EUROPEAN CIVIL AVIATION CONFERENCE

ICAO AND ECAC JOINT INFORMATION SEMINAR ON CORSIA ELIGIBLE FUELS

THE CORSIA
SUSTAINABILITY
FRAMEWORK



Videoconference, 9 March 2022



AC. CEP

Background

• Since 2013, the ICAO Assembly has acknowledged multiple dimensions of sustainability (environmental, social and economic)

Resolution A40-18 (reaffirmed from A38-18 (2013) and A39-2 (2016))

Acknowledging the need for such fuels to be developed and deployed in an economically feasible, socially and environmentally acceptable manner... (...)

The Assembly:

(...)

24. Requests States to:

d) recognize existing approaches to assess the sustainability of all fuels in general, including those for use in aviation which should <u>achieve net GHG</u> <u>emissions reduction on a life cycle basis, contribute to local social and</u> <u>economic development; competition with food and water should be avoided (...)</u>

RESOLUTIONS
ADOPTED BY THE ASSEMBLY



ASSEMBLY – 40th SESSION Montréal, 24 September – 4 October 2019



Costs of Sustainability Certification

- Sustainability certification cost is on the order of 0.1% of production costs on a per tonne basis*
- Costs may vary with maturity of production processes
- Alignment with existing approaches reduces costs

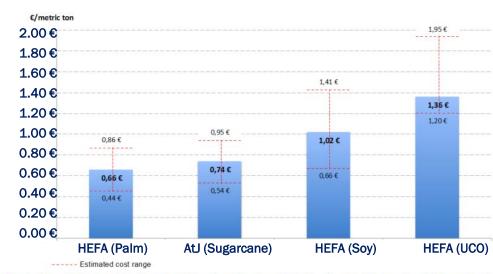


Fig: 1: Cost Estimates For Sustainability Certification of Entire Supply Chains For SAF production

*Reference: CAEP-SG20183-WP/12



Alignment with other global existing approaches

• CORSIA sustainability criteria closely adhere to existing sustainability approaches, including work developed by other UN bodies

	EXISTING APPROACHES TO SUSTAINABILITY									
CAEP-Proposed Themes	UN FAO SAFA	GBEP	ISO	EU RED	ISPO	RFS2	Bonsucro	ISCC	RSB	RSPO
3. Water	X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
4. Soil	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
5. Air	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
6. Conservation	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
7. Waste and Chemicals	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
8. Human and labour rights	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х
9. Land use rights and land use	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х
10. Water use rights	X		Х				Х	Х	Х	Х
11. Local and social development	X	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
12. Food security	X	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	
Total of Themes Covered	10	9	9	9	8	7	9	10	10	9









Three chapters:

- Chapter 1: CORSIA SUSTAINABILITY CRITERIA
 APPLICABLE FOR BATCHES OF CORSIA ELIGIBLE FUEL
 PRODUCED BY A CERTIFIED FUEL PRODUCER BEFORE
 1 JANUARY 2024
- Chapter 2: CORSIA SUSTAINABILITY CRITERIA
 APPLICABLE FOR BATCHES OF <u>CORSIA SUSTAINABLE</u>
 <u>AVIATION FUEL</u> PRODUCED BY A CERTIFIED FUEL
 PRODUCER ON OR AFTER 1 JANUARY 2024
- Chapter 3: CORSIA SUSTAINABILITY CRITERIA
 APPLICABLE FOR BATCHES OF <u>CORSIA LOWER</u>
 <u>CARBON AVIATION FUEL</u> PRODUCED BY A CERTIFIED FUEL PRODUCER <u>ON OR AFTER 1 JANUARY 2024</u>



Chapter 1: APPLICABLE FOR FUEL PRODUCED BEFORE 1 JANUARY 2024

Chapter 1: CORSIA SUSTAINABILITY CRITERIA APPLICABLE FOR BATCHES OF CORSIA ELIGIBLE FUEL PRODUCED BY A CERTIFIED FUEL PRODUCER BEFORE 1 JANUARY 2024

Theme	Principle	Criteria
1. Greenhouse Gases (GHG)	Principle: CORSIA eligible fuel should generate lower carbon emissions on a life cycle basis.	Criterion 1.1: CORSIA eligible fuel will achieve net greenhouse gas emissions reductions of at least 10% compared to the baseline life cycle emissions values for aviation fuel on a life cycle basis.
2. Carbon stock	Principle: CORSIA eligible fuel should	Criterion 2.1: CORSIA eligible fuel will not be made from biomass obtained from land converted after 1 January 2008 that was primary forest, wetlands, or peat lands and/or contributes to degradation of the carbon stock in primary forests, wetlands, or peat lands as these lands all have high carbon stocks.
	not be made from biomass obtained from land with high carbon stock.	Criterion 2.2: In the event of land use conversion after 1 January 2008, as defined based on the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) land categories, direct land use change (DLUC) emissions will be calculated. If DLUC greenhouse gas emissions exceed the default induced land use change (ILUC) value, the DLUC value will replace the default ILUC value.

