

AERODROME CERTIFICATION THREE STAGE PROCESS  
ICAO ASIA/PACIFIC FIFTH AERODROME ASSISTANCE WORKING  
GROUP

AP-AA/WG/5

13-16 MARCH 2023

KURUMBA RESORT, MALDIVES

PRESENTED BY MALDIVES



## MCAA requirement on Aerodrome Certification

### 139.01 Use of Aerodrome

An aircraft shall not take off or land at any place in the Republic unless the place has been certified as an aerodrome under this Regulation

### 139.05 Requirement for an Aerodrome Certificate

- (a) The operator of an aerodrome intended for public use, and
- (b) The passenger-seating capacity of the aircraft employed in the operations exceeds 30 seats shall in accordance with the national requirement be in possession of an aerodrome certificate.

## What does Certification Assure?

When an aerodrome is granted a certificate, it signifies to aircraft operators and other organizations operating on the aerodrome;

1. the aerodrome **meets the specifications** regarding the facility and its operations, and
2. the operator has the **capability to maintain these specifications** for the period of validity of the certificate

The certification process also establishes the baseline for continued monitoring of compliance with the specification.

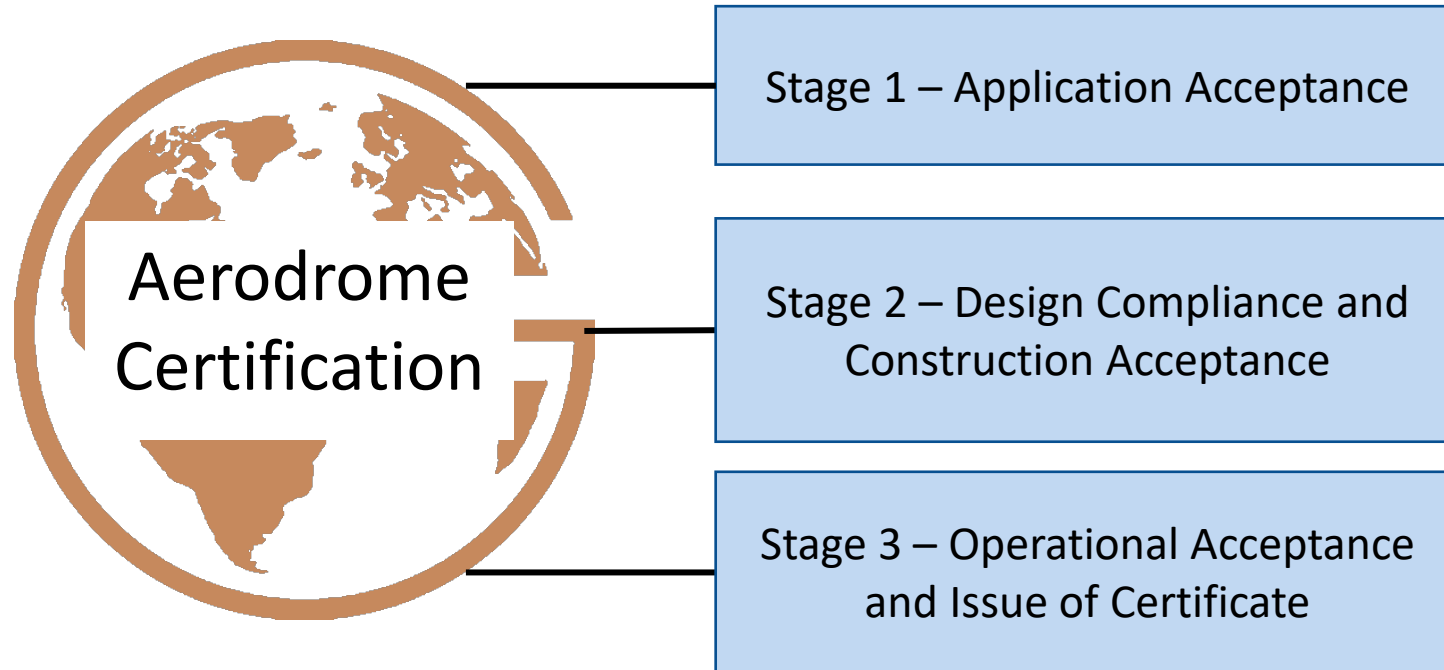
## MCAA regulations related to Aerodrome certification

