

International Civil Aviation Organization

ASIA AND PACIFIC (APAC)

Twenty-Seventh Meeting of the Meteorology Sub-Group (MET SG/27)

Bangkok, Thailand, 04 to 08 September 2023

Agenda Item 4: Regional guidance material

ROBEX HANDBOOK UPDATES

(Presented by the Secretariat)

SUMMARY

This paper presents proposals for updates to the Regional OPMET Bulletin Exchange (ROBEX) Handbook and invites the Meeting to review the proposals and provide additional information, as necessary, to ensure the ROBEX Handbook reflects the responsibilities and procedures for ROBEX centres and the current requirements for the content and format for ROBEX bulletins.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The ICAO APAC Regional OPMET Bulletin Exchange (ROBEX) scheme provides a systematic plan for APAC States to exchange meteorological information in the form of OPMET bulletins within the APAC region and inter-regionally with the other ICAO regions¹.
- 1.2 The APAC ROBEX Handbook provides users with guidance on the operation of the ROBEX scheme, including the responsibilities and procedures for ROBEX centres and the content and format for ROBEX bulletins.
- 1.3 This paper invites the Meeting to review proposed updates to the ROBEX Handbook and provide additional information, as necessary, to ensure the ROBEX Handbook reflects the responsibilities and procedures for ROBEX centres and the current requirements for the content and format for ROBEX bulletins.

2. DISCUSSION

- 2.1 ICAO publishes the ROBEX Handbook online at the following ICAO APAC Office website: www.icao.int/apac > APAC eDocuments > MET > ROBEX Handbook.
- 2.2 The recently published ROBEX Handbook, Fifteenth Edition March 2023, was updated based on updates and changes endorsed and requested in previous MET SG forums, including MET/IE WG/19, MET/IE WG/20, MET/IE WG/21, MET SG/25 and MET SG/26.

¹ The ROBEX scheme includes inter-regional OPMET exchange with the ICAO AFI, EUR, MID, NAM and SAM regions.

- 2.3 Proposals for updates to be published in the ROBEX Handbook, Sixteenth Edition, are presented in **Appendix A** and **Appendix B**. The proposed updates include changes to the aerodromes listed in the METAR and TAF bulletins in Table A and Table B to realign with the aerodromes where meteorological service is required, as set out in the APAC Regional Air Navigation Plan (ANP), Volume II, Table MET II-2. The proposed updates in **Appendix A** and **Appendix B** arise from the outcomes of MET SG/25 (action item 07), MET/IE WG/20 (action item 10), MET/IE WG/19 (action item 05) and MET/IE WG/18-MET/S WG/10 (action item 20).
- 2.4 **Appendix A** presents proposed updates marked up as changes in the ROBEX Handbook, including updates to (1) the use of italics to indicate aerodromes not listed in the APAC ANP, Volume I, Table AOP 1-1, and (2) realign the ROBEX Handbook Tables A and B, METAR and TAF bulletins, where aerodromes are listed in the METAR bulletins but not the TAF bulletins, and vice-versa.
- 2.5 In addition, **Appendix B**, Table 1, lists the aerodromes where meteorological service is required, according to the APAC ANP, and the aerodromes are not yet included in the ROBEX Handbook Tables A and B, METAR and TAF bulletins. Similarly, **Appendix B**, Table 2, lists the aerodromes where meteorological service will be required, subject to the approval of proposals for amendment of the APAC ANP (which are under development; ref: MET SG/27, WP/14 Review of the APAC ANP), and the aerodromes are not yet included in the ROBEX Handbook Tables A and B, METAR and TAF bulletins.
- 2.6 The Meeting is advised that further coordination with the States concerned is needed to incorporate aerodromes listed in **Appendix B**, Tables 1 and 2, with the proposed changes to the ROBEX Handbook Tables A and B, METAR and TAF bulletins, presented in **Appendix A**.

3. ACTION BY THE MEETING

- 3.1 The Meeting is invited to:
 - a) Note the information contained in this paper;
 - b) Provide additional information, as necessary, to supplement the proposals for updates to be published in the ROBEX Handbook, Sixteenth Edition, as presented in **Appendix** A and **Appendix B**; and
 - c) Discuss any relevant matters as appropriate.

MET SG/27 Appendix A to WP/09

INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION



ASIA PACIFIC ROBEX HANDBOOK

Sixteenth Edition — Month Year

Prepared by the ICAO Asia and Pacific Office and Published under the Authority of the Secretary General

RECORD OF AMENDMENTS AND CORRIGENDA

Amendments				
No.	Date of issue	Date entered	Entered by	
1				
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Acronyms and Abbreviations

ACC	Area Control Centre
ADMIN	Administrative message
AFI	Africa-Indian Ocean Region
AFS	Aeronautical Fixed Service
AFTN	Aeronautical Fixed Telecommunication Network
AIREP	Air-report
AMHS	ATS Message Handling System
AMO	Aerodrome Meteorological Office
AMS	Aeronautical Meteorological Station
ANP	Air Navigation Plan
AOP	Aerodrome Operations
APAC	Asia Pacific Region
APANPIRG	Asia/Pacific Air Navigation Planning and Implementation Regional Group
ARS	Special Air-report indicator
ASIA	Asia Region
ASIA/PACIFIC	Asia and Pacific Regions
ATM	Air Traffic Management
ATS	Air Traffic Services
COM	Communications
CTA	Control Area
eDocuments	Electronic Documents
EUR	European Region
FASID	Facilities And Services Implementation Document
FIR	Flight Information Region
GML	Geography Mark-up Language
HF	High Frequency
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICD	Interface Control Document
IROG	Inter-regional OPMET Gateway
IWXXM	ICAO Meteorological Information Exchange Model
METAR	Aerodrome Routine Meteorological Report
MET/IE WG	Meteorological Information Exchange Working Group
MID	Middle East Region
MWO	Meteorological Watch Office
NOC	National OPMET Centre
OPMET	Operational Meteorological Information
PAC	Pacific Region
PIRG	Planning and Implementation Regional Group

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ROBEX	Regional OPMET Bulletin Exchange
ROC	Regional OPMET Centre
RODB	Regional OPMET Data Banks
SADIS	Secure Aviation Data Information Service
SAM	South American Region
SIGMET	Significant Meteorological Information
SPECI	Aerodrome Special Meteorological Report
SUG	SADIS User Guide
SWX	Space Weather
SWXC	Space Weather Centre
TAC	Traditional Alphanumeric Code
TAF	Aerodrome Forecast
TC	Tropical Cyclone
TCA	Tropical Cyclone Advisory
TCAC	Tropical Cyclone Advisory Centre
VA	Volcanic Ash
VAA	Volcanic Ash Advisory
VAAC	Volcanic Ash Advisory Centre
WAFC	World Area Forecast Centre
WAFS	World Area Forecast System
WG	Working Group
WIFS	WAFS Internet File Service
WMO	World Meteorology Organization
XML	Extensible Mark-up Language

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1. The Regional Operational Meteorological (OPMET) Bulletin Exchange (ROBEX) scheme was established by the MID/SEA COM/MET Regional Planning Group at its first meeting in Bangkok, July 1972. The scheme became operational in 1974 and has since been successfully exchanging OPMET information in the ASIA/PAC (APAC) region and inter-regionally with the AFI, EUR, MID, NAM and SAM regions.
- 1.2. The ROBEX scheme was intended initially only for METAR exchange; AIREP and TAF exchanges were added to the scheme at a later stage. The operation of the ROBEX scheme included exchange of OPMET bulletins between the originating tributary offices and the bulletin compiling centres, which, according to their functions and responsibilities, were classified as Main Collection Centres or Sub-collection Centres, or TAF Collection Centres. The operational exchange has been carried out according to agreed transmission schedules; the bulletin contents were specified in the ROBEX Handbook.
- 1.3. Based on COM facilities of very limited capacity in the early seventies, the ROBEX scheme was strictly planned to accommodate only those OPMET exchanges considered vital for the flight operations. Over the years, the COM facilities have improved considerably and the ROBEX scheme has developed accordingly. The ROBEX Handbook is dynamic in nature in that it is updated regularly to reflect current communications (COM) facilities and the requirements of users for OPMET.
- 1.4. The ROBEX Handbook is the main guidance material providing detail on the procedures for OPMET exchange under the ROBEX scheme. The Handbook defines the responsibilities of the Regional OPMET Centres (ROCs) and the procedures to be followed. It also defines the content and format of the ROBEX bulletins.
- 1.5. The ROBEX Handbook is published and kept up-to-date by the ICAO APAC Office (Bangkok).
- 1.6. Although the ROBEX Handbook primarily covers the exchange of OPMET in the ASIA/PAC Region, it also provides information on the exchange of OPMET inter-regionally as agreed with the other regions.

2. ROBEX SCHEME – GENERAL

2.1. Objective

- 2.1.1 The main purpose of the Regional Operational Meteorological Bulletin Exchange (ROBEX) Scheme is to ensure the following:
 - a) Most efficient exchange of OPMET information within APAC and with the other ICAO regions to meet the requirements of the users of OPMET information; and
 - b) Implementation of the OPMET-related SARPs in *Annex 3* and *Annex 10*, and the relevant provisions of the APAC Air Navigation Plan (ANP) in a highly efficient and standardized way.

2.2. Structure

2.2.1 The above objective is achieved by implementing a number of Regional OPMET Centres (ROC), Regional OPMET Data Banks (RODB), and Inter-regional OPMET Gateways (IROG). All these operational units form the ROBEX scheme. In order to ensure seamless global exchange of the required OPMET information, the ROBEX scheme is consistent with similar schemes in the other ICAO regions, as well as with the AFS distribution systems used to disseminate OPMET data.

2.3. Purpose

2.3.1 The ROBEX scheme produces and delivers to the aviation users the required OPMET information in the form of predefined bulletins. The scheme should handle all types of OPMET information in the Traditional Alphanumeric Code (TAC) and the new ICAO Meteorological Exchange (IWXXM) form and should provide facilities and services for scheduled and non-scheduled delivery of OPMET information to the users.

2.4. Introduction of IWXXM Exchange

- 2.4.1 ICAO Annex 3 Amendments 76, 77 and 78 provide the first steps to the transition of Traditional Alphanumeric Code (TAC) formatted OPMET data towards XML formatted data in compliance with the ICAO Meteorological Information Exchange Model (IWXXM):
 - Amendment 76 (14 November 2013) enabled the bilateral exchange of XML data for those States in a position to do so;
 - *Amendment* 77 (10 November 2016) enables the international exchange of XML-formatted METAR/SPECI, TAF, AIRMET and SIGMET, VAA and TCA; and
 - Amendment 78 (8 November 2018) will require the international exchange of XML-formatted METAR/SPECI, TAF, AIRMET and SIGMET, VAA and TCA to be raised to a standard, although the provisions relating specifically to IWXXM will not become applicable until 5 November 2020.
- 2.4.2 The phased transition of TAC OPMET data to IWXXM OPMET data is to be considered as a first step towards the ICAO System Wide Information Management (SWIM) concept.
- 2.4.3 This edition of the Handbook focuses largely on the exchange of OPMET in TAC form because all States currently have the ability to send and receive OPMET in TAC form. Only a limited number of States have developed the capability to send and receive OPMET in IWXXM. In addition, AMHS with FTBP has yet to be implemented in a number of APAC States. It should be noted that AFTN cannot be used to disseminate IWXXM coded OPMET. However, some information on the exchange of OPMET in IWXXM is provided in this Handbook, but detailed information on IWXXM, and the transition from TAC to IWXXM, is provided in the document *Guidelines for the Implementation of OPMET Data Exchange using IWXXM* available on the APAC website in the MET section under APAC eDocuments (https://www.icao.int/APAC/Pages/edocs.aspx).
- 2.4.4 To facilitate OPMET Data Exchange using IWXXM in the APAC region, the Meteorology Sub-Group (MET SG) of APANPIRG decided to include in this handbook the following link to the online register of the status of IWXXM exchange in the APAC Region [MET SG/24, Decision MET SG/24-15 and Conclusion MET SG/24-12, refer]:

Online Register of APAC IWXXM Exchange Status

[https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1WEcGfMRZq2dgHsfdpFhiefJEcA8OeMhfbCJHTqA7NX0/edit#gid=0]

2.5. Management

- 2.5.1 Monitoring of the OPMET exchange under the ROBEX scheme and planning for improvements and preparation of proposals for any changes of the scheme that may become necessary are carried out by the ASIA/PAC Air Navigation Planning and Implementation Regional Group (APANPIRG). In order to achieve these tasks, the ROBEX implementation status and planning is part of the agenda of the MET sub-groups of APANPIRG, and in particular, the MET Information Exchange (MET/IE) Working Group (WG).
- 2.5.2 Any proposals for amendments to the ROBEX scheme, which States or international organizations concerned consider necessary, due to changes in the operational requirements for OPMET data or to developments of the AFS system, are normally forwarded for consideration to the ICAO Asia and Pacific Office, Bangkok.

2.6. Requests for OPMET (Request and Reply)

- 2.6.1 The RODBs provide a request and reply facility to allow users to request OPMET on a non-regular or occasional basis. This is not intended for routine requests, which should be arranged through the implementation of a predetermined regular OPMET exchange.
- 2.6.2 Guidance on the interrogation procedures for access to the designated RODBs in the ASIA/PAC Region to request OPMET is provided in *Appendix H*.

3. OPMET INFORMATION AND OPMET EXCHANGE

3.1. OPMET data types

3.1.1 The following OPMET data types should be handled by the ROBEX scheme:

Data type	Abbreviated name	WMO data type designator	
		TAC	IWXXM
Aerodrome reports	METAR	SA	LA
	SPECI	SP	LP
Aerodrome forecasts	TAF: 12 to 30 hour	FT	LT
SIGMET information	SIGMET	WS	LS
	SIGMET for TC	WC	LY
	SIGMET for VA	WV	LV
AIRMET information	AIRMET	WA	LW
Volcanic Ash and	Volcanic Ash Advisory	FV	LU
Tropical Cyclone Advisories	Tropical Cyclone Advisory	FK	LK
Air-reports	AIREP SPECIAL (ARS)	UA	N/A
Space Weather Advisory	SWX ADVISORY	FN	LN
Administrative	METNO	NO	N/A

Note: IATA TAF requirements in the ASIA/PAC region are for TAF validity of either 24 or 30 hours. Some States issue 12- and 18-hour TAF, which don't meet IATA requirements, but are nevertheless classified as FT for the WMO data type designator.

3.2. OPMET bulletins

- 3.2.1 The exchange of OPMET data is carried out through bulletins containing one or more meteorological messages (METAR, SPECI, TAF or other OPMET information). An OPMET bulletin contains messages of the same type.
- 3.2.2 The format of OPMET bulletins is determined by:
 - ICAO Annex 10, Aeronautical telecommunications AFTN envelope of the bulletin;
 - *WMO-No.386*, *WMO Manual on the Global telecommunication System* WMO abbreviated heading of the bulletin; and
 - *ICAO Annex 3 and WMO-No.306*, *Manual on Codes* format and coding of the information included in the bulletin.

3.3. Types of OPMET exchange

3.3.1 Regional exchange – ROBEX scheme

- 3.3.1.1 The ROBEX scheme covers the exchange of OPMET information within the APAC region and to and from adjacent ICAO regions. It includes several types of exchanges as described below:
- 3.3.1.1.1 <u>Regular exchange</u> is a scheduled exchange that encompasses the collection of messages from the originating stations, compiling of bulletins and their dissemination according to predetermined distribution schemes. The collection and distribution are carried out at fixed times, and the bulletin content is defined in this Handbook.
- 3.3.1.1.2 <u>Non-regular exchange</u> The RODBs store OPMET data and make this available on request. The procedure for requesting OPMET is provided in <u>Appendix H</u>.

3.3.2 Inter-regional OPMET exchange

- 3.3.2.1 Exchange of OPMET data between the APAC region and the other ICAO regions is carried out via designated centres, which serve as Inter-regional OPMET Gateways (IROG). An IROG is set up for sending and receiving specified OPMET data between the APAC region and other ICAO regions.
- 3.3.2.2 Inter-regional OPMET exchange via IROGs is carried out through the ground segment of the AFS (AFTN/AMHS).

3.3.3 Exchange of OPMET information through the Internet.

3.3.3.1 All APAC OPMET data handled by the ROBEX scheme is relayed to the SADIS and WIFS Service Providers, allowing users to retrieve the data via SADIS and WIFS.

3.3.4 Other OPMET exchanges

3.3.4.1 Where OPMET exchanges described in the above paragraphs are not sufficient, direct

AFTN/AMHS addressing can be utilized by the originating centres or NOCs.

4. THE COMPOSITION OF ROBEX

- 4.1 The ROBEX scheme involves a number of aeronautical meteorological stations, aeronautical telecommunication stations, aerodrome meteorological offices and other operational units. The following operational units are considered to be components of the ROBEX scheme.
- 4.1.1 *Originating station* An aeronautical meteorological station, aerodrome meteorological office, forecasting office, MWO, TCAC, or a VAAC. The duties and responsibilities of these originating stations are defined by the State's meteorological authority.
- 4.1.2 *National OPMET centre (NOC)* Normally, a NOC is associated with the State's national AFTN/AMHS COM centre. The role of the NOC is to collect all OPMET messages generated by the originating stations in the State and to send them to the responsible ROBEX bulletin-compiling centre (ROC). Some NOCs also serve as ROCs. National regulations should be developed to ensure that NOCs disseminate the international OPMET data within their own State, as necessary.

4.1.3 Regional OPMET Centre (ROC)

- 4.1.3.1 ROCs are responsible for the collection of OPMET messages from the originating stations or NOCs in their area of responsibility and for compiling these messages into ROBEX bulletins. *Tables A and B of the ROBEX Handbook* define the areas of responsibility (or collection areas) of the ROCs for METAR/SPECI and TAF.
- 4.1.3.2 The ROCs are responsible for the dissemination of bulletins compiled by them to:
 - Other ROCs, according to predefined distribution lists, specific for each bulletin;
 - APAC RODBs; and
 - NOCs or other COM or MET offices in the States in their area of responsibilities, as agreed between the ROC and the States' authorities concerned.

4.1.4 Regional OPMET Data Banks (RODB)

- 4.1.4.1 Five centres have been designated by APANPIRG to serve as Regional OPMET Data Banks (Bangkok, Brisbane, Nadi, Singapore and Tokyo).
- 4.1.4.2 The **main responsibilities** of the RODBs are defined as follows:
 - To support the ROBEX Scheme and to facilitate a regular exchange of OPMET information based on predetermined distribution within the APAC Region; and
 - To provide facilities for request/response type of access to the stored OPMET data for users to obtain non-regular or occasional information.
 - Note 1: The interrogation procedures applicable to the OPMET data banks and catalogues are provided in <u>Appendix H</u>.
 - Note 2: Responsibilities of RODBs are given in 4.1.4.2, 10.2, 10.3 and 12.3
- 4.1.5 Inter-regional OPMET Gateways (IROG) The Inter-regional OPMET Gateways in the

APAC Region are the designated RODBs. Each RODB is assigned responsibility for the exchange of OPMET information with other ICAO Regions. The responsibilities of the IROGs are shown in 11.1 of this Handbook.

- 4.1.6 **Support to SADIS and WIFS** The IROGs should facilitate the global exchange of OPMET data carried out through SADIS and WIFS. In order to achieve this, close liaison should be maintained between the IROGs and the corresponding SADIS and WIFS gateways. Availability of APAC data on SADIS and WIFS should be monitored, and any systematic shortfalls of data identified should be reported to the relevant ICAO regional office.
- 4.2 The overall structure of the ROBEX scheme is presented in <u>Appendix G</u>.

5. COMMUNICATIONS - GENERAL

5.1. Exchange of OPMET

- 5.1.1 According to *Annex 3, Chapter 11, 11.1.9*, the telecommunications facilities used for the exchange of OPMET should be the aeronautical fixed service (AFS) or, for the exchange of non-time-critical OPMET, the public internet, subject to availability, satisfactory operation and bilateral/multilateral and/or regional air navigation agreement.
- Note 1: Aeronautical fixed service Internet-based services, operated by the World Area Forecast Centres (WAFC), support the global exchanges of OPMET.
- Note 2: Guidance material on non-time-critical OPMET and relevant aspects of the public Internet is provided in the Guidelines on the Use of the Public Internet for Aeronautical Applications (Doc 9855).

5.2. Use of AFTN/AMHS

- 5.2.1 The AFTN is used for the exchange of OPMET in TAC form, and AMHS is used for the exchange in IWXXM form. It is to be noted that IWXXM cannot be exchanged over the AFTN due to the character set included in IWXXM. When AMHS is used, this must be either AMHS Extended or AMHS with File Transfer Body Part (FTBP).
- 5.2.2 AFTN/AMHS circuits are used for the collection of OPMET messages by the ROCs, and for regional and inter-regional exchanges of OPMET bulletins. However, the exchanges are subject to the use of AFTN and AMHS, as noted in 5.2.1.
- 5.2.3 OPMET bulletins containing TAC or IWXXM formatted OPMET transmitted via AFTN/AMHS shall be encapsulated in the normal AFTN envelope (for TAC) and for IWXXM as described in the *Guidelines for the Implementation of OPMET Data Exchange using IWXXM* available at https://www.icao.int/APAC/Pages/edocs.aspx.
- 5.2.4 AFTN/AMHS messages and bulletins containing OPMET shall achieve transit times of less than 5 minutes unless otherwise determined by regional air navigation agreement.
- 5.2.5 OPMET bulletins (TAC) transmitted via AFTN shall use the following priority indicators:
 - FF for SIGMET, AIREP SPECIAL, VAA, TCA and TAF AMD; and
 - GG for TAF, METAR and SPECI.

