



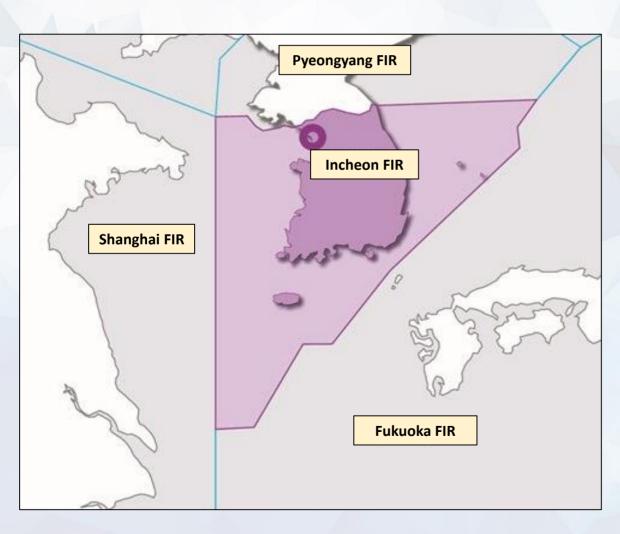
2024.11.20.| ATMO, MOLIT







Introduction – Incheon FIR

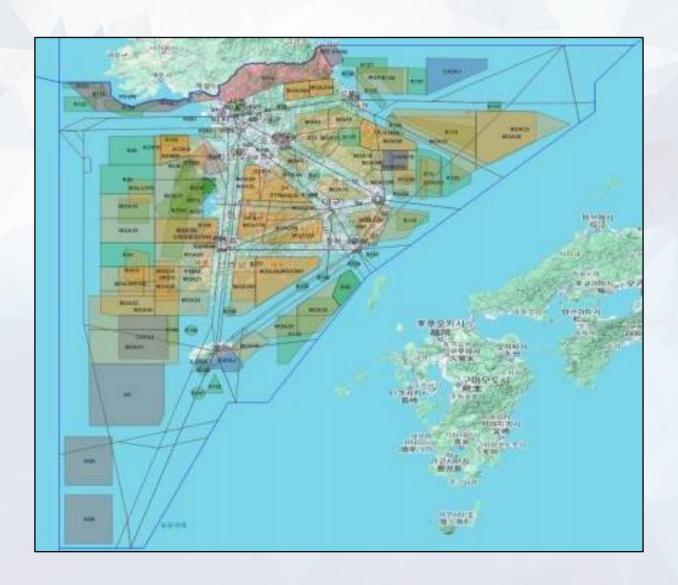


- Incheon FIR is about 430,000km²,
 and borders China and Japan.
- Compared to two countries, ROK's airspace is narrow.





Introduction – Situation of SUA

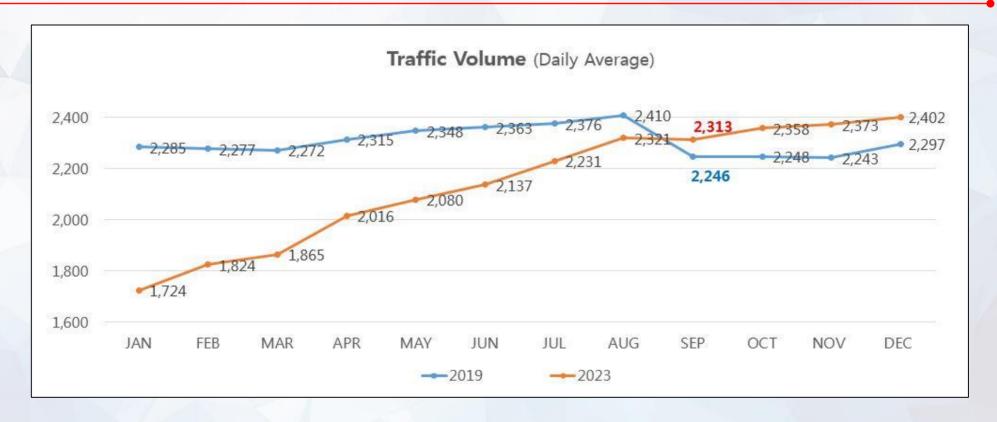


- The airspace has jurisdiction over civil and military.
- ROK has 265 SUAs, which are controlled by military.
- Most of SUAs has exclusive authority.