MCAR 139	Aerodrome Rules
MCAR 100	Integrated Safety Management Systems
ASC 139-5	Aerodrome Standards
ASC 139-3	Maldives Runway Safety Programme
ASC 139-4	Formation of Local Runway Safety Teams
ASC 139-6	Wildlife Control Programme
ASC139-7	Notification of Changes to aerodromes
ASC139-8	Assessment of runway surface friction characteristics
ASC139-9	Procedure for reporting of tall structures
ASC 139-11	Guidance on Aerodrome Certification for prospective Aerodrome Certificate Holders

## MCAR 139 Aerodrome Rules & ASC 139-5 Aerodrome Standards

- MCAR 139 prescribes the primary requirements for aerodrome certificate.
- ASC 139-5 has technical specifications and requirements associated with:
  - ❖ Design of Aerodrome Facilities
  - ❖ Aerodrome Operational Services
  - ❖ Aerodrome Operational Safety Issues
- ASC 139-11 - Guidance on Aerodrome Certification for prospective Aerodrome Certificate Holders
  - ❖ describes in depth the three stages of Certification

## Aerodrome Certification - A three-stage process



## Why?

- Ensure compliance at earlier stages
- Provide technical guidance for the aerodrome certification process
- Multiple stakeholders involved in airport development process. This process brings developers and operators work together with CAA.
- A formal process to assist operators/developers with the queries during earlier stages
- Avoid unnecessary costs incurring at last minute for rectifications
- To tackle short durations certification timelines

## Stage 1 | Application Acceptance

The purpose of the Stage 1 acceptance is to allow the applicant to commence detailed planning for a new aerodrome or compliance assessment for introducing changes to an existing aerodrome.

During this stage:

- 1) intended scope of operations is identified
  - a) type of aircraft intended for the operation (Design Aircraft);
  - b) Proposed routes
  - c) instrument approach procedures,
  - d) navigation and communications facilities;
  - e) Nature of operations passenger/cargo/mail, day, night, VFR or IFR, Intl' operations/domestic operations;
- 2) A thorough review of passenger terminal is conducted
- 3) Aerodrome reference code is established
- 4) A compliance review of aerodrome physical characteristic is conducted
- 5) An initial obstacle assessment is conducted
- 6) Level of Air Traffic Service to be provided is identified
- 7) A concept acceptance for the overall concept design is issued

## Stage 1 | Application Acceptance

  
 MALDIVES CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY  
 Velaanaage Office Building, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
 Male' 20096  
 Republic of Maldives

### Aerodrome Concept Approval Application Form

#### Section 1 | Applicant details

Legal name of Applicant: Ministry of National Planning, Housing and Infrastructure  
 Organization: Ministry of National Planning, Housing and Infrastructure  
 Address: Ameenee Magu, Maafannu, Male', 20392, Republic of Maldives  
 Telephone: +(960) 4004-753 Fax: +(960)4004-700  
 Email: secretariat@planning.gov.mv Website: www.planning.gov.mv

#### Section 2 | Nature of Development

New Development  Change to an existing aerodrome   
 Desired date of commencement: ..... Aerodrome Name: Maafaru International Airport  
 Proposed Aerodrome Name: ..... ICAO 4 Letter Code: VRDA  
 Location of Aerodrome: .....

#### Section 3 | Contact Focal Point


Name: Ibrahim Shihan Contact Number: +(960)7850909  
 Designation: Engineer Email : ibrahim.shihan@planning.gov.mv

