

COMMERCIAL AIRCRAFT

Bernard Besinet / Pierre Labro Accident Investigators - Airbus



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Airbus Safety Vision - the permanent quest to reach zero accident

Time	No. of flights by Airbus A/C	No. of passengers in an Airbus A/C
00:00	0	0



\rightarrow IN A YEAR

- > 14,000+ aircraft in operation
- > 15 millions flights in 2024
- > 2 Bn passengers on Airbus aircraft

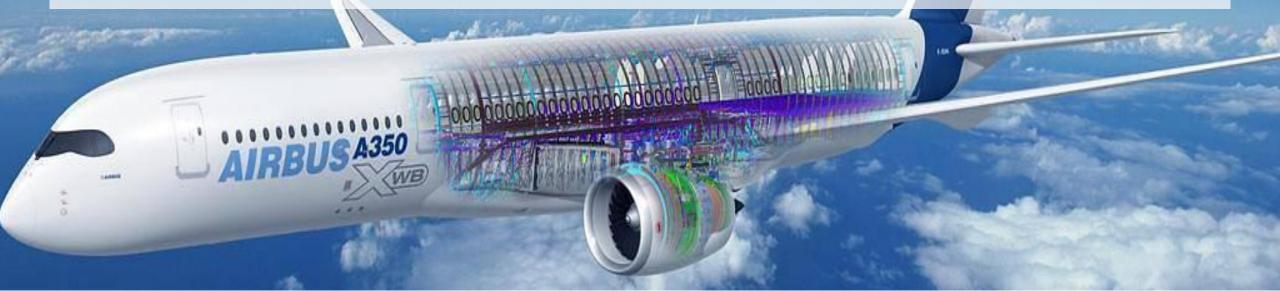
\rightarrow IN A DAY

- > 42,000 flights per day
- > 6 millions passengers per day

\rightarrow IN A SECOND

1 Airbus takes-off every 2 seconds

- Commercial jets are advanced machines
- Numerous systems from fly by wire, flight controls, landing gear & braking to cabin pressurisation
 - Advanced software and logics
- Understanding the behaviour of the A/C and the interactions with crews/external environment during an investigation is paramount.
- The role of the manufacturer as a technical advisor to the investigation is key and we are here to support and provide our expertise.



Safe Aircraft

- Growing number
- Various configurations
- Ageing fleet
- Legacy aircraft

Safe Airline Operations

- New airline business model
- Growing 2nd / 3rd hand fleet
- Increased operational pressures
- Evolution of aviation professionals

Safe Air Transport System

- Wider range of countries
- Variety of aviation backgrounds
- Traffic growth, congestion
- Evolution of ATM
- New types of operations
- Evolution of regulations
- Increased financial pressures



How can Airbus support an investigation?

On-site activities

Hazards & Risks

Data collection

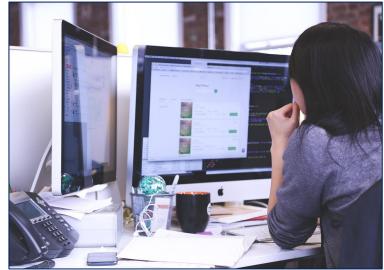
Recommendations on items to quarantine

On-site report

Propose next steps

For Airbus, only ~1% of Annex 13 investigations require on-site activity; the remaining 99% are investigated remotely using information shared by the investigator in charge