4

Introduction



- Air traffic volume is recovering and increasing.
- The new type of vehicle appears.
- UAM(Urban air mobility) is about to be commercialized.

Improvement measures for increasing airspace demand are needed.





Task Force Team

- (Purpose) The Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, and Transport has formed and operated the Task Force team for research and improvement.
- (Member) The Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, and Transport, The Ministry of National Defense, Researcher, Air carrier(involved pilot)



(Agenda)

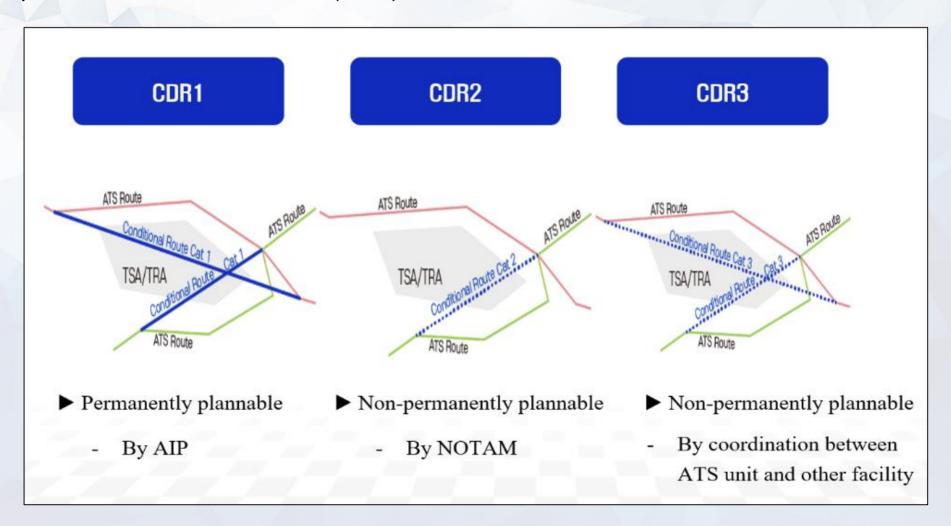
- Adjusting airspace
- Intergated management of national airspace
- Flexible airspace operation
- Management plans for the new vehicles





Implementation of FUA

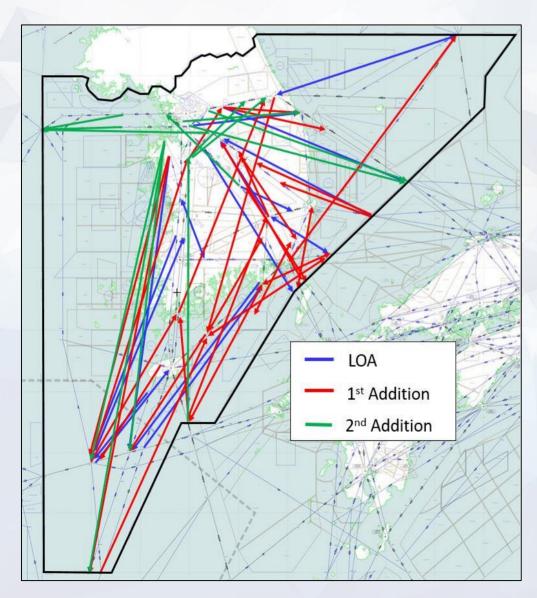
Operation of Conditional Route(CDR)







Implementation of FUA – CDR3



Through ACC and MCRC had lots of dicussions, 17 CDR3s routes are agreed at first time.