#### Section 4 | Ownership of the Aerodrome Land

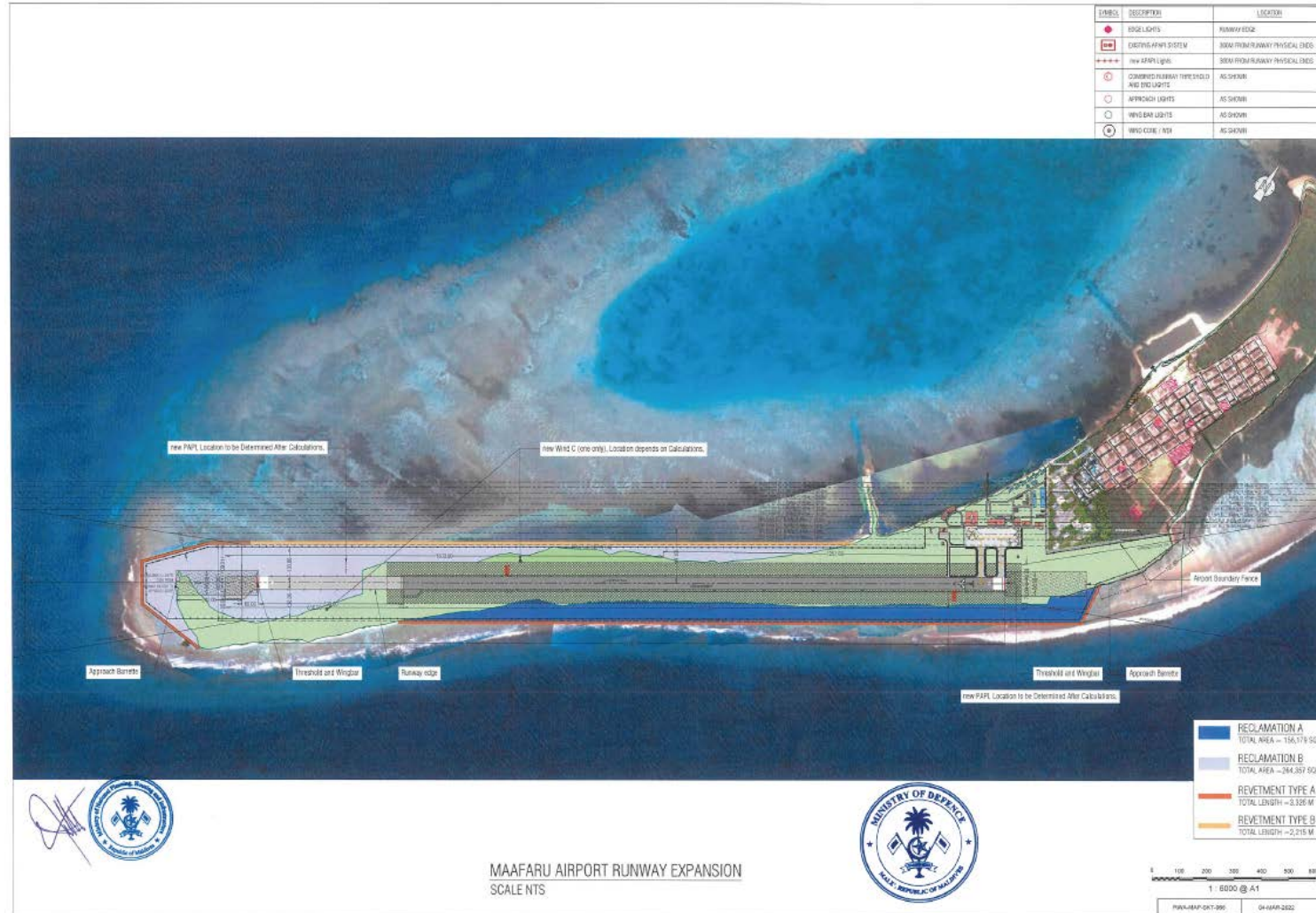
This section is mandatory for new airport developments.  
 Are you the owner of the aerodrome site? Yes  No   
 If NO- please state:  
 Details of the rights you hold over the site: Development rights  
 The period for which these rights, including terminating date: December 2023  
 The name and address of the owner or the tenant, whose permission has been obtained for the site to be used as an aerodrome: Island Aviation Services Limited

#### Section 5 | Nature of Operations

International  Domestic  Passenger Service   
 Day Use Only  Day/Night Use  Air Freight or Mail   
 IFR Traffic  VFR Traffic  Maintenance or Positioning   
 Passenger terminal capacity:  Pax/ Hour  
 Is the terminal designed to accommodate Persons with reduced mobility? Yes  No   
 Customs, Immigration & Quarantine (CIQ) YES  NO

