





ATM SG/11 & CNS SG/14

19-23 Oct. 2025 **EETINGS** Abu Dhabi, UAE









FF-ICE implementation Workshop

Presented by the Secretariat









Global TBO Concept

- ▶ Broad support from the 13th Air Navigation Conference (Montreal, 9 19 October 2018)
- Integrated in the Global Air Navigation Plan and Aviation System Block Upgrade Framework
- Higher Performance is achieved
 - Trajectory Based Operations (TBO) is the Concept which is implemented through ATM processes
 - Using Flight and Flow Information for a Collaborative Environment (FF-ICE) processed
 - Utalizing System Wide Information Management (SWIM) services

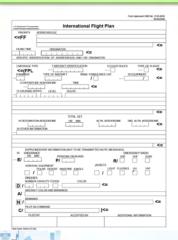






Flight and Flow Information for a *Collaborative* Environment (**FF-ICE**)

Address limitations and constraints of the current flight planning mechanism







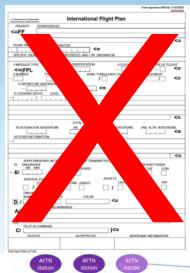


Enable transitioning to a fully collaborative environment where a flight trajectory is shared and optimized during all phases of a flight





FPL2012



2034

eFPL







During FF-ICE Provision Development (2015~2018)

Within ATMRPP

 How to accommodate additional information needs?

How to manage mixed-mode operations?

Will FPL2012 be sun-setting eventually, if so when ?

AN-Conf/13 in 2018

Recommendation 3.2/2 FF-ICE

• • •

b) ICAO develop a robust transition strategy.....







14th Air Navigation Conference (ANConf/14), Recommendation 3.2/2 – Transition to flight and flow – information for a collaborative environment services and cessation of ICAO 2012 flight plan by 2034

That States:

- a) in support of the 2034 global cessation of the ICAO 2012 flight plan, commence the development of a national plan to transition to flight and flow information for a collaborative environment services along with industry stakeholders;
- b) include plans for the implementation of both minimum and optional flight and flow information for a collaborative environment services in the national air navigation plans;
- c) share experience and resources for the implementation of flight and flow information for a collaborative environment services;
- d) and planning and implementation regional groups, consider establishing regional focus groups for coordinating the planning and implementation of flight and flow information for a collaborative environment services and providing necessary support throughout the transition period; and
- e) support and contribute to the work of their respective planning and implementation regional group and their subgroups to develop a regional plan to transition to flight and flow – information for a collaborative environment services on the basis of the 2034 global cessation of the ICAO 2012 flight plan;

...







14th Air Navigation Conference (ANConf/14), Recommendation 3.2/2 – Transition to flight and flow – information for a collaborative environment services and cessation of ICAO 2012 flight plan by 2034

. . . .

that ICAO:

- f) amend relevant ICAO provisions and guidance material to enable the 2034 global cessation of the ICAO flight plan and associated air traffic services messages;
- g) through planning and implementation regional groups, provide guidance and support for the development of regional plans to transition to flight and flow information for a collaborative environment to enable the 2034 global cessation of the ICAO 2012 flight plan;
- h) support inter-regional collaboration for a harmonized implementation of and transition to flight and flow information for a collaborative environment services;
- i) monitor and support the progress of flight and flow information for a collaborative environment services implementation and transition plan developments of States; and
- j) conduct a periodic assessment and report on the readiness of the global air traffic management community for the 2034 global cessation of the ICAO 2012 flight plan.











Trajectory Based
Operations (TBO) Concept









Transition Strategy Development



- Engage and raise awareness all stakeholders
- Deliver ICAO provisions and guidance both for FF-ICE and SWIM
- No more changes to FPL2012 requirements
- Set the global target date for sunsetting FPL2012