Investigation phase

Data Analysis

Flight Operations

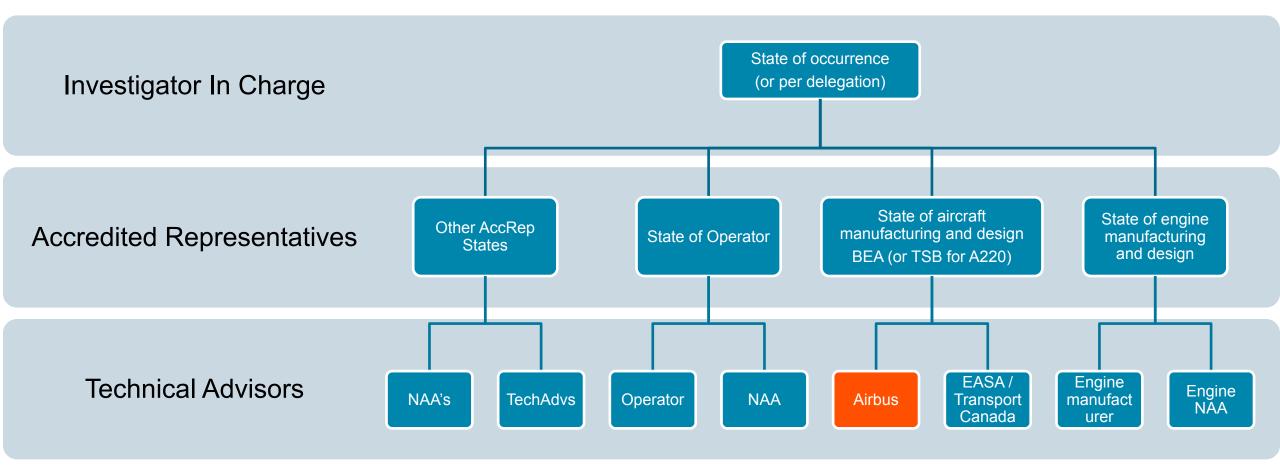
Manufacturing & Engineering

Airbus Group wide knowledge and resources

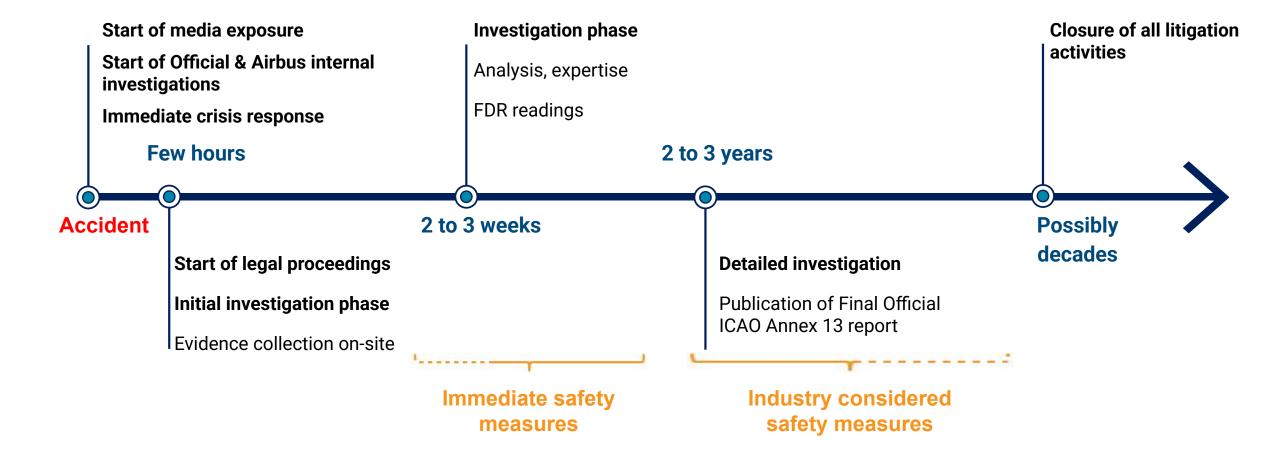


Commission of Investigation

- Industry stakeholders who may support the agencies as Advisers
 - Airbus reports to French BEA or TSB of Canada (A220) as Adviser
 - Other advisors include Operators, National Airworthiness Agencies, Research Centres...



