

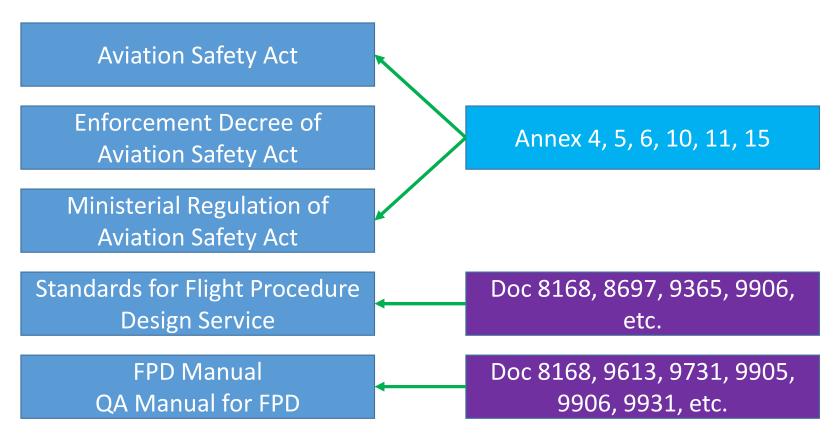


- I. IFP Regulatory Framework
- **II. IFP Approval Process**
- **III. IFP Oversight**
- IV. Challenges on IFP Development and Oversight





Regulatory framework for flight procedure design







Regulations on IFP Development

- Article 78 of Aviation Safety Act
 - The ASA empowers the Minister of MOLIT to develop and publish IFPs
 - The Air Traffic Service Certificate holders may develop and publish IFPs except ATS routes and their developed procedures need to be approved by the Minister of MOLIT
 - The Minister of MOLIT shall promulgate the detailed regulation, standards and manuals for IFP design criteria, publication procedures of IFPs, IFP approval procedures
- Article 26 of Enforcement Decree of Aviation Safety Act
 - The responsibility for IFP development and publication is delegated to Regional Aviation Offices and Air Traffic Management Office
 - The Minister of MOLIT also entrusts the responsibility of IFP development and publication to the Minister of Defense and ATS Certification holders within their area of responsibilities.





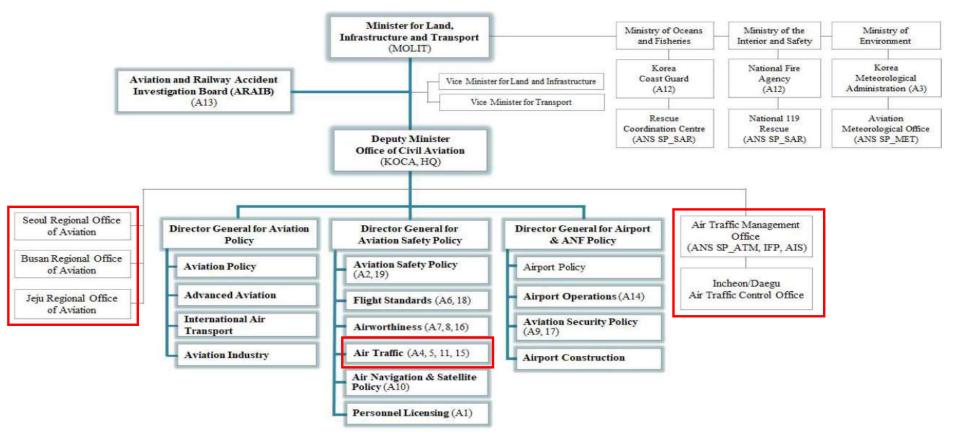
Regulations on IFP Development

- Article 221 bis of Ministerial Regulation of Aviation Safety Act
 - Provides general IFP development and publication criteria
 - Requires the Minister of MOLIT to approve IFPs of ATS Certificate holders
 - Requires the Minister of MOLIT to publish detailed criteria on IFP design, IFP publication, IFP approval procedures, etc.
- Standards for IFP Design Services
 - Contains detailed criteria on IFP design process, qualification and training requirements for IFP designers, use of IFP automation programme, approval of nonstandard IFPs, management of IFP design packages, etc.
- Flight Procedure Design Manual
 - Contains IFP design criteria referenced from ICAO Pans-OPS Volume II (Doc 8168), RNP AR Procedure Design Manual (Doc 9905), etc.





