



| ICAO

ENVIRONMENT

APAC Regional Office

## AIR NAVIGATION DRIVING SUSTAINABILITY

---

**Thirty-Sixth Meeting of the Asia/Pacific Air Navigation Planning and Implementation Regional Group (APANPIRG/36)**

*Bangkok, Thailand, 24 to 26 November 2025*

# International Aviation Goals and Achievements

Carbon neutral growth from 2020

2010

2% annual fuel efficiency improvement

Establishment of CORSIA

2016

2018

First global CO<sub>2</sub> emissions standard for aircraft

Long-term Global Aspirational Goal (LTAG): net-zero carbon emissions by 2050

2022

CAAF/3

2023

Global aspirational Vision: reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 5% by 2030 using aviation cleaner energies.

ICAO  
Implementation  
Roadmap

2024

## LTAG REPORT (2022)



The most ambitious scenario estimates total of **87% CO<sub>2</sub> reduction in 2050** from aviation “in-sector” measures.

**-55%** from **Fuels**

**-21%** from **Technology**

**-11%** from **Operations**

ICAO's Environmental  
Protection webpage



## Outcomes of the 42nd ICAO Assembly (October 2025)

1

Adopted a Comprehensive Environmental Monitoring and Reporting for Aviation

ICAO  
Annual  
Stocktaking

ICAO  
States Action Plans

ICAO Tracker  
Tools



CORSIA  
CCR data

ICAO  
LTAG  
NET-ZERO 2050

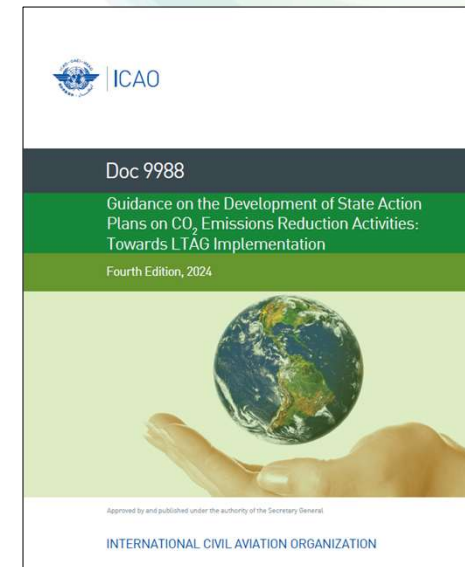


LTAG monitoring and reporting through complementary data sources



## State Action Plan Initiative

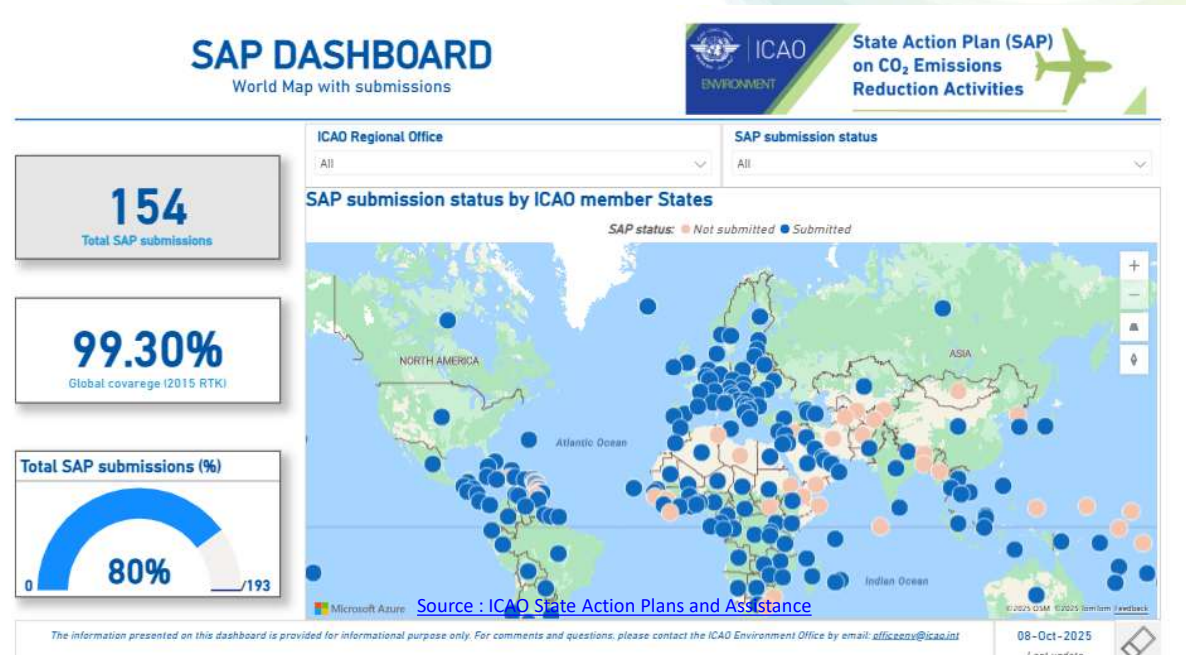
- The State Action Plan is a voluntary planning and reporting initiative whereby States can communicate information on their activities to address CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from international civil aviation.
- A living document that defines a State's actions to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from international civil aviation.
- States
  - Submit an action plan with quantified information that identifies the measures to address environmental challenges and reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
  - Involves planning and coordination with stakeholders to identify policies and actions and provide a clear communication route to ICAO.
- ICAO
  - Assess future progress towards the achievement of ICAO global aspirational goals.