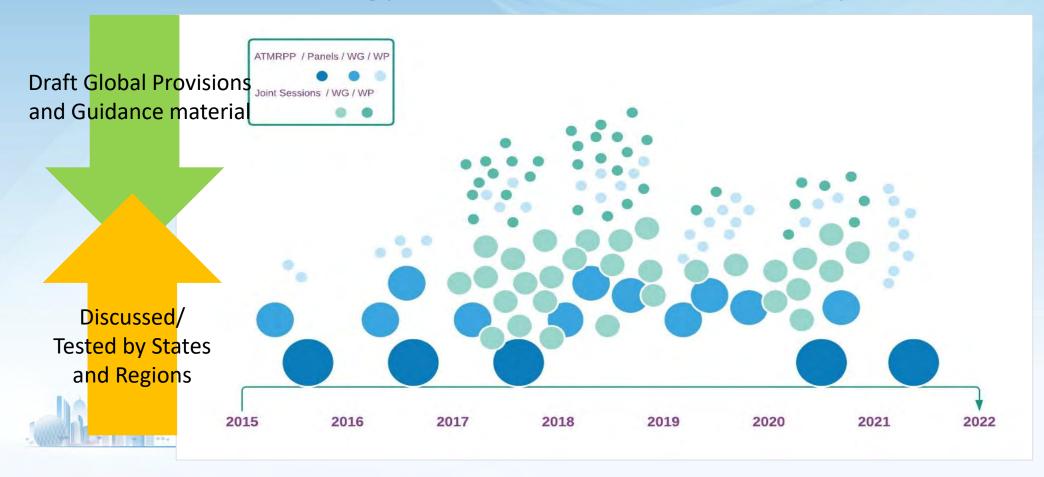
- Engagement on national and regional levels and demonstrations or tabletop exercises
- National/regional Implementation transition plan







Transition Strategy of FF-ICE Provision Development

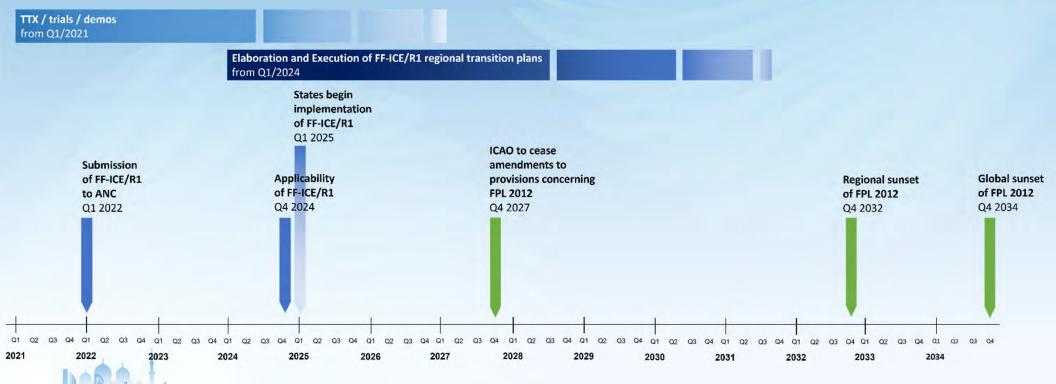








Deliverables









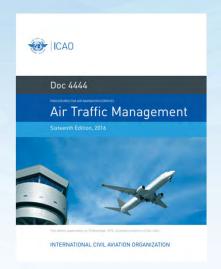
Global Level (Up to 2024)





Global Awareness & Engagement

Global Provisions Adopted/Approved



Global Consensus on 2034 Cessation of FPL2012









AN-Conf/14 REC 3.2/2 (Up to 2034)

- amend relevant ICAO provisions and guidance material to enable the 2034 global cessation of the ICAO flight plan and associated air traffic services messages;
- conduct a periodic assessment and report on the readiness of the global air traffic management community for the 2034 global cessation of the ICAO 2012 flight plan.
- **development of national and regional plan(s)** to transition to FF-ICE services along with industry stakeholders
- establishment of regional focus groups for coordinating the planning and implementation of FF-ICE services and providing necessary support throughout the transition period
- **inter-regional collaboration** for a harmonized implementation of and transition to FF-ICE services;