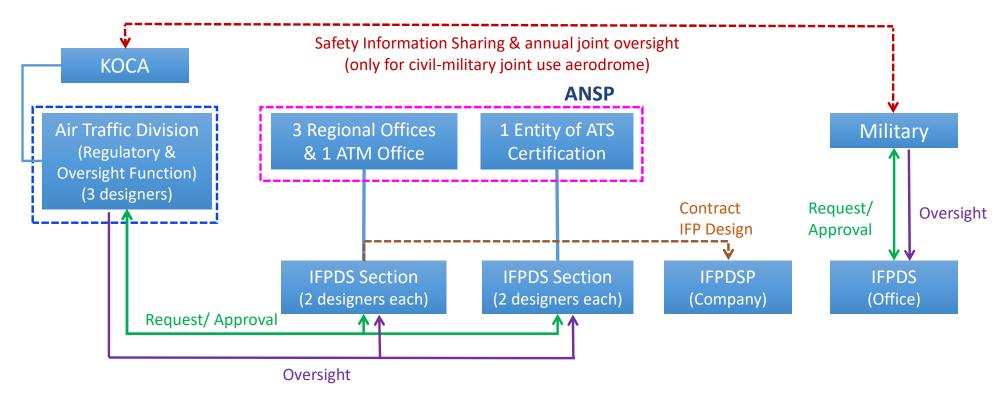
Structure of Korea Office of Civil Aviation







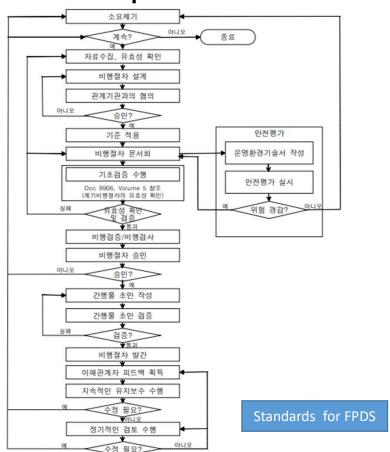
IFP Organizations and Resources

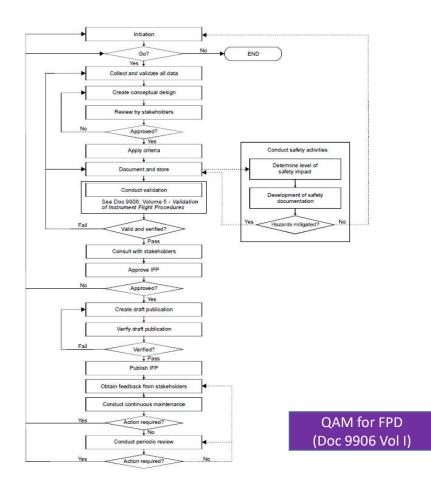






IFP Development Process









IFP Development Process (Standard for FPDS)

- Validation
 - After completion of FPD documentation and safety activities
 - Comprised of Ground Validation and Flight Validation
 - Detailed procedures are in the QA Manual for FPD
 - Allows to skip the flight validation when the accuracy and completeness of all obstacle and navigation data considered in the procedure design and flight validation are verified during ground validation.

Ground Validation

- Specifies qualification (knowledge and experience) of a validator who is not involved in the FPD process
- Items to be verified during the ground validation, i.e. errors in criteria application and documentation, evaluation of flight validation elements (obstacles, fix tolerances, etc.)
- Asks the designer to rectify all errors and determines whether to conduct flight validation or not.





IFP Development Process (Standards for FPDS)

- > Flight Validation
 - Specifies items to be verified during the flight validation, i.e. obstacle clearance,
 navigation data accuracy, appropriateness of all required infrastructures, flyability, etc.
 - Briefing to flight validation pilots on the special features and unique applications
 - participation in the flight validation process by the designers to assist evaluation and obtain direct information related to the procedure design
 - Minimum requirements for flight validation pilots, etc.
- > Flight Inspection
 - Conducted by Flight Inspection Office for all new or amended flight procedures
 - Conducted after validation process
 - May be conducted together with flight validation
 - List of documents to be provided for Flight Inspection Office at least one week before
 - Details are in the Flight Inspection Guidance for NAVAIDs





❖ IFP Development Process (Standards for FPDS)

