

**PROTOCOL  
ON THE AUTHENTIC SIX-LANGUAGE TEXT OF THE  
CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION (CHICAGO, 1944)  
SIGNED AT MONTREAL ON 1 OCTOBER 1998**

<b>Entry into force:</b>	Not yet in force. The Protocol shall enter into force on the thirtieth day after twelve States shall, in accordance with the provisions of Article III, have signed it without reservation as to acceptance or accepted it and after entry into force of the amendment to the final clause of the Convention, which provides that the text of the Convention in the Chinese language is of equal authenticity.
<b>Status:</b>	58 contracting States. This list is based on information received from the depositary, the Government of the United States of America.

<b>State</b>	<b>Date of signature without reservation as to acceptance</b>	<b>Date of signature with reservation as to acceptance</b>	<b>Date of deposit of instrument of acceptance</b>
Afghanistan	1 October 1998		
Andorra			26 January 2001
Argentina		4 March 1999	12 February 2003
Australia			1 February 2002
Bahrain			14 January 1999
Barbados			27 October 2006
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	1 October 1998		
Botswana	1 October 1998		
Brazil	1 October 1998		
Canada			7 December 2001
Chile	1 October 1998		
China	1 October 1998		
Colombia		14 October 1998	31 August 2000
Congo			10 July 2013
Croatia	1 October 1998		
Cuba	1 October 1998		
Czechia		1 October 1998	
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	1 October 1998		28 October 2005
Denmark	1 October 1998		
Egypt		1 October 1998	
El Salvador			16 February 2012
Eritrea	1 October 1998		
Estonia			29 May 2002
Finland	1 October 1998		
France		1 October 1998	21 March 2001
Gabon		16 May 2014	16 May 2014
Gambia			19 April 2004
Germany		1 October 1998	13 October 1999
Ghana		1 October 1998	
Greece	1 October 1998		
Honduras	1 October 1998		
Hungary			16 April 2007
Iceland		1 October 1998	14 December 2004
India		1 October 1998	2 August 2002
Indonesia		1 October 1998	
Iran (Islamic Republic of)		1 October 1998	
Italy	1 October 1998		
Jamaica	1 October 1998		
Jordan			19 July 1999
Kazakhstan		1 October 1998	

<b>State</b>	<b>Date of signature without reservation as to acceptance</b>	<b>Date of signature with reservation as to acceptance</b>	<b>Date of deposit of instrument of acceptance</b>
Kuwait	1 October 1998		20 July 2000
Lebanon		1 October 1998	30 October 2000
Madagascar		2 October 1998	
Mauritius	1 October 1998		
Mexico		1 October 1998	13 January 2000
Monaco		1 October 1998	24 March 1999
Mozambique		1 October 1998	
Namibia		1 October 1998	19 October 2001
Netherlands (2)	1 October 1998		
New Zealand (1)			26 March 2001
North Macedonia			13 January 2000
Norway		1 October 1998	
Pakistan	1 October 1998		
Paraguay			5 January 2006
Peru	1 October 1998		22 September 1999
Portugal		1 October 1998	
Qatar			30 June 2008
Republic of Korea	1 October 1998		
Romania		1 October 1998	
Russian Federation		1 October 1998	
Senegal		1 October 1998	
Seychelles			16 February 2022
Singapore			16 December 2004
Slovakia		1 October 1998	16 February 2000
Slovenia		1 October 1998	
South Africa		1 October 1998	
Spain		1 October 1998	
Sri Lanka		1 October 1998	
Suriname			2 September 2005
Switzerland	1 October 1998		
Togo		1 October 1998	
Tunisia		1 October 1998	30 October 2009
Türkiye	1 October 1998		
United Arab Emirates			18 May 2005
United Kingdom		1 October 1998	10 September 2002
United Republic of Tanzania	1 October 1998		
United States		1 October 1998	
Uruguay		1 October 1998	
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)		9 October 1998	
Viet Nam		1 October 1998	

- (1) In its instrument of acceptance, the Government of New Zealand declared that “this acceptance shall not extend to Tokelau unless and until a Declaration to this effect is lodged by the Government of New Zealand with the Depositary on the basis of appropriate consultation with that territory.”
- (2) By a Note dated 6 October 2010 the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands informed the Government of the United States of America of the following:  
 “The Kingdom of the Netherlands currently consists of three parts: the Netherlands, the Netherlands Antilles and Aruba. The Netherlands Antilles consists of the islands of Curaçao, Sint Maarten, Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba. With effect from 10 October 2010, the Netherlands Antilles will cease to exist as a part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands. From that date onwards, the Kingdom will consist of four parts: the Netherlands, Aruba, Curaçao and Sint

Maarten. Curaçao and Sint Maarten will enjoy internal self-government within the Kingdom, as Aruba and, up to 10 October 2010, the Netherlands Antilles do.

These changes constitute a modification of the internal constitutional relations within the Kingdom of the Netherlands. The Kingdom of the Netherlands will accordingly remain the subject of international law with which agreements are concluded. The modification of the structure of the Kingdom will therefore not affect the validity of the international agreements ratified by the Kingdom for the Netherlands Antilles; these agreements will continue to apply to Curaçao and Sint Maarten.

The other islands that have until now formed part of the Netherlands Antilles – Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba – will become part of the Netherlands, thus constituting ‘the Caribbean part of the Netherlands’. The agreements that now apply to the Netherlands Antilles will also continue to apply to these islands; however, the Government of the Netherlands will now be responsible for implementing these agreements.”

By a Note dated 12 October 2011, the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands provided a status report to the Government of the United States of America confirming that as of 10 October 2010, the Protocol on the Authentic Six-Language Text of the Convention on International Civil Aviation is applicable to Curaçao, Sint Maarten and the Caribbean part of the Netherlands (the islands of Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba) (formerly the Netherlands Antilles).