Typical timeline of an investigation





Open Crisis

Room(s)

Go Team dispatch

Nominate Airbus

Lead Investigator*

Dispatch internal

notification



Internal and

external comms

^{*}Airbus commercial Lead Investigators are the single PoC for any given investigation

^{**} Hotline available 24/7

Airbus Go-team

- ~ 100 qualified and trained Field Investigators
- 100+ dispatches
- Capability to deploy to 2 sites simultaneously
- Ready for dispatch within 3-4hrs
- Typical composition of an Airbus Go-team
 - 2 Airbus Lead Investigators
 - Aviation Safety investigator
 - Field investigators
 - Specialists in Propulsion, Structure, and Systems
 - Experienced Field Investigator
 - On-site risk management





Go-team last major dispatches











On-site Safety

- Risk assessment methods
- Sharing of risk assessment with all actors on-site
- Proposal for control measures
- Support to Investigation Boards











* Covering all types of risks (Working Environment, Physical, Biological, Materials, Psychological)



On-Site Activities

- Airbus Go-team:
 - Support the locating of flight data recorders (FDR/CVR)
 - Support the identification of the parts
 - Support the collection and preservation of evidence
- Propose to quarantine relevant hardware for future shop or lab investigations
- As technical advisors, Airbus:
 - Act under the supervision of the Investigation Agencies
 - Follow an agreed action plan
 - Deliver technical advisory and debrief in real time
- The on-site activity may be the only opportunity to collect certain facts and information