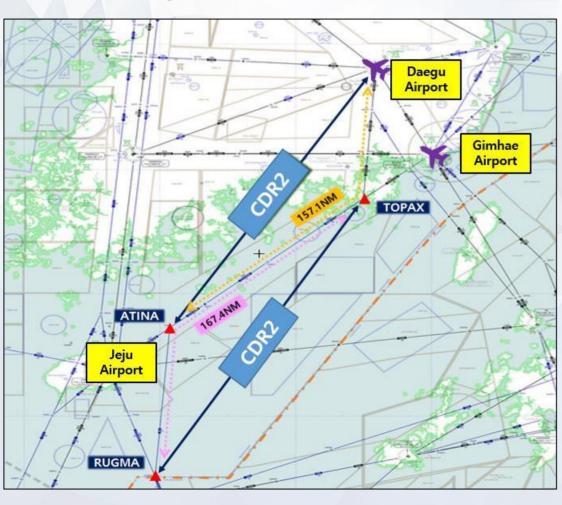
- After continuous discussions, 56 CDR3 routes were agreed.
- Nowadays, both have been discussing the implementation of CDR3 for the entire airspace.





Implementation of FUA – CDR2

▶ 1st Trial Operation('21.6.~'22.4.)

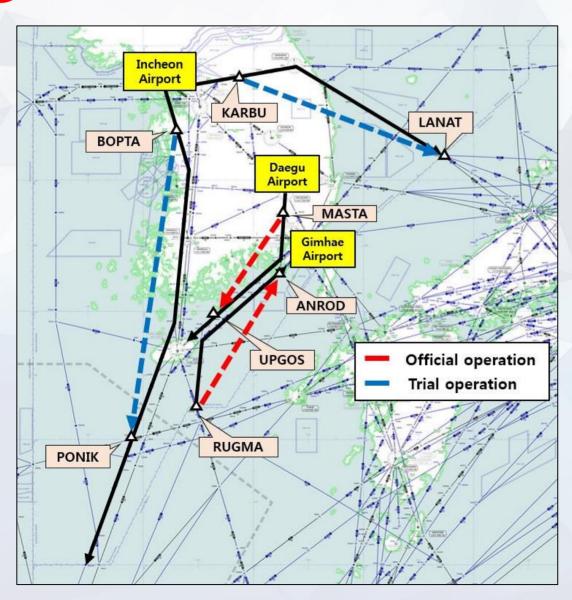


- Daegu Airport Jeju Airport
 - Reduced <u>fuel cost by \$ 620,000</u> and <u>1,566 tons of carbon emission</u>
 - transit the official operation route('22)
- Gimhae Airport Japan(Fukuoka FIR)
- There is no demand because of COVID-19
- Extending the trial operation('22.6~'23.5.)
 - transit the official operation route('23)