AIRPORT BASIC CONCEPT & BUILDING HEIGHT APPROVALS				
BASIC INFORMATION				
1	Name of Aerodrome	Maafaru International Airport		
2	Location	N.Maafaru		
OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS				
1	Critical Aircraft	Boeing 777-300ER		
2	Aerodrome Reference Code	4E		
3	Higher Code Aircrafts to be Operated			
PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS				
1	Runway Length:	2780m		
2	Runway Width:	45 m		
3	Strip Length:	2850 m		
4	Strip Width:	280 m (140 m either side of the centreline)		
5	Taxiway Length:	112.5m or as agreed		
6	Taxiway Width:	23 m		
7	Apron Length:	201.6 m or as agreed.		
8	Apron Width:	70 m or as agreed		
9	Stopway Length:	-		
10	Stopway Width:	-		
11	Runway End Safety Area ( RESA) Length:	240 m		
12	Runway End Safety Area ( RESA) Width:	90 m		
13	Transverse gradient:	1.5% for Runway & Taxiway, 0.75% for Apron		
14	Transitional surface:	1:5 slope		
15	Approach slope:	2.00%		
16	Approach Divergence angle:	15%		
17	Take off Climb Slope:	2%		
18	Pavement Classification (PCN):	To be determined after pavement design		
19	Designation no:	24/06		
20	Subgrade Strength Category	To be determined after pavement design		
PROPOSED BUILDING HEIGHT				
Buildg. No.	Building Name	Distance from RWY CL to the edge of the building (meters)	Height of the Building (meters)	Building Height Allowed (meters)
<b>Proposed Buildings</b>				
1	NA	NA	NA	NA
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
DECLARED DISTANCES				
1	TORA (in meters)	2850		
2	TODA (in meters)	2850+300 (clearway) = 3150m		
3	ASDA (in meters)	2850		
4	LDA (in meters)	2850		
PREPARED BY				
1	Ibrahim Shihan		Engineer	Ministry of National Planning, Housing and Infrastructure
2	Date: 23.08.2022			
CHECKED & APPROVED				
1	Fathmath Ramiza / MCAA	(Signature)	Director	Air Navigation and Aerodromes
2	Date:			

## Stage 1 | Application Acceptance



## Stage 2 | Design Compliance and Construction

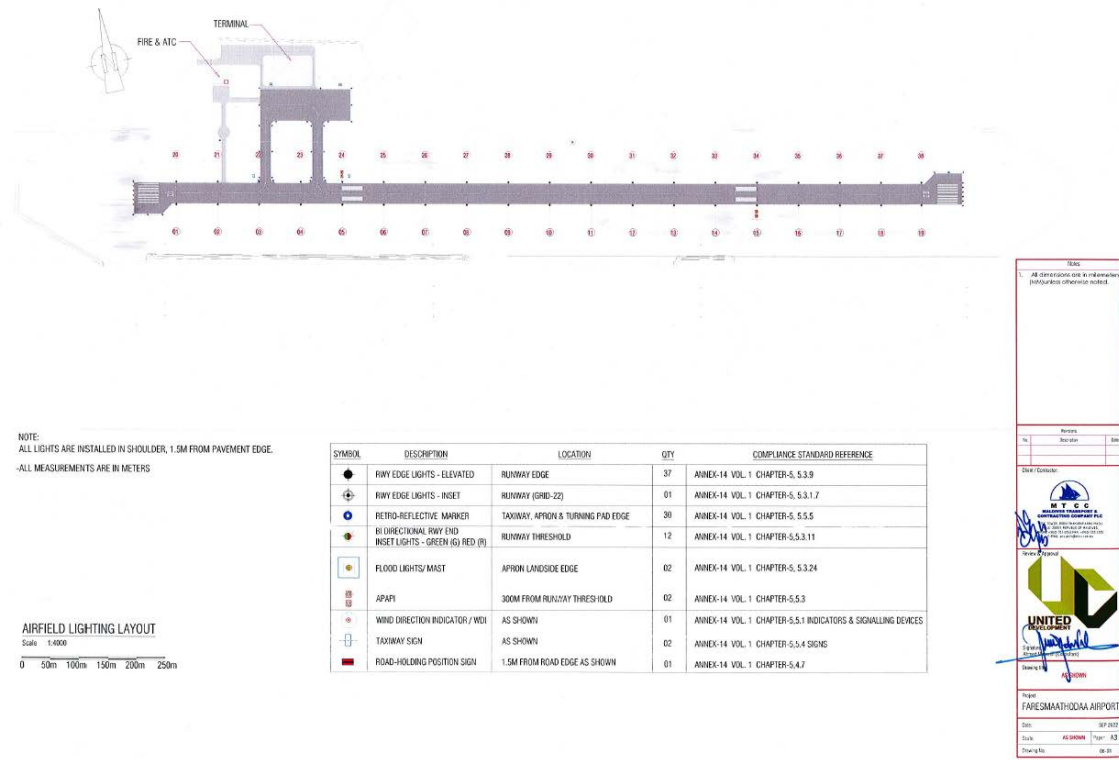
The purpose of the Stage 2 acceptance is to allow the applicant to commence actual construction or remedial works. The Stage 2 submission will provide the information on the detail design of the aerodrome.

