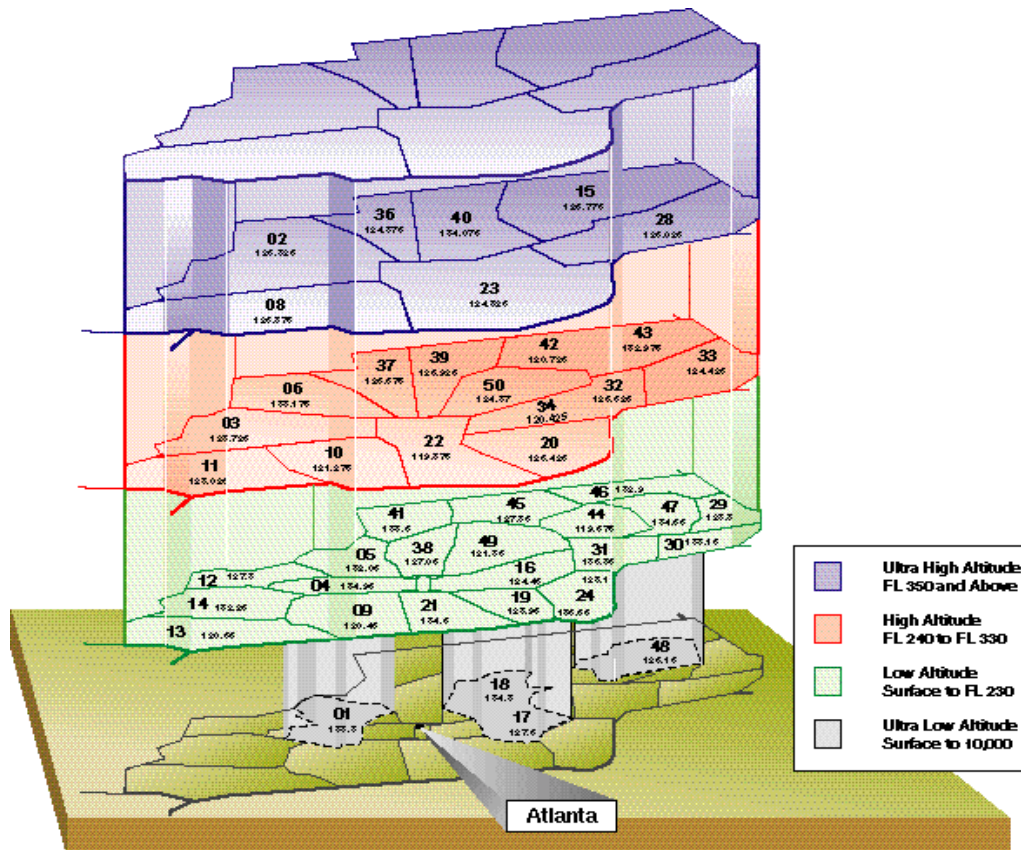
Air / Ground Communication

...118-137 MHz band plan in United States

118.000-121.925	air traffic control communications (less emergency channel)
121.950-123.575	UNICOM, FSS, Flight Test
123.600-128.800	air traffic control communications
128.825-132.000	aeronautical operational control
132.025-136.475	air traffic control communications
136.500-137.000	aeronautical operational control