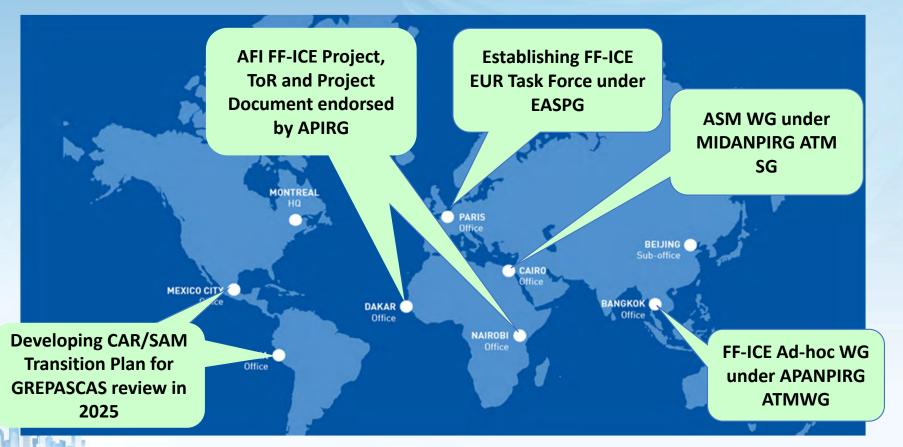








Ongoing Regional Activities







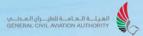


Flight Plan 2012 Challenges & Constraints

- Current ICAO FPL2012 format has limited fields for content, approaching capacity.
- Limited fields in FPL2012 mean valuable additional information can not be submitted, without that information, ANSPs have less data to use for optimizing airspace capacity.
- > FPL2012 doesn't permit pre-flight negotiation of preferred trajectory.
- Frequently rejected due inaccurate analysis.
- Doesn't easily enable inflight replanning.
- Need for local agents and lack of centralized automation.
- Ad-hoc flight approvals, and require manual process.
- Expectation that all ANSPs would transition to FPL2012, a number of ANSPs took a long time to adopt (some still haven't fully); which raises concerns.









Flight Plan 2012 Challenges & Constraints

- In complex environment where ATFM provisions are essential, additional data would aid flow management units to better predict actual trajectories and hence optimize flow management releasing capacity.
- Regional/fragmented implementation brings operational and safety concerns especially for global carriers.
- ANSP uses default aircraft performance/wind data to estimate flight profile.
- ➤ Because the planning system does not have actual aircraft performance, weather data, etc the estimated flight profile differs significantly from the calculations of the airline Flight Planning tool, resulting that FPL is rejected unnecessarily.









Summary

- Current FPL2012 is becoming unable to accommodate necessary information.
- Capacity for more information required to enable improved trajectory and planning for demand vs capacity balancing.
- > Flight planning processed needs to be simplified and automated.
- ➤ All inclusive transition plan (not similar to the program of FPL2012).









The solution

Address limitations and constraints of the current flight planning mechanism





Enable transitioning to a fully collaborative environment where a flight trajectory is shared and optimized during all phases of a flight









Flight and Flow Information for a Collaborative Environment

(Concept)

Same as FIXM?

Same as SWIM?

Same as TBO

Only for ANSPs?

Just a new flight plan format?



NO, it is FF-ICE

Just for Pre-departure planning?

ATM SG/11 Meeting







Flight and Flow - Information for a Collaborative Environment (Concept)



- **New data exchanges** allows indication of advanced capabilities, and is extensible to address emerging needs
- New mechanisms to exchange information uniquely identify flights and ensure all stakeholders work from the correct information
- New interactions between stakeholders to facilitate coordination and negotiation

