ICAO EUR/NAT – Webinar on Green Airports

Sustainability Highlights

5.12.2023 | Fraport Slovenija (Ljubljana Airport)





Trends/challenges in sustainability at airports









GREATER RESILIENCE OF ENERGY SUPPLY

DECARBONIZING GROUND HANDLING OPERATIONS

SUSTAINABLE INTERMODALITY

- Balanced energy mix solution, which ensures less dependence on the price of energy sources
- Solution which ensures an acceptable level of 'business as usual' during times of uncertainty (instability of gas supply, electric eclipses)
- Low-carbon solution (use of renewable sources) to be compliant with future net zero targets

- Financial constraints (high costs)
- Infrastructure constraints (insufficient connected electrical power)
- Operational constraints ("long" charging time of electric vehicles)
- Decarbonizing heavy vehicles (hydrogen?)

- Inflexible and bad connected public transport
- Absence of (or bad) rail connection to the airport (responsibility of the state)
- Shortage of public electrical charging stations

Best practices implemented at Ljubljana Airport







- 2013 100% purchased electricity from renewable sources
- 2021 installation of first heat pump
- 2021 installation of photovoltaic solar power plant on the parking garage roof
- 2023 further installation of solar power plants and heat pumps
- Green Capex plan for period 2023-2035



Reducing energy demand (energy efficiency systems)

- HVAC optimization
- Installation of ball valves on pipeline to the terminal
- Refurbishment of heating stations in buildings
- Roof isolations
- Replacement of inefficient lighting with efficient LED lighting and installation of motion sensors
- Implementation of energy management system
- IBM E-power for electrical substations

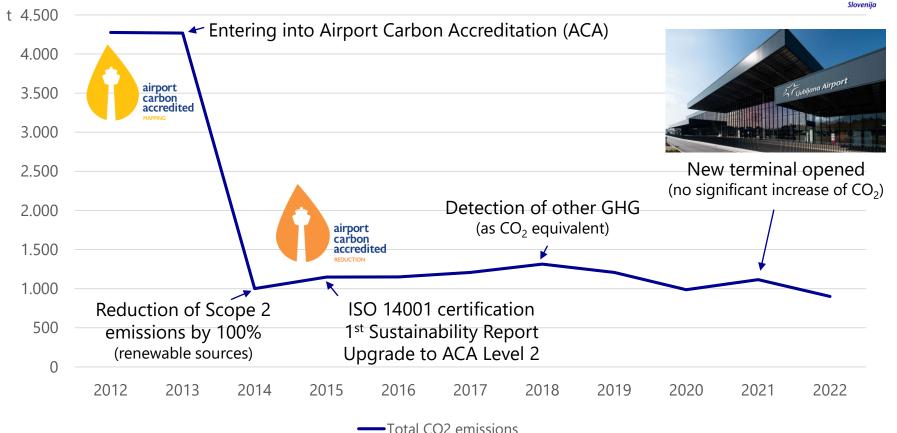


Airport engagement – Forum of Dialogue (improving the lives of communities)

- 2019 Establishment of Environmental Partnership expert group of relevant stakeholders (airport authority, ATC, CAA, state authorities)
- 2023 Expansion of the group with representatives of municipalities and residents into Forum of Dialogue
- Priority group task: resolving open noise issues
- Annual noise measurements in the peak season
- Transperency: noise reports publicly available

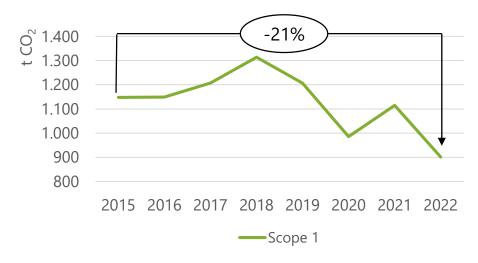
Analysis of overall CO₂ emissions (period 2012-2022)