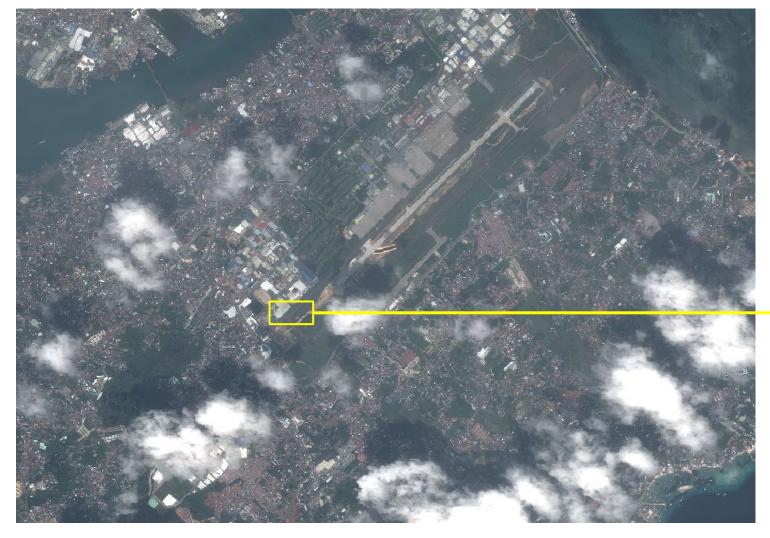








Satellite Imagery



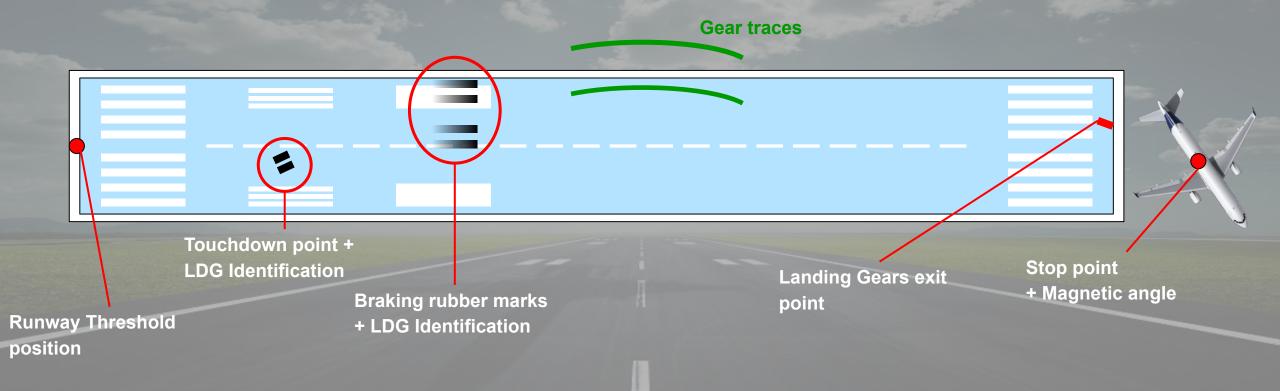


Picture available within T0 and T0+1 day

Runway Mapping

Flight path reconstruction based on FDR data is paramount for event analysis

On-site GPS points required to calibrate the Flight Path





On-Site Report Data

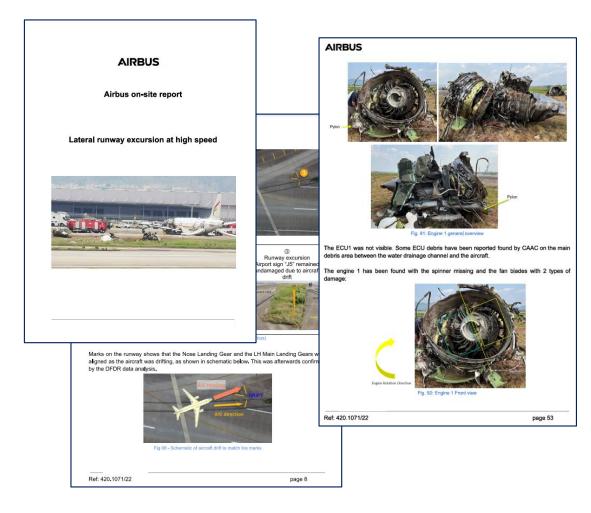
- All information observed and data collected from the accident site is documented in an Airbus on-site report, reviewed by the ACCREP
- This on-site data supplements the information from the flight recorders
- Provides a detailed description "as found" of the wreckage parts, identifying specific elements and conditions
 - Parts may have been modified, due to the impact forces, the Search and Rescue, firefighting, recovery, displacement, etc.





On-Site Report - Distribution

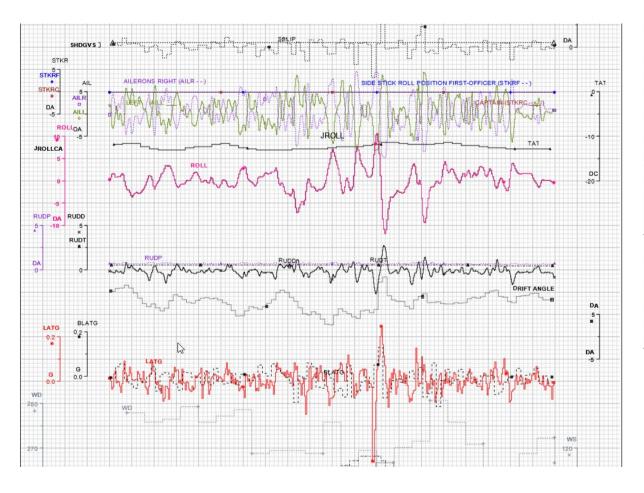
- The onsite report is submitted to the commission of the investigation
 - Document facts:
 - Risk Assessment
 - Site mapping
 - Detailed description of findings
 - When possible, conclude on some investigation axis from the site evidence
 - Propose parts for quarantine
 - Propose next steps
 - Content is agreed by all parties before leaving the site

