



AMHS Workshop – SP/18



Federal Aviation
Administration

AMHS Security

Task Status

ATS Message Handling System (AMHS)
Implementation Workshop
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Asia/Pacific ICG Strategic Objective: Security

❖ Task (1) Develop ATN System Security Policy

- ✓ Asia/Pacific ATN System Security Policy Document
- ✓ Adopted by ICAO Asia-Pacific as of October 2008

❖ Task (2) Develop ATN System Security Checklist

- ✓ Asia/Pacific ATN Develop Security Checklist
- ✓ Adopted by ICAO Asia-Pacific as of September 2009

❖ Task (3) Co-ordinate and monitor ACP working group and other regions

- No significant changes

❖ Task (4) Develop ATN System Security Guidance

- Asia/Pacific ATN System Security Guidance
 - A security guidance document would provide background information and recommended practices primarily to support the Security Implementation
 - Addresses Technical controls and checklist in detail
 - Appendix for Regional Incident Response Plan and Contingency Plan

Security Policy

- The Asia/Pacific region has developed a ATN System Security Policy*
 1. The policy requires that ATN systems be verified to have appropriate security controls.
 2. The policy requires that ATN systems be formally approved for operation a Designated Approval Authority for each state/organization.

*Ref: document “518Integrity_Policy” on ICAO Asia/Pac Web site

Security Policy

- Security Policy Outline:
 - Purpose.
 - Applicability.
 - Authority.
 - Implementation and Enforcement.
 - System Integrity Requirements.
 - System Integrity Services
 - Confidentiality
 - Data Integrity
 - Authenticity.
 - Availability.
 - Accountability.
 - Interoperability.
 - System Integrity Policy Statements
 - Functional Policy Statements
 - Verification and Authorization

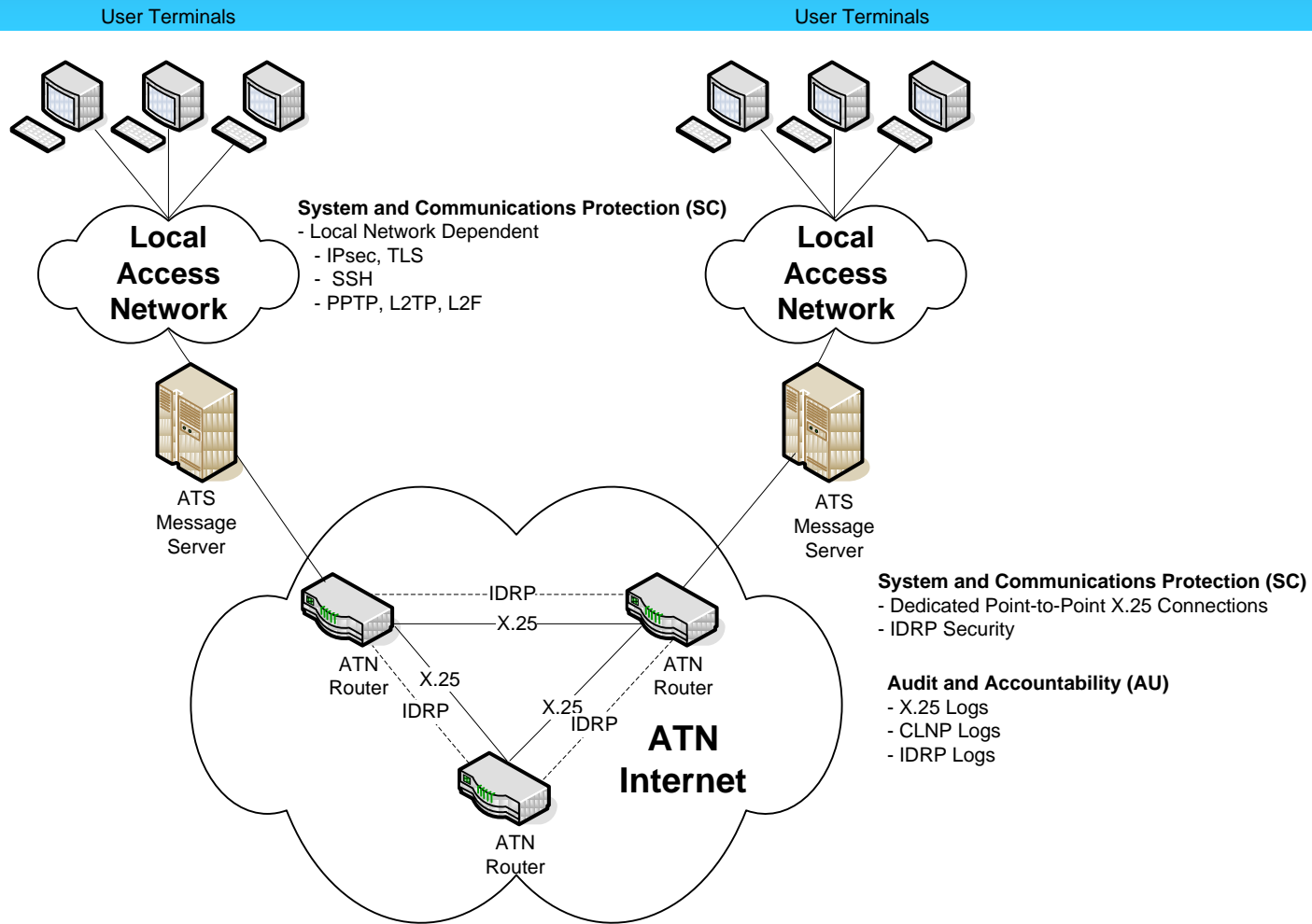
Security Checklist

- A checklist serves to see that controls are in place
- It is generally the basis on which the Approving Authority grants approval
- There are comprehensive checklist that have been defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology:
 - NIST SP 800-18, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems, November 2001
 - NIST SP 800-53, Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems, December 2006
- These documents are comprehensive and may be too complex for practical use
- The ISO standard for Security equivalent to NIST SP-800-53 is ISO 17799 "The Information Security Standard". 800-53 has a cross reference matrix to 17799 in Appendix G.