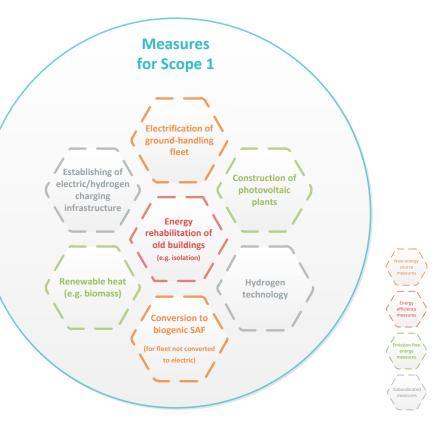
Analysis of Scope 1 emissions (period 2015-2022)





Main measures taken

- Switching from heating oil to natural gas for heating
- Implementation of LED technology
- Optimization of central power facility
- Installation of heating pumps
- Some vehicles converted to alternative drives



Decarbonisation Strategy (2023-2045) – overview



European Green Deal, European Climate Act, Fit for 55

Fraport Group committed to reach Net-Zero targets by 2045 without offsetting.

SBTs approach

CO₂ Reduction Targets

Action Plan

Changing energy source
Reducing energy demand
Emission free energy production

Decarbonisation Drivers

KPIs

CO₂ (absolute, relative) Energy consumption

Fraport Group requirements 200 guidelines



Local regulations

Decarbonisation Action Plan (top measures)



Targets

Target 2030: 551 tons CO₂ **Target 2035:** 478 tons CO₂ **Target 2040:** 219 tons CO₂

Short- and mid-term measures (2023-2035)

- Electrification of vehicle fleet (Plan 2023-2035)
- Establishing of electrical charging infrastructure
- Construction of electrical substation
- Installation of additional heat pumps (2023, 2026, 2027)
- Implementation of energy management system (EMS)

- HVAC optimization
- Energy power optimization and quality for electrical substations
- Conversion to LED technology
- Roofs isolation projects
- Construction of photovoltaic plant (Fraport II, 2023)

Top measures

Description

Energy savings* CO₂ reduction (t CO2)* Capex (Euro)

Electrification of vehicle fleet

Electrification vehicle fleet plan Electrical recharging infrastructure Electrical substation (new)



Heat pumps (new)

Energy efficiency systems

HVAC and energy power optimization Conversion to LED Roofs isolation

Electricity savings

Photovoltaic systems

Generation of emission-free energy (Fraport I and II) Two solar plants cover 20% electricity

demand



133,000 liters (+241 MWh 100% green electricity consumption)	3,547 MWh	1.1 MWh
348	146	-
4.4 mio EUR**	5.3 mio EUR	PPA
2023-2035	2023-2035	2022-2023

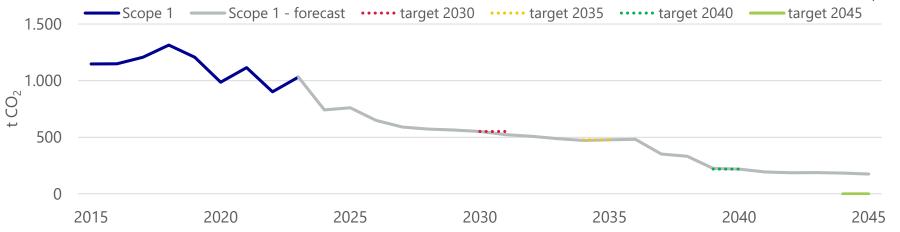
Implementation (Year)

* traffic growth not included

^{**} only included Capex for electrification that can really be attributed to decarbonisation (Capex difference between electrical vehicle and fossil-powered vehicle)

Forecast for Scope 1 emissions (targets)





Targets	Year	Emissions emitted
-52%	2030	551 t
-58%	2035	478 t
-81%	2040	219 t

Base for target formulation

- SBT approach (Paris Agreement: 1.5°C-limit)
- Net Zero Standard
- Baseline: Year 2015 (1,148 t CO₂)
- Fraport Group requirements (Net-Zero 2045)
- Comprises only Scope 1 emissions,
 (as Scope 2 emissions are already reduced by 100%)





A pleasant journey! We make it happen.

Primož Primožič, Environmental Expert

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