Two agreed initial Sustainability Criteria on CO₂ reduction for the CORSIA Pilot Phase (SAF and LCAF)

- Net GHG emissions reductions of at least 10% on a life cycle basis
- ✓ No feedstock from deforested areas

Guidance on the application of sustainability criteria

- a) Compliance with Themes 1 and 2 is granted on the basis of independent attestation by Sustainability Certification Schemes included in the ICAO document "CORSIA Approved Sustainability Certification Schemes" which is available on the ICAO CORSIA website.
- b) A fuel producer can produce batches of CORSIA eligible fuels for 365 calendar days after it has been certified by an SCS for compliance with the CORSIA Sustainability Criteria, after which the fuel producer shall be re-certified for compliance with the sustainability criteria applicable at the time of re-certification.
- c) CORSIA Sustainability Criteria for CORSIA Eligible Fuels does not set a precedent for, or prejudge the outcome of negotiations in other fora.



Theme: ENV topic covered by the *standard*

Principle: Agreed condition for a sustainable production

Chapte 1: CORSIA SUSTAINABILITY CRITERIA APPLICABLE FOR BATCHES OF CORSIA ELIGIBLE FUEL PRODUCED BY A CERTIFIED EVEL PRODUCER BEFORE 1 JANUARY 2024

Theme	Principle	Criteria
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<u>Criteria</u>: Describe the specific conditions to be met and assessed, to achieve the principles

<u>Guidance</u>: Documentation and information that an SCS can review from a producer, as well as potentially applicable parameters that an SCS can use to demonstrate compliance.

Guidance on the application of sustainability criteria

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Chapter 2: APPLICABLE FOR SAF PRODUCED ON OR AFTER 1 JANUARY 2024

For **next CORSIA Phases**:

- 10 additional themes approved for SAF:
 - Environmental: Water; Soil; Air; **Conservation: Waste and Chemicals:**
 - Socio-Economic: Human and Jabor rights; Land use rights and land use; Water use rights; Local and social development; and Food security
- Ongoing work on additional themes for LCAF (Chapter 3)

3. Water	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should maintain or enhance water quality and availability.	Crit imp qua Crit imp avo resc	
4. Soil	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAFs should maintain or enhance soil health.	Crit mar or : mai phy	
5. Air	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should minimize negative effects on air quality.	Crit limi	



			Criterion 6.1: CORSIA SAF will not be made from biomass obtained from areas that, due to
	Principle:	Production of	their biodiversity, conservation value, or ecosystem services, are protected by the State having jurisdiction over that area, unless evidence is provided that shows the activity does not interfere with the protection purposes.
.	CORSIA	SAF should	Criterion 6.2: Low invasive-risk feedstock will be selected for cultivation and appropriate

conservation

ecosystem services.

CORSIA SAF should promote

waste and use of chemicals.

human and labour rights.

customary rights

water use rights. Principle:

regions of poverty.

CORSIA

SAF

Production

9. Land use rights

development

responsible management of

preventing the uncontrolled spread of cultivated alien species and modified microorganisms. Criterion 6.3: Operational practices will be implemented to avoid adverse effects on areas that, due to their biodiversity, conservation value, or ecosystem services, are protected by the State having jurisdiction over that area.

controls will be adopted with the intention of

Criterion 7.1: Operational practices will be implemented to ensure that waste arising from production processes as well as chemicals used are stored, handled and disposed of responsibly

Criterion 7.2: Responsible and science-based operational practices will be implemented to limit or reduce pesticide use.

Principle: Production of Criterion 8.1: CORSIA SAF production will CORSIA SAF should respect respect human and labour rights.

Criterion 9.1: CORSIA SAF production will CORSIA SAF should respect respect existing land rights and land use rights land rights and land use rights including indigenous peoples' rights, both including indigenous and/or formal and informal.

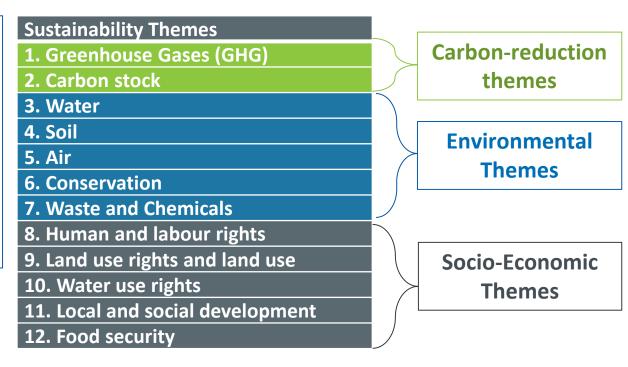
Principle: Production of Criterion 10.1: CORSIA SAF production will CORSIA SAF should respect respect the existing water use rights of local and prior formal or customary ndigenous communities.