> Result of Flight Validation/Flight Inspection

1.장소(Location): 제주국제공항			2.검사일자(Inspection date) : 2024.8.10.			
3.검사종류(Inspection Type) : 특별검사			4.검사 항공기(A/C N	O): FC-79(PRAI	TOR 600)	
5.결과(Result):	합격					
6.Confirm Procedure	The sale					
MALE PROGRAMMENTS	ACCU	RACY		STATUS		
SEGMENTS	SAT	UNSAT	SEGMENTS	SAT	UNSAT	
Route	*		Route			
STAR			STAR		C .	
SIAP	Ж		SIAP	Ж	6	
DP/SID			DP/SID			
			5.0			
7.Precedure Evaluation					4	
Human Factors		SAT	Communications		SAT	
Lighting Systems		€=a	Procedure Flyablility		SAT	
Obstacle Verification		SAT	Interference		SAT	
RMP Y RWY 07(AR)		6		6		
0 -0 0 -0 0 -1 20 00 -1	Due Date):					
9. 다음 검사 기준일(Next						
9. 마음 검사 기술입(Next 10.비고(Remarks) 1) 제주지방항공청 항공	문관계파-1498(2()24.5.29.) 관련 비	행검사 결과일.			
10.비교(Remarks)	문관계파-1498(20	124.5.29.) 관련 비	행검사 결과일. 비행검사관(Plight Inspe	setor)		

and a second or	1주 VOR/DME	2.식별(1): YD:	M 5.검사일자	(Inspectio	n Date): 202	4.6.10.	
4.검사종류(Inspection Type) : 정기검사			5.검사 항공기(A/C): FC-79(PRAETOR 600)						
6.시설주(Owner) :	국보교봉부			N.					
7.결 과(Result) :	합격								
8. 검사장비(Pacility	v Inspected) : VC	R/DME							
9.방위각(Radial Data									
Service Destination			/OR	VOR	VOE	,	5	-	
Radial Use	<u> </u>	- F		APCH	APC	0	-	- 6	
Azimuth)rbit	067	087			- 59	
Transmitter(s)			1/2	2	1	71	-	-	
MSL Altitude		_	100	an	30		K.	- 3	
Distance From		-	0.0	14.0	14.0			-	
Distance To				1.0	1.0			-	
Roughness And Sca	alloping	베	고참조	0.2/2.2	0.8/18.7			- 4	
Bends		H]	교참조	+0.2/15.0	+0.2/1.8				
Polarization		9						3	
Alignment Error		H]	고참조	+ 0.3	+0.0	2			
Modulations			S	S	S			- 3	
Transmitter Differe	ence		S	S	S				
Signal Strength		H]	교참조	-65dBm	-65dBm -67d			32	
Interference			S S S						
10.장비상태(General)	11.52	니터(Mos	nitors) . Co	mmissioni	ng Insp	ected:	2011.10.2	7-
Standby Power		Monit	or Date	Inspected 2018	3.9.28.	TX	Align	Alerm+	Alar
Voice		VOR	Referen	te(2)				6	6
Identification	Satisfaction	VOR	Check P	oint :					
DME Accuracy	Satisfaction		Referen	e:					
	0	DME	ME Check Point :			1			1
DME Coverage		- 1	CHECK P	Uma.					1

	항행시설명(S	itation): X	주 VOR/DME	2. 召人	H일자(Date of	f Inspection) :	2024.6.10.
3.	검사장비(Fac	cility Inspected):	VOR/DME	4. ঝ⊆	반경/고도(0	Prbit Rdious/ALT) :	10NM/10,000FT
5.	AZIMUTH(+ (OR -)	PLOTTING	TX 1	-	TX 2	50 00 00
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	3						
	,						
	3						
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	0				_		
-	1						
-	2						
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	1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8	9 10 11 12 13 14 15	16 17 18 19	20 21 22 2	23 24 25 26 27 28	29 30 31 32 33 34 35
_		IT LOCATION:	AFIS				
7.	TACAN DIST	ANCE LOCK ON :					
В.	TACAN AZIM	UTH LOCK ON :					
9.	AREA OF INT	TERFERENCE :	S				
10.	ROUGHNESS	S (DO NOT PLOT II	LESS THAN ±1.0 DEG	REE)			
	4		Total Control	T. I i	TITTITT		
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	2			+HH	+H		
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-		G (DO NOT PLOT II	LESS THAN ± 1.0 DEG	REE)			
4				TITTITT	TTTTTT	TTTTTTT	
-	3						
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	1						
-	. ——				10 20 21 22		
-	1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8	9 10 11 12 13 14	15 16 17 18		23 24 25 26 27	26 29 30 31 32 33 34
	1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8 RAGE SIGNAL STR		- 58 dBm		23 24 25 26 27	26 29 30 31 32 33 34
12.	1 2 3 VOR COVER					23 24 25 26 27	28 29 30 31 32 33 34
12.	1 2 3 VOR COVER	RAGE SIGNAL STR				23 24 25 26 27	MEAN
12.	1 2 3 VOR COVER	RAGE SIGNAL STR	ENGTH:	- 58 dBm			





