



The ICAO Meteorological Information Exchange Model (IWXXM) and the transition to a System Wide Information Management (SWIM) Environment

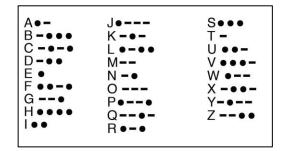
The introduction of SWIM will see a complete change in the culture and nature of aviation meteorological (MET) services that will evolve over time. It is essential that there is clarity regarding what MET services are required, how users will access MET information in a SWIM environment and what is needed to provide these services. Effective engagement between the suppliers and users of this information is crucial to achieving long term objectives.





Traditional Alphanumeric Code (TAC)

- Transmitted by Morse code and teleprinter
- Limited character length
- → Human-readable
- Examples: METAR/SPECI, TAF, AIRMET, SIGMET, VAA, TCA
- → Inflexible



Nothing much has changed with the MET code forms in the last 70 years

Aerodrome Forecast

1948: TAMET 00181 UDO 6310 9703/ 88820

43505 55004 92024

2016: TAF YUDO 151800Z 1600/1618 13010

9000 BKN020 BECMG 1606/1608

SCT015CB BKN020 TEMPO 1608/1612

17015G30 1000 TSRA SCT010CB

BKN020 FM161230 15010 9999 BKN020

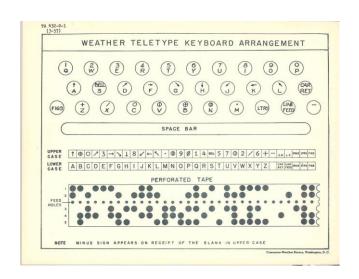


Communications Networks

- → AFTN: dedicated lines such as radio-teletype and X.25
- → AMHS: move to X.400
- Web Services



There have been steady advances in communications networks







ICAO Meteorological Information Exchange Model (IWXXM)

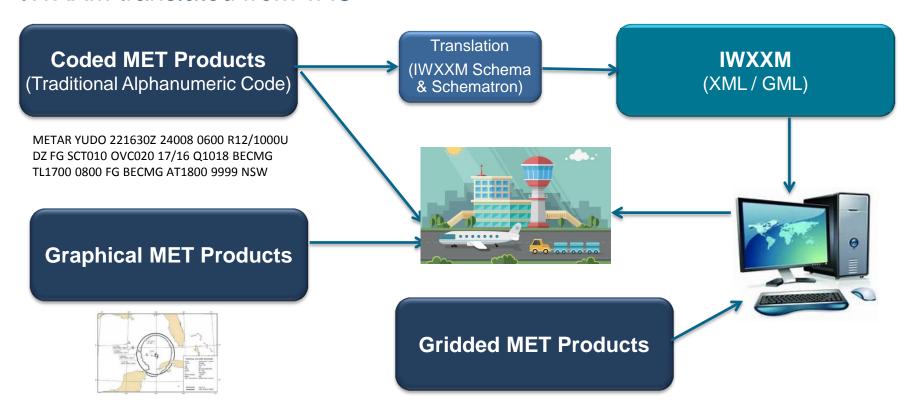
- → MET information in XML/GML
- → Supports machine-to-machine
- Integration into decision support tools
- Enables the development of cost-effective MET information displays
- Easy and reliable extraction of specific MET elements

Improving situational awareness and operational decisions.





IWXXM translated from TAC



System Wide Information Management (SWIM)

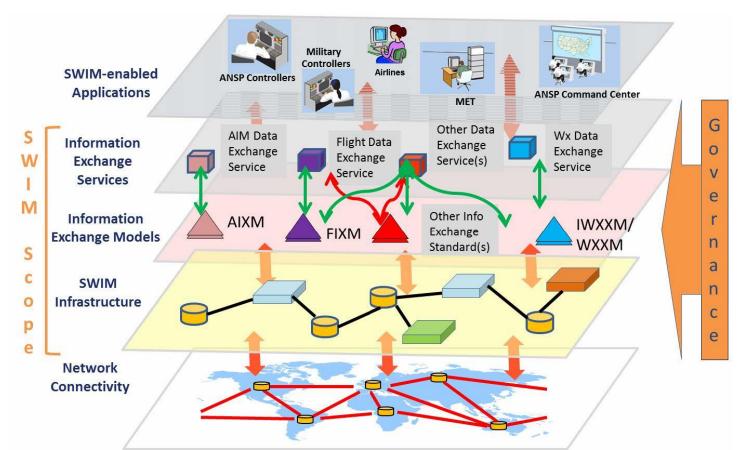
- Increased sharing of information
- Flexible and secure information management
- → Common situational awareness
- High quality, timely information in a range of formats for optimal decision-making
- Machine-to-machine communications to complement human-to-human communications
- Improved data distribution and accessibility

Quality information to the right people with the right systems at the right time.





SWIM





MET in SWIM

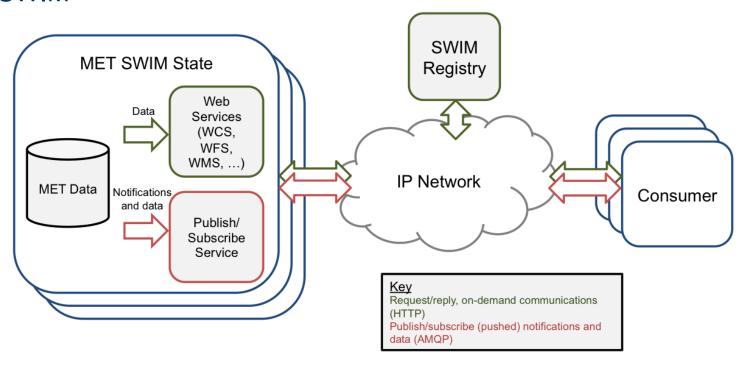
Supporting:

- Flexible airspace management
- → Airborne re-routing
- Improved situational awareness
- Collaborative decision-making
- Dynamically optimized flight trajectory planning
- → ATM impact conversion and ATM decision support
- → Hazard avoidance

Supporting operational efficiency and safety



MET in SWIM



MET in SWIM

Improved Services:

- Higher temporal and spatial resolution
- Improved and user-defined visualisation
- → Change from product-centric to data-centric information
- Phenomena-based rather than FIR-based
- Improved climatological data and climate change information.

New Services:

- Probability of occurrence and forecast uncertainty
- → Space weather, Sulphur dioxide (SO₂), High ice water content

MET is an enabler for a future globally interoperable aviation environment