During this stage:

- 1) A review the detailed design of aerodrome (Markings, Lightings, Electrical Systems)
- 2) A comprehensive assessment of obstacle limitation surface is conducted
- 3) Environmental clearances obtained
- 4) Independent consultant engineer is appointed by developer to oversee the construction
- 5) Design compliance and construction acceptance is issued



## Stage 2 | Design Compliance and Construction



## Stage 3 | Operational Approval and Grant of certificate

The purpose of the Stage 3 is to provide the applicant with an operational acceptance of the aerodrome and for aircraft operations to commence.

The Stage 3 submission provides information on the completed aerodrome along with the Aerodrome Manual, final compliance matrix and other supporting documentation.

During this stage:

- 1) Aerodrome Manual, Emergency Plan & SMS is reviewed and approved
- 2) Surveyed aerodrome data is verified and sent for publication
- 3) A technical inspection of aerodrome facilities and equipment is conducted by CAA
- 4) On-site audit is conducted to:
  - 1) A technical inspection of aerodrome facilities
  - 2) Verify the aerodrome manual and its procedures
  - 3) Check training and competency of the personnel
  - 4) Verify the coordination arrangements with other service providers (ATS, AIS, Security)
- 5) Findings are generated by CAA for the non-compliances
- 6) Corrective Action Plan (CAP) submitted by the operator
- 7) Aerodrome certificate is issued based on the corrective action plan

## Stage 3 | Operational Approval and Grant of certificate

MALDIVES CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY  
Velaanaage Office Building, 11<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Male' 20096  
Republic of Maldives

### AERODROME CERTIFICATE APPLICATION FORM

#### 1. Applicant details

Name of applicant: Faresmaathodaa Airport  
Organization: Regional Airports Co Ltd  
Address: H.Suez, Seventh Floor  
Telephone: 3300989 Fax: -  
Email: info@airports.mv Website: www.airports.mv

#### 2. Aerodrome details

Name of aerodrome: Faresmaathodaa Airport  
Address of Aerodrome: G.dh Faresmaathodaa,  
WGS84 Latitude and Longitude of Aerodrome: 0° 11' 33.06" N 73° 11' 49.97" E  
Bearing and distance from nearest city or populous area: Approximately 790 km / 1092.1" Magnetic bearing - from Gdh Faresmaathodaa  
Does any public or private right of way exist on or near the proposed aerodrome? Yes  No   
If there is a risk of interference with private rights, please give details of any agreement made with the holder of the rights for the use of the site as an aerodrome.

#### 3. Details to be shown in the certificate

Aerodrome name: Faresmaathodaa Airport  
Aerodrome operator: Regional Airports Co Ltd

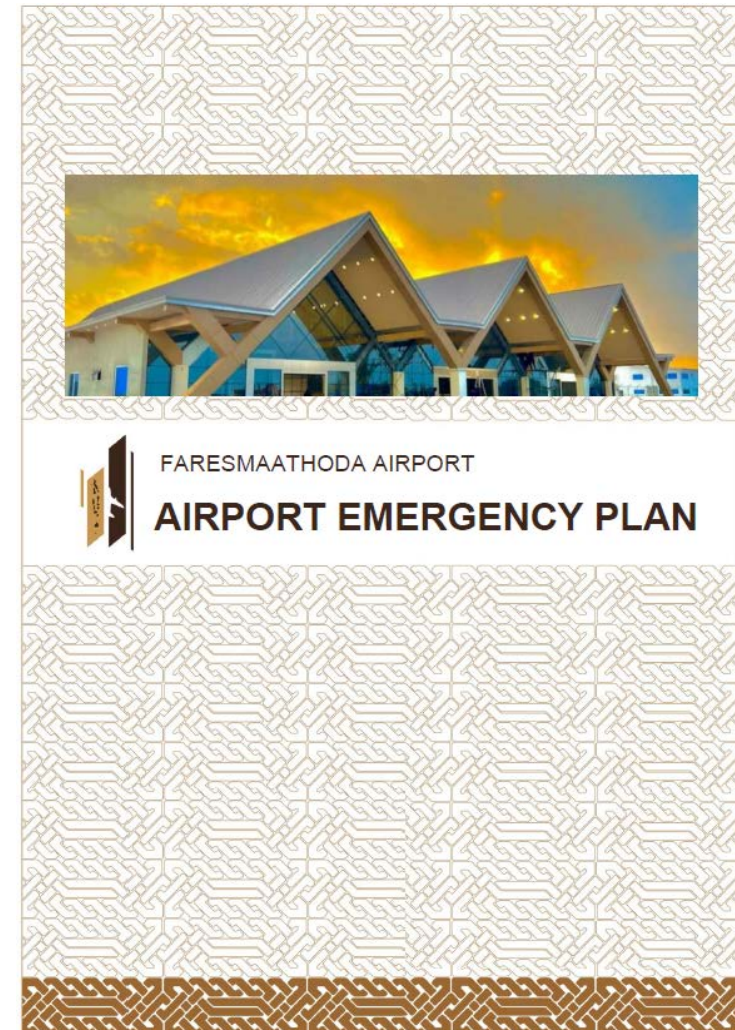
4. is the applicant the Owner of the Aerodrome site: Yes  No