5.2.6 For information about the transmission of OPMET bulletins (IWXXM) via AMHS, refer to the document *Guidelines for the Implementation of OPMET Data Exchange using IWXXM*, which is available on the following ICAO APAC Office website (click on MET):

https://www.icao.int/APAC/Pages/edocs.aspx.

6. METAR/SPECI EXCHANGE

6.1. General

- 6.1.1 Routine METAR reports should be prepared for the international aerodromes listed in the *ANP*, *Volume I, Table AOP I-1*, and in *Volume II, Table MET II-2*. METAR should be issued hourly or half-hourly throughout the 24 hours of each day as determined by regional air navigation agreement or by agreement by individual States (refer to 6.1.2).
- 6.1.2 METAR from all international aerodromes (referred to as AOP aerodromes) listed in the Tables referred to in 6.1.1 should be included in the regular ROBEX exchange. This also includes METAR from a number of domestic aerodromes, required by the users as alternate aerodromes (referred to as non-AOP aerodromes), and should be included in the regular ROBEX exchange, if so agreed by the States concerned.

Note: When OPMET data from non-AOP aerodromes is required by users, the corresponding State is consulted on its agreement to provide the additional information.

- 6.1.3 A description of the ASIA/PAC METAR bulletins provided in the regular ROBEX exchange, including the responsible compiling ROC, WMO bulletin identification, list of aerodromes, observation times and AFTN distribution, is given in *Appendix A*.
- 6.1.4 SPECI reports are included in separate bulletins and should be disseminated in the same way as the METAR reports originated by the same aerodromes. It should be noted that METAR and SPECI reports are not to be included together in a bulletin.
- 6.1.5 The exchange of METAR/SPECI messages outside the ROBEX scheme, if necessary, should be carried out by direct AFTN/AMHS addressed messages.

6.2. Responsibilities of originating stations and NOCs

- 6.2.1 The originating stations (aeronautical meteorological stations) and/or NOCs should prepare METAR messages for the observation times Indicated in <u>Appendix A</u> and send them to their responsible ROC.
- 6.2.2 SPECI should be prepared between the regular observation times, following the requirements set out in Annex 3, and sent with no delay to the responsible ROC.
- 6.2.3 In preparing METAR and SPECI messages, the originating stations should follow the specifications for METAR and SPECI in Annex 3 (Chapter 4 and Appendix 3 including the template in Table A3-2) and the WMO METAR and SPECI code forms (FM 15-XII METAR and FM 16-XII SPECI, WMO No. 306, Manual on Codes, Volume I.1, Part A Alphanumeric Codes) strictly.
- 6.2.4 METAR messages should be sent to the responsible ROC before the cut-off time specified by the ROC to allow for timely compilation of the METAR bulletin. If, for some reason, a METAR

message has not been sent before the cut-off time, the originating station/NOC should send it as soon as possible after that, as a delayed message. The originating stations/NOCs should follow strictly the schedules specified for METAR messages and keep to a minimum the number of delayed messages.

6.2.5 METAR and SPECI messages should be quality controlled by the originating stations/NOCs. When necessary, a corrected message should be sent immediately after an error in an already transmitted message has been identified.

Note: Procedures applying to the corrected and delayed messages are given in Appendix D.

6.3. ROCs – METAR and SPECI Responsibilities

- 6.3.1 ROCs should collect METAR messages from the aerodromes in their area of responsibility and compile METAR bulletins, according to <u>Appendix A</u>. The content of bulletins and the order of stations in each bulletin should be kept fixed until a bulletin change is requested and coordinated according to the established procedure.
- 6.3.2 ROCs should determine a cut-off time for the reception of METAR from the stations in their area of responsibility. At the cut-off time, the ROC should compile METAR bulletin(s) containing all prescribed aerodromes, indicating any missing METAR with "NIL".
- 6.3.3 At scheduled transmission times, ROCs should transmit the compiled METAR bulletins to other ROCs and RODBs according to the distribution lists specified for each METAR bulletin in *Appendix A*. METAR bulletins should be filed for transmission, not later than 5 minutes after the observation time.
- 6.3.4 ROCs should transmit the METAR bulletins compiled by them, as well as bulletins received from other ROCs, as necessary, to the NOCs and/or other offices in the States in their area of responsibility, as agreed between the ROC and the meteorological authorities of the States concerned.
- 6.3.5 A SPECI, when received by a ROC, should be sent as a SPECI bulletin to the same addresses to which METAR from the issuing aerodrome are sent. Normally, a SPECI bulletin should contain a single SPECI and must not be included in any METAR bulletin.
- 6.3.6 The WMO heading of a SPECI bulletin should be constructed in the same way as the WMO heading of the METAR bulletin, which contains the aerodrome, for which the SPECI is issued, by using SP data type designator instead of SA.
- 6.3.7 A METAR message received by the ROC after the scheduled transmission of the corresponding bulletin is a delayed METAR. The ROC should send a delayed bulletin as soon as one or more delayed messages are received or at specified times after the scheduled bulletin time (e.g., the first delayed bulletin (RRA) issued 10 minutes after the regular time; the second delayed bulletin (RRB) issued 20 minutes after the regular time, etc.).
- 6.3.8 As soon as a corrected METAR or SPECI message is received from a station, the ROC should transmit it as a corrected bulletin to all recipients.

6.4. METAR Bulletins in TAC - Format and Content

6.4.1 Each METAR message in a METAR bulletin should start with the code word METAR followed by the ICAO location indicator (CCCC) of the aerodrome and the date/time group (YYGGggZ), indicating the official time of observation. Corrected METAR messages should start with METAR COR.

6.4.2 The following is an example of the format to be applied in preparing a METAR bulletin by the ROCs:

Parts of Message	ROBEX SA Bulletin
AFTN header	
Priority Indicator and Address	GG VTBBYPYX
Date and Time of filing and Originator	271304 ZBBBYPYX
WMO Abbreviated Heading	SACI31 ZBBB 271300
METAR messages	METAR ZBAA 271300Z = METAR ZBTJ 271300Z=
AFTN Normal Ending	NNNN

Note: The inclusion of the code name METAR in front of each message in the METAR bulletin is mandatory.

- 6.4.3 The rules related to the use of the BBB group in the WMO abbreviated heading, with regard to delayed or corrected bulletins, are given in $\underline{Appendix D}$.
- 6.4.4 For METARs, which are not available at the time of compilation of the bulletin, the word NIL should be inserted following the date/time group indicating the time of the observation.

Example: METAR ZBTJ 271200Z NIL=

6.5. SPECI Bulletins in TAC - Format and Content

- 6.5.1 A SPECI message included in a SPECI bulletin should start with the code word SPECI followed by the ICAO location indicator (CCCC) of the aerodrome and a date/time group (YYGGggZ) indicating the time of the observation of the meteorological conditions for which the SPECI is issued. Corrected SPECI messages should start with SPECI COR.
- 6.5.2 The following is an example of the format to be applied in preparing a SPECI bulletin by the ROC:

Parts of Message	ROBEX SP Bulletin
AFTN header	
Priority Indicator and Address	GG VTBBYPYX
Date and Time of filing and Originator	081647 ZBBBYPYX
WMO Abbreviated Heading	SPCI31 ZBBB 081645
SPECI message	SPECI ZBAA 081645Z =
AFTN Normal Ending	NNNN

6.6. METAR and SPECI Bulletins in IWXXM - Format and Content

Refer to the document *Guidelines for the Implementation of OPMET Data Exchange using IWXXM* available on the APAC website in the MET section under APAC eDocuments (https://www.icao.int/APAC/Pages/edocs.aspx).

7. TAF EXCHANGE

7.1. General

- 7.1.1 Aerodrome forecast (TAF) should be prepared by the aerodrome meteorological offices (AMO) or other meteorological offices, designated for the provision of TAF by the State's meteorological authority, for all international aerodromes, for which TAF is required (refer to the *ANP*, *Volume II*, *Table MET II*-2
- 7.1.2 All TAFs required should be included in the regular ROBEX exchange. In addition, TAFs from a number of domestic aerodromes required by the users as alternate aerodromes should also be included in the regular ROBEX exchange, if so agreed by the States concerned.

Note: Airline users require that TAF for all international aerodromes listed in the ANP, Volume I, Table AOP I-1, and in Volume II, Table MET II-2, should be available through regular exchange and through the Internet distribution systems SADIS and WIFS.

- 7.1.3 TAF exchanges not covered by the ROBEX Scheme, but required operationally, should be met by means of direct addressed AFTN/AMHS messages.
- 7.1.4 The requirements for the exchange of 24 or 30-hour TAFs are listed in the *ANP*, *Volume II*, *Table MET II-*2.

7.2. Aerodrome meteorological offices (AMO) and NOCs responsibilities

- 7.2.1 Originating AMOs (or other designated forecasting offices) should prepare the required TAF messages for the periods of validity indicated in <u>Appendix B</u>. TAFs from international aerodromes shall not be issued earlier than one hour prior to the beginning of its validity period. TAFs are to be sent by the AMOs or NOCs to the responsible ROC before the cut-off time determined by the centre, e.g., 5 minutes before the filing/transmission times specified in <u>Appendix B</u>.
- 7.2.2 Aerodrome meteorological offices in preparing TAF should follow the template for TAF in Annex 3, Appendix 5 and the WMO TAF code form (FM 51-XII TAF, WMO No. 306, Manual on Codes, Volume I.1, Part A Alphanumeric Codes).
- 7.2.3 The originating AMOs should monitor TAFs, and amended TAF (TAF AMD) should be issued according to the established criteria. Amended TAFs should be sent by the originating station to the responsible ROC with no delay. The optional group BBB should be used in the WMO abbreviated heading to indicate amended TAF in accordance with *Appendix D*.
- 7.2.4 TAF messages should be quality controlled by the originating meteorological offices, and, when necessary, a corrected TAF (TAF COR) should be sent immediately after an error in an already transmitted message has been identified.

7.3. ROCs – TAF Responsibilities

- 7.3.1 ROCs should collect TAFs from the AMOs and/or NOCs in their area of responsibility and compile TAF Bulletins according to <u>Appendix B</u>. The areas of responsibility, as far as practicable, should group together aerodromes and their alternates. ROCs should ensure that TAFs in a single bulletin have common periods of validity.
- 7.3.2 If necessary, ROCs should prepare two or more separate TAF bulletins using different "ii"

values (e.g., "31" and "32") in the WMO heading. The content of the ROBEX TAF bulletins is specified in *Appendix B*.

- 7.3.3 ROCs should establish a cut-off time for reception of TAFs from AMOs and/or NOCs in their area of responsibility, e.g., 5 minutes before the filing/transmission times specified in *Appendix B*. At the cut-off time, ROCs should compile TAF bulletin(s) containing all prescribed aerodromes, indicating any missing TAF with "NIL".
- 7.3.4 The filing/transmission times specified in <u>Appendix B</u> ensure the OPMET information is available to the users twenty-five (25) minutes prior to the beginning of the TAF validity period.
- 7.3.5 ROCs should transmit the compiled TAF bulletins, to other ROCs and the RODBs according to the distribution lists as specified for each TAF bulletin in *Appendix B*.
- 7.3.6 ROCs should transmit the TAF bulletins compiled by them, as well as TAF bulletins received from other ROCs, as necessary, to the NOCs and/or other offices in the States in their area of responsibility, as agreed between the ROC and the meteorological authorities of the States concerned.
- 7.3.7 A TAF message received by a ROC after the scheduled transmission of the corresponding bulletin is a delayed TAF. The ROC should send a delayed TAF bulletin as soon as one or more delayed messages are received or at specified times after the scheduled bulletin time. The optional BBB group should be used in the WMO bulletin heading accordingly.
- 7.3.8 Amended TAF (TAF AMD) received from an AMO or NOC should be distributed with no delay as an amended TAF bulletin to all recipients in the distribution list for the TAF bulletin to which the originating aerodrome belongs. The optional BBB group should be used in the WMO bulletin heading accordingly.

7.4. TAF Bulletins in TAC - Format and Content

- 7.4.1 Issuance and period of validity
- 7.4.1.1 24- and 30-hour TAFs should be issued at intervals of six hours, with the period of validity beginning at one of the main synoptic hours (00, 06, 12, 18 UTC), as shown in the table below.
- 7.4.1.2 All TAFs in a ROBEX TAF bulletin should have a common period of validity. It is not permitted to mix TAF with different periods of validity in one bulletin.

Synoptic	24-hour TAF		30-hour TAF		
hours (UTC)	Period of validity	Filing time (not prior to)	Period of validity	Filing time (not prior to)	
00	00-00	23 (-1)*	00-06 (+1)	23 (-1)	
06	06-06	05	06-12 (+1)	05	
12	12-12	11	12-18 (+1)	11	
18	18-18	17	18-00 (+1)	17	

*Note: "-1" indicates the previous day and "+1" indicates the next day

7.4.2 Each TAF message in a TAF bulletin should start with the code word TAF followed by the ICAO location indicator (CCCC) of the aerodrome and the date/time group (YYGGggZ) indicating the official time of issuance. Corrected TAF messages should start with TAF COR. Amended forecasts should start with TAF AMD.

- 7.4.3 The use of the BBB group in the WMO heading for delayed, corrected, or amended TAFs is described in $\underline{Appendix D}$.
- 7.4.4 The following is an outline of the format to be applied by a ROC in preparing a TAF TAC bulletin containing FT TAFs (24- or 30-hour):

Parts of Message	ROBEX FT Bulletin
AFTN header	
Priority Indicator and Address	GG YBBBYPYX
Date and Time of filing and Originator	271104 ZBBBYPYX
WMO Abbreviated Heading	FTCI31 ZBBB 271100
TAF messages	TAF ZBAA 271100Z 2712/2812= TAF ZBTJ 271100Z 2712/2812=
AFTN Normal Ending	NNNN

7.4.5 A missing TAF in a TAF bulletin should be indicated with "NIL", as shown in the following example:

TAF VTBD 281000Z NIL=

7.4.6 A cancelled TAF in a TAF bulletin should be indicated with "CNL", as shown in the following example:

TAF VTBD 281100Z 2812/2912 CNL=

7.5. TAF Bulletins in IWXXM - Format and Content

7.5.1 Refer to the document *Guidelines for the Implementation of OPMET Data Exchange using IWXXM* available on the APAC website in the MET section under APAC eDocuments (https://www.icao.int/APAC/Pages/edocs.aspx).

7.6. Summary of OPMET data issuance

7.6.1 A summary of correct methods of issuing OPMET data is provided in the following two tables:

METAR observation, compiling and filing				
Function	Responsible Entity	Explanation of Time	Time of task (min)	
METAR Observation	Originating stations (AMS, AMO, forecast office)	The State determines how often and when, e.g., 30 minutes past the hour 24/7. Examples: H+00, H+30 Note that the observation time is used in the METAR report	0	
Send METAR observation to NOC	Originating station			
Send METAR observations to ROC	NOC		<5	

	METAR observation, compiling and filing						
Function	Responsible Entity	Explanation of Time	Time of task (min)				
Bulletin compiling and filing	ROC	Up to 5 minutes after the actual time of observation Note 1: The observation time of the METAR is used in the DTG – YYGGgg of the bulletin header. Note 2: The filing time is used in the AFTN header and should be up to 5 minutes after the observation time given in the bulletin header, also referred to as the WMO Abbreviated Heading.					
Send METAR bulletin to: ROCs (predefined distribution list) RODBs NOCs Other MET offices	ROC via AFTN or AMHS	Less than 5 minutes	<5				
Acceptable time from observation at originating stations to reception by the user			<10				

	TAF issua	ance, compiling and filing	
Function	Responsible Entity	Explanation of Time	Time of task (min)
TAF Issuance	AMO or NOC	The State determines the time of the beginning of the validity period for four (4) scheduled TAFs each day, i.e. 00, 06, 12, 18Z. Note: That issuance time of TAF (which is	Allow enough time to reach ROC before the cut-off time
		not earlier than one hour prior to the beginning of its validity-period) is used in the date/time group (DTG) (YYGGggZ) of TAF messages).	cut on time
		TAF is sent to ROC before the cut-off time of accepting TAF for filing as indicated in <i>Appendix B</i> (typically 5 minutes before filing).	
Bulletin compiling and filing	ROC	Bulletins are compiled during the 15 minutes before filing. Note 1: The TAF issuance time (official filing time) is used in the DTG – YYGGgg of the bulletin header	<15
		Note 2: The <u>actual filing</u> time is used in the AFTN header and should be after the time given in the bulletin header, also referred to as the WMO Abbreviated Heading.	

	TAF issua	ance, compiling and filing	
Function	Responsible Entity	Explanation of Time	Time of task (min)
		TAF should be filed for transmission not earlier than one hour prior to the beginning of their validity period.	
Send TAF bulletin to: ROCs (predefined distribution list) RODBs NOCs	ROC via AFTN or AMHS	In less than 5 minutes	<5
Other MET offices Acceptable time for ROC compiling and filing to reception by the user			<5

8. EXCHANGE OF SIGMET, TCA and VAA

- 8.1 SIGMET should be prepared by the meteorological watch offices (MWO) designated by the State's meteorological authority. The MWOs and their areas of responsibility are given in *ANP*, *Volume II*, *Table MET II-1*.
- 8.2 SIGMET messages should be distributed to all RODBs within the Region, who should also make the SIGMET messages available on request. In order to facilitate that, the originating MWOs should use the WMO headings given in the ASIA/PAC Regional SIGMET Guide, Appendix D for their SIGMET bulletins

Note: The required distribution of SIGMET to MWOs and ACCs in the adjacent FIRs described in the ASIA/PAC Regional SIGMET Guide is not part of the ROBEX exchange and should be arranged by the States outside the ROBEX scheme.

- 8.3 SIGMET messages should be distributed to other ICAO regions and made available for redistribution through SADIS and WIFS. This distribution should be carried out through the relevant IROGs.
- 8.4 Detailed information on the format of the SIGMET messages is provided in the ASIA/PAC Regional SIGMET Guide.
- 8.5 Tropical cyclone advisories (TCA) and volcanic ash advisories (VAA) should be issued by the designated tropical cyclone and volcanic ash advisory centres (TCAC and VAAC), as indicated in *FASID Table MET 3A and MET 3B*.
- 8.6 The TCACs and VAACs should send their advisories to the APAC RODBs. The RODBs should make TCAs and VAAs messages available on request. In order to facilitate that, the originating TCACs and VAACs should use the WMO headings given in the ASIA/PAC Regional SIGMET Guide, Appendix D.
- 8.7 VAA and TCA messages should be distributed to other ICAO regions and made available for redistribution through SADIS and WIFS. This distribution should be carried out either directly by the VAACs and TCACs or through the relevant IROGs.

9. DISSEMINATION OF SPACE WEATHER (SWX) ADVISORIES

9.1 Message Routing – Originating Region

Space Weather Advisory Centre (SWXC)

9.1.1 The SWXCs are the data originator. They produce the SWX Advisories in TAC form and in IWXXM form. They will send the SWX Advisories to their associated NOCs.

National OPMET Centre (NOC)

9.1.2 The role of the NOC is to gather OPMET messages, compile national data into bulletins, validate the bulletin structure and distribute them according to the regional distribution schema. As necessary, the NOC associated with the SWXC (the Originating NOC) will add the Bulletin (WMO) header and send it to all other SWXCs. The Originating NOC will also send the SWX Advisories to its associated ROC via the AFS and will distribute, or make available via agreed State briefing services, the SWX Advisories to users within its national area of responsibility (AOR).

Regional OPMET Centre (ROC)

9.1.3 An originating ROC is responsible for the collection of the SWX Advisories from the originating NOC and for the validation of the SWX Advisories' message format. The originating ROC will then disseminate the SWX Advisories, via AFS, to the IROGs, RODBs, and all other ROCs within its Region, and to SADIS/WIFS.

Inter-Regional OPMET Gateway (IROG)

- 9.1.4 The IROGs in the originating Regions are responsible for the collection of the SWX Advisories and dissemination of the SWX Advisories to their partner IROGs in other Regions.
- 9.2 Message Routing Receiving Region

Inter-Regional OPMET Gateway (IROG)

9.2.1 The receiving IROG is responsible for the collection of the SWX Advisories and dissemination of the SWX Advisories to its associated ROCs and RODBs in its Region.

Regional OPMET Centre (ROC)

9.2.2 A ROC will receive SWX Advisories from other Regions via its associated IROG. In turn, the ROC will distribute the SWX Advisories to all its associated NOCs.

National OPMET Centre (NOC)

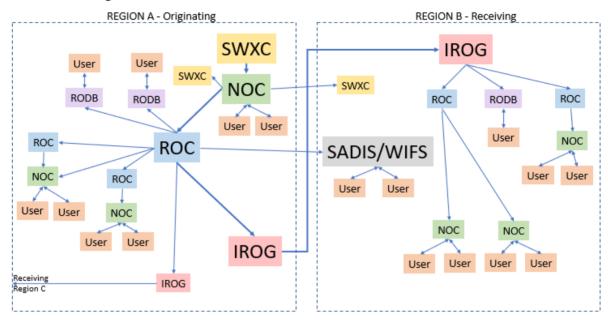
- 9.2.3 The NOC will distribute the SWX Advisories, or make them available via agreed State briefing services, to users within its national area of responsibility (AOR). The distribution may be via a "Push" service (e.g. AFTN, AMHS), a "pull" service (e.g. an internet-based briefing service) or by other methods agreed to within the State.
- 9.3 Data Access

User

9.3.1 Users are responsible for arranging access to SWX Advisories through their associated NOC or SADIS/WIFS.

Regional OPMET Date Bank (RODB)

9.3.2 RODBs should provide the capability for users to interrogate information, such as SWX Advisories, through the AFS.



10. AIREP/AIREP SPECIAL EXCHANGE

- 10.1 Routine voice air-reports are not required and therefore are not exchanged under the ROBEX scheme (refer to Annex 3, Appendix 4).
- 10.2 Routine air-reports received by data-link communications should be relayed directly to the WAFCs by the ATS units.
- 10.3 Special voice air-reports received by MWOs are to be sent to WAFCs without delay.
- 10.4 Special air-reports of pre-eruption volcanic activity should also be sent to the appropriate VAAC. Special air-reports received at the meteorological watch office, which are deemed not to warrant issuance of a SIGMET, shall be disseminated in the same way as SIGMET messages.
- 10.5 When supplementary dissemination of air-reports is required to satisfy special aeronautical or meteorological requirements, such dissemination should be arranged and agreed upon between the meteorological authorities concerned.