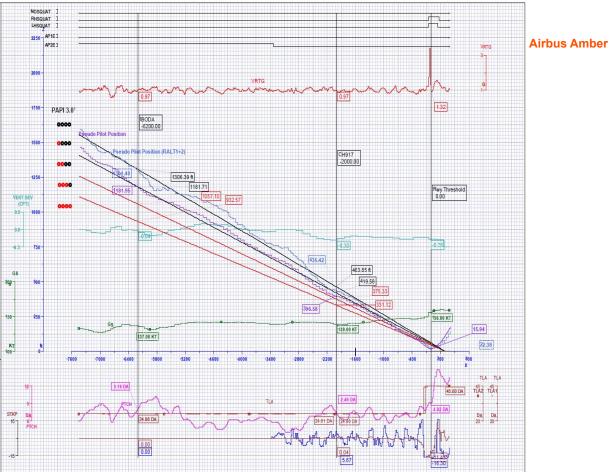






Flight Data Recorders Analysis



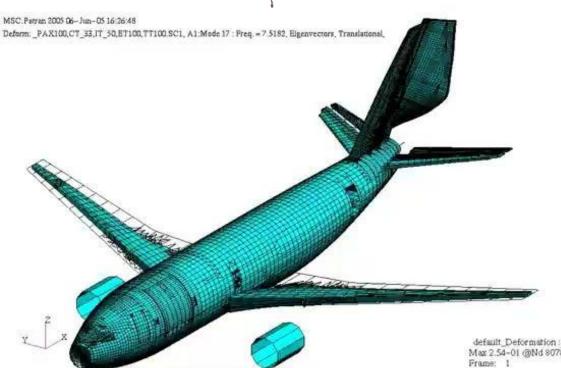


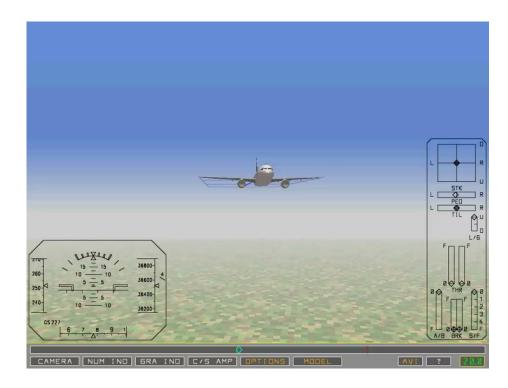


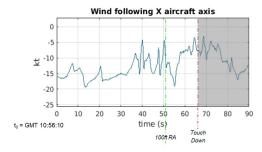


Modelling & Handling Quality Tools



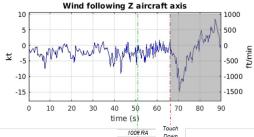






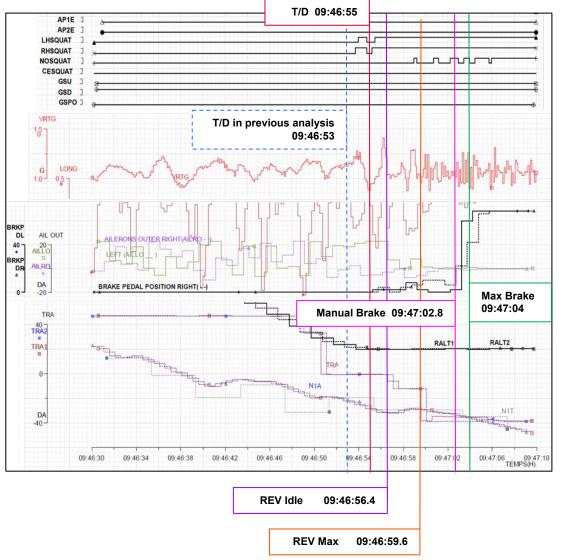


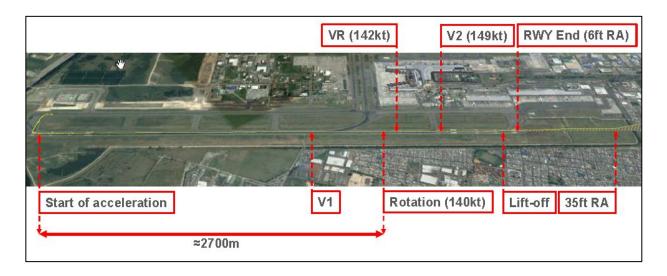


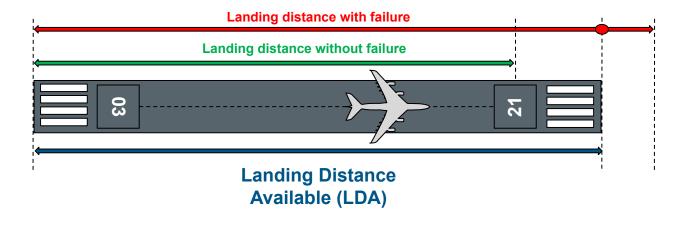




Performance studies







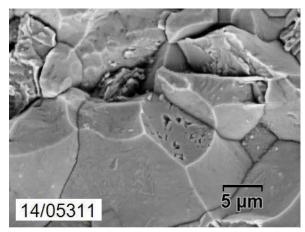


Tests and Examination Labs

Airbus and its network own various facilities where tests / examinations can be performed:

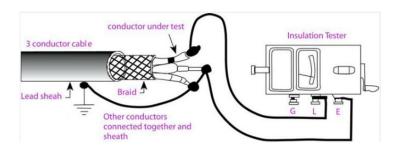
- Airbus group
- Engine manufacturers
- Equipment manufacturers
- Specialised laboratories

Some examples: Wiring, current ingestion on computers, EMI, Fire, fracture analysis, audio analysis, etc.

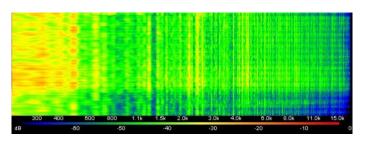














Surface Layout



Airlines training simulator

- Real cockpit motion visual
- Simulated systems
- Frozen systems configuration
- No recorder

Example of use case