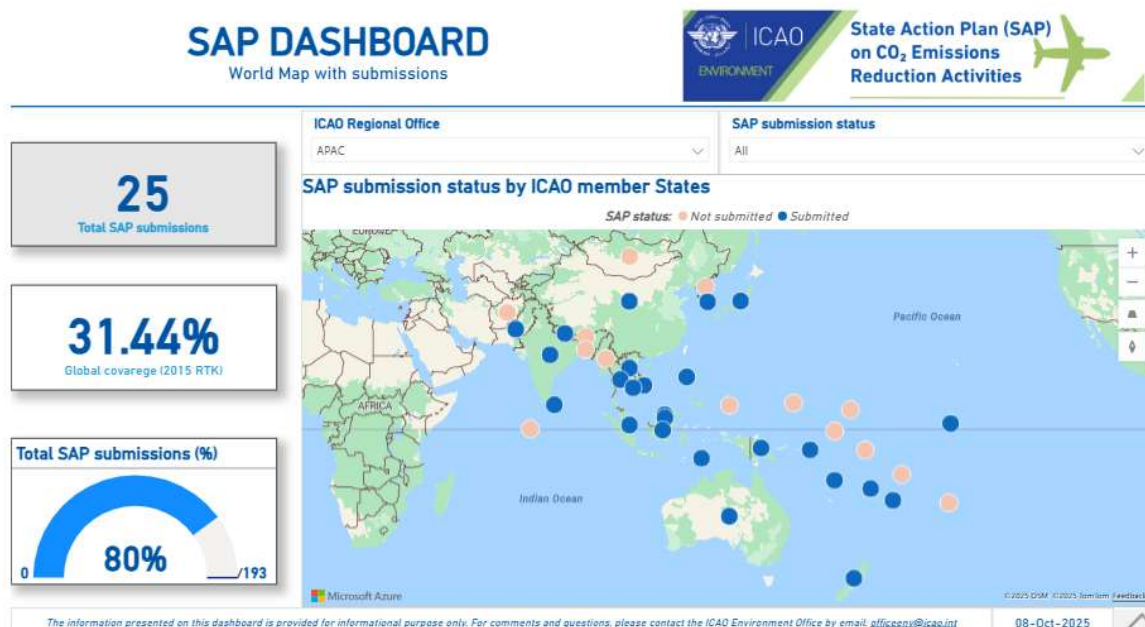
[Source : ICAO State Action Plans and Assistance](#)

## SAP submission by Member States globally

**154 States (99.30 % of global RTK)**  
have voluntarily submitted their  
State Action Plan



## SAP submission by Member States in the APAC Region



**25 States (31.44 % of global RTK)**  
have voluntarily submitted their  
State Action Plan in APAC Region

**25 of 39 APAC States (64%)**  
submitted their initial SAPs, while  
14 States (36%) had not.

[Source : ICAO State Action Plans and Assistance](#)

## SAP submission since APANPIRG/35

States	Initial submission date	Latest update date
Australia	Jun-12	Oct-22
Brunei Darussalam	Jan-24	
Cambodia	May-23	
China	Oct-12	Sep-25
Fiji	Aug-15	Dec-24
India	Sep-15	Jun-21 / Nov-25
Indonesia	Jun-12	Dec-21
Japan	April-22	Mar-25
Kiribati	Nov-23	Sep-25
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	May-23	
Malaysia	Apr-22	Feb-25
Nepal	Jun-13	

