

ICAO APAC ADS-B Regulator's Workshop –Agenda Item 5

AUSTRALIAN ADS-B EQUIPAGE APPROVAL PROCESS



ADS-B Workshop SP/6



safe skies for all

Australian ADS-B equipment approval process - existing system

- There is still no internationally aligned standards or scheme for aircraft ADS-B avionics certification
- In the absence of a certification scheme, CASA, in consultation with Airservices Australia, implemented an equipment configuration qualification scheme based on an individual approval process for each aircraft for which ADS-B service was requested
 - applied at the outset of ADS-B service provision in 2006
- Australian scheme is not purported or intended to be an aircraft ADS-B avionics *certification* scheme – we did not need that, and most APAC States do not need that

Australian ADS-B equipment approval process - existing system (cont'd)

- Aircraft operators who notify CASA or Airservices that they wish to avail of ADS-B services can apply by completing a form with the details of each of their aircraft and the ADS-B equipment on board
 - <https://www.airservicesaustralia.com/projectsservices/projects/adsb/application.asp>
- CASA then assesses the aircraft equipment configuration (i.e. the GNSS receiver + the ADS-B transponder) against the standards published in the Australian Civil Aviation Order
- Aircraft having approved equipment configurations are accepted to receive ADS-B separation service by ATC
- Approximately 1100+ aircraft (Australian and foreign registered) have been approved to date

Australian ADS-B equipment approval process - existing system (cont'd)

- Registration details of approved aircraft are entered in Airservices ATC system, and their ADS-B transmissions are then displayed on ATC screens
 - ADS-B transmissions by unapproved aircraft are rejected by the ATC automation system and not displayed on ATC screens - track based on flight plan only then is displayed

- Advantage:
 - Provides assurance that ADS-B transmissions displayed for ATC have the assurance of integrity and accuracy necessary for a separation service

- Disadvantage:
 - Not the normal approach for regulating airworthiness
 - Time consuming process put in place because there was no international avionics certification process available at the outset in 2006.

Australian ADS-B equipment approval process - existing system (cont'd)

On request, CASA will be pleased to provide any APAC State Regulator a listing of the State's aircraft that have been accepted into the Australian ADS-B service.

- Such aircraft meet the standards that are published in the Australian Civil Aviation Order (see IP/2)
 - May assist State's in determining compliance of their own aircraft (if a rule with similarity to the Australian rule is adopted by the State)
- Currently approved types of avionics configurations approved by Australia up to April 2010 are listed in AC 21-45

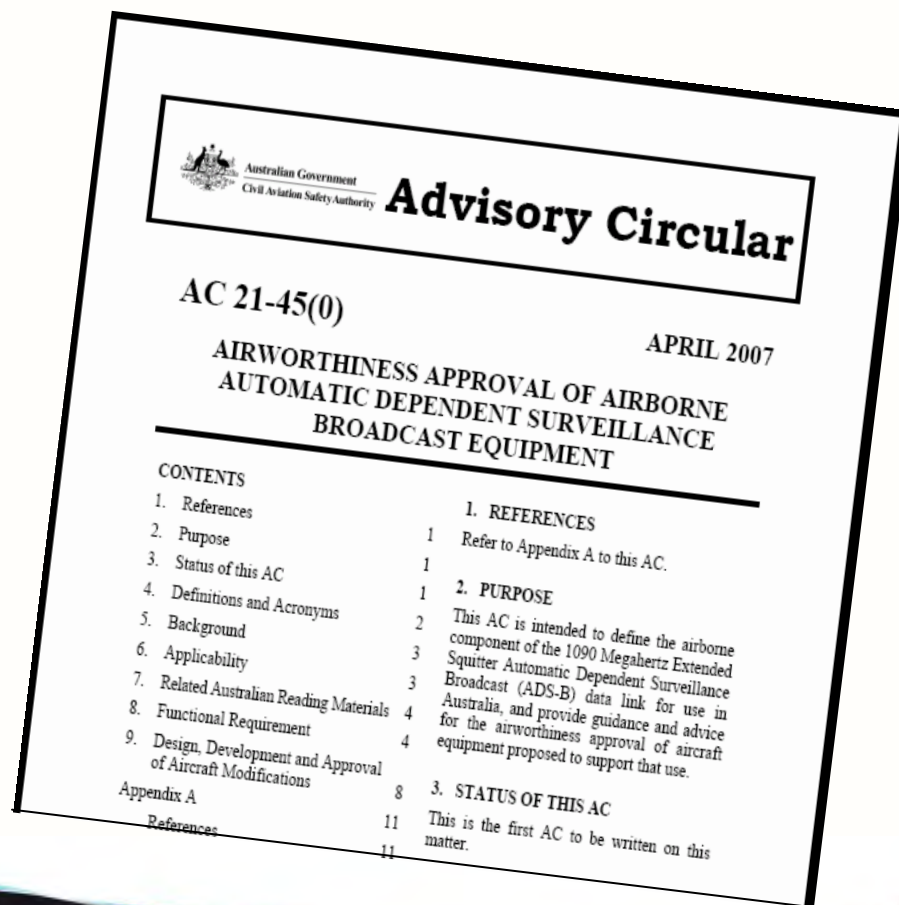
Advisory Circular AC 21 – 45

- Advisory Circular to provide aircraft operators with guidance on avionics standards/fitment:

<http://www.casa.gov.au/rules/1998casr/021/index.htm>

- and a listing of approved equipment configurations:

<http://casa.gov.au/rules/1998casr/021/021c45eqptlist.pdf>



Future process

- CASA will gradually move to a system where all aircraft are presumed to comply with the existing equipment standards of the ADS-B rule
- **Beforehand: An industry publicity program - to alert aircraft operators of their responsibility to fully comply with the standards**
- At the outset, all aircraft transmitting ADS-B will then be displayed to ATC
Except for a “black-list” of those aircraft which are known to not comply – they will be suppressed from display of their ADS-B transmission on ATC screens, and not provided with an ADS-B separation service
- CASA will inform aircraft operators of the non-compliance and require them to comply with the standards for flight in Australia
- CASA ADS-B rule will be amended to add acceptance of newly issued certification schemes of other States, e.g. the FAA certification scheme.