Implementation of FUA - CDR2



- **▶ 2nd Trial Operation**('23.10.~'24.9.)
 - Incheon Airport → PONIK

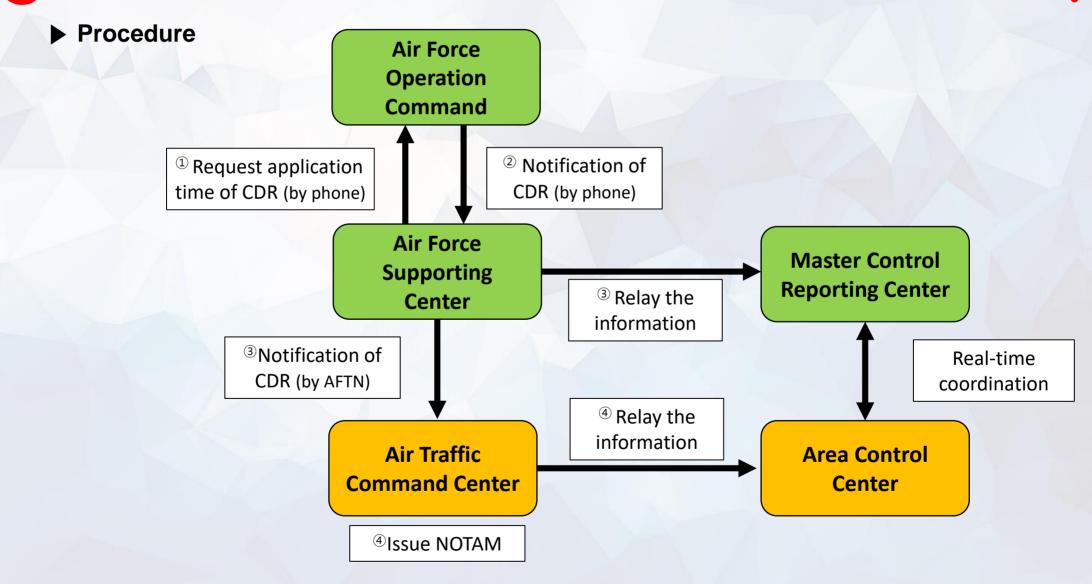
 (outbound for China/Japan)
- Incheon Airport → LANAT

 (outbound for Japan)
 - Reduced <u>fuel cost by \$ 11.37 million</u> and <u>17,633 tons of carbon emission</u>
- to be transit the official operation route