IFP Approval (Standards for FPDS)

- After the completion of IFP Development, IFPDSP shall ask approval of IFPs to the Director of ATM Division, KOCA at least 2 weeks before publication.
 - Exception: minor changes not requiring the amendment of current IFPs, change of waypoint/fix name, addition/amendment/deletion of waypoint/fix not affecting current IFPs, amendment of IFP description, course change less than 1°, etc.
- Documents required for IFP approval
 - Application form
 - Designation documents for IFP designers who participated in the IFP design
 - List of participants in the IFP design and records of coordination with stakeholders
 - Summary of IFP design
 - Documentation for IFP design, validations, flight inspection, safety assessment
 - Final report for IFP Design





Review result of IFP approval application documents

□ 설계과정 (비행절차업무기준 별표1)

구분	검토내용	적합여부
자료수집 및 유효성 확인 (비행절차업무 기준 제7조, 제8조, 제9조)	장애물자료, 항행안전시설 및 공항시설 측량자료, 설계 계산서, 자기편차 값 등 설계기초자료 확보 확인 ILS 장비(내용연수) 개량 및 신관제동 신축사업 등의 영향으로 착륙 시장 변경 예상(300m →1,500m) SBAS 절차 신설로 최대 600m 착륙 시정 계선 효과가 있어 항공기 운영자 등 요구사항은 반영하였음 국토지리정보원 발행(*18)한 1:25,000 수치지도를 활용하였으며 수치지도에서 추출된 장애물은 수치지도의 축척에 따른 수평・수직 오차가 적절히 가산됨.	적합
비행절차설계 (비행절차업무 기준 제19조, 비행절차설계요 형 제 1 부 제4절 제3장, 제6장, 제5장, 비행절차네계요 형 제1점 제1장 1.6.1항)	(표준계기도착절차) 한국형 위성항법시스템(KASS)을 이용한 신규 SBAS 접근절차로써 절차 수립을 위한 기초자료 정확성 확인 장애물형행안전시설 자료 등 기초자료 및 적용된 티미널 비행절차 설계기준의 정확성 등 확인 보호구역의 작도를 위한 관련 계산 및 도면 정확성 확인 (항공정보의 표기법 등) 항공정보간행물 차트 등 확인 「항공정보 및 항공지도 등에 관한 업무기준」에 따른 항공정보의 수록 및 정확성 확인	적합
관계기 관 협의 (비행절차업무 기준 제18조)	○ 계기비행절차 신설을 위한 유관기관 의견 조회 실시 ('24.4월'): 부산항공청, 한국공항공사 등 ○ 항공교통본부('24.4월') - 항공지도 도식기준 사전검수 결과 등 반영 ○ KASS 비행절차 도입관련 ICAO 고유 채널번호 획득 - 채널번호(52013), 채널 ID 등 획득('24.5월') ○ 제주공항 취항 항공사 의견 조회 완료('24.4월') - 대한항공, 아시아나항공, 진에어, 제주항공, 에어부산, 티웨이 항공, 에어서울, 에어로케이, 이스타항공 등	적합
비행절차 문서화 (비행절차업무 기준 제20조)	O 항공정보간행물 초안, 장애물 정보, 비행절차 계산서, 기초검증 결과 등 비행절차 문서화 확인	적합