An example AIREP SPECIAL is given below:

FF EGRRVANW KWBCYMYX EGZZMASI RJTDYPYX RKSIYPYX VTBBYPYX WSZZWWBX YBBBYPYX YPDNYMYX ZJSYYMYX 090726 WSSSYMYX UASR71 WSSS 090700 ARS QFA129 0328N 12831E 0639 FL380 VOLCANO DUKONO 0608-01 DRIFT OF VA SE PLUME HGT EST FL100 OR LOWER SUP INFO REPORTS GOOD VISIBILITY=

11. REGIONAL OPMET DATA BANKS (RODB)

11.1 The ASIA/PAC Regional OPMET Data Banks and the AFTN addresses¹ to be used for direct access to the data banks are shown below:

RODB	AFTN ADDRESS	ROCs IN THE AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY
Bangkok	VTBBYZYX	Bangkok/VTBB Mumbai/VABB Colombo/VCCC Delhi/VIDP Karachi/OPKC Kolkata/VECC
Brisbane	YBBBYZYX	Brisbane/YBBN Wellington/NZKL
Nadi	NFFNYZYX	Nadi/NFFN
Singapore	WSSSYZYX	Jakarta/WIII Kuala Lumpur/WMKK Singapore/WSSS
Tokyo	RJTDYZYX	Beijing/ZBBB Hong Kong/VHHH Incheon/RKSI Tokyo/RJTD

11.2 **Responsibilities**

- 11.2.1 Collect OPMET bulletins from the ROCs in the area of responsibility and store them in a database.
- 11.2.2 Handle all types of OPMET bulletins, as described in 3.1.1.
- 11.2.3 Provide facilities for "request-reply" service to the authorized users.
- 11.2.4 Maintain a catalogue of bulletins and introduce changes to the bulletins when necessary according to the established procedures.
- 11.2.5 Quality-control the incoming bulletins and inform the ROCs of any discrepancies or shortfalls.
- 11.2.6 Monitor the OPMET traffic by carrying out regular tests on the availability and timeliness of the bulletins; report to the ICAO Regional Office on the results.
- 11.2.7 The interrogation procedures applicable to the designated RODBs are provided in *Appendix H*.
- 11.2.8 Guidance on the management and quality control is provided in *Chapter 12* of this Handbook.

12. INTER-REGIONAL OPMET EXCHANGE

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¹ Paragraph 11.1. shows the RODB AFTN addresses for the request and reply facility. The RODB AFTN addresses for collecting and disseminating METAR and TAF bulletins are shown in Appendix A and B, respectively.

12.1 Inter-regional OPMET Gateways (IROGs) are designated for the purpose of exchanging OPMET data between ASIA/PAC and the other ICAO Regions, as shown in the table below.

ROBEX IROG	For exchange of OPMET data between Regions
Bangkok (VTBB)	ASIA/PAC and MID (OEJD, OBBI*)
	ASIA and AFI (FAPR, GOOY)
Brisbane (YBBN)	ASIA/PAC and SAM (SBBR)
	PAC and AFI (FAPR, GOOY)
Nadi (NFFN)	S. PAC and NAM (KWBC)
Singapore (WSSS)	ASIA/PAC and EUR (EGZZ)
Tokyo (RJTD)	ASIA/PAC and NAM (KWBC)

^{*} Backup to OEJD

- 12.2 IROGs arrange for relaying all ROBEX bulletins to a corresponding OPMET Gateway in the other ICAO regions concerned. In this regard, detailed OPMET exchange arrangements should be developed by each IROG based on the requirements indicated in the APAC ANP.
- 12.3 The following principles are applied to IROGs:

IROGs should:

- a) Have reliable and efficient AFTN/AMHS connection to the regions, for which they have exchange responsibilities, with adequate capacity to handle the OPMET data flow between the regions;
- b) Be associated with AFTN/AMHS relay centres capable of handling efficiently the volume of traffic anticipated; and
- c) Be capable of handling all OPMET data types, as described in 3.1.1.
- 12.4 In order to avoid duplication of the OPMET traffic and information, all inter-regional OPMET exchange should be directed through the IROGs. Inter-regional exchange via direct AFTN/AMHS addressing from the originator or ROC to recipients in the other ICAO Regions should be avoided, except when bilateral or other agreements require such direct exchanges.
- 12.5 In order to ensure the global availability of all ROBEX bulletins at the SADIS and WIFS gateways, IROG Singapore should relay all APAC bulletins to the SADIS gateway (London), and IROGs Tokyo and Nadi should relay the bulletins to the WIFS gateway (Washington).

13. MANAGEMENT OF OPMET EXCHANGE

13.1. Changes to OPMET Bulletin Procedures

13.1.1 Information about changes to ROBEX bulletins should be disseminated to all ROCs, and national OPMET centres (NOC) concerned well in advance in order to allow the centres to introduce

the necessary changes to their message handling systems. In this regard, a lead time of two months (or two AIRAC cycles) is considered appropriate.

- 13.1.2 The ROC planning the change should send a notification by e-mail to the ICAO Office, Bangkok, with a copy to all ROBEX Focal Points. The notification should include detailed information about the changes and the proposed time schedule. The Regional Office should inform all other ICAO Regional Offices of the changes to be introduced and the effective date of implementation.
- 13.1.3 Notification via AFTN/AMHS should be done by means of a METNO message, which is to be sent by the originating ROC to all other ROCs and to the respective IROGs in the other ICAO regions two weeks prior to the implementation date. The format of the METNO message is given in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- 13.1.4 All requests by users for changes to ROBEX bulletins should be addressed to the ICAO Regional Office. The Regional Office should carry out the necessary coordination with the States and ROCs concerned. The duration of the coordination process should be minimized so that the period between the user request and the implementation of the change (if agreed) should normally be less than three months.

13.2. Quality Management - OPMET Exchange

13.2.1 **Objectives and Scope**

- 13.2.1.1 **Objectives:** Develop a management system that provides general guidance on procedures applied to OPMET exchange, which includes quality control aspects and introduces non-real-time monitoring for OPMET exchange.
- 13.2.1.2 **Scope:** Management of OPMET data exchange will be organized in the following sections:

Quality Control	Data quality control applies to OPMET validation and correction during						
	data processing and during the preparation of messages.						
OPMET Monitoring	Monitor and evaluate the performance indicators for the scheduled						
	OPMET data.						

13.2.2 Quality Control – general requirements

- 13.2.2.1 Quality control (QC) consists of the examination of OPMET data at NOCs, ROCs and RODBs to check the messages for formatting and coding errors, as well as for time and space consistency.
- 13.2.2.2 OPMET data should be checked in real-time or as close to it as possible, at the first point, i.e., the originator, which may be: meteorological station, aerodrome meteorological office or meteorological watch office. Errors may occur during the coding or transcription of meteorological messages by the observer or forecaster. The originating office should apply quality control procedures during data processing and preparation of messages in order to eliminate the main sources of errors.
- 13.2.2.3 The National OPMET centre (NOC) should apply QC procedures on the incoming messages from national sources and on the compiled national bulletins.
- 13.2.2.4 It is also advisable to apply QC checks at the ROC, where the ROBEX bulletins are received or compiled. If automation is available, it should be used or partly assisted by computing

facilities. The principle is that every message should be checked, preferably at the various points along the data chain.

- 13.2.2.5 The checks that have already been performed by originating offices and ROCs are usually repeated at the OPMET data banks. Erroneous messages found by the RODB should be either rejected or corrected by reference back to the source or by the databank itself. Data corrected by the databanks should be flagged in the database for record purposes.
- 13.2.2.6 As a result of the quality control process described above, OPMET data of established quality will be used in the exchange and stored in the databanks. The RODBs should compile information with regard to errors that were found and compile records, such as the numbers and types of errors detected during quality control. Such non-conformities should be reported to ICAO Regional Office, Bangkok, for follow-up action.

13.2.3 Quality Control Procedures

13.2.3.1 General guidance on the quality control procedures for each type of OPMET is outlined in $\underbrace{Appendix F}$.

13.3. OPMET Monitoring

13.3.1 Monitoring of Scheduled OPMET data

- 13.3.1.1 The monitoring shall focus on the measurement of three performance indicators (PIs) (Compliance, Availability and Regularity indices) of the scheduled, routine METAR and TAF OPMET data (TAC SA and FT; IWXXM LA and LT)) exchanged in the region. The PIs are described in detail in $\underbrace{Appendix F}$.
- 13.3.1.2 Monitoring Reference: The monitoring shall involve the recording and analysis of data provided by the AFTN/AMHS circuit. The three PIs should be monitored against the respective ROBEX Tables.
- 13.3.1.3 Methodology: Data is monitored with reference to the procedures defined in <u>Appendix</u> *F*.

13.3.2 Monitoring of Non-Scheduled OPMET data

- 13.3.2.1 Monitoring of non-routine OPMET data shall include:
 - a) TAC TCA (FK), VAA (FV) and SIGMET (WC, WS, and WV); and
 - b) IWXXM TCA (LK), VAA (LU), SIGMET (LY, LS, LV).
- 13.3.2.2 Monitoring of SIGMET, VAA and TCA should be performed during the scheduled regional SIGMET tests in accordance with the procedures published by the APAC Office, Bangkok.
- 13.3.2.3 Additional monitoring of SIGMET issuance may be scheduled as necessary to monitor the issuance of SIGMET in specific FIRs over specific periods when such monitoring would be useful to support the rectification of deficiencies in the provision of SIGMET services.
- 13.3.2.4 The monitoring results shall be presented in a bulletin-oriented format, one line per bulletin indicating the abbreviated header (TTAAii CCCC YGGgg), the FIR/UIR where applicable, receipt time and originator.

13.3.3 Reporting OPMET monitoring results

- 13.3.3.1 OPMET monitoring reports should provide data for all locations where OPMET is required (i.e. locations in *ANP Table MET II-1* and *Table MET II-2*) and additional locations where States have been consulted and agreed to provide this additional information.
- 13.3.3.2 OPMET monitoring reports should provide sufficient data to help States identify problems in OPMET issuance, e.g., the actual number of messages received per day at locations where OPMET monitoring identifies that the number of messages received does not meet the given percentage of the total number of messages expected.
- 13.3.3.3 Reports of the results of OPMET monitoring conducted in accordance with the guidelines in this Handbook should be presented in a format that enables ease of comparison between the reports from the various designated OPMET monitoring entities (e.g., IATA and RODBs) and ease of interpretation of the data by States and users concerned.

13.4. ROBEX Focal Points

13.4.1 In order to facilitate the exchange of information between the ROCs a system of ROBEX focal points has been developed. Contact details of the persons designated as ROBEX focal points by the relevant State's authorities are provided in *Appendix I*.

— END OF SECTION —

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A - Collection and Dissemination of METAR (SA) Bulletins

Table A: METAR

Explanation of Table

Col.1:		Name and ICAO location indicator of the ROC compiling the bulletin.
Col.2:		Description of the METAR Bulletin
Col.3:		Official observation time of the bulletin
Col.4:		Time when bulletin available Note: O/R indicates Bulletin available on request and NR indicates no report is available
Col.5:		Dissemination of the bulletin to other ROCs and RODBs
Notes:	1	Aerodromes not listed in Table AOP 1-1 indicated in italics
	2	METAR included in VOLMET broadcasts are listed in APAC, ANP, VOL II,

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RO	С		1	METAR Bulletin			DISSEMI	NATION TO
Name	сссс	BUL No.	cccc	Aerodrome	Bul. Time	Available	RODB/ROC	AFTN Address
		<u> </u>		ASIA/PAC REGION		<u>I</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Bangkok	VTBB	SAAE31	VTBD	BANGKOK/Don Mueang Intl Airport	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
. 5			VTBS	BANGKOK/Suvarnabhumi Intl Airport	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VTBU	RAYONG/U-Taphao Intl Airport	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VTCC	CHIANG MAI/Chiang Mai Intl. Airport	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			VTSP	PHUKET/Phuket Intl Airport	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VTSS	SONGKHLA/Hat Yai Intl Airport	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			1100	Content Extract rai internity in port	1111100/00		Colombo	VCCCYPYX
							Delhi	VIDPYPYX
							Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Incheon	RKSIYPYX
							Jakarta	WIZZMCMC
							Kolkata	VECCYPYX
							Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
		SAAE32	VDPP	PHNOM PENH	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
		OAALOZ	VDSR	SIEM REAP	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VDSV	SIHANOUK	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VLVT	VIENTIANE (Wattay)	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			VYMD	MANDALAY INTERNATIONAL	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VYNT	NAYPYITAW INTERNATIONAL	HH+00/30			ZBBBYPYX
			VYYY	YANGON INTERNATIONAL	HH+00/30		Beijing Colombo	VCCCYPYX
			VIII	TANGON INTERNATIONAL	1111+00/30		Delhi	VIDPYPYX
							Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Incheon	RKSIYPYX
							Jakarta	WIZZMCMC
							Kolkata	VECCYPYX
							Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR
							Mumbai	VABYPYX
		SAAE33	VLLB	LUANG PRABANG	HH+00	2300-1400	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
		JAALJJ	VLLN	LUANG NAMTHA	HH+00	2300-1400	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VLPS	PAKSE	HH+00	2300-1400	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VLSK	SAVANNAKHET	HH+00	2300-1400	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			VLOIC	S/W/WW/WIE	111100	2500 1400	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
							Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
		SAAE34	VVCI	CAT BI	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
		JAALJ	VVCR	KHANH HOA/Cam Ranh	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VVCR	CAN THO	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VVC1	DA NANG	HH+00/30 HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			VVDN	HA NOI/Noi bai	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VVNB					†
	1		VVPB	HUE/Phu Bai KIEN GIANG/Phu Quoc	HH+00/30 HH+00/30		Beijing Colombo	ZBBBYPYX VCCCYPYX
	1		VVPQ	HO CHI MINH/Tan Son Nhat	HH+00/30 HH+00/30		Delhi	VCCCYPYX
	1		VVIS	Van Don Int'l	HH+00/30 HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
	1		V V V D	van Don mei	1111700/30		Incheon	RKSIYPYX
	1						Jakarta	WIZZMCMC
	1						Јакапа Kolkata	VECCYPYX
	1							
	1						Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR
	1	CATUS	1/75.6	TDAT##		0000 11	Mumbai	VABYPYX
	1	SATH31	VTBO	TRAT/Khao Sming	HH+00	2200-1100	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
	1		VTCH	MAE HONG SON	HH+00	2200-1100	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
	1	1	VTCL	LAMPANG	HH+00	2300-1300	NADI	NFFNYPYX

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Name	cccc	BUL No.	cccc	Aerodrome			RODB/ROC	AFTN Addres
			VTCN	NAN	HH+00	2200-1300	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			VTCP	PHRAE	HH+00	2200-1100	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VTCT	CHIANG RAI/Chiang Rai Intl Airport	HH+00		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VTPB	PHETCHABUN	HH+00	2200-1100		
			VTPH	PRACHUAP KHIRI KHAN/Hua Hin	HH+00	2200-1100		
			VTPM	TAK/Mae Sot	HH+00	2200-1100		
			VTPO	SUKHOTHAI	HH+00	2200-1100		
			VTPP	PHITSANULOK	HH+00	2200-1500		
			VTPT	TAK	HH+00	2200-1100		
		SATH32	VTSB	SURAT TANI	HH+00	2200-1500	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			VTSC	NARATHIWAT	HH+00	2200-1100	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VTSE	CHUMPHON/Tab Gai	HH+00	2300-1100	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VTSF	NAKHON SI THAMMARAT	HH+00	2200-1500	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			VTSG	KRABI	HH+00	2200-1300	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
						0000 4500		
			VTSM	SURAT THANI/Samui	HH+00	2200-1500	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VTSR	RANONG	HH+00	2200-1100		
			VTST	TRANG	HH+00	2200-1300		
			VTSY	BATONG	HH+00	0000-1000		
		SATH33	VTUD	UDON THANI	HH+00	2200-1500	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			VTUI	SAKON NAKHON/Ban Khai	HH+00	2200-1500	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VTUK	KHON KAEN	HH+00		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VTUL	LOEI	HH+00	2200-1200	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			VTUO	BURI RAM	HH+00	2200-1300	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VTUQ	NAKHON RATCHASIMA	HH+00	2200-1400	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VTUU	UBON RATCHATHANI	HH+00			
			VTUV	ROIET	HH+00	2200-1400		
			VTUW	NAKHON PHANOM	HH+00	2200-1400		
	ZBBB	SACI31	ZBAA	BEIJING/Capital	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
·jg		07.0.0.	ZBSJ	SHIJIAZHUANG/Zhengding	HH+00		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			ZBTJ	TIANJIN/Binhai	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			ZBYN	TAIYUAN/Wusu	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
								RJTDYPYX
			ZGGG	GUANGZHOU/Baiyun	HH+00/30		TOKYO	+
			ZMCK	ULAANBAATAR/Chinggis Khaan	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			ZSHC	HANGZHOU/Xiaoshan	HH+00/30		Jakarta	WIZZMZBB
			ZSPD	SHANGHAI/Pudong	HH+00/30		Karachi	OPZZYPYX
			ZSSS	SHANGHAI/Hongqiao	HH+00/30		Mumbai 	VABBYPYX
			ZWSH	KASHI/Kashi	HH+00		Incheon	RKSIYPYX
			ZWWW	URUMQI/Diwopu	HH+00/30		Ulaanbaatar	ZMUBYMYX
			ZYTL	DALIAN/Zhoushuizi	HH+00/30			
			ZYTX	SHENYANG/Taoxian	HH+00/30			
		SACI32	ZGKL	GUILIN/Liangjiang	HH+00		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			ZGNN	NANNING/Wuxu	HH+00		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
					HH+00		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			ZGOW	SHANTOU/Waisha	1111100			
				SHANTOU/Waisha SHENZHEN/Baoan	HH+00		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			ZGOW				SINGAPORE TOKYO	WSZZYPYM RJTDYPYX
			<i>Z</i> GOW ZGSZ	SHENZHEN/Baoan	HH+00			
			ZGOW ZGSZ ZLXY	SHENZHEN/Baoan XI'AN/Xianyang	HH+00 HH+00		токуо	RJTDYPYX
			ZGOW ZGSZ ZLXY ZMUB	SHENZHEN/Baoan XI'AN/Xianyang ULAANBAATAR / Buyant-Ukhaa	HH+00 HH+00 HH+00		TOKYO Hong Kong	RJTDYPYX VHZZYPYX
			ZGOW ZGSZ ZLXY ZMUB ZPPP	SHENZHEN/Baoan XI'AN/Xianyang ULAANBAATAR / Buyant-Ukhaa KUNMING/Wujiaba	HH+00 HH+00 HH+00 HH+00		TOKYO Hong Kong Jakarta	RJTDYPYX VHZZYPYX WIZZMZBB
			ZGOW ZGSZ ZLXY ZMUB ZPPP ZSAM	SHENZHEN/Baoan XI'AN/Xianyang ULAANBAATAR / Buyant-Ukhaa KUNMING/Wujiaba XIAMEN/Gaoqi	HH+00 HH+00 HH+00 HH+00		TOKYO Hong Kong Jakarta Kuala Lumpur	RJTDYPYX VHZZYPYX WIZZMZBB WMZZYPYX
			ZGOW ZGSZ ZLXY ZMUB ZPPP ZSAM ZSFZ	SHENZHEN/Baoan XI'AN/Xianyang ULAANBAATAR / Buyant-Ukhaa KUNMING/Wujiaba XIAMEN/Gaoqi FUZHOU/Changle	HH+00 HH+00 HH+00 HH+00 HH+00		TOKYO Hong Kong Jakarta Kuala Lumpur Incheon	RJTDYPYX VHZZYPYX WIZZMZBB WMZZYPYX RKSIYPYX