Criterion 11.1: CORSIA SAF production will strive to, in regions of poverty, improve the contribute to social and socioeconomic conditions of the communities economic development in affected by the operation.

Criterion 12.1: CORSIA SAF production will, in CORSIA SAF should promote food insecure regions, strive to enhance the local food security in food insecure food security of directly affected stakeholders.



A wide range of criteria ensures environmental, social and economic sustainability of CORSIA eligible fuels



Not all Themes are to be be assessed in the same way:

Recommended Sustainability Themes

- 1. Greenhouse Gases (GHG)
- 2 Carbon stock
- 3. Water
- 4. Soil
- 5. Air
- 6. Conservation
- 7. Waste and Chemicals
- 8. Human and labour rights
- 9. Land use rights and land use
- 10. Water use rights
- 11. Local and social development
- 12. Food security

Compliance with Themes 1 to 7 is granted on independent attestation by approved Sustainability Certification Schemes (SCS)





Different States may have different approaches to economic and social sustainability: National attestation of compliance is considered sufficient

Compliance is exclusively based on a report of actions, without further judgement of those actions



Chapter 2: APPLICABLE FOR SAF PRODUCED ON OR AFTER 1 JANUARY 2024

THEME	PRINCIPLE	E CRITERA		PRINCIPLE	CRITERA	
	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should maintain or enhance water quality and availability.	Criterion 3.1: Operational practices will be implemented to maintain or enhance water quality.		Principle: Production of	Criterion 6.1: CORSIA SAF will not be made from biomass obtained from areas that, due to their biodiversity, conservation value, or	
3. Water		Criterion 3.2: Operational practices will be implemented to use water efficiently and to avoid the depletion of surface or groundwater resources beyond replenishment capacities.			ecosystem services, are protected by the State having jurisdiction over that area, unless evidence is provided that shows the activity does not interfere with the protection purposes.	
4. Soil	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAFs should management practices for feedstock production		6. Conservation	CORSIA SAF should maintain biodiversity, conservation value and ecosystem services.	Criterion 6.2: Low invasive-risk feedstock will be selected for cultivation and appropriate controls will be adopted with the intention of preventing the uncontrolled spread of cultivated alien species and modified microorganisms.	
5. Air	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should minimize negative effects on air quality.	Criterion 5.1: Air pollution emissions will be limited.			Criterion 6.3: Operational practices will be implemented to avoid adverse effects on areas that, due to their biodiversity, conservation value, or ecosystem services, are protected by the State having jurisdiction over that area.	
Compliance with Themes 1 to 7 is granted on the basis of independent attestation by approved SCS taking into account guidance approved by the Council			7. Waste and	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should promote	Criterion 7.1: Operational practices will be implemented to ensure that waste arising from production processes as well as chemicals used are stored, handled and disposed of responsibly.	
			Chemicals	responsible management of waste and use of chemicals.	Criterion 7.2: Responsible and science-based operational practices will be implemented to limit or reduce pesticide use.	



Chapter 2: APPLICABLE FOR SAF PRODUCED ON OR AFTER 1 JANUARY 2024

THEME	PRINCIPLE	CRITERA			
7. Waste and	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should promote	are stored, handled and disposed of responsibly.			
Chemicais	responsible management of waste and use of chemicals.	Criterion 7.2: Responsible and science-based operational practices will be implemented to limit or reduce pesticide use.			
8. Human and labour rights	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should respect human and labour rights.	Criterion 8.1: CORSIA SAF production will respect human and labour rights.			
9. Land use rights and land use	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should respect land rights and land use rights including indigenous and/or customary rights.	Criterion 9.1: CORSIA SAF production will respect existing land rights and land use rights including indigenous peoples' rights, both formal and informal.			
10. Water use rights	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should respect prior formal or customary water use rights.	Criterion 10.1: CORSIA SAF production will respect the existing water use rights of local and indigenous communities.			
11. Local and social development	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should contribute to social and economic development in regions of poverty.	Criterion 11.1: CORSIA SAF production will strive to, in regions of poverty, improve the socioeconomic conditions of the communities affected by the operation.			
12. Food security	Principle: Production of CORSIA SAF should promote food security in food insecure regions.	Criterion 12.1: CORSIA SAF production will, in food insecure regions, strive to enhance the local food security of directly affected stakeholders.			

National attestation of compliance is considered sufficient

Compliance is exclusively based on a report of actions, without further judgement of those actions



Key ideas

- To claim Emissions Reductions from CORSIA Eligible Fuels (CEF)
 - ➤ Need to be certified as compliant with CORSIA Sustainability Criteria
- The CORSIA sustainability framework covers a wide range of sustainability Themes, Principles and Criteria
 - > Ensures environmental, social and economic sustainability of CEF
- Those are aligned to existing global sustainability approaches
- Sustainability certification cost are on the order of 0.1% of production costs
 - ➤ Not an economic barrier for sustainable production

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Thank you for your attention!



Videoconference, 9 March 2022