Replay an operational event to assess adherence to SOPs or human factors aspects



Development simulators

- Real cockpit no motion visual
- Real systems ⇒ ability to match A/C systems configuration
- Ability to simulate complex failures
- Mass recording for post analysis

Examples of use case

Replay technical event
Ability to install real equipments from
the event A/C





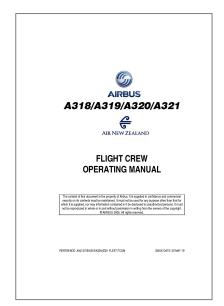
Simulators may be a mean to replicate or investigate accident scenarios

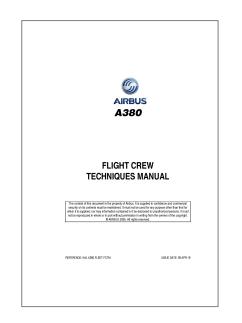
The added values, compared to engineering desktop simulations:

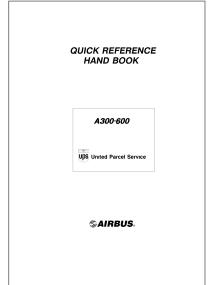
- Observe the human / machine interface
- Experience the dynamic of a sequence of events
- Tests with some real aircraft systems
- Capability to investigate complex system failure modes and consequences
- Massive data recording for post-analysis
- ☐ A simulator has limitations.
 - Beyond these limitations, the simulator is not fully representative of the reality
- ☐ Tests program mandatory to keep this complex mean efficient
- ☐ To be used for major incidents or accidents or on ad'hoc request