AMHS Technical Controls

- Network Security Provisions
 - From User Terminal to Message Server or Between Message Servers (Routers)
- End-to-End Security Provisions
 - Defined in ICAO Doc 9705 Edition 3 using the ATN Digital Signature Scheme
 - May not be implemented if region does not move to ATN air-ground security provisions

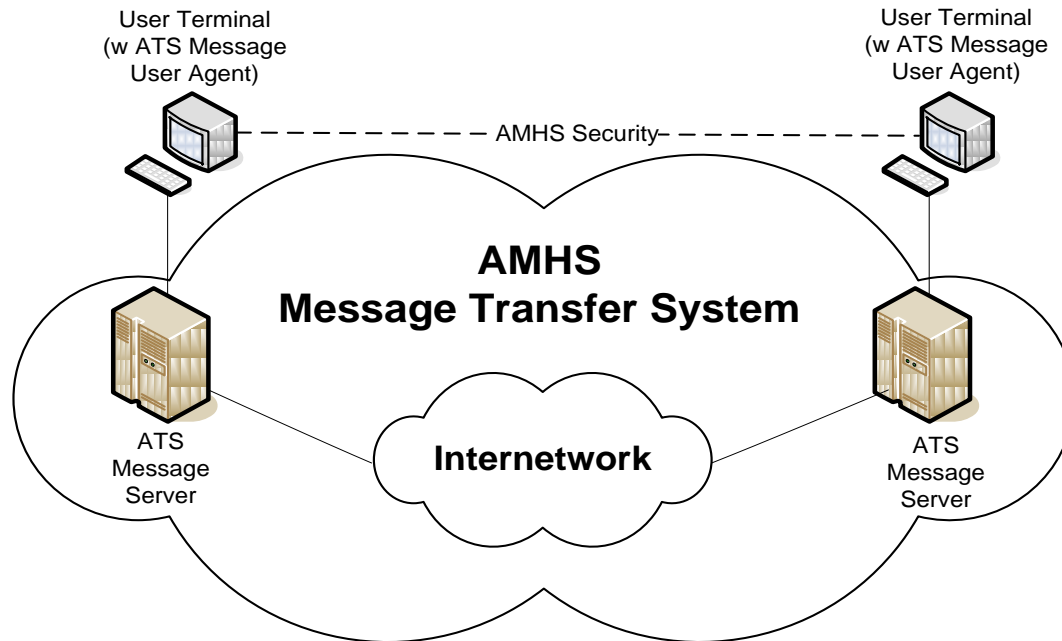
AMHS Technical Controls



AMHS Technical Controls

System and Communications Protection (SC)

- AMHS Security applied from
ATS Message User Agent to ATS Message User Agent



AMHS Technical Controls

Network Security

Secure Communications from User Agents to MTA Server

- Technique depends on connectivity
 - Internet Protocol Security (IPsec)
 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) (formerly Secure Sockets Layer (SSL))
 - Layer 2 Protocols (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP), Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP), Layer 2 Forwarding (L2F))
 - Secure Shell (SSH)

AMHS Technical Controls

Network Security

Secure Communications between Routers which support MTA Servers

- Communications Security
 - IDRP Security
 - Initially pre-shared keys
 - Longer term - PKI
- Audit Logs
 - TCP, IP, BGP Logs

Security Implementation

What security controls when

- Technical controls may initially consist of securing router connections
 - Initially using pre-shared keys
 - Migrate to limited use of certificates
- As the AMHS evolves to enhanced services, including directory services, AMHS application security may be employed
 - Not expected for some time (if ever)
 - More likely next step to secure User Agent to MTA Server communications
- Firewalls and other security appliances should be introduced as needed.
- An incident response capability should be introduced along with the technical controls

Other Regional Security Documents

- System-wide Contingency Plan

A system-wide contingency and disaster recovery plan would identify the coordination activities, processes, and procedures to be followed in the event that an AMHS system is unavailable.

Other Regional Security Documents

- NIST SP800-34, Contingency Planning Guide for Information Technology Systems, June 2002

“IT contingency planning refers to a coordinated strategy involving plans, procedures, and technical measures that enable the recovery of IT systems, operations, and data after a disruption. Contingency planning generally includes one or more of the approaches to restore disrupted IT services:

- Restoring IT operations at an alternate location
- Recovering IT operations using alternate equipment
- Performing some or all of the affected business processes using non-IT (manual) means”

Other Regional Security Documents

- System-wide Incident Response Plan

The incident response plan would specify common procedures for identifying, reporting, and responding to computing incidents.

Next Steps

- States should identify a Designated Approving Authority (DAA) in accordance with the approved Asia/Pacific Security Policy
- States are encouraged to develop their own or use the approved Asia/Pacific Security Checklist
- States may adopt the technical controls recommended in Asia/Pacific Security Guidance document

Questions