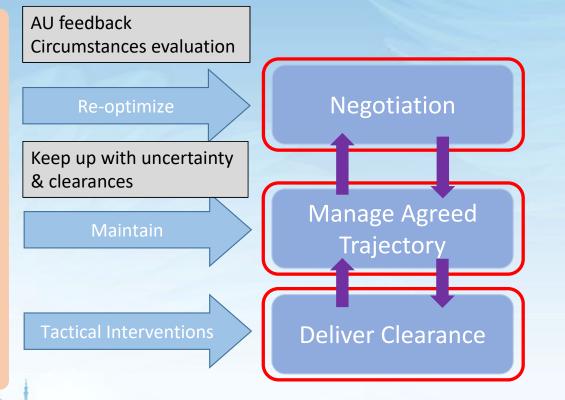






FF-ICE concept framework





Share and ensure agreement reflects what has happened

ATC delivers the Agreed Trajectory using clearances

Legend Flight Information Sharing

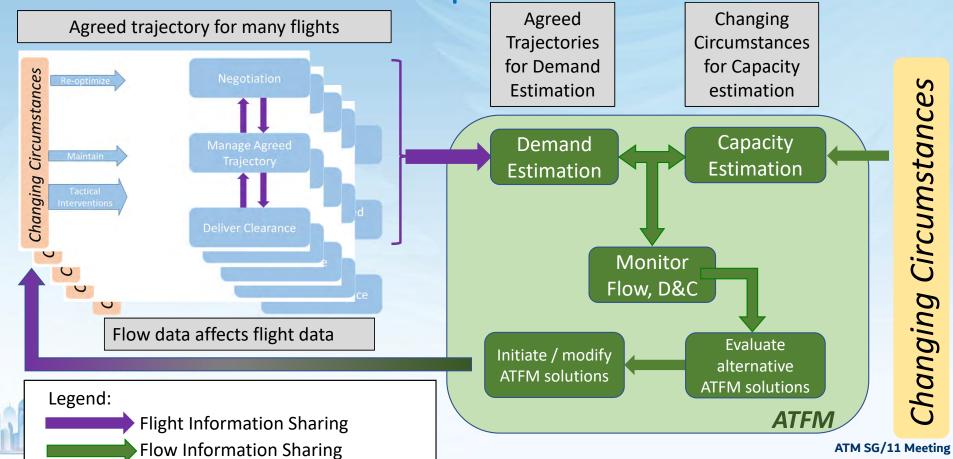
ATM SG/11 Meeting

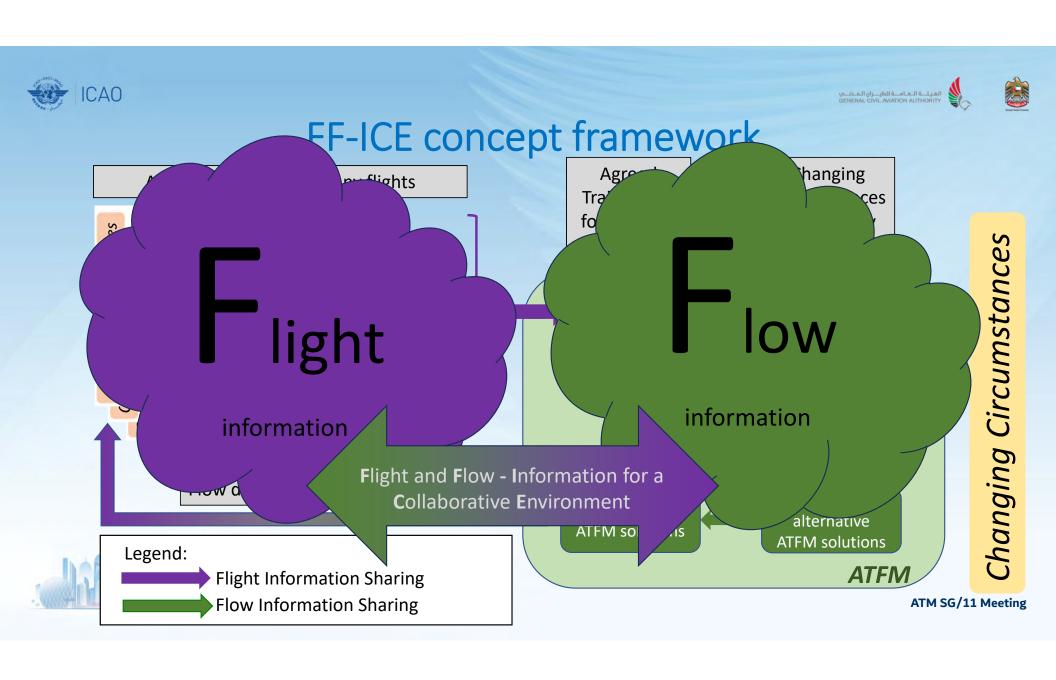






FF-ICE concept framework











Flight and Flow - Information for a Collaborative Environment



Global Endorsement

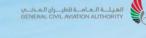
2012 | 12th Air Navigation Conference

- Information for flow management, flight planning, and trajectory management
- Interactions between the members of the ATM community
- Globally harmonized means and process for planning and providing consistent flight information



Manual on Flight and Flow — Information for a Collaborative Environment (FF-ICE)