States	Initial submission date	Latest update date
New Zealand	Sep-16	
Pakistan	Sept-16	Sep-25
Papua New Guinea	Oct-23	Sep-25
Philippines	Jan-18	Jun-22
Republic of Korea	Jul-12	Feb-25
Singapore	Oct-12	Feb-24
Solomon Islands	Nov-23	Sep-25
Sri Lanka	Sep-12	Sep-25
Thailand	Sep-13	Nov-21
Timor-Leste	Sep-25	
Tonga	Feb-24	
Vanuatu	Dec-22	Dec-23
Vietnam	Mar-17	Feb-22

## SAP submission supported by State Action Plan Buddy Partnerships

### List of State Action Plan Buddy Programme Partnerships

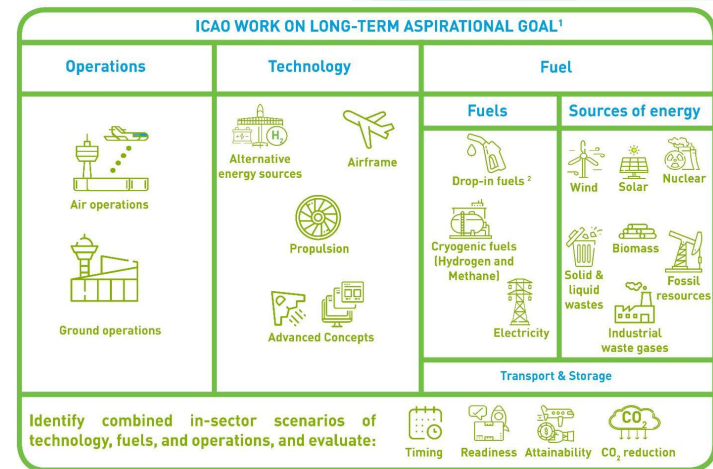
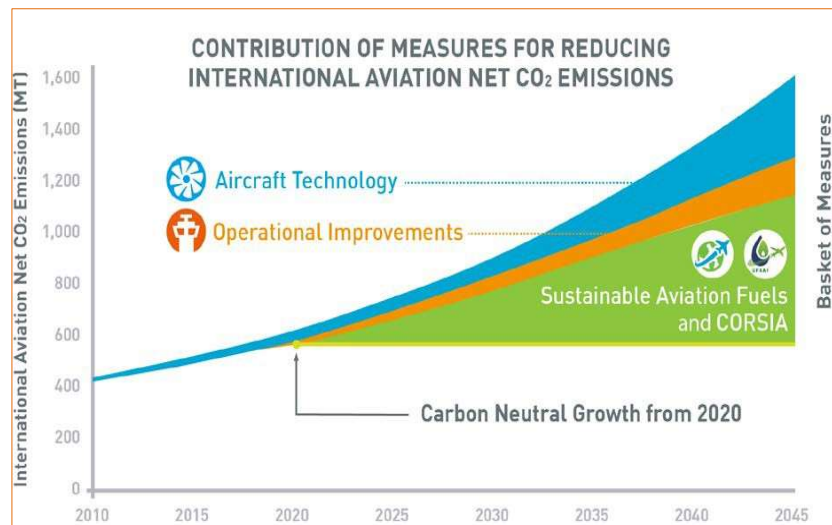
Partners		Status of Action Plan	
State providing support	State receiving support	Under development	Submitted to ICAO
Indonesia	Timor-Leste		X



ACTION PLAN FOR CO<sub>2</sub> EMISSIONS  
REDUCTION FROM INTERNATIONAL  
AVIATION  
IN THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF  
TIMOR - LESTE  
(DRTL)

EDITION  
SEPTEMBER 2025

## Operational Improvement measures for reducing International Aviation CO<sub>2</sub> emission towards the LTAG initiative



<sup>1</sup>This work should identify and evaluate existing, foreseen, and innovative in-sector measures in technology, fuels and operations, and their enablers, including information of probable costs. This will assist in identifying gaps, and information and expertise needed, in order to complete a thorough assessment of all in sector CO<sub>2</sub> reductions for international aviation. This should include timing, readiness, attainability and the quantity of CO<sub>2</sub> reduction possible, based on a feasible roll out into the aviation sector.