Operation of 4 CDR routes



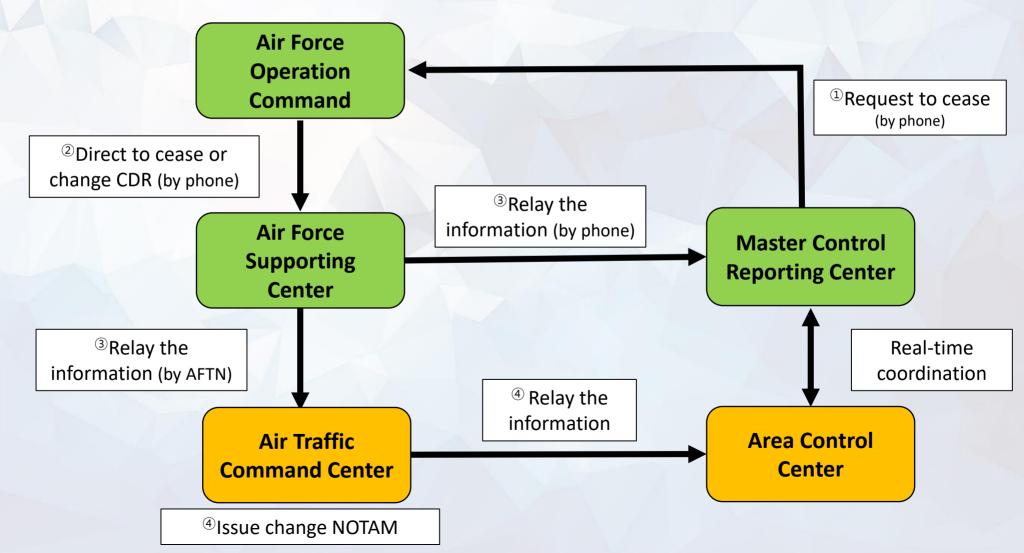






Implementation of FUA – CDR2

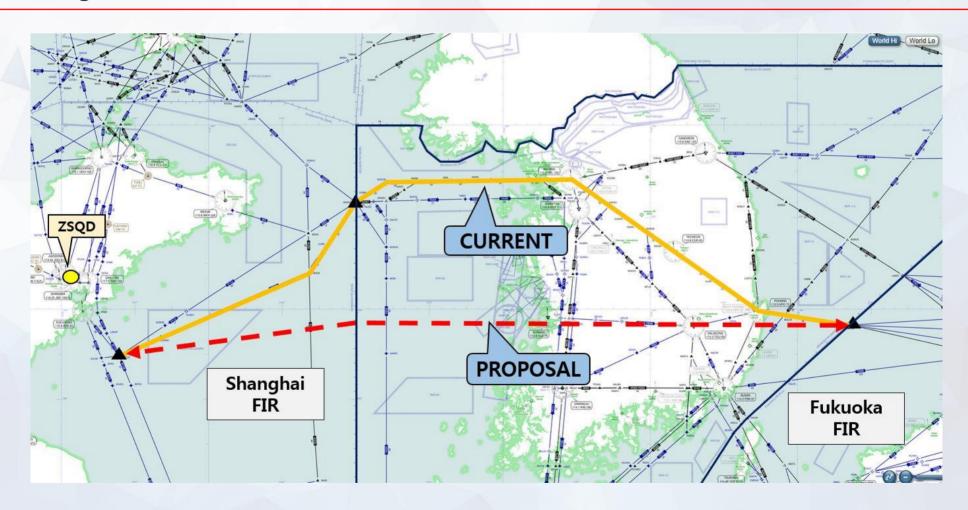
▶ Procedure (if CDRs change or Cease)







Challenge of FUA

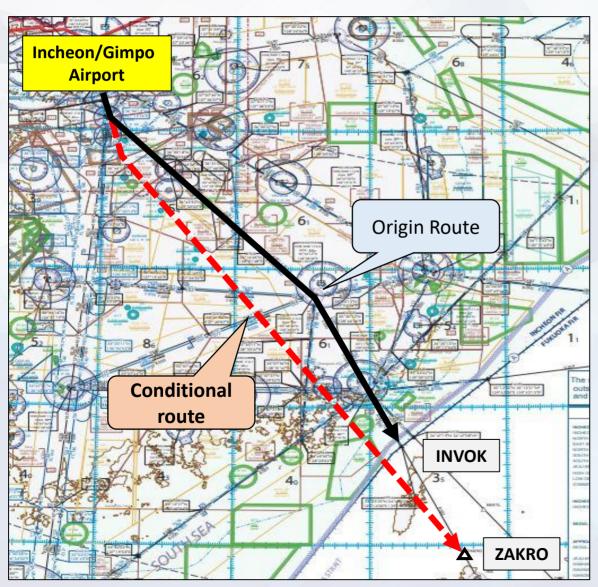


 ROK proposed the shortest route for over flights via Incheon FIR through the 10th ROK-China ATM/CNS Coordination Meeting.





Challenge of FUA - Past case



- In 2015, ROK and Japan agree
- the Conditional route not to a point the FIR boundary.
- For efficient airspace operation,

 Cooperation between neighboring states is needed beyond the one state.





Civil-Military Coopertaion





Air Force Supporting Center is resident within the ATCC, providing support for 24hours.





Civil-Military Coopertaion

국토교통부 항공교통본부, 공군 방공관제사령부 및 국토교통부 서울지방항공청 간 민·군 공역관리 협조관 운영에 관한 합의서 LOA on Civil-Military **dispatch**of airspace management **coordinator**between ATMO and MCRC

2020. 6.

 ACC and MCRC signed the LOA, on the dispatch of mutual airspace management coordinator.

It helps to coordinate airspace smooth.

