

<b>EUR.SPT.0017      Strategy for Cybersecurity in Aviation</b>	
<p><i>Citizens travelling by air are more and more exposed to cybersecurity threats. The new generation of aircraft have their systems connected to the ground in real time. Air traffic management technologies require internet and wireless connections between the various ground centres and the aircraft. The multiplication of network connections increase the vulnerability of the whole system.</i></p> <p><i>In order to address those concerns, Regions/States should develop a Strategy for Cybersecurity in Aviation . This strategy should include, among others, actions in the following areas:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Information sharing</li> <li>— Research and studies</li> <li>— Event investigation and response</li> <li>— Knowledge and competence building</li> <li>— International cooperation and harmonization</li> <li>— Regulatory activities and development of Industry Standards</li> </ul>	
<b>Status</b>	<i>ongoing</i>
<b>Reference(s)</b>	<i>Aviation Cybersecurity Strategy (icao.int)</i> <a href="https://www.easa.europa.eu/easa-and-you/cyber-security/main-easa-activities#group-easa-downloads">https://www.easa.europa.eu/easa-and-you/cyber-security/main-easa-activities#group-easa-downloads</a> <i>European Strategic Coordination Platform - Strategy for Cybersecurity in Aviation</i>
<b>Dependencies</b>	<i>GASP Goal 3</i> <i>GASeP</i>
<b>Affected stakeholders</b>	<i>All</i>
<b>Owner</b>	<i>Non-EASA Member States</i>
<b>EXPECTED OUTPUT</b>	
<b>Deliverable(s)</b>	<b>Timeline</b>
<i>Strategy for Cybersecurity in Aviation adopted</i>	<i>2023Q4</i>
<b>CHANGES SINCE LAST EDITION</b>	
<i>Completed for EASA MS. Description updated and links to ICAO doc and European reference documents added.</i>	
<b>MONITORING</b>	
<b>Monitoring activities</b>	<b>Related SPIs</b>
<i>n/a</i>	<i>n/a</i>