Operational Expertise – Procedures and Training









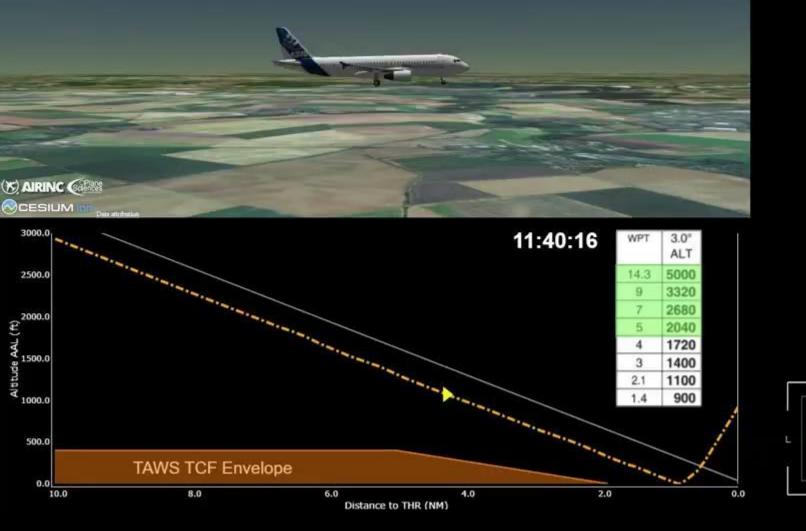


Operational Expertise – Human Machine & Environment Interaction



- An analysis method developed by Airbus that provides a comprehensive understanding of Human, Machine and Environment Interactions (HMEI)
- Contributes to human factors / human performance analysis conducted by the SIAs
- Captures lessons learned and identifies key findings for potential safety enhancements in the 3 safety areas
- The robustness and accuracy of the HMEI analysis are directly affected by the volume and quality of the data available
- Airbus can support this activity by providing HF experts, Flight Ops experts, Expert pilots, TRIs/TREs, etc
- Airbus understands the sensitivity of such data (in particular elements of the CVR), and has developed robust processes to
 ensure the respect of the confidentiality requirements

Animations





Airbus Contribution Report

- Description of the relevant aircraft systems and structure
- Full event analysis, including:
 - Flight data readout
 - Engineering simulations and studies (Handling Qualities, Wind & loads assessments, performance, etc.)
 - Results of laboratory and simulator sessions
 - Pireps and aircraft data analysis (PFR, TSD, etc.)
 - Etc.
- Relevant operational and maintenance documentation
- All relevant information to support understanding of the event and its analysis
- Based on facts No speculation
- Accuracy Information duly validated
- Concise The information needed
- Completeness All issues addressed and any actions taken are documented

AIRBUS

[Airbus Amber]

Titan Airways (AWC) A321N MSN 10238 (G-OATW) Flight AWC305Y



Loss of cabin windows in flight 04/10/2023



Airbus Contribution Report

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Reference: WA 420.1040 /23

26 April 203

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Airbus Comments to an Annex 13 Draft Report

Airbus, as technical advisor to the state of manufacture and design, provides the state investigation board with its comments in a specific format within 30 days (extendable to 60 days upon requirement from the ACCREP)

AIRBUS

Airbus comments to final draft report

	CORE COMMENTS							
Ref.	Applicable paragraphs	Commented extract	Reason for proposed change	Proposed amendment				
IV.	Page 6 Air Conditioning System Lines 9-14	The conditioned air is at a temperature and flow rate that is suitable to enter the mixer unit where it is mixed with the cabin air prior to distribution to the flight deck and cabin to maintain a comfortable environment. Trim valves allow untreated bleed air to mix downstream of the mixer units to optimise temperature regulation. The temperature in each zone can be selected and set from the AIR COND panel on the flight deck.	Terminology correction. Add information on cockpit supplied with from air pack 1 only during normal system operation.	The conditioned air is at a temperature and flow rate that is suitable to enter the mixer unit where it is mixed with the recirculated cabin air prior to distribution to the flight deck and cabin to maintain a comfortable environment. Trim valves allow untreated hot bleed air to mix downstream of the mixer units to optimise temperature regulation. During normal pack operation with the trim air system operative the cockpit is only supplied with air from the pack 1 mixed with the recirculated air. The temperature in each zone can be selected and set from the AIR COND panel on the flight deck and can be fine-tuned for each cabin zone through the temperature control panel installed on the FAP (Flight Attendant Panel).				