구분	검토내용	적합여부
변화관리 (비행절차업무 기준 제19조의2)	O 항공교통업무 안전관리시스템 운영지침 제34조에 따라 계기비행절차 변화관리 실시 확인(24.4월)	적합
비행검사(검증) (비행절차업무 기준 제23조, 제24조)	O 항행안전시설 비행검사 업무지침에 따른 비행검사 RNP RWY 07(SBAS) "합격" 확인(검사일 "24.4.22.) - 장애물 회피기준 충족여부 : 특이사항 없음 - 항공정보간행물에 발간될 항행자료의 정확성 : 특이사항 없음 - 활주로표지, 등화시설, 통신 및 지원시설 등의 운영 적절성 : 특이사항 없음 - 비행용이성(Flyability) : 특이사항 없음 - 항공지도, 기상최저치 등 그 밖의 운영상 요소 : 특이사항 없음	적합

□ 문서적절성

구분	검토내용	적합여부
비행절차업무 담당자 지정내역 (비행절차업무 기준 제25조제2항제1호 및 제29조)	이 비행절차업무담당자 지정내역서 확인 - 비행절차업무기준 제22조에 따른 자격요건 충족 확인 <자격 요건> 1. 항공교통관제사 또는 조종사 자격증명을 소지한 자 2. 초기교옥훈련 및 직무교옥훈련을 이수한 자	적합
비행절차 설계참여자 현황 및 관계기관 협의내역 (비행절차업무 기준 제25조제2항제2회	O 비행절차 설계참여자 현황 - 자격요건 총족 확인 O 관계기관 협의내역 확인 - 항행위성정책과 협의(SBAS 절차 ICAO 고유번호) - 부산지방항공청 협의 확인 - 항공교통본부 협의 확인 - 한국공항공사 협의 확인 - 대한항공, 아시아나, 제주항공 등 제주 취항 항공사 협의 확인	적합
비행절차 설계요약 (비행절차업무 기준 제25조제2항제3호)	o 비행절차업무기준 별지3호 양식에 따라 작성 확인	적합

구분	검토내용	적합여부
항공정보 간행물 도면 (비행절차업무 기준 제20조)	O 비행절차설계 계산서상 결심고도 및 기상최저치 등과 일치여부 확인, SBAS 절차 관련 설명사항 확인	적합
비행절차 설계 계산서 (비행절차업무 기준 제20조)	O 항공정보간행물상 결심고도 및 기상최저치 등과 일치 여부 확인	적합
기초검증 (비행절차업무 기준 제22조)	○ 기초검증 결과 최종접근경로 설계기준, 장애물 평가, 설계자료, 도면 및 AIP 고시(안)에 대해 정확하게 계산 및 작성되었음을 확인 * 교통안전공단 항공안전처-1316(*24.4.17)	적합
비행검사 결과 (비행절차업무 기준 제25조제2항제5회)	○ 비행검사 결과 문서 확인(합격) • 비행점검센터-509('24.5.7)	적합
변화관리 실시결과 (비행절차업무 기준 제25조제2항제6회)	○ 변화관리 결과문서 확인 - 장소: 제주지방항공청 회의실 - 참석: 외부위원 등 10명(제항청, 항공교통본부, 항공사 기장) - 결과: 위해요소 발굴 없음. (PNP LNAV/VNAV 접근 절차 대비 착륙 최저치 하향에 따른 복행·체공 가능성 감소 예상 * 제주지방항공청-1218("24.5.1)	적합
비행절차설계 결과보고서 (비행절차업무 기준 제25조제2항제7호)	O 비행절차업무기준 별지5호 양식에 따라 작성 확인	적합



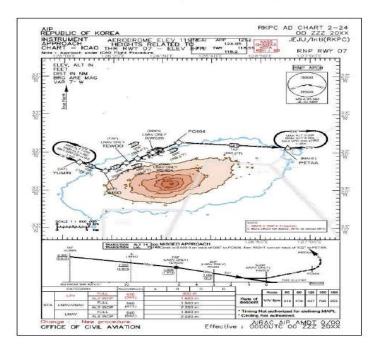


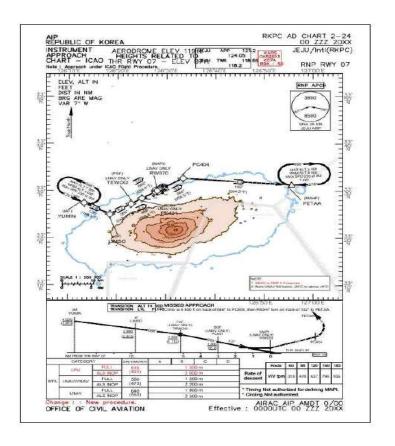
Review result of IFP approval application documents (cont')