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Name	cccc	BUL No.	cccc	Aerodrome			RODB/ROC	AFTN Addres
		040144	70	LIQUILIQT/P :			DANOVOV	\(TDD\(D\(\)\)
		SACI41	ZBHH	HOHHOT/Baita	HH+00		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			ZGHA	CHANGSHA/Huanghua	HH+00		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			ZHCC	ZHENGZHOU/Xinzheng	HH+00		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			ZHHH	WUHAN/Tianhe	HH+00		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			ZJHK	HAIKOU/Meilan	HH+00		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			ZJSY	SANYA/Phoenix	HH+00		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			ZLLL	LANZHOU/Zhongchuan	HH+00		Jakarta	WIZZMZBB
			ZSNJ	NANJING/Lukou	HH+00		Karachi	OPZZYPYX
			ZSOF	HEFEI/Luogang	HH+00		Mumbai	VABBYPYX
			ZUCK	CHONGQING/Jiangbei	HH+00		Incheon	RKSIYPYX
			ZYCC	CHANGCHUN/Longjia	HH+00		Ulaanbaatar	ZMUBYMYX
			ZYHB	HARBIN/Taiping	HH+00		Wellington	NZZZYPYX
isbane	YBBN	SAAU31	YPAD	ADELAIDE/Adelaide Intl	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
	1		YBBN	BRISBANE/Brisbane Intl	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YBCS	CAIRNS/Cairns Intl	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			YSCB	CANBERRA	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			YPDN	DARWIN/Darwin Intl	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			YBCG	GOLD COAST	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			YMHB	HOBART	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			YMML	MELBOURNE/Melbourne Intl	HH+00/30		Incheon	RKSIYPYS
			YPPH	PERTH/Perth Intl	HH+00/30		Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
			YSSY	SYDNEY/Sydney (Kingsford Smith) Intl	HH+00/30		Manila	RPLLYPYX
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		SAAU32	YBAS	ALICE SPRINGS	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			YMAV	AVALON	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YBWW	Brisbane West Wellcamp	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			YBRM	BROOME/Broome Intl	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			YBLN	Busselton	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
	1		YPXM	CHRISTMAS ISLAND	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
	1		YPCC	COCOS (KEELING) ISLAND Intl	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
	1		YCFS	COFFS HARBOUR	HH+00/30		Incheon	RKSIYPYS
	1		YPKG	KALGOORLIE-BOULDER	HH+00/30		Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
	1		YMLT	LAUNCESTON	HH+00/30		Manila	RPLLYPYX
	1		YPLM	LEARMONTH	HH+00/30		Mumbai	VABBYPYX
	1		YLHI	LORD HOWE ISLAND	HH+00/30		Wellington	NZZZYPYX
	1		YSNF	NORFOLK ISLAND Intl	HH+00/30			
			YPPD	PORT HEDLAND	HH+00/30			
	1		YBRK	ROCKHAMPTON	HH+00/30			
			YBSU	SUNSHINE COAST AIRPORT	HH+00/30			
		SAAU33	YGEL	GERALDTON	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			YGLA	GLADSTONE	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YHID	HORN ISLAND	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
	1		YPJT	PERTH/Jandakot	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
	1		YPWR	WOOMERA	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
	1		YSDU	DUBBO	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			YSRI	RICHMOND, NSW	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
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ame	cccc	BUL No.	cccc	Aerodrome			RODB/ROC	AFTN Addres
							Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
							Manila	RPLLYPYX
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		SAAU34	YBHM	HAMILTON ISLAND	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			YBMA	MOUNT ISA	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
							NADI	NFFNYPYX
							SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
							токуо	RJTDYPYX
							Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Incheon	RKSIYPYS
							Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		SAAU35	YCIN	CURTIN	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
		3, 1, 1, 5, 5, 5	YFRT	FORREST	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YPKU	KUNUNURRA	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			YPGV	GOVE			SINGAPORE	
			YPGV	GOVE	HH+00/30			WSZZYPYX
							TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
							Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Incheon	RKSIYPYS
							Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		SAAU36	YAMB	AMBERLEY	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			YPEA	PEARCE	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YPTN	TINDAL	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			YBTL	TOWNSVILLE/Townsville Intl	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			YWLM	WILLIAMTOWN	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
							Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
							Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Incheon	RKSIYPYS
							Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
							Manila	RPLLYPYX
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		SATM31	WPDL	DILI/Presidente Nicolau Lobato Intl	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
							BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
							NADI	NFFNYPYX
							SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
							TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
							Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
							Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Incheon	RKSIYPYS
							Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
							Manila	RPLLYPYX
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		SANG31	AYPY	PORT MORESBY Intl	HH+00		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
		3,331	AYWK	WEWAK	HH+00	NR	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			AYVN	VANIMO	HH+00	NR	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			AYNZ	NADZAB	HH+00	NR	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			1 MINZ	INAULAU	110+00	INIZ	SINGAPORE	VVOLLIPIN
			AYMH	MOUNT HAGEN	HH+00	NR	токуо	RJTDYPYX

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Name	cccc	BUL No.	cccc	Aerodrome			RODB/ROC	AFTN Address
			AYMO	MOMOTE	HH+00	NR	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			ANYN	NAURU I.	HH+00		Jakarta	WIZZMIMI
			AGGH	HONIARA (HENDERSON)	HH+00		Wellington	NZZZYPYX
Colombo	vccc	SASB31	VCBI	BANDARANAIKE INTL AP COLOMBO	HH+10		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			VCRI	MATTALA RAJAPAKSA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	HH+10		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VCCH	HINGURAKGODA/MINNERIYA	HH+10		NADI	NFFNYPYX
							SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
		SAMV31	VRMG	GAN INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	HH+10		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VRMH	HANIMAADHOO INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	HH+10		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VRMM	MALE INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	HH+10		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
Delhi	VIDP	SAIN32	VIDP	DELHI/Indira Gandhi Intl	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			VILK	LUCKNOW	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VIAR	AMRITSAR	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VEBN	VARANASI	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			VIJP	JAIPUR	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
							Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
							Kolkata	VECCYPYX
							Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Karachi	OPZZYPYX
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
Hong Kong	VHHH	SAHK31	VHHH	HONG KONG/Int	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			RCTP	TAIBEI CITY/Taibei Intl	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			RCKH	GAOXIONG	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			RCSS	TABEI/Songshan	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			RCMQ	TAICHUNG/Qingquangang	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			RCNN	TAINAN	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			RCFN	TAIDONG/Fengnian	HH+00/30	2200-1200	Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR
			VMMC	MACAO/Intl	HH+00/30		Incheon	RKSIYPYX
			RPLL	MANILA/Ninoy Aquino Intl	HH+00		Wellington	NZZZYPYX
			RPVM	LAPU-LAPU/Mactan-Cebu	HH+00			
			RPMD	DAVAO/Francisco Bangoy Intl	HH+00			
			RPLB	SUBIC BAY, Subic Bay Intl	HH+00			
			RPLI	LAOAG/Intl	HH+00	2100-1200, 1500, 1800		
			RPMZ	ZAMBOANGA/Intl	HH+00	2100-1200, 1500, 1800		
			RPLC	PAMPANGA/Clark Intl	HH+00	1300, 1000		
			RPVP	PUERTO PRINCESA/Intl	HH+00	2100-1200, 1500, 1800		
ncheon	RKSI	SAKO31	RKSI	INCHEON	HH+00/30	.555, 1566	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			RKSS	GIMPO	HH+00		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			RKPC	JEJU	HH+00		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			RKPK	GIMHAE	HH+00		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			RKTU	CHEONGJU	HH+00		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			RKNY	YANGYANG	HH+00		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			RKTN	DAEGU	HH+00		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			RKJB	MUAN	HH+00		Singapore	WSZZYPYM
							Tokyo	RJTDYPYX
	1	1	1	1	1	1	Wellington	1

1		2			3	4	5 DISSEMINATION TO	
ROC		METAR Bulletin			Bul. Time	Available		
Name	cccc	BUL No.	cccc	Aerodrome			RODB/ROC	AFTN Address
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
Jakarta	WIII	SAID31	WAAA	UJUNG PANDANGMAKASSAR /Sultan Hasanuddin	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			WABB	BIAK/Frans Kaisiepo	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			WIHH	JAKARTA/Halimperdana Kusuma	HH+00/30	2200-1700	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			WIII	JAKARTA/Soekarno Hatta (COMM CENTER)	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			WIDD	BATAM/Hang Nadim	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			WIMM	MEDAN/Kualanamu <mark>Polonia</mark>	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			WADD	BALI/I Gusti Ngurah Rai	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			WARR	SURABAYA/Juanda	HH+00/30		Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		SAID32	WAMM	MANADO/Sam Ratulangi	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			WIBB	PEKANBARU/Sultan Syarif Kasim II	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			WIDN	TANJUNG PINANG/Raja Haji Fisabilillah Int'l Kijang	HH+00/30	2200-0500 0000-1200	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			WIEE	PANDANG PARIAMAN/Minangkabau international	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			WIOO	PONTIANAK/Supadio	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			WIPP	PALEMBANG/Sultan Mahmud Badaruddin II	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			WAOO	BANJARMASIN/Syamsuddin Noor	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			WALL	BALIKPAPAN/Sultan Aji Muhammad Sulaiman Sepinggan PRAYA/Zainuddin Abdul Madjid	HH+00/30		Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR
			WADL	International	HH+00/30		Wellington	NZZZYPYX
			WITT	BANDA ACEH/Sultan Iskandar Muda	HH+00/30			
		SAID33	WAYY	TIMIKA/Moses Kilangin	HH+00/30	2100-0800	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			WAJJ	JAYAPURA/Sentani	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			WAKK	MERAUKE/Mopah	HH+00/30	2200-0500	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			WAPP	AMBON/Pattimura	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			WAHS	SEMARANG/Ahmad Yani	HH+00/30	2300-1700	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			WILL	BANDAR LAMPUNG/Radin Inten II	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			WATT	KUPANG/EI Tari	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			WAQQ	TARAKAN/Juwata	HH+00/30	2000-1300	Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR
			WADY	BANYUWANGI/Banyuwangi	HH+00/30		Wellington	NZZZYPYX
Karachi	ОРКС	SAPK31	OPKC	KARACHI/Jinnah Int'l	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			OPIS	Islamabad International Airport	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			OPLA	LAHORE/Allama Igbal Int'l	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			OPNH	NAWABSHAH	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			OPGW	New Gwadar International Airport	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			OPPS	PESHAWAR	HH+00/30		Abu Dhabi	OMZZYPYX
			OPSK	SUKKUR	HH+00/30		Bahrain	OBZZYPYX
			OPMT	Multan	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			OPST	Sialkot	HH+00/30		Kolkata	VECCYPYX
			OPFA	Faisalabad	HH+00/30		Delhi	VIDDYPYX
							Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
							Tehran	OIZZYPYX
Kolkata	VECC	SAIN33	VECC	NETAJI SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT,	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			VEDT	KOLKATA PATNA	ПП · 00/20		BDISDANG	VDDDVDVV
			VEPT		HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VEGY	GAYA	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VEGT	GUWAHATI	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
	1	SABW31	VGEG	M.A. HANNAN INTL. CHITTAGONG	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX

Table A : Collection and Dissemination of METAR (SA) Bulletins

1				2	3	4		5
RO	С			METAR Bulletin	Bul. Time	Available	DISSEMI	NATION TO
Name	cccc	BUL No.	cccc	Aerodrome			RODB/ROC	AFTN Address
			VGHS	HAZRAT SHAHJALAL INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VGSY	OSMANI INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT,SYLHET	HH+00/30		Colombo	VCCCYPYX
		SAAS31	VNKT	KATHMANDU	HH+00/30		Delhi	VIDPYPYX
			VQPR	PARO/Intl.	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
							Karachi	OPZZYPYX
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
Kuala ∟umpur	WMKK	SAMS31	WBGG	KUCHING/Intl	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
-			WBKK	KOTA KINABALU/Intl	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			WBSB	BRUNEI/Intl	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			WMKK	SEPANG/KL International Airport	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			WMKP	PENANG/Intl	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			WSSS	SINGAPORE/Changi	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			WSSL	SELETAR	HH+00/30		Colombo	VCCCYPYX
			WMSA	SUBANG/Sultan Abdul Aziz Shah	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			WSAP	PAYA LEBAR (RSAF)	HH+00/30		Jakarta	WIZZMBMB
							Manila	RPLLYPYX
							Mumbai	VABBYPYX
							Incheon	RKSIYPYX
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		SAMS38	WBGB	BINTULU	HH+00		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			WBGR	MIRI	HH+00		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			WBGS	SIBU	HH+00		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			WBKL	LABUAN	HH+00		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			WBKS	SANDAKAN	HH+00 HH+00		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX ZBBBYPYX
			WBKW WMKD	TAWAU KUANTAN	HH+00 HH+00		Beijing Colombo	VCCCYPYX
			WMKL	PULAU LANGKAWI/Intl	HH+00		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			WMKM	MALACCA	HH+00		Jakarta	WIZZMBMB
			WMKJ	JOHOR BAHRU/Sultan Ismail	HH+00		Manila	RPLLYPYX
					1		Mumbai	VABBYPYX
							Incheon	RKSIYPYX
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX
Mumbai	VABB	SAIN31	VAAH	AHMEDABAD	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			VABB	MUMBAI/Chhatrapati Shivaji Intl.	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VANP	NAGPUR	HH+00/30		NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VOMM	CHENNAI	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM
			VOTR	TIRUCHCHIRAPPALLI	HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VOTV	TRIVANDRUM	HH+00/30		Abu Dhabi	OMZZYPYX
			VOHS	HYDERABAD	HH+00/30		Bahrain	OBZZYPYX
			VOBL	BANGALORE INTL APT	HH+00/30		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VOCL	CALICUT	HH+00/30		Colombo	VCCCYPYX
			VOCI	COCHIN INTERNATIONAL	HH+00/30		Delhi	VIDPYPYX
			VOCB	COIMBATORE	HH+00/30		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			VOML	MANGALORE	HH+00/30		Karachi	OPZZYPYX
							Kolkata	VECCYPYX
							Tehran	OIZZYPYX
Nadi	NFFN	SAPS31	NCRG	RAROTONGA Intl.	HH+00		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			NFFN	NADI/Intl	HH+00		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			NFNA	NAUSORI/Intl	HH+00		NADI	NFFNYPYX
		1	NFTF	FUA'AMOTU INTL.	HH+00		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM

Table A : Collection and Dissemination of METAR (SA) Bulletins

1				2	3	4		5		
RO	С			METAR Bulletin	Bul. Time	Available	DISSEM	INATION TO		
Name	cccc	BUL No.	cccc	Aerodrome			RODB/ROC	AFTN Addres		
			NFTV	VAVA'U	HH+00		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX		
			NGFU	FUNAFUTI/Intl	HH+00		Wellington	NZZZYPYX		
			NGTA	TARAWA/Bonriki Intl	HH+00					
			NIUE	NIUE Intl	HH+00					
			NSFA	FALEOLO/Intl	HH+00					
			NVSS	SANTO/Pekoa	HH+00					
			NVVV	PORT VILA/Bauerfield	HH+00					
			PLCH	CHRISTMAS ISLAND	HH+00					
			NFTL	HA'APAI	HH+00					
		SAPS32	NLWW	WALLIS HIHIFO	HH+00					
			NWWW	NOUMEA LA TANTOUTA	HH+00					
		SAPS33	NTAA	TAHITI FAAA	HH+00					
Гокуо	RJTD	SAJP31	RJAA	NARITA Intl	HH+00		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX		
			RJBB	KANSAI Intl	HH+00		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX		
			RJCH	HAKODATE	HH+00	22:00-11:00	NADI	NFFNYPYX		
			RJGG	CHUBU CENTRAIR Intl	HH+00		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM		
			RJOO	OSAKA Intl	HH+00	20:00-11:00	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX		
			RJSS	SENDAI	HH+00	21:00-12:00	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX		
			RJTT	TOKYO Intl	HH+00		Guam	PGUMCOAX		
			ROAH	NAHA	HH+00		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX		
							Incheon	RKSIYPYX		
							London	EGZZMASI		
							Wellington	NZZZYPYX		
		SAJP32	RJCC	SAPPORO/New Chitose	HH+00		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX		
			RJFF	FUKUOKA	HH+00		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX		
			RJFK	KAGOSHIMA	HH+00	21:00-12:00	NADI	NFFNYPYX		
			RJFU	NAGASAKI	HH+00	22:00-12:00	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM		
			RJOA	HIROSHIMA	HH+00	22:00-13:00	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX		
			RJFT	KUMAMOTO	HH+00	22:00-12:00	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX		
			RJSN	NIIGATA	HH+00	22:00-12:00	Guam	PGUMCOAX		
			RJFO	OITA	HH+00	22:00-13:00	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX		
			RJOB	OKAYAMA	HH+00	22:00-12:00	Incheon	RKSIYPYX		
			RJOT	TAKAMATSU	HH+00	22:00-12:00	London	EGZZMASI		
			RJNK	KANAZAWA/Komatsu	HH+00		Wellington	NZZZYPYX		
			RJNT	TOYAMA	HH+00	22:00-12:00				
		SAJP38	RJCK	KUSHIRO	HH+00	22:00-11:00	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX		
			RJCM	MEMANBETSU	HH+00	23:00-11:00	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX		
			RJCB	OBIHIRO	HH+00	23:00-11:00	NADI	NFFNYPYX		
			RJOC	IZUMO	HH+00	22:00-11:00	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM		
			RJOH	МІНО	HH+00		токуо	RJTDYPYX		
			RJOK	KOCHI	HH+00	22:00-11:00	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX		
			RJFM	MIYAZAKI	HH+00	22:00-12:00	Brasilia	SBBRYZYX		
			ROIG	NEW ISHIGAKI	HH+00	21:00-11:00	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX		
			RJNS	SHIZUOKA	HH+00	23:00-12:00	Incheon	RKSIYPYX		
			RJSA	AOMORI	HH+00	22:00-12:00	London	EGZZMASI		
			RJSF	FUKUSHIMA	HH+00	22:00-12:00		VTBUYMYX		
							Rayong	VINITO		
			RJOM	MATSUYAMA	HH+00	22:00-12:00				
			RJEC	ASAHIKAWA	HH+00	22:00-11:00				
			RJSK	AKITA	HH+00	22:00-12:00	1	1		
	1	1	RJAH	HYAKURI	HH+00	l		I		

Table A : Collection and Dissemination of METAR (SA) Bulletins

1		2			3	4	5		
RO	С		ı	METAR Bulletin	Bul. Time	Available	DISSEMINATION TO		
Name	сссс	BUL No.	cccc	Aerodrome			RODB/ROC	AFTN Address	
			RJFR	KITAKYUSHU	HH+00				
			RJFS	SAGA	HH+00	22:00-14:00			
			RJSI	HANAMAKI	HH+00	23:00-10:00			
Wellington	NZKL	SANZ31	NZWN	WELLINGTON Intl	HH+00/30		BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX	
			NZAA	AUCKLAND Intl	HH+00/30		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX	
			NZCH	CHRISTCHURCH Intl			NADI	NFFNYPYX	
		SANZ32	NZQN	QUEENSTOWN	HH+00/30		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM	
					HH+00/30		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX	
							Beijing	ZBBBYPYX	
							Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX	
							Incheon	RKSIYPYX	

— END OF SECTION —

APPENDIX B - Collection and Dissemination of TAF (FT) Bulletins

Table B: FT TAF

Explanation of the Table

Col. 1:	Name and ICAO location indicator of the ROC compiling the bulletin
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- Col. 2: Description of the TAF Bulletin
- Col. 3: Dissemination of the bulletin to other ROCs and RODBs
- <u>Notes:</u> 1 The TAF filing time should be not earlier than 1 hour before the start of the period of validity.
 - 2 TAF that do not meet 24- and 30-hour IATA requirements are indicated in the TAF validity column with the required validity shown in parenthesis.
 - 3 TAF included in VOLMET broadcasts are listed in APAC, ANP, VOL II, Table MET II-3, VOLMET Broadcasts.
 - 4 Aerodromes not listed in Table AOP 1 are indicated in italics.