Complexity of Airspace

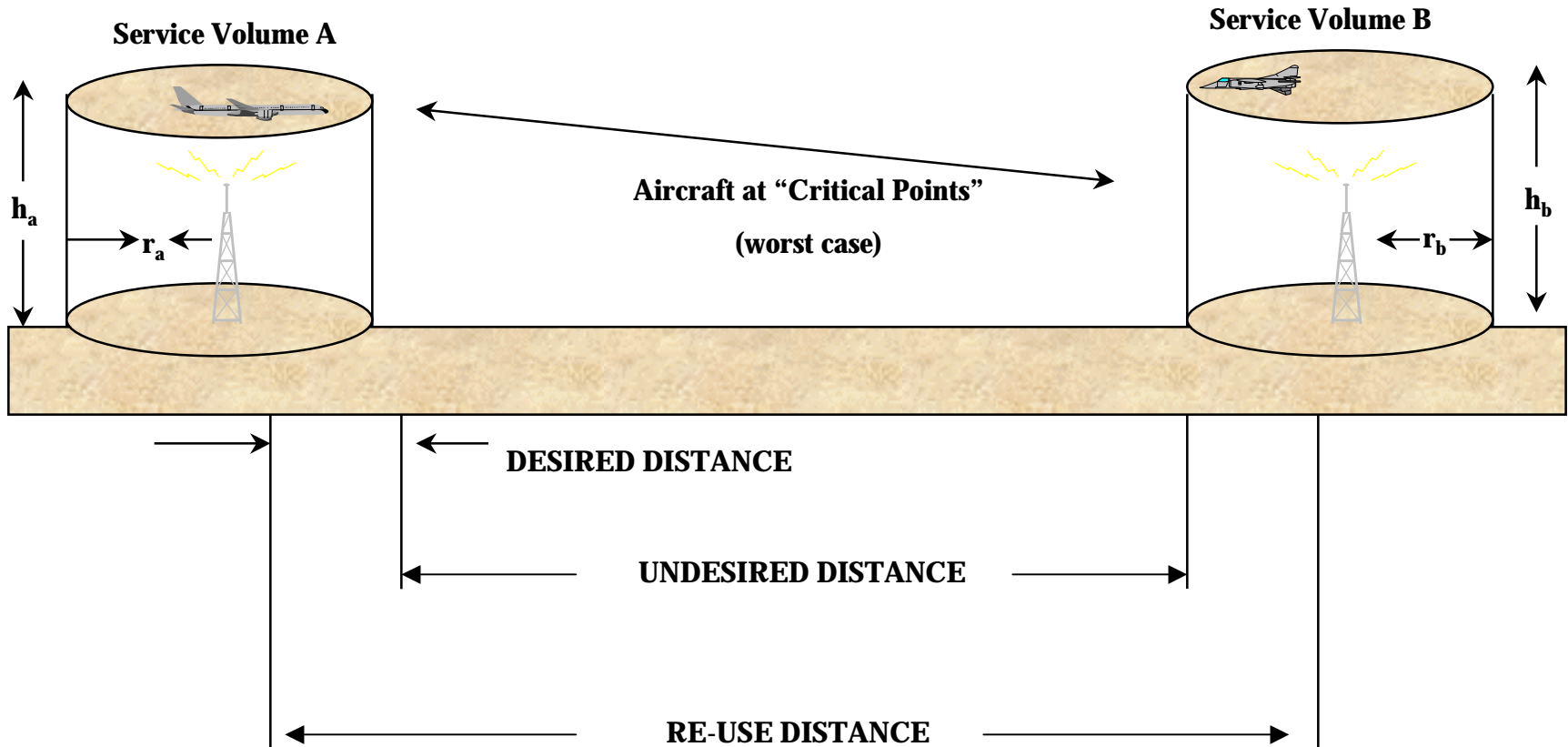
Atlanta Center Airspace ...46 3-Dimensional Sectors (“Cells”)