□ 제주국제공항 계기비행절차 신청목록(총 2식)

순번	구분	항법	활주로/출·도착	계기절차 명칭
1		RNP(LPV)	07 (= 4)	RNP 07(SBAS) : 430ft(DA)
2	선설	:SBAS 기반 접근절차	07/도착 —	RNP 07(SBAS) : 510ft(DA)

□ 제주국제공항 계기비행절차 AIP 고시도면 (총 2식)







III. IFP Oversight



Duties of PANS-OPS Inspector

- Reflecting PANS-OPS and related documents to national rules and regulations
- > Surveillance IPFD service providers on the implementation of IFPD rules and regulations
- Oversight of flight procedure design process and quality assurance of published IFPs
- Oversight of IFP designers' qualification and training
- Oversight of airspace operations and management (AOM)
- Other duties necessary to enhance quality of FPDS
- Qualification and experience requirements of PANS-OPS Inspectors
 - At least 7 years of experience in FPD and AOM (max. 1 year)
 - > Air Traffic Controller or pilot license (min. CPL) holders, and
 - Completed ICAO PANS-OPS training course
 - Completed initial training (41H), field training (5 Days) and OJT course (60H)



III. IFP Oversight



Training requirement for PANS-OPS Inspectors

- Comprised of initial training, OJT (including field training), recurrent training (12M) and specialized training, i.e. RNP AR training, QA training, etc.
- ➢ If an inspector fails to complete recurrent training, the privilege of the inspector is suspended until he/she finishes recurrent training or requalification training (16H)
- develop an annual training plan for ANS inspectors according to Regulation for Aviation Safety Personnel Training.

❖ Number of PANS-OPS Inspector

- Consider the number of facilities who have IFP design function, IFPs that each facility has, time that needed to review an IFP, working days per year, frequency of oversight, etc.
- **➤** Calculated 1.71 inspectors, which means 2 inspectors to oversee 5 IFP design offices.
- > Currently, only one inspector is employed as PANS-OPS inspector



III. IFP Oversight



Supporting tools and documents for ANS inspectors

- Regulation for ANS Safety Oversight
 - Contains duties of inspector, tasks of each oversight process, qualifications and training requirements of inspectors, calculation of inspector numbers, etc.
- ANS Oversight Inspector's Manual
 - Contains ethics, roles and responsibilities, site oversight coordination procedures, checklist, administrative actions and penalties, detailed inspection procedure etc.
- > Supporting resources including budget, a car, office and equipment, documents, etc.

Oversight process

- Specified in the Regulation for ANS Safety Oversight
- Includes planning, oversight notification, conducting oversight, findings and remedial action requests, review of CAPs and follow-up actions, record keeping, etc.



IV. Challenges on IFP development and oversight



- **❖** Difficulty to maintain experienced IFP designers and inspectors
 - > Two designers for each IFPDO and frequent move to other position
 - One PANS-OPS inspector, but currently one is selected and under training
- **❖** Difficulty for KOCA designers to maintain IFP Design skills
 - > IFPDO contracts procedure design works to private IFP design company
 - > IFPDO conducts safety assessment and steps from flight validation of the IFP Design process, therefore few chances to design procedures by themselves
 - No way to oversee contractors as they don't hold any IFPD certificate from the KOCA even though they have trained designers and follow the standards and manual for FPDS of KOCA
 - KOCA hasn't introduced IFP certification procedures for a private IFP design company
 - Senior designers of KOCA retires early to move a private company and junior designers don't want to work as an IFP designer long because of difficulty in doing FPD works



IV. Challenges on IFP development and oversight



IFPs for civil-military joint use aerodromes

- Civil airlines fly to 8 civil-military joint use aerodromes managed by military authority
- Military authorities apply to US TERPs criteria in their airports considering joint exercises with US forces
- Dilemma to use two design criteria within one State even though the military aircraft is not subject to the ICAO criteria, PANS-OPS according to the Article 3 of Chicago Convention
 - So it is natural for military authority to apply their own IFP design criteria to their airports
 - Do we have to design IFPs for civil aircraft to the military airports intending to fly to?
 - There are no known accidents/incidents directly related to IFPs so far.