1	•			2					3
RO	C T	TAF Bulletin				T	Dissen	ination	
Name	cccc		cccc	Aerodrome	Filing time	Start of validity	TAF validity	RODB/ROC	AFTN address
				ASIA/PAC REGION					
angkok	VTBB	FTAE31	VTBD	BANGKOK/Don Mueang Intl Airport	0535	0600	30	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			VTBS	BANGKOK/Suvarnabhumi Intl Airport	1135	1200	30	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VTBU	RAYONG/U-Tapao Intl	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VTCC	CHIANG MAI/Chiang Mai Intl. Airport	2335	0000	30	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPY
			VTSP	PHUKET/Phuket Intl			30	токуо	RJTDYPYX
			VTSS	SONGKHLA/Hat Yai Intl			24	Abu Dhabi	OMZZYPY
								Bahrain	OBZZYPY
								Beijing	ZBBBYPY
								Beirut	OLLLYPYX
								Hong Kong	VHZZYPY
								Jeddah	OEJDYPY)
								Karachi	OPZZYPY)
								Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPY
								Mumbai	VABBYPY
								Incheon	
									RKSIYPYX
								Tehran	OIIIYPYX
		FT4500	\/DDD	DUNION DENII	0505	2000	40 (04)	Wellington	NZZZYPY
		FTAE32	VDPP	PHNOM PENH	0535	0600	18 (24)	BANGKOK	VTBBYPY
			VDSR	SIEM REAP	1135	1200	18 (24)	BRISBANE	YBBBYPY
			VDSV	SIHANOUK	1735	1800	18 (24)	NADI	NFFNYPY:
			VGHS	HAZRAT SHAHJALAL INTL APT	2335	0000	30	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPY
			VLVT	VIENTIANE (Wattay)			24	TOKYO	RJTDYPY:
			VYMD	MANDALAY INTERNATIONAL*			24	Bahrain	OBZZYPY:
			VYNT	NAYPYITAW INTERNATIONAL			24	Beijing	ZBBBYPY
			VYYY	YANGON INTERNATIONAL			24	Beirut	OLLLYPY
								Hong Kong	VHZZYPY
								Jeddah	OEJDYPY
				*Issued 0500/1100				Karachi	OPZZYPY:
								Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPY
								Mumbai	VABBYPY
								Incheon	RKSIYPYX
								Tehran	OIIIYPYX
								Wellington	NZZZYPY
		FTAE33	VLLB	LUANG PRABANG	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPY
			VLLN	LUANG NAMTHA	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPY
			VLPS	PAKSE	2335	0000	24	NADI	NFFNYPY
			VLSK	SAVANNAKHET			24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPY
								TOKYO	RJTDYPY
								Bahrain	OBZZYPY
						1	1	Beijing	ZBBBYPY
								Beirut	OLLLYPY
								Hong Kong	VHZZYPY
								Jeddah	OEJDYPY)
								Karachi	OPZZYPY
								Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPY
						1	1	Mumbai	VABBYPY
								Incheon	RKSIYPYX
								Tehran	OIIIYPYX
								Wellington	NZZZYPY
		FTAE34	VVCI	CAT BI	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPY
			VVCR	KHANH HOA/Cam Ranh Int'l	1135	1200	30	BRISBANE	YBBBYPY
			VVCT	CAN THO/Can Tho Int'l	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPY)

			Та	ble B : Collection and Dissemination o		Bulletins			
1				2				;	3
ROC	T		1	TAF Bulletin	_	1		Dissem	nination
Name	cccc		cccc	Aerodrome	Filing time	Start of validity	TAF validity	RODB/ROC	AFTN address
			VVDN	DA NANG	2335	0000	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			VVNB	HA NOI/Noi Bai			24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VVPB	HUE/Phu Bai			24	Abu Dhabi	OMZZYPYX
			VVPQ	KIEN GIANG/Phu Quoc Int'l			24	Bahrain	OBZZYPYX
			VVTS	HO CHI MINH/Tan Son Nhat			24	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VVVD	Van Don Int'l			24	Beirut	OLLLYPYX
								Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
								Jeddah	OEJDYPYX
								Karachi	OPZZYPYX
								Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR
								Mumbai	VABBYPYX
								Incheon	RKSIYPYX
								Tehran Wellington	OIIIYPYX
		FTTH31	VTBO	TRAT/Khao Sming	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	NZZZYPYX VTBBYPYX
		FIIII31	VTCH	MAE HONG SON	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VTCL	LAMPANG	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VTCN	NAN	2335	0000	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			VTCP	PHRAE	2000	0000	24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VTCT	CHIANG RAI/Chiang Rai Intl Airport			30	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VTPB	PHETCHABUN			24	Deijing	ZDDDII IX
			VTPH	PRACHUAP KHIRI KHAN/Hua Hin			24		
			VTPM	TAK/MAE SOT			24		
			VTPO	SUKHOTHAI			24		
			VTPP	PHITSANULOK			24		
			VTPT	TAK			24		
		FTTH32	VTSB	SURAT THANI	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			VTSC	NARATHIWAT	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VTSE	CHUMPHON/Tab Gai	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VTSF	NAKHON SI THAMMARAT	2335	0000	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			VTSG	KRABI			24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VTSM	SURAT THANI/Samui			24	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VTSR	RANONG			24		
			VTST	TRANG			24		
			VTSY	BATONG			24		
		FTTH33	VTUD	UDON THANI	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			VTUI	SAKON NAKHON/Ban Khai	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			VTUK	KHON KAEN	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			VTUL	LOEI	2335	0000	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			VTUO	BURI RAM			24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			VTUQ	NAKHON RATCHASIMA			24	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			VTUU	UBON RATCHATHANI		1	24		
			VTUV	ROIET			24		1
			VTUW	NAKHON PHANOM			24		
					1				
Beijing	ZBBB	FTCI31	ZBAA	BEIJING/Capital	0535	0600	30	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			ZBSJ	SHIJIAZHUANG/Zhengding	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			ZBTJ	TIANJIN/Binhai	1735	1800	24 (30)	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			ZBYN	TAIYUAN/Wusu	2335	0000	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			ZGGG	GUANGZHOU/Baiyun			30	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			ZMCK	ULAANBAATAR/Chinggis Khaan			30	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			ZSHC	HANGZHOU/Xiaoshan			24	Karachi	OPZZYPYX
			ZSPD	SHANGHAI/Pu Dong			30	Mumbai 	VABBYPYX
			ZSSS	SHANGHAI/Hongqiao			24	Incheon	RKSIYPYX
		1	ZWSH	KASHI/Kashi		l	24 (30)	Ulan Bator	ZMUBYMYX

			Та	ble B : Collection and Dissemination of	of TAF (FT)	Bulletins			
1 RO	3			2 TAF Bulletin					3 nination
Name	cccc		cccc	Aerodrome	Filing time	Start of validity	TAF validity	RODB/ROC	AFTN address
			ZWWW	URUMQI/Diwopu			24 (30)	Wellington	NZZZYPYX
			ZYTL	DALIAN/Zhoushuizi			24		
			ZYTX	SHENYANG/Taoxian			24		
		FTCI32	ZGKL	GUILIN/Lianjiang	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			ZGNN	NANNING/Wuxu	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			ZGOW	SHANTOU/Waisha	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			ZGSZ	SHENZHEN/Baoan	2335	0000	24 (30)	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			ZLXY	XI'AN/Xianyang			24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			ZMUB	ULAANBAATAR/Buyant-Ukhaa			30	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			ZPPP	KUNMING/Wujiaba			24 (30)	Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
			ZSAM	XIAMEN/Gaoqi			24	Karachi	OPZZYPYX
			ZSFZ ZSNB	FUZHOU/Changle NINGBO/Lishe			24 24	Kuala Lumpur Mumbai	WMZZYPYF VABBYPYX
			ZSQD	QINGDAO/Liuting			24	Wellington	NZZZYPYX
			ZUUU	CHENGDU/Shuangliu			24	vveilington	NZZZIFIX
			2000	CHENGE O/Shidanghu			24		
		FTCI41	ZBHH	HUHHOT/Baita	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			ZGHA	CHANGSHA/Huanghua	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			ZHCC	ZHENGZHOU/Xinzheng	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			ZHHH	WUHAN/Tianhe	2335	0000	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			ZJHK	HAIKOU/Meilan			24 (30)	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			ZJSY	SANYA/Phoenix			24	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			ZLLL	LANZHOU/Zhongchuan			24	Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
			ZSNJ	NANJING/Lukou			24	Karachi	OPZZYPYX
			ZSOF	HEFEI/Luogang			24	Mumbai	VABBYPYX
			ZUCK	CHONGQING/Jiangbei			24	Incheon	RKSIYPYX
			ZYCC	CHANGCHUN/Longjia			24	Ulan Bator	ZMUBYMYX
			ZYHB	HARBIN/Taiping			24	Wellington	NZZZYPYX
Brisbane	YBBN	FTAU31	YPAD	ADELAIDE/Adelaide Intl	0235	0300	30	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
Jiisbaile	IDDIN	117001	YBBN	BRISBANE/Brisbane Intl	0535	0600	30	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YBCS	CAIRNS/Cairns Intl	0835	0900	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			YSCB	CANBERRA	1135	1200	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			YPDN	DARWIN/Darwin Intl	1435	1500	30	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			YBCG	GOLD COAST	1735	1800	24	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			YMHB	HOBART	2035	2100	24	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			YMML	MELBOURNE/Melbourne Intl	2335	0000	30	Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
			YPPH	PERTH/Perth Intl			30	Manila	RPLLYPYX
			YSSY	SYDNEY/Sydney (Kingsford Smith)			30	Mumbai	VABBYPYX
				Intl				Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		FTAU32	YBAS	ALICE SPRINGS	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			YMAV	AVALON	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YBWW	Brisbane West Wellcamp	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			YBRM	BROOME/Broome Intl	2335	0000	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			YBLN	Busselton			24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			YPXM	CHRISTMAS ISLAND			24	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			YPCC	COCOS (KEELING) ISLAND Intl			24	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			YCFS	COFFS HARBOUR			24	Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
			YPKG	KALGOORLIE-BOULDER			24	Manila	RPLLYPYX
			YMLT	LAUNCESTON			24	Mumbai	VABBYPYX
			YPLM	LEARMONTH			24	Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		ĺ	V/L L II	LORD HOWE ISLAND			24		
			YLHI	LOND HOWE ISLAND					
			YSNF	NORFOLK ISLAND Intl			24		

			Та	ble B : Collection and Dissemination	of TAF (FT)		<u>. </u>		
1				2					3
ROC				TAF Bulletin				Dissen	nination
Name	cccc		cccc	Aerodrome	Filing time	Start of validity	TAF validity	RODB/ROC	AFTN address
			YBRK YBSU	ROCKHAMPTON SUNSHINE COAST AIRPORT			24 24		
		FTAU33	YSDU	DUBBO	0535	0600	18	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			YGEL	GERALDTON	1135	1200	18	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YGLA	GLADSTONE	1735	1800	18	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			YHID	HORN ISLAND	2335	0000	18	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			YPJT	PERTH/Jandakot			18	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			YSRI	RICHMOND, NSW			18	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			YSTW	TAMWORTH			18	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			YPWR	WOOMERA			18	Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
								Manila	RPLLYPYX
								Mumbai	VABBYPYX
			\/D/#4					Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		FTAU34	YBHM	HAMILTON ISLAND	0500	0600	12	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			YBMA	MOUNT ISA	1100 1700	1200 1800	12	BRISBANE NADI	YBBBYPYX NFFNYPYX
					2300	0000		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
					2000	0000		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
								Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
								Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
								Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
								Manila	RPLLYPYX
								Mumbai	VABBYPYX
								Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		FTAU35	YCIN	CURTIN	0100	0200	12	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			YFRT	FORREST	0700	0800	12	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YPGV	GOVE	1300	1400	12	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			YPKU	KUNUNURRA	1900	2000	12	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
								TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
								Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
								Hong Kong Jakarta	VHZZYPYX WIZZYPYX
								Manila	RPLLYPYX
								Mumbai	VABBYPYX
								Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		FTAU36	YAMB	AMBERLEY	0235	0300	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			YPEA	PEARCE	(M-F) 0535	(M-F) 0600	18	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			YPTN	TINDAL	1135	1200	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			YBTL	TOWNSVILLE/Townsville Intl	1735	1800	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			YWLM	WILLIAMTOWN	2035 (M-F)	2100 (M-F)	24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
					2335	0000		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
								Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
								Jakarta	WIZZYPYX
								Manila	RPLLYPYX
								Mumbai	VABBYPYX
								Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		FTTM31	WPDL	DILI/Presidente Nicolau Lobato Intl	0535	0600	12	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
					1135	1200		BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
					1735	1800		NADI	NFFNYPYX
					2335	0000		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
1	l	I	I	I	I	I	I	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX

				ble B : Collection and Disseminatio			•		
1				2					3
ROC	; 		I	TAF Bulletin				Dissen	nination
Name	cccc		cccc	Aerodrome	Filing time	Start of validity	TAF validity	RODB/ROC	AFTN address
		FTNG31	AYPY AYWK AYVN AYNZ AYMH	PORT MORESBY Intl WEWAK VANIMO NADZAB MOUNT HAGEN	0535 1135 1735 2335	0600 1200 1800 0000	24 24 24 24 24	Beijing Hong Kong Jakarta Manila Mumbai Wellington BANGKOK BRISBANE NADI SINGAPORE TOKYO	ZBBBYPYX VHZZYPYX WIZZYPYX RPLLYPYX VABBYPYX NZZZYPYX VTBBYPYX YBBBYPYX NFFNYPYX WSZZYPYX RJTDYPYX
			AYMO ANYN AGGH	MOMOTE NAURU I. HONIARA (HENDERSON)			24 24 24	Beijing Hong Kong Jakarta Manila Mumbai Wellington	ZBBBYPYX VHZZYPYX WIZZYPYX RPLLYPYX VABBYPYX NZZZYPYX
Hong Kong	VННН	ГТНК31	VННН	HONG KONG/International	0235 0535 0835 1135 1435 1735 2035 2335	0300 0600 0900 1200 1500 1800 2100 0000	30	BANGKOK BRISBANE NADI SINGAPORE TOKYO Beijing Mumbai Incheon Wellington London	VTBBYPYX YBBBYPYX NFFNYPYX WSZZYPYX RJTDYPYX ZBBBYPYX VABBYPYX RKSIYPYX NZZZYPYX EGZZMASI
		FTHK33	VMMC RCTP RCKH RPLL RPVM RPLC RCSS RCMQ RCNN RCFN RPMD RPLB RPLB RPLI RPMZ RPVP	MACAO/Intl TAIBEI CITY/Taibei Intl GAOXIONG MANILA/Ninoy Aquino Intl LAPU-LAPU/Mactan, Cebu PAMPANGA/Clark Intl TAIBEI/Songshan TAICHUNG/Qingquangang TAINAN TAIDONG/Fengnian DAVAO/Francisco Bangoy Intl SUBIC BAY/Intl LAOAG/Intl ZAMBOANGA/Intl PUERTO PRINCESA/Intl	0535 1135 1735 2335 0535 1135 1735 2335	0600 1200 1800 0000 0600 1200 1800 0000	30 30 30 30 30 30 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	Washington	KWBCYMYX
Incheon	RKSI	FTKO31	RKSI RKSS RKPC RKPK RKTU RKNY RKNY RKTN RKJB	INCHEON Inti GIMPO Inti JEJU Inti GIMHAE Inti CHEONGJU Inti YANGYANG Inti DAEGU INTL MUAN Inti	0535 1135 1735 2335	0600 1200 1800 0000	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	BANGKOK BRISBANE NADI SINGAPORE TOKYO Hong Kong Karachi Wellington	VTBBYPYX YBBBYPYX NFFNYPYX WSZZYPYX RJTDYPYX VHZZYPYX OPZZYPYX NZZZYPYX

	Table B : Collection and Dissemination of TAF (FT) Bulletins											
1				2				;	3			
ROC	;			TAF Bulletin				Dissem	ination			
Name	cccc		cccc	Aerodrome	Filing time	Start of validity	TAF validity	RODB/ROC	AFTN address			
Jakarta	WIII	FTID32	WAMM	MANADO/Sam Ratulangi	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX			
			WIBB	PEKANBARU/Sultan Syarif Kasim II	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX			
			WIDN	TANJUNG PINANG/Raja Haji Fisabilillah Int'l	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX			
			WIEE	PANDANG PARIAMAN/Minangkabau international	2335	0000	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYM			
			WIOO	PONTIANAK/Supadio			24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX			
			WIPP	PALEMBANG/Sultan Mahmud			24	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX			
			WAOO	Badaruddin II BANJARMASIN/Syamsuddin Noor			24	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX			
				BALIKPAPAN/Sultan Aji Muhammad								
			WALL	Sulaiman Sepinggan PRAYA/Zainuddin Abdul Madjid			24	Kuala Lumpur	WMZZYPYR			
			WADL	International			24	Wellington	NZZZYPYX			
			WITT	BANDA ACEH/Sultan Iskandar Muda			24					
		FTID33	WAYY	TIMIKA/Moses Kilangin	0535	0600	24					
			WAJJ	JAYAPURA/Sentani	1135	1200	24					
			WAKK	MERAUKE/Mopah	1735	1800	24					
			WAPP	AMBON/Pattimura	2335	0000	24					
			WAHS	SEMARANG/Ahmad Yani			24					
			WILL	BANDAR LAMPUNG/Radin Inten II			24					
			WATT	KUPANG/EI Tari			24					
			WAQQ	TARAKAN/Juwata			24					
			WADY	BANYUWANGI/Banyuwangi			24					
Karachi	OPKC	FTPK31	OPKC	KARACHI/Jinnah Intl	0535	0600	30	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX			
			OPIS	Islamabad International Airport	1135	1200	30	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX			
			OPLA OPNH	LAHORE/Allama Iqbal Int'l NAWABSHAH	1735 2335	1800 0000	30 30	NADI SINGAPORE	NFFNYPYX WSZZYPYX			
			OPPS	PESHAWAR	2333	0000	30	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX			
			OPGW	New Gwadar International Airport			24	Abu Dhabi	OMZZYPYX			
			OPSK	SUKKAR			24	Bahrain	OBZZYPYX			
			OPMT	Multan			24	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX			
			OPST	Sialkot			24	Beirut	OLLLYPYX			
			OPFA	Faisalabad			24	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX			
								Jeddah	OEJDYPYX			
								Karachi	OPZZYPYX			
	1		<u> </u>				l	Tehran	OIIIYPYX			
Mumbai	VABB	FTIN31	VAAH	AHMEDABAD	0535	0600	30	BANGKOK	VDDDVDVV			
			VABB VANP	MUMBAI/Chhatrapati Shivaji Intl. NAGPUR	1135 1735	1200 1800	30 30	BRISBANE NADI	YBBBYPYX NFFNYPYX			
			VANP	BANGALORE INTL APT	2335	0000	30	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX			
			VOCB	COIMBATORE			30	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX			
			VOCI	COCHIN INTERNATIONAL			30	Abu Dhabi	OMZZYPYX			
			VOCL	AIRPORT			30	Bahrain	OBZZYPYX			
			VOHS	HYDERABAD INTERNATIONAL			30	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX			
			VOML	AIRPORT MANGALORE			30	Beirut	OLLLYPYX			
			VOML	CHENNAI			30	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX			
			VOTR	TIRUCHCHIRAPPALLI			30	Jeddah	OEJDYPYX			
			VOTV	TRIVANDRUM			30	Karachi	OPZZYPYX			
								Tehran	OIIIYPYX			
		FTIN32	VIDP	DELHI/Indira Gandhi Intl	0535	0600	30					
			VEBN	VARANASI	1135	1200	30					
			VIAR	AMRITSAR	1735	1800	30					
			VIJP	JAIPUR	2335	0000	30					
			VILK	LUCKNOW			30					

			Та	ble B : Collection and Dissemination o		Bulletins			
1				2				;	3
ROC	<u> </u>		1	TAF Bulletin	1	1	1	Dissem	ination
Name	cccc		cccc	Aerodrome	Filing time	Start of validity	TAF validity	RODB/ROC	AFTN address
		FTIN33	VECC	NETAJI SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, KOLKATA	0535	0600	30		
			VEPT	PATNA	1135	1200	30		
			VEGY	GAYA	1735	1800	30		
			VEGT	GUWAHATI	2335	0000	30		
		FTSB31	VCBI	BANDARANAIKE INTL AP COLOMBO	0535	0600	30		
			VCRI	MATTALA RAJAPAKSA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	1135	1200	30		
			VCCH	HINGURAKGODA/MINNERIYA	1735 2335	1800 0000	30		
		FTMV31	VRMG	GAN INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	0535	0600	30		
			VRMH	HANIMAADHOO INTERNATIONAL	1135	1200	30		
			VRMM	AIRPORT MALE INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	1735	1800	30		
			VICIONIA	IVALE IIVI ETAVATIGITALE AITA	2335	0000	00		
Kolkata	VECC	FTBW31	VGEG	M.A. HANNAN INTL. CHITTAGONG	0535	0600	30		
riomata	7200		VGHS	HAZRAT SHAHJALAL INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	1135	1200	30		
			VGSY	OSMANI INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT,SYLHET	1735	1800	30		
					2335	0000			
		FTAS31	VNKT	KATHMANDU	0535	0600	30		
			VQPR	PARO/Intl.	1135	1200	30		
					1735	1800			
				I	2335	0000		 	
Nadi	NFFN	FTPS31	NCRG	RAROTONGA INTL.	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			NFFN	NADI/Intl	1135	1200	24	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			NFTF NFTV	FUA'AMOTU INTL. VAVA'U	1735 2335	1800	24 24	NADI SINGAPORE	NFFNYPYX WSZZYPYX
			NGFU	FUNAFUTI/Intl	2555	0000	24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			NGTA	TARAWA/Bonriki Intl			24	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			NIUE	NIUE Intl			24	Wellington	NZZZYPYX
			NVSS	SANTO/Pekoa			24	_	
			NVVV	PORT VILA/Bauerfield			24		
			PLCH	CHRISTMAS ISLAND			24		
			NFNA	NAUSOR/Intl			24		
			NSFA	FALEOLO/Intl			24		
		FTPS32	NLWW	WALLIS HIHIFO			24		
			NWWW	NOUMEA LA TANTOUTA			24		
		FTPS33	NTAA	TAHITI FAAA			24		
Singapore	wsss	FTSR31	WSSS	SINGAPORE/Changi	0535	0600	30	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			WSAP	PAYA LEBAR (RSAF)	1135	1200	30	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			WSSL	SELETAR	1735	1800	30	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			WAAA	UJUNG PANDANGMAKASSAR /Sultan Hasanuddin (Comm Center)	2335	0000	30	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			WABB	BIAK/Frans Kaisiepo			30	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			WADD	BALI/I Gusti Ngurah Rai			24 (30)	Abu Dhabi	OMZZYPYX
			WARR	SURABAYA/Juanda			24	Bahrain	OBZZYPYX
			WIHH	JAKARTA/Halimperdana Kusuma JAKARTA/Soekarno Hatta (COMM			24	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			WIII	CENTER)			30	Beirut	OLLLYPYX
			WIMM	MEDAN/Kualanamu Polonia		[24	Colombo	VCCCYPYX

				able B : Collection and Dissemination	()				<u> </u>	
1 ROO	3			2 TAF Bulletin					3 Dissemination	
Name	cccc		cccc	Aerodrome	Filing	Start of	TAF	RODB/ROC	AFTN	
	1000			7 torouronio	time	validity	validity		address VHZZYPYX	
								Hong Kong Karachi	OPZZYPYX	
								Manila	RPLLYPYX	
								Mumbai	VABBYPYX	
								Incheon	RKSIYPYX	
								Tehran	OIIIYPYX	
								Wellington	NZZZYPYX	
		FTSR32	WMKJ	JOHOR BAHRU/Sultan Ismail	0535	0600	24	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX	
			WMKK	SEPANG/KL International Airport	1135	1200	30	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX	
			WMKL	PULAU LANGKAWI/Intl	1735	1800	24	NADI	NFFNYPYX	
			WMKM	MALACCA	2335	0000	24	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX	
			WMKP	PENANG/Intl			24	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX	
			WMSA	SUBANG/Sultan Abdul Aziz Shah			24 (30)	Beirut	OLLLYPYX	
			WMKD	KUANTAN			24	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX	
								Manila	RPLLYMYX	
								Mumbai	VABBYPYX	
								Wellington	NZZZYPYX	
		FTSR33	WBSB	BRUNEI/Intl	0535	0600	30	1		
			WBGB	BINTULU	1135	1200	24			
			WBGG	KUCHING/Intl	1735	1800	24			
			WBGR	MIRI	2335	0000	24			
			WBGS	SIBU			24			
			WBKK	KOTA KINABALU/Intl			24			
			WBKL	LABUAN (RMAF)			24			
			WBKS	SANDAKAN			24			
			WBKW	TAWAU			24			
Tokyo	RJTD	FTJP31	RJAA	NARITA Intl	0525	0600	30	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX	
,	11012		RJBB	KANSAI Intl	1125	1200	30	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX	
			RJCH	HAKODATE	1725	1800	30	NADI	NFFNYPYX	
			RJGG	CHUBU CENTRAIR Intl	2325	0000	30	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX	
			RJOO		2323	0000	30	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX	
				OSAKA Intl SENDAI						
			RJSS				30	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX	
			RJTT	TOKYO Intl			30	Beirut	OLLLYPYX	
			ROAH	NAHA			30	Brasilia	SBBRYZYX	
								Colombo	VCBIYMYX	
								Guam	PGUMCOAX	
								Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX	
								Karachi	OPZZYPYX	
								London	EGZZMASI	
								Mumbai	VABBYPYX	
								Noumea	NWCCYMY)	
								Rome	LIIBYMYX	
								Saipan	PGSNYMYX	
								Incheon	RKSIYPYX	
								Washington	KWBCYMYX	
								Wellington	NZZZYPYX	
		FTJP32	RJCC	SAPPORO/New Chitose	0525	0600	30	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX	
			RJFF	FUKUOKA/Fukuoka	1125	1200	30	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX	
			RJFK	KAGOSHIMA	1725	1800	30	NADI	NFFNYPYX	
			RJFO	OITA	2325	0000	30	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX	
			RJFT	KUMAMOTO			30	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX	
			RJFU	NAGASAKI			30	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX	
			RJNK	KANAZAWA/Komatsu			30	Beirut	OLLLYPYX	
									SBBRYZYX VCBIYMYX	
			<i>RJNT</i> RJOA	TOYAMA HIROSHIMA			30 30	Brasilia Colombo		