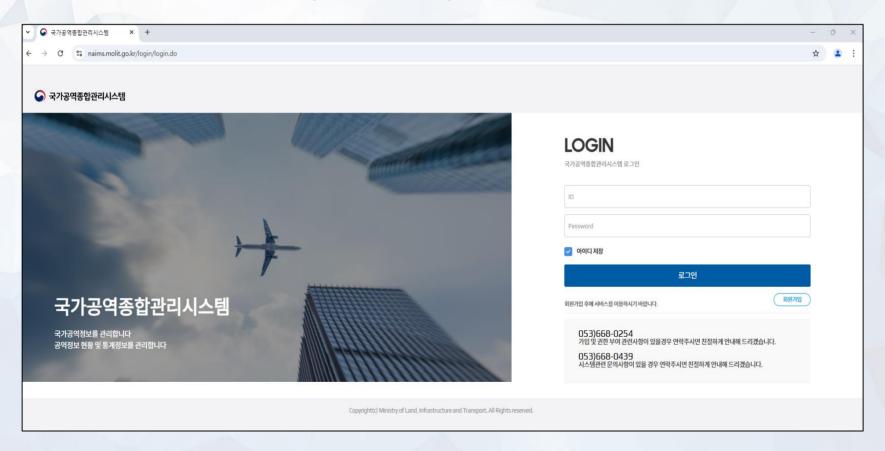
항공교통본부 · 공군 방공관제사령부 · 서울지방항공청





SYSTEM INTERGRATION

► NAIMS (National Airspace Integrated Management System)



 ROK has established the system called by 'NAIMS', that can comprehensively manage the entire airspace.





SYSTEM INTERGRATION

▶ History of NAIMS



- Developement of NAIMS('05)
- Establishment of Database('08)
- Maintenance('09~)
- Connect the AIM(Aeronautical Information
 Management) System('22)
- Establishment NAIMS based on Website('22)
- Improve the environment to be accessble from mobile('23)



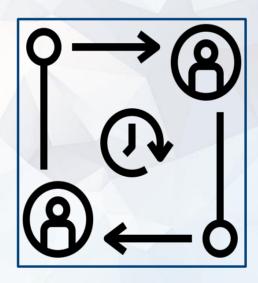


SYSTEM INTERGRATION

▶ Function of NAIMS



Planning



Real-time



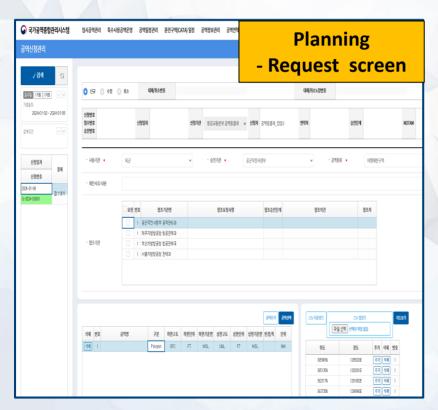
Post-analysis





SYSTEM INTERGRATION

▶ Planning & Real time stage





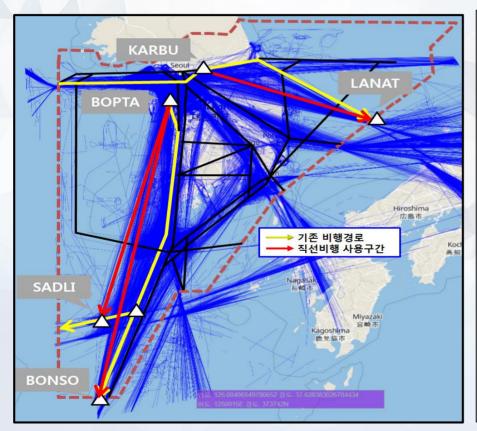
- Airspace users request to use of airspace and operators review and notify airspace permission.
- Nowadays, the airspace authorized by civil is being appled for, reviewed and designated through the system.





SYSTEM INTERGRATION

▶ Post analysis stage





 For research the use of airspace, analysis the flight pah of the trajectory and manage airspace usage performance.





Challenges

- Continous coordination between Civil and Military.
 - Establishment of AMC for exchanging AUP.
 - Paricipation in NAIMS system for integrated airspace management.
- Recognition that airspace is a common asset must be formed.
- Expanding Flexible use of airspace beyond ROK.





THANK YOU!!



Hayeong Kim rlagkdud0113@korea.kr