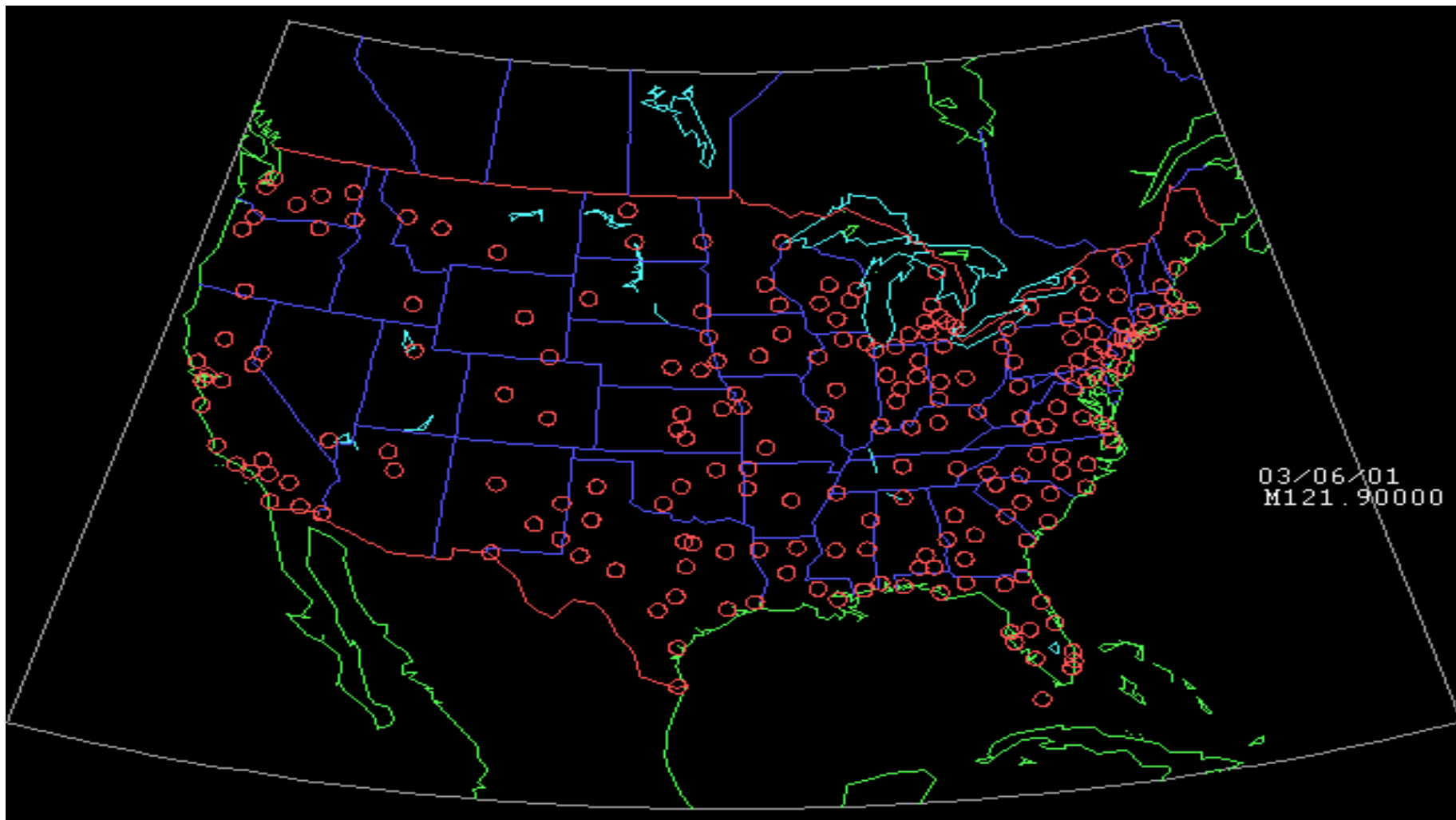
NOTE: each sector has a frequency protected VHF assignment

Co-channel Frequency Re-use

Air/ground communications “14 dB Frequency Protection”