Table B : Collection and Dissemination of TAF (FT) Bulletins									
1 2					;	3			
ROC		TAF Bulletin				Dissemination			
Name	cccc		cccc	Aerodrome	Filing time	Start of validity	TAF validity	RODB/ROC	AFTN address
			RJOB	OKAYAMA			30	Guam	PGUMCOAX
			RJOT	TAKAMATSU			30	Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
			RJSN	NIIGATA			30	Incheon	RKSIYPYX
								Karachi	OPZZYPYX
								London	EGZZMASI
								Mumbai	VABBYPYX
								Noumea	NWCCYMYX
								Saipan	PGSNYMYX
								Washington	KWBCYMYX
		ET IDOO	DICA	AOMODI	0505	0000	20	Wellington	NZZZYPYX
		FTJP38	RJSA RJSF	AOMORI FUKUSHIMA	0525 1125	0600 1200	30	BANGKOK BRISBANE	VTBBYPYX YBBBYPYX
			RJSK	AKITA	1725	1800	30	NADI	NFFNYPYX
			RJOM	MATSUYAMA	2325	0000	30	SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
			RJNS	SHIZUOKA	2323	0000	30 30	TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
			RJEC	ASAHIKAWA (civil)			30	Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
			RJAH	HYAKURI			30	Incheon	RKSIYPYX
			RJCM	MEMANBETSU			30	monoon	Taxon 17
			RJCK	KUSHIRO			30		
			RJCB	OBIHIRO			30		
			RJOC	IZUMO			30		
			RJOH	МІНО			30		
			RJOK	КОСНІ			30		
			RJFM	MIYAZAKI			30		
			ROIG	NEW ISHIGAKI			30		
			RJFR	KITAKYUSHU			30		
			RJFS	SAGA			30		
			RJSI	HANAMAKI			30		
Wellington	NZKL	FTNZ31	NZAA	AUCKLAND Intl	0235	0300	30*	BANGKOK	VTBBYPYX
			NZCH	CHRISTCHURCH Intl	0535	0600	30*	BRISBANE	YBBBYPYX
			NZWN	WELLINGTON Intl	0835	0900	30*	NADI	NFFNYPYX
					1135	1200		SINGAPORE	WSZZYPYX
					1435	1500		TOKYO	RJTDYPYX
					1735	1800		Beijing	ZBBBYPYX
					2035	2100		Hong Kong	VHZZYPYX
					2335	0000			
				* For validities starting at 0300, 0900, 1500 and 2100, all TAFs will have a validity 3 hours shorted than indicated.					
		FTNZ32	NZQN	Queenstown	1130	1200	18		
					1730	1800			

— END OF SECTION —

APPENDIX C - IROG Back-up Procedures

1. Introduction

- 1.1 In order to ensure the continuity of OPMET exchange with the European Region (EUR), and the availability of the ASIA/PAC OPMET on the SADIS Gateway, Bangkok RODB will take over the role of the Singapore RODB whenever an operational interruption occurs at the Singapore RODB.
- 1.2 Both RODBs, in coordination with the Secretariat and London IROG, should perform a real-time test of the procedures in order to practice and maintain regularity and currency in the event of an outage affecting OPMET exchange with EUR.
- 1.3 The Bangkok and Singapore RODBs have developed a mutual back-up arrangement that includes procedures for undertaking a back-up test.

2. Purpose

2.1 The purpose of the back-up test is to validate the dissemination process for notification messages between IROGs and ensure that the Procedures for handover and takeover of responsibility are functional.

3. Procedures

- 3.1 Singapore IROG provides the ASIA/PAC OPMET bulletins information to Bangkok IROG to establish the back-up distribution arrangement. Both IROGs are responsible for updating the distribution list as and when required.
- 3.2 To activate the back-up plan, both IROGs will communicate through facsimile and email.
- 3.3 Bangkok IROG will provide the contact points information and periodically update if required.
- 3.4 Both IROGs will review the back-up procedures and identify areas for improvement.

4. Real-time Back-up Test Procedure

4.1 As the back-up test and monitoring could consume considerable resources, both IROGs have agreed to monitor a list of selected ASIA/PAC OPMET bulletins. IROG back-up procedures are to be tested at least annually and will normally be of 6 hours duration, between 0200 and 0800 UTC.

4.2 <u>Communication test</u>

4.2.1 The communication test between the IROGs should be conducted through facsimile and email and advised two days before the test.

4.3 Real-time back-up exercise

4.3.1 On the day of exercise, Singapore IROG shall inform Bangkok IROG to take over its role when it stops sending the selected OPMET messages on the AFTN.

- 4.3.2 Bangkok IROG shall acknowledge the notification messages and start relaying Asia Pac OPMET Information to WAFC, London.
- 4.3.3 Both IROGs shall record the reception and transmission of the monitored OPMET bulletins during the exercise.
- 4.3.4 At the end of back-up test, both IROGs shall resume message switching as per normal after exercising stand-down procedures.

5. Assessment

- 5.1 Both IROGs shall evaluate the monitoring result and address the following issues during the ROBEX WG meeting:
- (i) Monitoring result in terms of message throughput (comparison of the percentage of messages received against messages relayed);
- (ii) Transit time of the relayed messages;
- (iii) Undertake the necessary follow-up of issues that arose from the exercise; and
- (iv) Verify and develop existing procedures.

— END OF SECTION —

APPENDIX D - Use of WMO Abbreviated Heading

(For use in ROBEX Messages and Bulletins)

1. Each ROBEX bulletin should have a WMO abbreviated heading in accordance with WMO No. 386, Manual on the Global Telecommunication System, Part II – Operational Procedures for the GTS. The symbolic form of the WMO abbreviated heading is as follows:

T₁T₂A₁A₂ii CCCC YYGGgg (BBB)

- 2. Explanation of the symbols
- 2.1. $T_1T_2A_1A_2ii$ this group is used in accordance with WMO No. 386, Manual on the Global Telecommunication System, Part II Operational Procedures for the GTS, Attachment II-5.
- 2.1.1. $\underline{T_1T_2}$ Data type designator, used for OPMET data as follows:

Data type	Abbreviated name	WMO data type designator		
		TAC	IWXXM	
Aerodrome reports	METAR	SA	LA	
	SPECI	SP	LP	
Aerodrome forecasts	TAF: 12 to 30 hour	FT	LT	
SIGMET information	SIGMET	WS	LS	
	SIGMET for TC	WC	LY	
	SIGMET for VA	WV	LV	
AIRMET information	AIRMET	WA	LW	
Volcanic Ash and	Volcanic Ash Advisory	FV	LU	
Tropical Cyclone	Tropical Cyclone Advisory	FK	LK	
Advisories				
Air-reports	AIREP SPECIAL (ARS)	UA	N/A	
Space Weather	SWX Advisory	FN	LN	
Advisory				
Administrative	METNO	NO	N/A	

Note: IATA TAF requirements in the ASIA/PAC region are for TAF validity of either 24 or 30 hours. Some States issue 12- and 18-hour TAFs, which do not meet requirements but are nevertheless classified as FT for the WMO data type designator.

- 2.1.2. <u>A₁A₂ Geographical designator</u>, composed of two letters, according to WMO No. 386, Manual on the Global Telecommunication System, Part II Operational Procedures for the GTS, Attachment II-5, Table C1. The following principles shall apply:
 - a) For ROBEX bulletins containing OPMET data from a single State or territory, the A_1A_2 designator should be chosen from Table C1, Part I Country or territory designator;

- b) For ROBEX bulletins containing OPMET data from more than one State or territory, a suitable A_1A_2 designator should be chosen from Table C1, Part II Area Designators;
- c) For ROBEX bulletins containing SWX Advisories from the designated SWXCs, the A_1A_2 designator XX is used (see also, paragraph 2.3.).
- 2.1.3. <u>ii series number of the bulletin.</u> It shall be a number with two digits used to differentiate two or more bulletins with the same TTAA issued by an originator or a compiler of bulletins. "ii" will be unique to each bulletin.
- 2.1.3.1 The assignment of "ii" to bulletins should be selected from within the following sets:
 - ii = 01-19 inclusive for global distribution
 - ii = 20-39 inclusive for regional and inter-regional distribution
 - ii = 40-89 inclusive for national and bilaterally agreed distribution
- 2.1.3.2 For most of the ROBEX bulletins, "ii" should be selected from the set "20-39". In the case of METAR/TAF bulletins, ROCs issuing only one bulletin should use "31", whilst ROCs issuing more than one bulletin should use "31", "32", etc.
- 2.1.3.3 For ROBEX bulletins containing SWX Advisories from the designated SWXCs, the ii designators used are based on each impact type as follows (see also, paragraph 2.3.):
 - ii = 01 for GNSS;
 - ii = 02 for HF COM;
 - ii = 03 for Radiation; and
 - ii = 04 for SATCOM.
- 2.2. CCCC ICAO location indicator, according to Location Indicators, ICAO Doc 7910, of the ROBEX centre preparing the ROBEX Bulletin, or of the originator (e.g., aeronautical meteorological station, aerodrome meteorological office or NOC).
- 2.3. For ROBEX bulletins containing SWX Advisories from the designated SWXCs, the $T_1T_2A_1A_2ii$ CCCC designators used, based on SWX impact type [ii], SWXC originator location indicator [CCCC], and data type/message form $[T_1T_2]$, are as follows:

CHIVO	CILIV :	T ₁ T ₂ A ₁ A ₂ ii CCCC		
SWXC	SWX impact	TAC form	IWXXM form	
	GNSS	FNXX01 YMMC	LNXX01 YMMC	
ACFJ – Australia	HF COM	FNXX02 YMMC	LNXX02 YMMC	
ACFJ – Australia	RADIATION	FNXX03 YMMC	LNXX03 YMMC	
	SATCOM	FNXX04 YMMC	LNXX04 YMMC	
	GNSS	FNXX01 LFPW	LNXX01 LFPW	
ACFJ – France	HF COM	FNXX02 LFPW	LNXX02 LFPW	
ACFJ – France	RADIATION	FNXX03 LFPW	LNXX03 LFPW	
	SATCOM	FNXX04 LFPW	LNXX04 LFPW	
	GNSS	FNXX01 ZBBB	LNXX01 ZBBB	
CRC – China	HF COM	FNXX02 ZBBB	LNXX02 ZBBB	
CKC – Cillia	RADIATION	FNXX03 ZBBB	LNXX03 ZBBB	
	SATCOM	FNXX04 ZBBB	LNXX04 ZBBB	
	GNSS	FNXX01 UUAG	LNXX01 UUAG	
CRC – Russian Federation	HF COM	FNXX02 UUAG	LNXX02 UUAG	
CKC – Kussian Federation	RADIATION	FNXX03 UUAG	LNXX03 UUAG	
	SATCOM	FNXX04 UUAG	LNXX04 UUAG	

CHING	CITIZ •	T ₁ T ₂ A ₁ A ₂ ii CCCC		
SWXC	SWX impact	TAC form	IWXXM form	
	GNSS	FNXX01 EFKL	LNXX01 EFKL	
PECASUS – Finland	HF COM	FNXX02 EFKL	LNXX02 EFKL	
FECASOS – Fillialid	RADIATION	FNXX03 EFKL	LNXX03 EFKL	
	SATCOM	FNXX04 EFKL	LNXX04 EFKL	
	GNSS	FNXX01 EGRR	LNXX01 EGRR	
PECASUS – United Kingdom	HF COM	FNXX02 EGRR	LNXX02 EGRR	
FECASUS – United Kingdom	RADIATION	FNXX03 EGRR	LNXX03 EGRR	
	SATCOM	FNXX04 EGRR	LNXX04 EGRR	
	GNSS	FNXX01 KWNP	LNXX01 KWNP	
United States	HF COM	FNXX02 KWNP	LNXX02 KWNP	
Officed States	RADIATION	FNXX03 KWNP	LNXX03 KWNP	
	SATCOM	FNXX04 KWNP	LNXX04 KWNP	

- 2.4. **YYGGgg** Date-time group as follows:
- 2.4.1. YY Day of the month.
- 2.4.2. GGgg Hours and minutes:
 - For METAR bulletins: the standard time of observation in UTC.
 - For TAF bulletins: the full hour in UTC (the last two digits shall be 00) preceding the transmission time.
 - For all other bulletin/messages: the time of compilation in UTC.
- 2.5. **BBB** Optional group indicating an amended, corrected or delayed bulletin.
- 2.5.1. An abbreviated heading defined by TTAAii CCCC YYGGgg shall be used only once. Consequently, if this abbreviated heading has to be used again for an addition, a correction or an amendment, it is mandatory to add an appropriate BBB indicator, which shall be added after the date-time group. The indicator BBB shall be used as follows:
 - RRx for delayed routine meteorological messages/bulletins, and for segmenting a large set of information into several bulletins;
 - CCx for corrections to previously relayed messages/bulletins;
 - AAx for amendments to TAF messages/bulletins;

The "x" above is an alphabetic character of A through X, indicating the sequential number of the irregular bulletin of a certain type. For instance, for amended TAFs, AAA is used for the first amendment, AAB for the second, AAC for the third, etc.; for delayed METARs or TAFs, RRA is used for the first delayed message, RRB for the second, etc.; and, for corrections to any OPMET bulletin, CCA is used for the first correction, CCB for the second, etc.

2.5.2. The current limitation of the AFTN regarding the length of the bulletins is up to 1800 characters (note that the WMO Header and spaces are counted as characters). Bulletins longer than this will be split into two parts; in such a case, the optional group RRx is used for additional or subsequent issuances of messages with the same abbreviated heading line, including the YYGGgg regardless of whether these reports are on time, late or delayed. In the

ASIA/PAC Region, RRA is used for the second part of a split bulletin. An example of a split bulletin using RRA is shown below.

Example

First Part

GG WSSSYMYX 171000 VABBYMYX FTIN32 VABB 170900 TAF VCBI 170940Z 1712/1812 23012KT 9999 SCT016 TX30/1808Z TN27/1723Z TEMPO 1714/1718 7000 -SHRA FEW010 SCT016 TEMPO 1723/1802 7000 -SHRA SCT010 BKN016=

TAF VOCI 170900Z 1712/1818 29005KT 4000 -RA/HZ SCT015 SCT020 FEW025CB BKN100 BECMG 1716/1717 3000 -RA/HZ TEMPO 1712/1721 1500 TSRA/SHRA SCT008 SCT012 FEW025CB OVC080 BECMG 1804/1805 30005KT 4000 HZ BECMG 1806/1807 27010KT 5000 -RA/HZ TEMPO 1809/1815 1500 TSRA/SHRA SCT008 SCT012 FEW025CB OVC080 BECMG 1816/1817 3000 HZ=

TAF VOCL 170900Z 1712/1818 33005KT 4000 -RA/HZ SCT015 SCT020 FEW025CB BKN100 BECMG 1716/1717 3000 -RA/HZ TEMPO 1712/1721 2000 TSRA/SHRA SCT008 SCT012 FEW025CB OVC080 BECMG 1804/1805 35005KT 5000 HZ BECMG 1806/1807 32010KT 5000 -RA/HZ TEMPO 1809/1815 2000 TSRA/SHRA SCT008 SCT012 FEW025CB OVC080 BECMG 1816/1817 3000 HZ= TAF VOHS 170900Z 1712/1818 27010G20KT 6000 SCT020 SCT100 TEMPO 1712/1718 3000 -TSRA/RA SCT015 FEW025CB BKN080 TEMPO 1721/1803 3000 -TSRA/RA/HZ SCT015 FEW025CB BKN080 TEMPO 1809/1818 3000 -TSRA/RA SCT015 FEW025CB BKN080 TEMPO 1809/1818 3000 -TSRA/RA SCT015 FEW025CB BKN080

TAF VOHY 170900Z NIL=

TAF VNKT 170900Z NIL=

TAF VOMM 170900Z 1712/1818 17010KT 6000 SCT020 BKN100 TEMPO 1712/1718 SCT015 FEW025CB BKN100 BECMG 1720/1721 21010KT SCT020 BECMG 1803/1804 27010KT 8000 FEW020 SCT100 BECMG 1810/1811 13010KT TEMPO 1812/1815 SCT015 FEW025CB BKN100 BECMG 1813/1814 6000= TAF VOTR 170900Z 1712/1818 27010KT 6000 SCT020 SCT100 TEMPO 1712/1715 SCT015 FEW025CB BKN100 BECMG 1716/1717 33005KT FEW020 BECMG 1803/1804 27010G20KT 8000 FEW020 SCT250 BECMG 1812/1813 27005KT 6000 TEMPO 1812/1815 SCT015 FEW025CB BKN100=

Second Part

GG WSSSYMYX 171000 VABBYMYX FTIN31 VABB 170900 **RRA**

TAF VIJP 170900Z 1712/1818 28006KT 4000 HZ FEW030 BECMG 1803/1805 29005G15KT 3000 HZ FEW030 SCT100 TEMPO 1712/1716 FEW030CB= TAF VILK 170900Z 1712/1721 34005KT 6000 NSC BEC 1716/1718 VRB02KT 5000 HZ=

— END OF SECTION —

APPENDIX E - Procedure and Format of METNO bulletin for APAC ROBEX Bulletins

1. METNO Procedure – General rules

- 1.1. Modification requests to the production of national OPMET-data shall be reported by the NOC (National OPMET Centre) to the Regional OPMET Centre (ROC). The ROC then forwards the requests to the regional Focal point (FP) or regional Team for publication, evaluation and FP processing accepted changes.
- 1.1.1. The regional FP or regional Team verifies the conformity of the change proposal against ICAO DOC 7910 (only registered Location Indicators can be accepted), ANP Volume II MET tables, WMO No. 386 documents, and the syntax conforms to the METNO procedure. Implementation of IWXXM data: no IWXXM without TAC will be accepted. In addition, separated bulletins will be produced for AOP airport and agreed exchanged non-AOP airports OPMET data.
- 1.2. Modification requests for an upcoming AIRAC date have to be sent at the latest by the preceding AIRAC date. This will guarantee that all subsequent steps can be performed in time. For planning purposes, modification requests should be provided well in advance (between 30 and 60 days before the AIRAC date) to allow full assessment by the regional FP (or regional group in charge of OPMET) and to provide confirmation to the originator that all changes will be made at the required date.
- 1.3. The regional FP will summarize all requests and present those via email to the regional group in charge of OPMET at the latest seven days after the preceding AIRAC date.
- 1.4. The regional group members will review the requests and shall communicate any comments to the FP at the latest 14 days after the preceding (14 days before the upcoming) AIRAC date. Nil comments shall be considered as a positive response.
- 1.5. At 21 days after the preceding (7 days before the upcoming) AIRAC date, the FP shall announce the list of accepted amendments to the ICAO Regional Office, the NOCs by means of a standard formatted METNO message for routine meteorological information sent via Aeronautical Fixed Service (AFS SADIS and WIFS by their regional associated ROC).
- 1.6. The involved NOCs, in turn, shall notify users in their State about their requested modifications.
- 1.7. In addition, regional contacts (as agreed during regional MET meetings) will receive a confirmation by email. Motivated subscription to (or to unsubscribe from) the METNO Bulletins can be submitted via the regional MET Group or directly by utilizing the contact form provided on the regional Website (where available).
- 1.8. The modifications shall be implemented by all affected centres on AIRAC date, at 02:00 UTC or when a new bulletin header is created, on opening hours the day before the implementation date.
- 1.9. The AIRAC OPMET data updates shall be applied by: The ROCs and IROGs for routing the current OPMET data in accordance with the regional dissemination Schema.
- 1.10. In order to avoid difficulties in processing OPMET Data modifications during major holidays, it can be decided to skip a particular AIRAC Cycle occurring in these periods.
- 1.11. For urgent modification, it can be decided with the explicit agreement of the regional METNO focal point/regional team to proceed more quickly by a deviation to the normal schedule. The

FP/regional team will compile AIRAC METNO, or EXTRA METNO for intermediate updates with immediate implementation of new or expiring bulletins.