Flight and Flow - Information for a Collaborative Environment

Deployment Planning

4th Edition, 2013





5th Edition, 2013





6th Edition, 2019



7th Edition, 2022



"Phased Approach (Pre-departure first then Post Departure)"







Flight and Flow - Information for a Collaborative Environment

Global Provisions

Concept in 2012

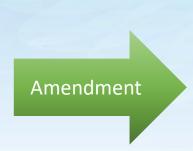
Services in 2024

More in 2028+













- Foundation for evolution
- focus on pre-departure
- elective implementation

ATM SG/11 Meeting







Overview of Provisions and Guidance material

Annex 2

 Submission, contents, completion, changes, and closing of flight plans

⇒ To whom flight plan is submitted

Annex 10 Vol II

Messages to be handled by AFTN

⇒ Generation and use of GUFI

PANS-AIM

 Contents of AIP ENR 1.10 flight planning and ENR 1.11 addressing

⇒ FF-ICE services availability

PANS-ATM

- Submission of a flight plan
- · Acceptance of a flight plan
- ICAO model flight plan form
- Instructions for the completion of the flight plan form
- Instructions for the transmission of FPL message
- ATS messages and associated procedures

Supported by the concept and implementation guidance in Doc 9965 FF-ICE Manual

Supported by the FIXM User Manual

GUFI: Globally Unique Flight Identifier

FIXM: Flight Information Exchange Mode

⇒ FF-ICE services in a mixed-mode environment



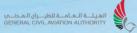
SWIM Service

PANS-IM (Doc 10199)

SWIM Implementation Manual (Doc 10203)

Manual on Aviation Information Security (Doc 10204)







2nd Edition of Doc 9965



Part I Concept (Updated)

Part II Implementation Guidance (New)

- Implementation considerations:
 - Air traffic flow and capacity management
 - Information management and technology
 - Mixed-mode and transition
 - State regulation/directives, publications and training
- GUFI and flight plan association
- Detailed guidance for each FF-ICE service
- Route and trajectory information as well as other new data items
- > Information and data exchange model
- Content of FF-ICE messages and translation from eFPL to FPL
- Logic rules, association checks, translation guidance

Key Definitions (1/5)





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

FF-ICE services

- A set of services established for the purposes of
 - facilitating exchange of *FF-ICE*, accurate assessment of demands, appropriate resource planning,
 - optimizing flight planning and execution.

Key Definitions (2/5)





FF-ICE

- Information
 - necessary for planning, coordination, and notification of flights,
 - exchanged between members of **the ATM community**, including those involved in flight operations and aerodrome operations.
 - in a standardized format

Key Definitions (2/5)

FF-ICE services unit

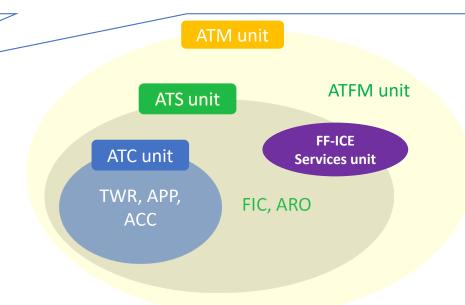
- A unit designated by the appropriate ATS authority for the provision of FF-ICE services.



ICAO



INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION



Key Definitions (4/5)





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

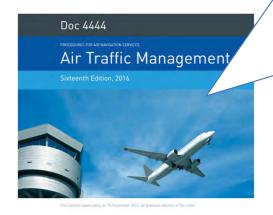
Flight plan.

Specified information relative to an intended flight or portion of a flight of an aircraft.

Note 1.— The term flight plan may be prefixed by the words "preliminary", "filed", "current" or "operational" to indicate the context and different stages of a flight.

Key Definitions (5/5)





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

Filed flight plan (FPL or eFPL).

The latest flight plan as submitted by the pilot, an operator or a designated representative for use by ATS units.

Note.— **The FPL denotes....** while **eFPL denotes** The eFPL allows for the exchange of additional information not contained within the FPL.