Airbus Answers to Safety Recommendations

All Safety Recommendations relevant to Airbus are captured

- The ones directly addressed to Airbus are answered with 90 days
- The ones addressed to EASA / FAA in an Airbus context are captured for position also within 90 days

Safety recommendations addressed to other manufacturers are captured for Airbus internal evaluation within 6 months

Answers are duly validated by the "Airbus Investigation Committee"



Ideally the safety recommendations are discussed and addressed during the course of the investigation



Communication

- The Airbus Safety first magazine contributes to the enhancement of safety for aircraft operations.
 - It contains information and lessons learnt about safety topics related to the design, maintenance, and operation of Airbus aircraft
- WIN (Worldwide Instructor News) provides instructors and pilots with information from the Airbus Flight Operations and Training
 - It contains videos, presentations, and articles that deal with topics that
 Airbus considers necessary to highlight for better understanding
- The aim of sharing this safety information is to share lessons learnt and help prevent accidents by increasing the awareness of the crews



OPERATIONS

the cockpit.

Lithium

Lithium Battery Fire in the Cabin or in the Cockpit

Battery Fire in

the Cabin or in

the Cockpit

A lithium battery fire during flight is a significantly growing threat due to the

devices carried by aircraft occupants.

Recent events illustrate the critical

increasing number of portable electronic

importance of adhering to the procedures to timely and efficiently react to a lithium battery

This article explains the specific firefighting steps to fight a lithium battery fire. It also

recalls the various procedures that must be followed to deal with a fire in the cabin or in



Visit: https://safetyfirst.airbus.com/

https://airbus-win.com



App Store

Safety

Airbus Events with SIA

Airbus days for SIAs

- Introducing future technologies
- Explaining training and operational concepts
- Providing investigation return of experience
- Explaining Airbus safety strategy
- Every 2 years, duration 2.5 days
- Next seminar 2027



Airbus regional seminars

- To better know each other: "Break the ice!"
- For Airbus to understand SIA constraints and concerns
- How Airbus is organized to support an Annex 13 investigation
- To get feedback from Airbus experience (Safety on accident site, useful information to recover, etc.)
- Awareness of investigation means that Airbus is able to provide
- As required, duration 3 days





Conclusion

- In an investigation, the role of Airbus is to provide its expertise and resources to support the Safety Investigation Authorities, and to take away any learning from an event that may help improve the safety of Airbus products and the air transport system
 - A team of trained and experienced field investigators to assist the on site activity
 - Available experts from throughout the Airbus Group
 - Access to test and simulations means
- Fully documented facts and analyses with two key deliverables:
 - On site report
 - Airbus contribution report
- A collaborative approach throughout an investigation allows a full analysis of the event
 - Corrective actions to be identified and timely implemented

Our collective objective is to prevent recurrence



Airbus Investigation Values

- Comply with regulations and industry standards
- Never give up in front of the investigation challenges
- Do not miss an opportunity to prevent or enhance - Do not accept recurrence
- Collaborate throughout the industry to capture and disseminate the lessons learnt





Airbus Aviation Safety Investigators

ISL



Stéphane COTE Airbus nominates one single point of contact to manage any Annex 13 investigation: the Airbus Lead Investigator (ALI). Today 10 ALIs:

Will retire in May 2026
Dedicated to transfer of knowledge



Albert URDIROZ

8 ALIs



Xavier BARRIOLA



Bernard BESINET



Denis CADOUX



Hélène CARROLS



Sundeep GUPTA



Pierre LABRO



Thomas LEPAGNOT



Jordane SOULA-OUDOT



NN



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Thank you

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