- 1.12. Key issues to be considered for the management of AFS data traffic volumes are:
 - Avoid data duplication
 - Authenticated data only
 - ANP required data (AOP)
 - Agreed exchanged Non-AOP data
- 1.13. Standardized Regional OPMET Data Catalogues, including METNO-registered data, can be compiled from the database of METNO-registered OPMET data: TAC & IWXXM, on AFS:
 - Regional OPMET Database (RODB) catalogue
 - Regional and Global OPMET data catalogues

2. Format and Content of the METNO-message

- 2.1. The METNO Syntax: The syntax of a METNO statement is presented hereafter. It may also include the list of AFS addressees actually used as well as examples for the various OPMET data update METNO statements.
- 2.2. The METNO Header: The header of the METNO bulletin is NOXX31 CCCC YYGGgg, where:
 - XX is a general area designator (example: EU for EUR, AF for AFI ...)
 - CCCC is the AFTN location indicator of the regional FP Centre (example: EBBR for EUR)
- 2.3. The METNO statements for registration and updating of OPMET / IWXXM data are:
 - ADDRPT/RMVRPT: for adding/removing Routine OPMET data in an already registered bulletin
 - NEWBUL/DELBUL: for registering a new/unregistering an expiring (Non-)Routine OPMET bulletin and its contained data

2.3.1. ADDRPT

- 2.3.1.1. This statement is used when a new location indicator is added to an already registered bulletin. It can be used in combination with METAR or TAF bulletins.
- 2.3.1.2. Adding TAC-formatted METARs/TAFs to a registered bulletin does not automatically register the IWXXM equivalent data. TAC data can exist without an IWXXM until November 2020.
- 2.3.1.3. Adding IWXXM METARs/TAFs to a registered bulletin will, by default, result in adding the equivalent TAC METARs/TAFs for their parallel distribution. There can be no IWXXM data without any equivalent TAC-formatted version of the data.

2.3.2. RMVRPT

- 2.3.2.1. This statement is used for METARs/TAFs planned to be removed from an already registered bulletin. Removed reports can possibly be registered for all locations in other existing or in newly registered bulletins.
- 2.3.2.2. Removing TAC-formatted METARs/TAFs from a registered bulletin will also remove the equivalent IWXXM data from the OPMET data register in case it has already been registered. There is no IWXXM data without equivalent TAC-formatted data.

2.3.2.3. Removing IWXXM METARs/TAFs will by default result in removing equivalent TAC METARs/TAFs from the OPMET data register. If the TAC data need to be continued, it has to be reregistered explicitly, using ADDRPT.

2.3.3. NEWBUL

- 2.3.3.1. This statement is used for the registration of a new bulletin. It can be used for all supported data
- 2.3.3.2. The registration of a new IWXXM bulletin by default implies the introduction of the TAC equivalent.

2.3.4. DELBUL

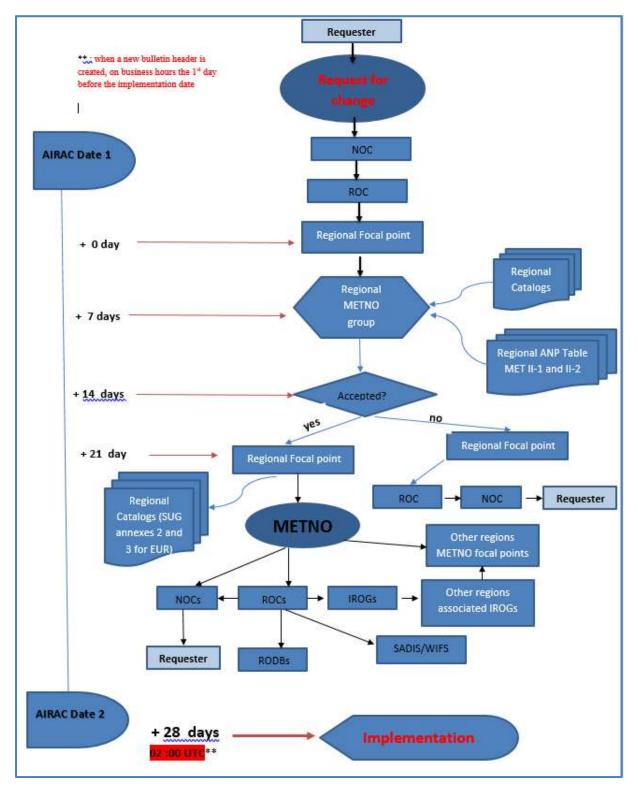
- 2.3.4.1. This statement is used for the deletion of a registered bulletin. It can be used for all supported data types.
- 2.3.4.2. The deletion of a registered IWXXM bulletin automatically implies the deletion of the TAC equivalent. TAC equivalents that are meant to be continued have to be re-introduced explicitly by applying NEWBUL.
- 2.3.4.3. Deletion of a TAC OPMET bulletin, by default, also deletes the IWXXM equivalent.

3. METNO Focal Point – Prerequisites and Actions

- 3.1. The Focal Point (FP)/regional group prerequisites are:
 - Generic email address (including FP persons and backups)
 - AFS connection address
 - Access to ICAO references (documents and Regional contacts)
 - Data management software for processing basic lists of METNO-registered data to be shared inter-regionally in standardized international data formats (*.csv, *.txt)
- 3.2. The FP/regional group receives update requests any time by email:
 - Preferably via ROC, but also from NOCs
 - After authentication, sort updates based on the suggested implementation date (AIRAC if no date proposed)
 - Compiles AIRAC METNO or EXTRA METNO for intermediate updates with immediate implementation of new or expiring bulletins
- 3.3. Forward requests for ANP additional OPMET data via email to the Regional ICAO Office contact.
- 3.4. Co-ordination and evaluation of received update requests via email.
- 3.5. Compilation of AIRAC / EXTRA METNO bulletin for distribution to regional ROCs / IROGs.
- 3.6. Maintenance of regional METNOs and registered OPMET data.
- 3.7. Reports to OPMET regional group.
- 3.8. Facilitates OPMET data monitoring.

3.9. The regional focal point and team for management of the METNO process would include the relevant ICAO Regional Officer and ROBEX Focal Points from Australia, Hong Kong, China, Japan and Singapore.

4. METNO Process Diagram



— END OF SECTION —

APPENDIX F - OPMET Quality Control and Monitoring Procedures

1 Quality Control Procedures

1.1 *OPMET Data Validation*

1.1.1 The ROCs and RODBs should not modify the content of the meteorological data, e.g. visibility, QNH etc., but only items contained in the WMO bulletin headings, such as location indicators or observation times.

1.1.2 WMO Abbreviated Heading (TTAAii CCCC YYGGgg BBB) Validation

TT	Message Type; shall comprise two alphabetical characters
AA	Location Indicator; shall comprise two alphabetical characters
ii	comprise two digits, from 01 to 99
CCCC	A 4-letter ICAO location indicator shall comprise four alphabetical
	characters.
YYGGgg	The date-time group of the bulletin shall be configured to validate it
	with the current time
BBB	BBB is an optional group. The use of the BBB group shall comply
	with the rules in the WMO abbreviated heading in regard to delayed,
	corrected and amended bulletins.

Examples	After QC check
METAR with incorrect YYGGgg:	
SABM31 VYMD 100830 <u>UTC</u>	SABM31 VYMD <u>100830</u>
VYMD 100830Z 18005KT 8000 FEW025	VYMD 100830Z 18005KT 8000 FEW025
31/18 Q1000 =	31/18 Q1000 =
TAF without AHL:	
112324 WIDDYMYX	FTID31 WIDD 112300
TAF WIDD 112324Z 1200/1224 00000KT	TAF WIDD 112324Z 1200/1224 00000KT
4000 RA BKNT017 BECMG 1203/1205	4000 RA BKNT017 BECMG 1203/1205
20010KT 9000 SCT017=	20010KT 9000 SCT017=
TAF with invalid BBB:	
FTBN31 OBBI 030525 AMD	FTBN31 OBBI 030525 AAA
TAF AMD OBBI 030525Z 0306/0406	TAF AMD OBBI 030525Z 0306/0406
16010KT CAVOK BECMG 0308/0312	16010KT CAVOK BECMG 0308/0312
33017KT 5000 PROB30 TEMPO	33017KT 5000 PROB30 TEMPO
0308/0314 0800 DU=	0308/0314 0800 DU=

1.1.3 <u>METAR/SPECI Validation</u>

For each individual METAR or SPECI within a bulletin, the following additional fields shall be validated:

Prefix checks	METAR	SA	
	METAR COR	SA	
	SPECI	SP	
	SPECI COR	SP	
Observation Time	The report shall have a valid date and time of observation,		
YYGGggZ	including the character 'Z'. In a SPECI bulletin, this group will		
	be the same as (or very close to) the YYGGgg, part of the		
	abbreviated bulletin heading	j.	
End-of-message format	Each METAR or SPECI report shall be terminated by the "="		
· <u>·</u> -"	character.		

Examples:	After QC check
METAR with Observation Time error:	
SAPK31 OPKC <u>030159</u> RRA	SAPK31 OPKC <u>030200</u> RRA
OPKC 030200 26004 8000 BKN020 27/23	OPKC 030200 26004 8000 BKN020 27/23
Q1007 NOSIG=	Q1007 NOSIG=
METAR with mistyped observation time:	
SAID31 WADD <u>120100</u>	SAXX31 WADD 120100
METAR WADD <u>121000Z</u> 17004KT 9999	METAR WADD <u>120100Z</u> 17004KT 9999
FEW018CB SCT120 BKN300 28/26 Q1005=	FEW018CB SCT120 BKN300 28/26 Q1005=
SPECI with incorrect Message Type, TT:	
SANZ31 NZKL 040000	SPNZ31 NZKL 040000 AAA
SPECI NZWP 040000Z 17005KT 010V240	SPECI NZWP 040000Z 17005KT 010V240
25KM FEW020 FEW020CB SCT035 BKN050	25KM FEW020 FEW020CB SCT035 BKN050
18/15 Q1018 NOSIG=	18/15 Q1018 NOSIG=

1.1.4 <u>TAF Validation</u>

For each individual TAF within a bulletin, the following additional items shall be validated:

Prefix checks	TAF	FT or FC	
	TAF COR	FT or FC	
	TAF AMD	FT or FC	
Issue Time	If the field is included, it shall have a valid date and time of		
YYGGggZ	origin of the forecast, including 'Z'.		
Validity	Some TAFs are still produced	with a 4-digit validity period.	
$Y_{1}Y_{1}G_{1}G_{1}/Y_{2}Y_{2}G_{2}G_{2}$	These shall be corrected by inse current date and the date-time grant If a TAF is received without discarded.	roup of the bulletin header.	
End-of-Message format "="	Each forecast shall be terminate	d by the "=" character.	

Examples:	After QC check
TAF with issue time error (wrong date):	
FCID31 WIII 181630	FCID31 WIII 181630
TAF WIII <u>041630Z</u> 0418/0503 00000KT 9000	TAF WIII <u>181630Z</u> 0418/0503 00000KT 9000
FEW025 BECMG 0422/0424 16005KT=	FEW025 BECMG 0422/0424 16005KT=
TAF with mistyped Validity Period:	
FTPH31 RPLL 132200	FTPH31 RPLL 132200
TAF RPLC 132200Z <u>1400/1428</u> 04006KT 9999	TAF RPLC 132200Z <u>1400/1424</u> 04006KT 9999
SCT036 BKN300 TEMPO 1400/1406 02010KT	SCT036 BKN300 TEMPO 1400/1406 02010KT
5000 –SHRA FEW020 BKN270 TX32/1405Z	5000 –SHRA FEW020 BKN270 TX32/1405Z
TN22/1421Z=	TN22/1421Z=
TAF with Validity error (wrong date):	
FG (622 VI) (177 1505 40	ECN (622 VP (VV 1525 40
FCMS33 WMKK 170748	FCMS33 WMKK 170748
TAF	TAF
WMKK 170700Z 3009/3018 30005KT 9999	WMKK 170700Z <u>1709/1718</u> 30005KT 9999
FEW017CB SCT140 BKN270=	FEW017CB SCT140 BKN270=
TAE 24. 4. 12.24 \$7.12.124	
TAF with 4-digit Validity period:	
FTXX31 WIDD 170121	FTXX31 WIDD 170121
TAF WIDD 0618 06010G20KT 9999 SCT018	TAF WIDD 1706/1718 06010G20KT 9999
BECMG 1712/1714 00000KT 7000=	SCT018 BECMG 1712/1714 00000KT 7000=

1.1.5 <u>SIGMET Validation</u>

CCCC on the AHL	A valid 4-letter ICAO location indicator indicating the FIR			
	for which the SIGMET was.			
Prefix checks	SIGMET for TS, TURB, ICE,	WS		
	MTW, DS, SS and RDOACT			
	CLD			
	SIGMET for VA	WV		
	SIGMET for TC	WC		
Validity Period	Shall have a valid period of validity.			
DDHHMM/DDHHMM	Validity periods may be corrected if:			
	Missing VALID string			
	 Incorrect SIGMET number format 			
	 Incorrectly formatted validity period 			
Note: For SIGMET validation, please refer to the format described in the ASIA/PAC				
Regional SIGMET Guide.				

Examples:	After QC check
SIGMET without TTAAii:	
SIGMET OYSN 121525Z	<u>WSXX31</u> OYSN 121525Z
OYSC SIGMET 1 VALID 121530/122130 OYSN-	OYSC SIGMET 1 VALID 121530/122130
SANAA FIR EMBD TS OBS/FCST OVER	OYSN-
WESTERN AND SOUTHWESTERN	SANAA FIR EMBD TS OBS/FCST OVER
MOUNTAINS AND COASTAL AREAS CB TOPS	WESTERN AND SOUTHWESTERN
FL36 NC=	MOUNTAINS AND COASTAL AREAS
	CB TOPS FL36 NC=
SIGMET with incorrect number format	
WCPH30 RPLL 210445	WCPH30 RPLL 210445
SIGMET NO 01 VALID 210000/210600 RPLL TC	SIGMET <u>01</u> VALID 210000/210600 RPLL
OBS N0830 E12900=	TC OBS N0830 E12900 =
CICO CETT 141	
SIGMET with incorrectly formatted validity period:	
WCINOO VIDD 101000	
WSIN90 VIDP 181800	WCINOO VIDD 101000
VIDP SIGMET 06 VALID <u>18/1600</u> <u>TO 18/2000</u>	WSIN90 VIDP 181800
UTC VIDP- DELHI FIR EMBD TS =	VIDP SIGMET 06 VALID <u>181600/182000</u> VIDP-
DELHI FIK EMBD IS =	DELHI FIR EMBD TS =
WSSD20 OEJD 220503	DELIII FIX EMIDD 13
OEJD SIGMET 01 VALID 220500 TO 220900	WSSD20 OEJD 220503
OEJD SIGMET OF VALID <u>220500 TO 220900</u>	OEJD SIGMET 01 VALID <u>220500/220900</u>
JEDDAH FIR=	OEJN-
JEDDAH FIR	JEDDAH FIR =
	JEDUAH PIK =

1.2 Quality Control Methods

OPMET Data	Elements Defining	Control Methods
METAR METAR COR SPECI	AHLCode nameObservation date/time	Software verification Manual validate
(SA,SP)		Periodic Quality Control & PI Monitoring
TAF TAF AMD TAF COR (FT,FC)	 AHL Code name Originating station ICAO location indicator Date/time of issue Date, time of starting, time of the end of the period the forecast refers to 	Software verification Manual validate Periodic Quality Control & PI Monitoring
SIGMET (WS, WC, WV)	 AHL SIGMET Sequence No Date/time groups indicating the period of validity Additional Checks (recommended): 	Software verification Manual validate Periodic SIGMET Quality Control Monitoring

	 Name of the FIR or the CTA the message is issued for Location indicator of the MWO originating the message 	
Volcanic Ash	 Type of message 	Software verification
Advisory FV	Issue date and time	Manual validate
	Additional Checks (recommended):	Periodic VA Quality
	 Location indicator or name of the VAAC centre originating the message 	Control Monitoring
Tropical Cyclone	 Type of message 	Software verification
Advisory FK	• Issue date and time	Manual validate
	Additional Checks (recommended):	
		Periodic TC Quality
	 Location indicator or name of the TCAC centre originating the message 	Control Monitoring

2 **OPMET Monitoring**

2.1 <u>Monitoring of Scheduled OPMET data</u>

2.1.1 Performance Indicators (PIs). The indices to be used by the RODBs are based on those developed by the European Bulletin Management Group BMG) (refer to the *EUR OPMET Data Management Handbook, Appendix F, Output Performance Indices*).

(i) Compliance Index

The ROBEX Compliance index can be calculated from:

$$V_{bul\ compliance} = rac{No\ of\ reports\ received\ for\ a\ bulletin}{No\ of\ reports\ required\ for\ the\ bulletin}$$

The Compliance Index is to assess the level of compliance to the ROBEX scheme. The determination of the compliance index is performed as follows:

- The total number of reports received for ROBEX bulletin during the monitoring period, including reports in the retard bulletins.
- Weed out correction and amendment bulletins, as these are re-transmitted messages, can be disregarded.

Explanation:

No. of reports received for a bulletin is the number of reports that are not "NIL." In other words, do not count the reports that are "NIL." In addition, do not count reports that are corrections and amendments in nature. However, the assessment should include the delayed reports in the retard bulletins.

No. of reports required for a bulletin is the number of reports that each RODB should expect to receive within each particular bulletin.

Procedure:

- 1. For each day, run through the aerodromes within each bulletin. Count the number of reports that do not contain optional elements and are not "NIL." Alternatively, count the number of reports that contain "Optional RRX"
- 2. For each day, calculate the required number of reports for each bulletin by adding the number of required reports for each aerodrome listed in each bulletin.
- 3. For each day, calculate the compliance index by taking the ratio of the No. of reports received for a bulletin (calculated in 1.) and the number of reports required for a bulletin (calculated in 2.).
- 4. To calculate the monthly compliance index, add up the compliance index (calculated in 3.) of all the days in a month and divide by the number of days in the month, e.g., 288/288+240/288+288/288+.....+288/288 => (31 elements for 31 days)
- 5. Alternatively, to calculate the monthly compliance index, add up the number of reports received for a bulletin (calculated in 1.) for all the days in a month and divide by the number of reports required for a bulletin (calculated in 2.) in that month.

Example 1:

Bulletin SAIN33 includes six aerodromes (VECC, VEPT, VGEG, VGHS, VNKT and VQPR). For each aerodrome, the number of reports required for a bulletin equals 2*24 = 48 reports. Because the official observation time of the bulletin is at every hour and half-hour (i.e., HH+00 and HH+30), resulting in two reports for each of the 24 hours in each day. If only on the 2nd of March, the RODB does not receive reports from one aerodrome. Calculate the compliance index for Bulletin SAIN33 in March.

Answer:

No. of reports received for a bulletin

- = (6 aerodromes*48 reports*30 days)+(5 aerodromes*48 reports*1 day)
- = 8,640+240
- = 8.880

No. of reports required for a bulletin

= (6 aerodromes*48 reports*31 days) = 8,928

March compliance index = 8,880/8,928 = 0.9946

(ii) Availability Index

The availability index measures the current coverage of the OPMET distribution against the ROBEX exchange requirements. The determination of the availability index is performed on a daily basis from the data captured during the monitoring period. If at least one non-NIL report is received from the aerodrome during the 24-hour period, that aerodrome is considered to have been available. The daily availability index of a particular bulletin can be calculated as:

 $V_{bul\ availability} = rac{No\ of\ aerodromes\ for\ which\ one\ or\ more\ non-NIL\ data\ type\ are}{V_{bul\ availability}}$

No of aerodromes required in the bulletins

<u>NIL data type</u> is defined as a data element that reports there are no observations (SA) or forecasts (FT).

Non-NIL data type is defined as a data element that is not "NIL", i.e. not (METAR VTBD 270200Z NIL=).

No of aerodromes for which one or more non-NIL data types are received is the number of aerodromes that receive one or more Non-NIL data types within a period of one day or 24 hours.

No of aerodromes required in the bulletins is the total number of aerodromes listed in the bulletin from which RODB should receive data.

For example, the Bulletin SAIN33:

SAIN33 VECC 012350

METAR VECC 012350Z 16004KT 2500 HZ SCT018 BKN100 28/26 Q0996 NOSIG= METAR VEPT 012350Z NIL=

METAR VGEG 012350Z 14007KT 6000 SCT015 BKN100 27/26 Q0998 NOSIG= METAR VGHS 012350Z 17005KT 4000 HZ BKN010 OVC100 28/25 Q0997 TEMPO RA=

METAR VNKT 012350Z NIL=

METAR VQPR 012350Z NIL=

The number of aerodromes required in the bulletin SASD31 for that particular day is 6 aerodromes.