Flight plan submission/distribution - General



INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

nternational Standards

3.3.1.3 Unless otherwise prescribed by the appropriate ATS authority, a flight plan shall be submitted, before departure, to an air traffic services reporting office or, during flight, transmitted to the appropriate air traffic services unit or airground control radio station

Elective Implementation of FF-ICE Services PANS-ATM

17.2 GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 17.2.1 When it has been determined that FF-ICE services will be provided, the appropriate ATS authority shall:
 - a) designate at least one FF-ICE services unit;
 - arrange for, as a minimum, the provision of the filing service and flight data request service;
 - ensure that the FF-ICE services unit(s) maintains the ability necessary to exchange ATS messages
 with operators and ATS units that have not implemented FF-ICE services, in accordance with
 provisions in Chapter 11; and
 - arrange for the promulgation of information on the availability of FF-ICE services, associated procedures and conditions in the Aeronautical Information Publications (AIP).

Flight plan submission/distribution -FPL





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

11.4.2.2.2.2 **An FPL message shall be originated** by the ATS unit serving the departure aerodrome or, when applicable, by:

- a) a unit designated by the appropriate ATS authority to serve the departure aerodrome;
- b) the ATS unit receiving a flight plan from an aircraft in flight; or
- c) the pilot, the operator or its designated representative, when so delegated in accordance with 11.2.1.1.1.

Flight plan submission/distribution - eFPL





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

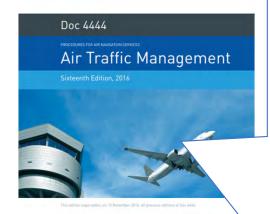
17.4.3.2 Unless otherwise prescribed by the appropriate ATS authority, an operator or its designated representative electing to use FF-ICE services shall submit:

- a) an eFPL to each FF-ICE services unit; and
- b) an FPL to each ATS unit unable to process an eFPL....

Note 1. The FF-ICE services unit may assume responsibility for the provision of the flight plan information and changes thereto in an appropriate format to all relevant units concerned along the route of flight....

FF-ICE services description (1/2)





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

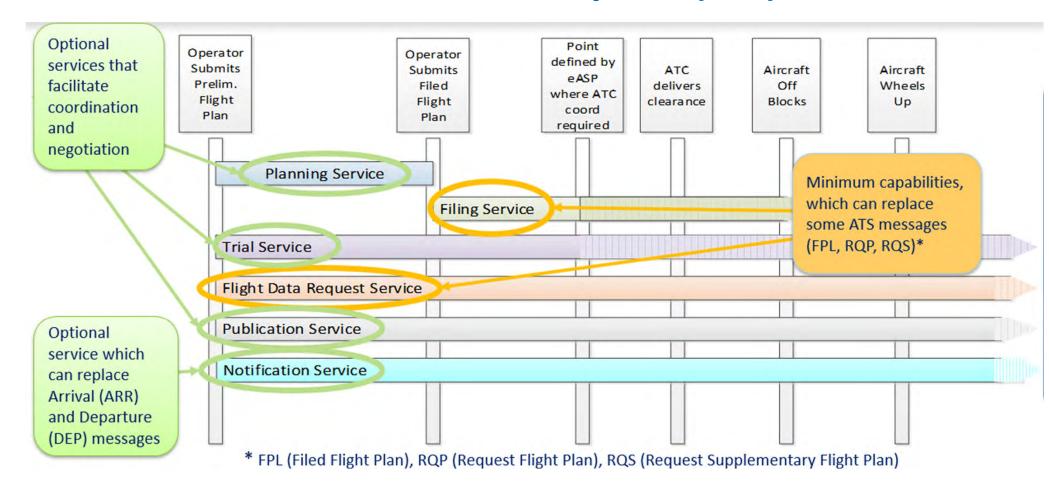
17.1.1 The FF-ICE services may include any of the following:

- a) planning service: the evaluation of a preliminary flight plan (PFP) with respect to flight plan
 acceptability and, where practicable, the indication of applicable restrictions and resultant
 constraints on the flight;
- filing service: the evaluation of a filed flight plan (eFPL) for the provision of air traffic services and indication of flight plan acceptability;
- trial service: the evaluation of a trial request with respect to flight plan acceptability and, where
 practicable, the indication of applicable restrictions and resultant constraints on the flight;

Note.— The trial service offers an opportunity for an operator or designated representative to submit "what-if" scenarios and to receive feedback from an FF-ICE services unit, prior to submitting a PFP, eFPL or flight plan update.