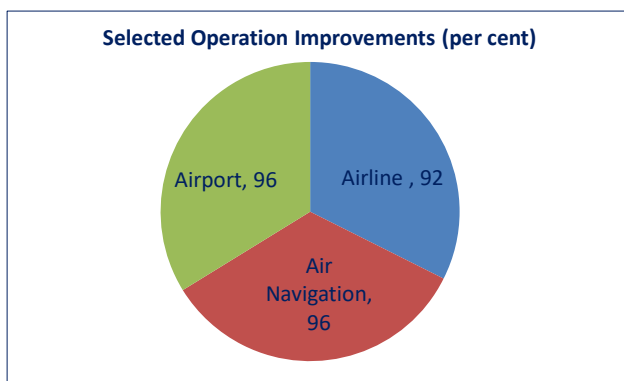
<sup>2</sup>Sustainable Aviation Fuels (SAF), Low Carbon Aviation Fuels (LCAF), E-Fuels. Icons made by Freepik from [www.flaticon.com](http://www.flaticon.com)

Source : ICAO State Action Plans and Assistance

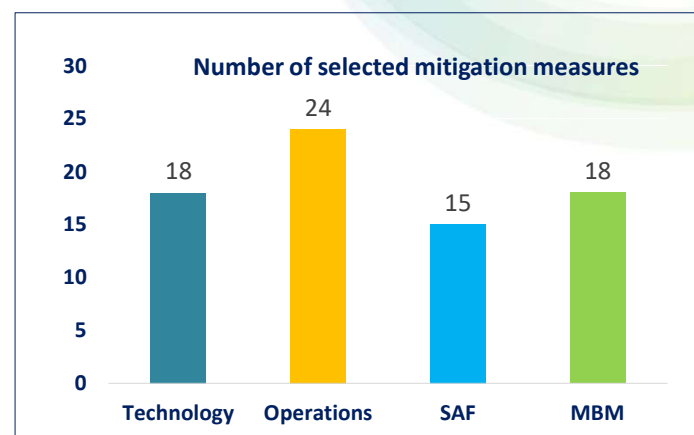
- **Select measures and quantify their expected results:** feasibility, emissions reduction potential, prioritization of measures, quantification of fuel & CO<sub>2</sub> reduction results.
- **Air Operations** has become one of contributors to the operational improvement towards LTAG initiative

## Operational Improvement and Air Navigation's Role in APAC Region

- **Air Navigation Benefits:** essential for enhancing flight performance and reducing CO2 emissions.
- **APAC Selection Rate :** 96% of APAC States with submitted SAPs have selected Air Navigation improvement to reduce CO2 emission



- **Fuel Saving Potential:** increase fuel saving up to 2.5 up to 4% or more, depending on the technology and implementation period.



[Source : ICAO APAC RO and State Action Plans](#)

- **Most Utilized Measure:** Operational improvements have emerged as the most widely utilized mitigation measure by APAC States (96%, 24 of the 25 submitted SAPs) which is implemented across all flight phases to achieve LTAG.

## Selected Air Navigation Improvements in the APAC Region

- Most selected Air Navigation improvement by States for different timeframes: Short term, Mid Term and Long Term.
- Innovation in Air Navigation may support coordinated decision-making in flight scheduling, traffic flow forecasting, collaborative release procedures, and surface movement guidance.
- Air Navigation Service Provider (ANSP) have significant contribution in implementing the Air Navigation's role for international aviation.

Approximate proportion of selected air navigation measures selected in APAC SAPs

Time Frame	Short Term (2024-2029)	Mid Term (2030-2040)	Long Term (2041-2050)
Key Improvement	ATFM (76%) PBN (56%) UPR (16%) FUA (16%)	ATFM (76%) PBN (56%) UPR (16%) FUA(16%)	ATFM (76%) PBN (56%) UPR (16%) FUA(16%)

[Source : ICAO APAC RO and State Action Plans](#)

---

## Conclusions and Recommendations

### Conclusions

- The goal of innovation in Air Navigation measure is to increase fuel saving and flight efficiency to inline with a collective long-term global aspirational goal (LTAG) by 2050.
- Air Navigation measures may support coordinated decision-making (e.g., in flow forecasting and collaborative release procedures), which significantly reduces flight delay recovery time, enhances airspace capacity, and unlocks further potential for energy conservation and CO2 emissions reduction.

### Recommendations

- Encourage States in implementing the innovation in Air Navigation measure in the SAPs toward LTAG initiative.
- Enhancing Air Navigation infrastructure and technology that will be increasing fuel saving, flight efficiency, CO2 emission reduction across countries.
- Leveraging capacity building for States in supporting Air Navigation's role for international aviation.

—  
Thank You