Procedure:

- 1. For each day or the period of 24 hours, obtain the number of aerodromes required in the bulletin.
- 2. For each day or the period of 24 hours, run through the aerodromes within each bulletin. Count the numbers of reports received from each aerodrome that contain Non-NIL data type. If the number exceeds zero, then that aerodrome receives one point, else zero points. Add up the points of each aerodrome to obtain the number of aerodromes for which one or more non-NIL data type is received.
- 3. For each day, calculate the availability index by taking the ratio of the number of aerodromes for which one or more non-NIL data types are received (calculated in 2.) and the number of aerodromes required in the bulletin (calculated in 1.).
- 4. To calculate the monthly availability index, add up the daily availability index (calculated in 3.) of all the days in a month and divide by the number of days in the month, e.g., 6/6+6/6+6/6+5/6+4/6+6/6+...+2/6 => (31 elements for 31 days).
- 5. Alternatively, to calculate the monthly availability index, add up the number of aerodromes for which one or more non-NIL data types are received (calculated in 2.) for all the days in a month and divide by the number of aerodromes required in the bulletin (calculated in 1.) in that month.

Example 2:

Bulletin SAIN33 continued from example 1.

Calculate the availability index for Bulleting SAIN33 in March.?

Answer:

No. of aerodromes required in the bulletin

- = 6 aerodromes *31 days
- = 186

No of aerodromes for which one or more non-NIL data type are received

- = (6 aerodromes*30 days)+(5 aerodromes*1 day)
- = 180 + 5
- = 185

March availability index = 185/186 = 0.9946

(iii) Regularity Index

The regularity index measures the consistency in the number of reports provided by an aerodrome. The computation of the Regularity Index assumes that the number of reports follows a normal distribution and attempts to ascertain the distribution characteristics (mean and standard deviation) from a set of data. These characteristics are used to determine if the subsequent number of reports from an aerodrome is "regular".

Denoting mean and standard deviation by μ and σ , a threshold report numbers (τ) can be established as:

$$\tau = \mu - \sigma$$

The threshold is a reporting characteristic of an aerodrome. If the subsequent daily number of reports meets or exceeds the threshold, it is considered "regular". The daily regularity index for a bulletin can be expressed as:

 $V_{bul\ regularity} = {No\ of\ aerodromes\ for\ which\ the\ number\ of\ reports\ equals\ or} \over {exceeds\ the\ threshold} \over {No\ of\ aerodromes\ required\ in\ the\ bulletin}}$

The **threshold** is the number of reports provided by the aerodrome, which is considered "regular." This number is defined by calculating the statistics (mean and standard deviation) of the number of reports provided by the aerodrome within a time frame, e.g., six months, one year, or five years.

No of aerodromes which the number of reports exceeds the threshold is the number of aerodromes that provide more than τ reports within a period of one day or 24 hours.

No of aerodromes required in the bulletin is the total number of aerodromes listed in the bulletin from which RODB should receive data from.

Procedure:

- 1. Calculate the threshold for each aerodrome within the RODB's responsibility by collecting the number of reports each aerodrome receives within the given time frame.
- 2. For each aerodrome, find the mean (average) and standard deviation (deviation from the mean), e.g., for a time frame of five days (for simplicity), VECC provides daily 10, 7, 10, 8, and 9 reports respectively, therefore, Mean = (10+7+10+8+9)/5 = 8.8 and Standard deviation = sqrt [$(10-8.8)^2+(7-8.8)^2+(10-8.8)^2+(8-8.8)^2+(9-8.8)^2$] / 5 = 1.304
- 3. Calculate the threshold by subtracting the standard deviation from the mean. From the above example, the threshold $\tau = 8.8-1.304 = 7.45$ reports.

- 4. For each day or the period of 24 hours, run through the aerodromes within each bulletin. Count the number of reports received from each. If the number exceeds τ, then that aerodrome receives one point, else zero point. Add up the points of each aerodrome to obtain the No of aerodromes which the number of reports exceeds the threshold.
- 5. For each day or the period of 24 hours, obtain the number of aerodromes required in the bulletin.
- 6. For each day, calculate the regularity index by taking the ratio of the number of aerodromes which the number of reports exceeds the threshold (calculated in 4) and the number of aerodromes required in the bulletin (calculated in 5).
- 7. To calculate monthly regularity index, add up the daily availability index (calculated in 3) of all the days in a month and divide by the number of days in month, e.g., 6/6+6/6+6/6+5/6+4/6+6/6+...+2/6 => (31 elements for 31 days).
- 8. Alternatively, to calculate the monthly availability index, add up the number of aerodromes in which the number of reports exceeds the threshold (calculated in 4) for all the days in a month and divide by the number of aerodromes required in the bulletin (calculated in 5) in that month.

Example 3: Bulletin SAIN33 continued from example 1.

Aerodrome	Threshold
VECC	10 reports
VEPT	10 reports
VGEG	10 reports
VGHS	10 reports
VNKT	10 reports
VQPR	10 reports

If on the 2nd and 15th of March, the RODB does not receive reports from VQPR and on 15th of March, the RODB does not receive reports from VGEG. On any other days, all the aerodromes provided more than ten reports. Calculate the regularity index for Bulletin SAIN33 in March.

Answer:

No. of aerodromes required in the bulletin = 6 aerodromes *31 days = 186 No of aerodromes which the number of reports exceeds the threshold

= (6 aerodromes*29 days)+(5 aerodromes*2 days)

= 174 + 10 = 184

March regularity index = 184/186 = 0.9892

- 2.2 <u>Monitoring of non-scheduled OPMET data</u>
- 2.2.1 Monitoring of non-scheduled OPMET data should be executed for FK, FV, WC, WS, and WV types of bulletins.
- 2.2.2 The monitoring results should be presented in a bulletin-oriented format, one line per bulletin indicating the abbreviated header (TTAAii CCCC YGGgg), the FIR/UIR where applicable, receipt time and originator.
- 2.2.3 Example non-routine OPMET monitoring result file formats:

TT	AAii	CCCC	YYGGgg	FIR/UIR	Rx Time	Origin
WS	PF21	NTAA	271004	NTTT	271004	NTAAYMYX

WS	IN90	VIDP	271000	VIDP	271007	VECCYMYX
WS	BW20	VGZR	271100	VGZR	271030	VGZRYMYX
WS	CI31	RCTP	271150	RCTP	271150	RCTPYMYX
WS	MS31	WMKK	272013	WBFC	272013	WMKKYMYX
WS	CI35	ZGGG	272225	ZGZU	272228	ZGGGYZYX
FV	AU01	ADRM	270323		270330	YMMCYMYX
FK	PQ30	RJTD	270500		270504	RJTDYMYX

Explanation of the table:

- TT: Type of bulletin FK, FV, WC, WS, WV
- AAii: Bulletin ID
- CCCC: Compiling Station
- YYGGgg: Standard time of the report
- FIR/UIR: ICAO Location indicator of the FIR/UIR or blank (4 spaces) as applicable
- RxTime: Time of receiptOrigin: Originator address.

2.2.4 Analysis of Monitoring Results:

2.2.4.1 Each RODB collects and analyses the relevant result in order to determine the effectiveness and suitability of the quality management system and to highlight any possible improvement to the ICAO Office, Bangkok.

2.3 <u>Examples of Monitoring Results – PI Measurements</u>

The following tables show values of Compliance, Availability and Regularity Index for ASIA/PAC OPMET bulletins compiled by the Singapore RODB in March 2005:

TABLE A	ROB	ROBEX Compliance Index		
	SA	FT	FC	
AE31 VECC	0.81			
AS31 VABB		0.99		
AS31 VTBB	0.96	0.99		
SA32 VABB		0.98		
AS32 VTBB		0.85		
AU31 YBBN	1.00	0.99	0.97	
AU32 YBBN	0.98	0.94		
BN31 OBBI	0.96	0.92		
BN32 OBBI	0.94	0.95		
CI31 ZBBB	0.99	0.99		
CI32 ZBBB	0.99	0.99		
CI41 ZBBB	0.93	0.99		
EG31 HECA		0.85		
HK31 VHHH	0.99	0.99	1.00	
ID31 WIII	0.74			
IN31 VIDP		0.97		
IN31 VABB	0.74		0.97	
IN32 VIDP	0.73			
IR31 OIII	0.84	0.93		
JP31 RJTD	1.00	1.00	1.00	

JP32 RJTD	1.00	1.00	1.00
KO31 RKSI	1.00	0.96	
ME31 OLBA		0.86	
MS31 WMKK	1.00		
NZ31 NZKL	0.95	1.00	
PK31 OPKC	0.91	0.80	
SB31 VCCC	0.97		
SD31 OEJD	0.95		
SR31 WSSS		0.98	0.99
SR32 WSSS		1.00	
TH31 VTBB	0.67	1.00	
TH32 VTBB	0.76	0.91	
TH33 VTBB	0.75	0.94	

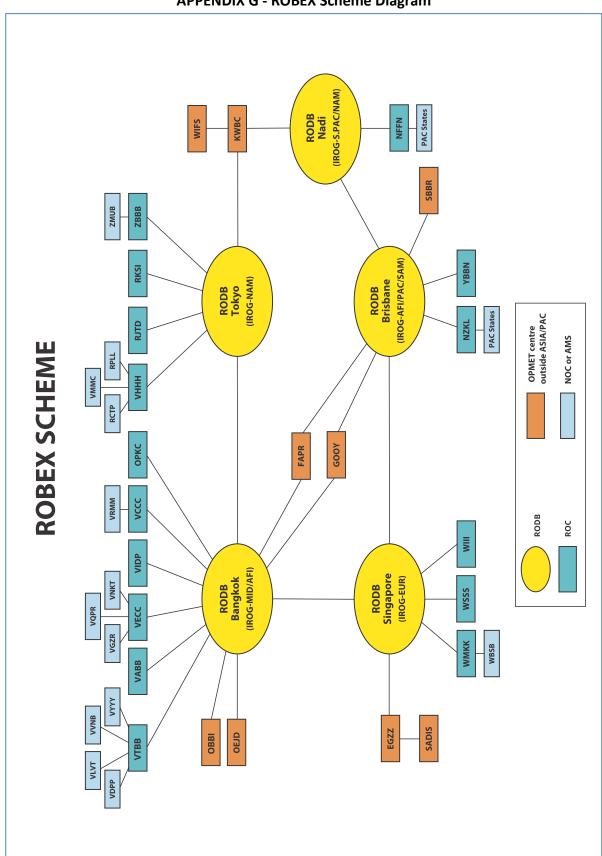
Note: Entry dashed out (--) means no reports of this type (SA or FT) are required

TABLE B	Availability Index		
	SA	FT	FC
AE31 VECC	0.98		
AS31 VABB		1.00	
AS31 VTBB	0.99	1.00	
SA32 VABB		0.99	
AS32 VTBB		0.96	
AU31 YBBN	1.00	1.00	1.00
AU32 YBBN	1.00	1.00	
BN31 OBBI	1.00	1.00	
BN32 OBBI	1.00	0.99	
CI31 ZBBB	1.00	1.00	
CI32 ZBBB	1.00	1.00	
CI41 ZBBB	1.00	1.00	
EG31 HECA		1.00	
HK31 VHHH	1.00	1.00	1.00
ID31 WIII	0.98		
IN31 VIDP		1.00	
IN31 VABB	1.00		1.00
IN32 VIDP	0.98		
IR31 OIII	1.00	1.00	
JP31 RJTD	1.00	1.00	1.00
JP32 RJTD	1.00	1.00	1.00
KO31 RKSI	1.00	1.00	
ME31 OLBA		0.99	
MS31 WMKK	1.00		
NZ31 NZKL		1.00	
PK31 OPKC	1.00	0.99	
SB31 VCCC	1.00		
SD31 OEJD	1.00		
SR31 WSSS		1.00	1.00
SR32 WSSS		1.00	
TH31 VTBB	0.97	1.00	
TH32 VTBB	0.88	1.00	

TH33 VTBB 0.83 1.00

TABLE C	Regularity Index		
	SA	FT	FC
AE31 VECC	0.86		
AS31 VABB		0.96	
AS31 VTBB	0.93	0.96	
AS32 VABB		0.96	
AS32 VTBB		0.96	
AU31 YBBN	0.90	0.90	0.96
AU32 YBBN	0.93	0.91	
BN31 OBBI	0.93	0.94	
BN32 OBBI	0.82	0.89	
CI31 ZBBB	0.96	0.94	
CI32 ZBBB	0.93	0.91	
CI41 ZBBB	0.94	0.97	
EG31 HECA		0.77	
HK31 VHHH	0.93	0.97	0.85
ID31 WIII	0.92		
IN31 VIDP		0.84	
IN31 VABB	0.84		0.97
IN32 VIDP	0.88		
IR31 OIII	0.71	1.00	
JP31 RJTD	1.00	1.00	1.00
JP32 RJTD	1.00	1.00	1.00
KO31 RKSI	0.84	1.00	
ME31 OLBA		0.97	
MS31 WMKK	0.98		
NZ31 NZKL	0.82	1.00	
PK31 OPKC	0.84	0.97	
SB31 VCCC	0.96		
SD31 OEJD	0.89		
SR31 WSSS		0.99	0.95
SR32 WSSS		0.99	
TH31 VTBB	0.92	1.00	
TH32 VTBB	0.85	0.96	
TH33 VTBB	0.89	0.94	

— END OF SECTION —



APPENDIX G - ROBEX Scheme Diagram

APPENDIX H – RODB OPMET Interrogation Procedures

This Appendix describes the standard interrogation procedures for access to the designated Regional OPMET Databanks (RODB) in the ASIA/PAC Region. This information was previously provided in the ASIA/PACIFIC OPMET DATA BANKS INTERFACE CONTROL DOCUMENT.

Note: The provision by RODBs of facilities for request/response type of access to the stored OPMET data is primarily for users to obtain non-regular or occasional information and is not intended for routine requests, which should be arranged through the efficient implementation of predetermined, regular OPMET exchange.

REQUEST/REPLY MESSAGE FORMAT

1. Request messages

1.1 Request messages should follow the AFTN standard telecommunication procedures as defined in Annex 10, Volume II. The text part of the messages should be as defined in this Appendix.

Note: The standard AFTN message start and end characters and alignment characters (SOH, STX and ETX for ITA-5 format or ZCZC and NNNN for ITA-2 format) have been omitted for clarity in the following examples.

- 1.2 Request messages should use the AFTN priority **GG.**
- 1.3 The general format of the request message is as follows:

```
GG xxxxYZYX
YYGGgg yyyyyyyy
RQM/TTCCCC,(report(s)).../TTAAii, (bulletin(s))...=
RQM/TTCCCC,(report(s)).../TTAAii, (bulletin(s))...=
....
```

The meaning of the groups and symbols in the request message is as follows:

1.3.1 In the AFTN heading:

GG priority indicator

xxxxYZYX AFTN address of the databank

YYGGgg date-time group specifying the filing time of the request

message

yyyyyyy AFTN address of the originator of the request

Each data request line is composed of the following elements:

RQM/ indicates the start of a data request line **TT** WMO data type identifier (*refer to 2.7*)

CCCC 4-letter location indicator (as per *ICAO Doc 7910 – Location*

Indicators)

or

AAii bulletin identifier (WMO manual 386, table C1 for AA)

- = indicator of the end of a request line.
- 1.3.3 Delimiters can be used within a request line as follows:
 - , indicates more requests for reports or bulletins for the same data type or different data types for one location;
 - / indicates a new data type request within the same data request line.
- 1.3.4 The length of the request line should not exceed 69 characters, including 'RQM' and the '=' signal. Up to ten request lines can be included in one AFTN request message unless otherwise specified by the RODB.

1.3.5 Examples of request types

1.3.5.1 Request for one data type at one location

The format of the request line to obtain one meteorological data type for one location is as follows:

RQM/TTCCCC=

Examples:

- 1. ROM/SAYSSY=
- 2. RQM/FCWSSS=

1.3.5.2 Request for one data type at two or more locations

The format of the request line to obtain one meteorological data type for two or more locations is as follows:

RQM/TTCCCC₁,CCCC₂,.....,CCCC_n=

Note: Up to ten locations can be included in a request line.

Examples:

- 1. RQM/SAYSSY,YBBN,YMML=
- 2. RQM/FTNZAA,NZCH=

1.3.5.3 Request for two or more data types at one location

The format of the request line to obtain two or more meteorological data types for one location is as follows:

$RQM/TT_1CCCC,TT_2,...,TT_n=$

Examples:

- 1. RQM/SAYMML,FC=
- 2. RQM/FTNFFN,SA,WC=

1.3.5.4 Request for different data types at different locations

The format of the request line to obtain different meteorological data types for a

number of locations is as follows:

RQM/TT₁CCCC,CCCC,.../TT₂CCCC,CCCC,.../...../TT_nCCCC,CCCC, ...=

Example:

1. RQM/SAYSSY/FCYBBN,YMML/FTYMML=

1.3.5.5 Request for a meteorological bulletin

The format of the request line to obtain a Meteorological Bulletin is as follows:

RQM/TTAAii=

Examples:

- 1. RQM/FTAE31=
- 2. RQM/SATH33=

Note: Only one bulletin can be requested in an RQM request line. Up to six bulletins can be included in a request message

2. Reply messages

- 2.1 If the AFTN address of the originator of a request is authorised, the databank should automatically reply to the AFTN originator address given in the request message.
- Valid requests for bulletins and/or messages should produce an answer, which should be returned in a standard WMO bulletin format embedded as text in a standard AFTN message. Each bulletin should be sent as a separate message.
- 2.3 For valid requested bulletin or message(s) belonging to the same type and concerning valid stored messages, one or more reply bulletins should be generated. Non-valid requested groups should be replied to by an appropriate *Information* or *Error* reply message.
- 2.4 In preparing the reply messages by the RODBs, the following should apply:
- 2.4.1 A reply to a METAR request should consist of the latest METAR and/or SPECI reports available for the requested station.
- 2.4.2 When a request for SIGMET of any type (WS, WC or WV) is received, the reply should contain all valid WS, WV and WC SIGMETs that are available for the FIR concerned.

2.5 Format of the reply message

2.5.1 The WMO abbreviated heading of a reply message will be constructed as:

TTAAii CCCC YYGGgg

where,

TT the requested (e.g., SA)

AA XX: fixed geographical designator for database reply or as

specified by the RODB

ii 99: fixed bulletin number for database reply or as specified

by the RODB

CCCC location indicator of the reply database (e.g. VTBB, WSSS,

etc.)

YYGGgg date-time group (DTG) depending on the original DTG of

the bulletin header

Note: For the issuing time of TAF and the observation time of METAR, the user should refer to the DTG in the reports, which might be different from the DTG in the header.

Example:

SAXX99 VTBB 031200 METAR CCCC 031200Z ... METAR CCCC 031200Z ...

. . .

2.6 Format of the *Information* and *Error* reply messages

2.6.1 RODBs send to the originator of the request an *Information* or *Error* message when a RODB is not in a position to send back valid OPMET data.

2.7 **OPMET Data Types**

The following meteorological data types, as defined by the WMO data designator indicator, are stored and available on request from the RODBs:

TT	Message Type	
SA	METAR	
SP	SPECI	
FT	12 to 30 HR TAF	
WS	SIGMET	
WC	Tropical Cyclone SIGMET	
WV	Volcanic Ash SIGMET	
FV	Volcanic Ash Advisory (VAA)	
FK	Tropical Cyclone Advisory (TCA)	

— END OF SECTION —

APPENDIX I - ROBEX FOCAL POINTS

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MET SG/27 Appendix B to WP/09

Table 1: Aerodromes where meteorological service is required, according to the APAC ANP, but the aerodromes are not yet included in the ROBEX Handbook Tables A and B, METAR and TAF bulletins:

ICAO Location Indicator	Name
NSTU	PAGO PAGO/Pago Pago Intl
OAKB	KABUL/Kabul Intl
OAKN	KANDAHAR/Kandahar Intl
OPGD	GWADAR/Gwadar
RPMR	TAMBLER, Gen. Santos, South Cotabato
VIBN	VARANASI/Lal Bahadur Shastri Airport
ZKPY	PYONGYANG/Sunan
ZUXC	XICHANG/Qingshan

Table 2: Aerodromes where meteorological service will be required, subject to the approval of proposals for amendment of the APAC ANP (which are under development), but the aerodromes are not yet included in the ROBEX Handbook Tables A and B, METAR and TAF bulletins:

ICAO Location Indicator	Name
NCAI	AITUTAKI/Aitutaki
NSFI	FAGALI'I/Fagali'i Intl
NZDN	DUNEDIN/Dunedin
NZOH	OHAKEA/Ohakea
OPQT	QUETTA/Quetta Intl
RJDC	YAMAGUCHI/Yamaguchi-Ube
RORS	SHIMOJISHIMA/Shimojishima
RPSP	PANGLAO /Bohol-Panglao Intl Airport
RPVI	ILOILO/Iloilo Intl
RPVK	KALIBO, AKLAN/Kalibo Intl Airport
VNBW	BHAIRAHAWA/Gautam Buddha Intl
VNPR	POKHARA/Pokhara Intl
WADY	BANYUWANGI/Banyuwangi
WAHI	YOGYAKARTA/Yogyakarta
WAHQ	SOLO/Adi Soemarmo

ICAO Location Indicator	Name
WBGB	BINTULU/Bintulu
WIAB	SABANG/Maimun Saleh
WICA	KERTAJATI/Kertajati
WICC	BANDUNG/Husein Sastranegara
WIKT	TANJUNG PANDAN/H. AS. Hanandjoeddin
WIMN	SIBORONGBORONG/Raja Sisingamangaraja XII
WITT	ACEH/Sultan Iskandar Muda
WMKA	ALOR SETAR/Sultan Abdul Halim
WMKC	KOTA BHARU/Sultan Ismail Petra
WMKI	IPOH/Sultan Azlan Shah
WMKN	KUALA TERENGGANU/Sultan Mahmud
WPDB	SUAI/Commander-in-Chief of the FALINTIL – Kay Rala Xanana Gusmão Intl
ZKWS	KALMA/Kalma
ZSJN	JINAN/Yaoqiang