- d) flight data request service: the provision of data regarding a specific flight such as the latest version
 of a filed flight plan or search and rescue data upon request by an eligible recipient;
- notification service: the provision of data regarding a certain flight event such as departure and arrival to required recipients; and
- f) publication service: the publication of flight and flow data for access by authorized subscribers.

FF-ICE services description (2/2)



Standard FF-ICE Messages





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

Table 17-1

- Submission response
- Preliminary flight plan
- Planning status
- Trial request
- Trial response
- Filed flight plan (eFPL)
- Fling status
- Flight plan update
- Flight plan cancellation
- Flight data request
- Flight data response
- Flight departure
- Flight arrival

FF-ICE Services Procedures – Examples (1/2)





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

17.4.1.3 Each recipient shall respond to each of the messages identified below with a Submission Response message...

17.4.5.1 Each individual FF-ICE services unit shall **determine the acceptability** of the flight plan or flight plan update, and **send an appropriate FF-ICE message** (Planning Status message or Filing Status message) ...as soon as practicable.

FF-ICE Services Procedures – Examples (2/2)





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

17.4.1.6 The originator of PFP, eFPL or Flight Plan Update messages shall include flight plan version information

17.4.3.3 **An eFPL message shall include**, as a minimum, **the GUFI** and the flight data items prescribed by the provisions in Annex 2, 3.3.2 and Appendix 2 of this document.

Standard FF-ICE Messages





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

Table 17-1

- Submission response
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- Flight data response
- Flight departure
- Flight arrival

Technical and Interoperability Requirement (1/3)





INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

17.5.1 FF-ICE services shall make use of information services.

Note 1. — In the context of system-wide information management, the information service addresses machine-to machine interaction in a service-oriented architecture.

Note 2. — Procedures on information services are contained in the Procedures for Air Navigation Services - Information Management (PANS-IM, Doc 10199).

Technical and Interoperability Requirement (2/3)



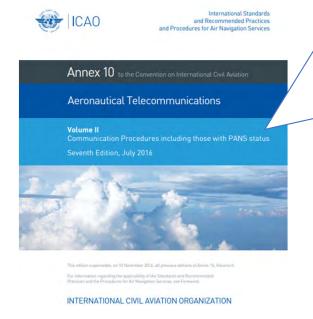


INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

17.5.2 ... shall adopt an information exchange model that :

- a) provides the structure and format of the required flight and flow data elements,
- **b) enables the construction and exchange** of the standard FF-ICE messages
- c) provides a mechanism by which additional flight and flow data and/or FF-ICE messages can be used without affecting global interoperability.

Technical and Interoperability Requirement (3/3)



3.9 Globally unique flight identifier

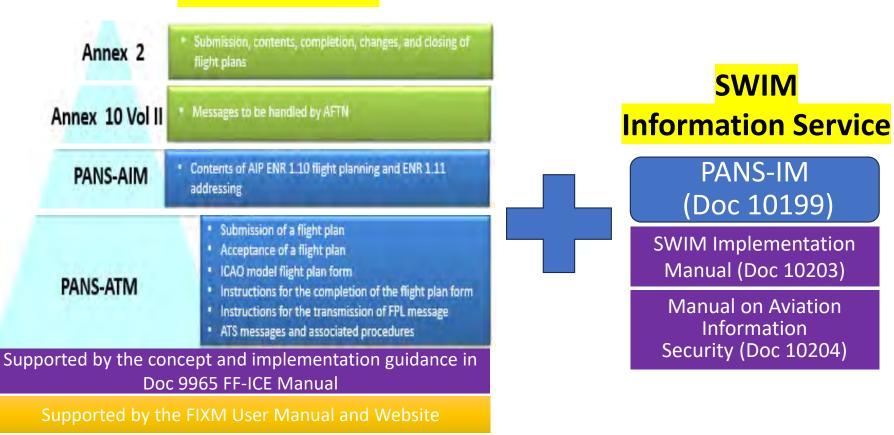
3.9.1 The originator of a preliminary flight plan (PFP) or eFPL **shall assign a single GUFI** to a flight for which the flight plan is to be submitted.

3.9.2 The originator of a PFP or eFPL shall ensure that all FF-ICE messages submitted for a flight are identified by the same GUFI.

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Summary of Global Provisions and Guidance

FF-ICE Services











THANK YOU