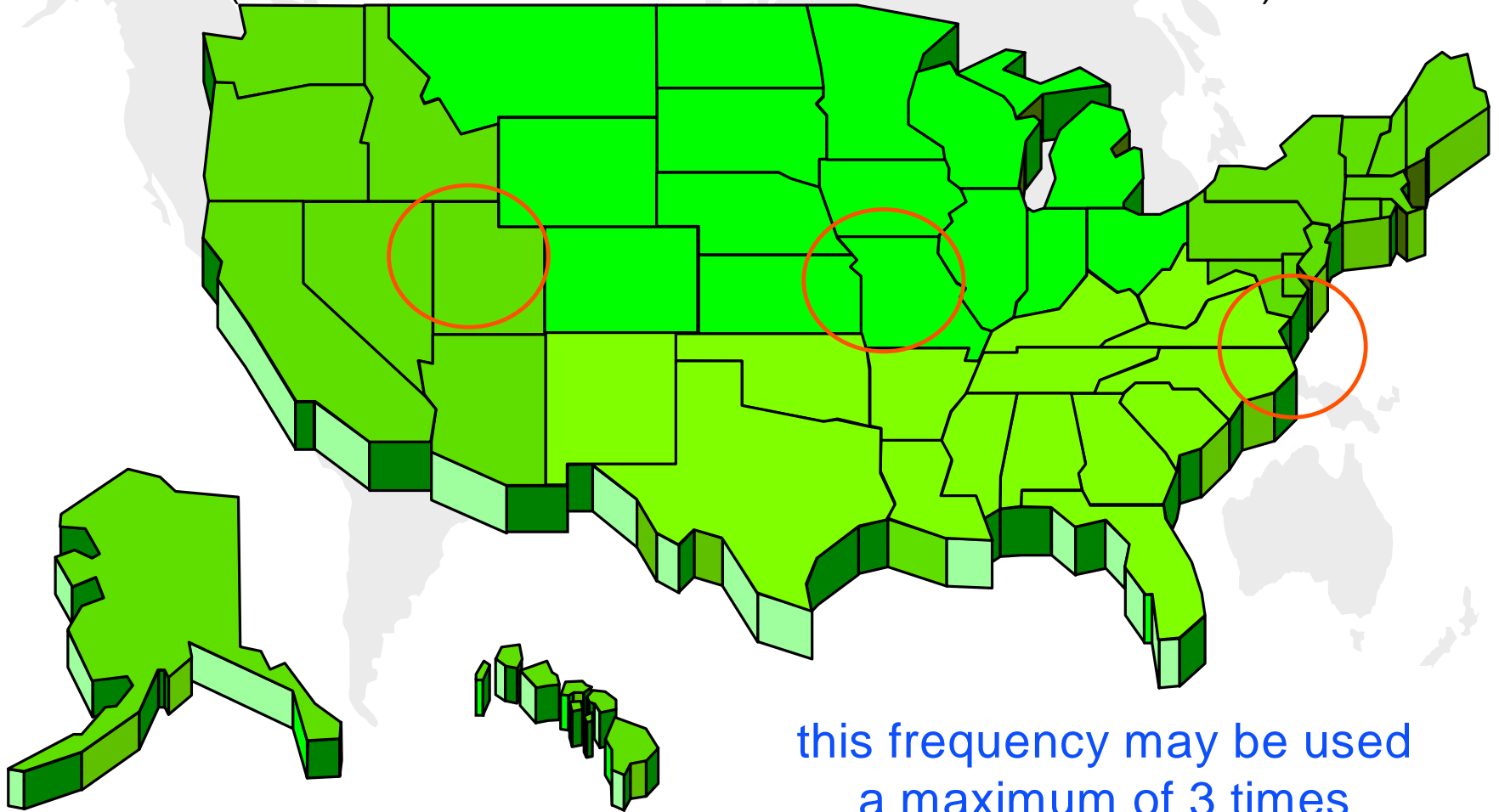


Frequency Re-use Ground Control



Frequency Re-use High En Route

...45,000 feet/150 nmi service radius
(800 nmi between transmitters/500 nmi between aircraft)



this frequency may be used
a maximum of 3 times

Other Spectrum Management Activities



- Support ICAO
- Strategic Spectrum Planning
- WRC's
- Promote Spectrum to Support New Aviation Capabilities
- RFI Investigation
- Develop Transition Plans
- Radiation Hazard Measurements
- Airspace Case (FM, TV, etc.)

Summary

**Proper spectrum planning
requires committed, forward
looking, energetic activities and
leadership to support
aeronautical safety services**

National Airspace System (NAS) Infrastructure