You are required to provide with:

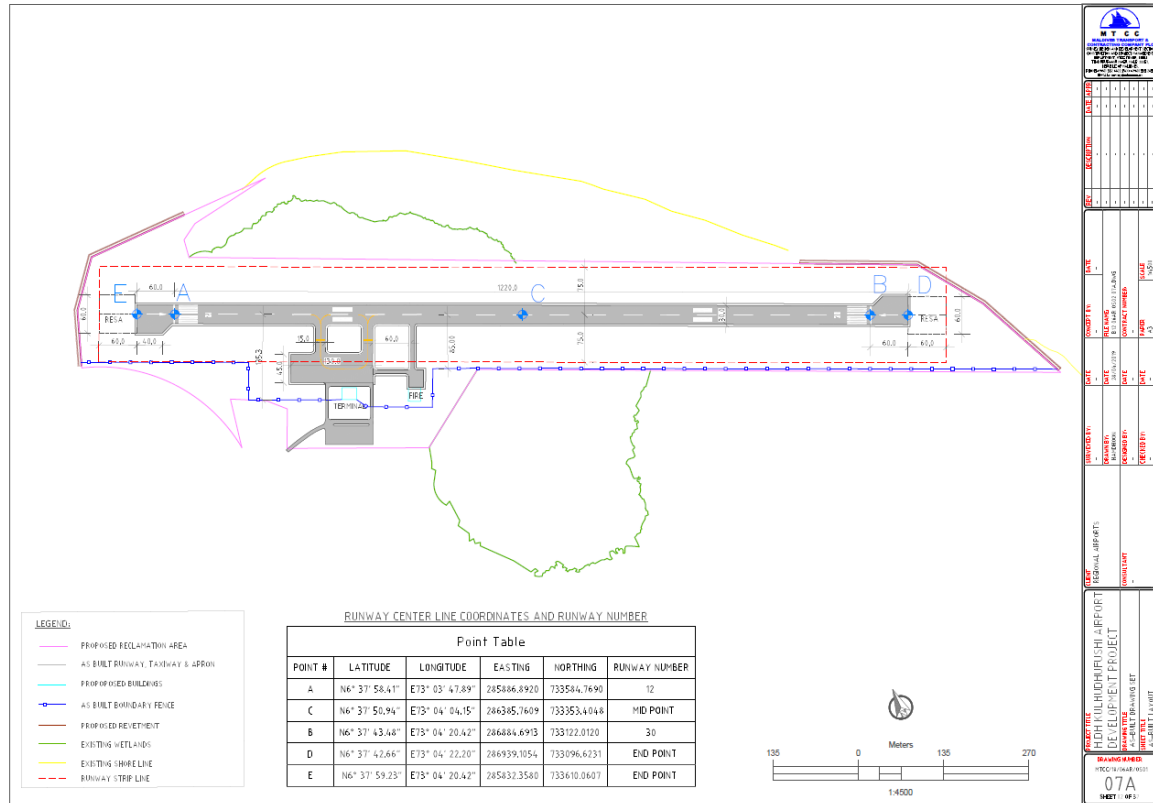
- Details of rights held in relation to the site; and
- Name and address of the owner of the site and written evidence to show that permission has been obtained for the site to be used by the applicant as an aerodrome.

#### 5. Reason for certification

International flights:  Commercial Air Transport   
Flight Training  Others



## Stage 3 | Operational Approval and Grant of certificate



### METHOD OF PCN CALCULATION: ACN-PCN METHOD

$$ACN = \frac{t^2}{1000} \left( \frac{0.878}{CBR} \right) - 0.01249$$

$t$  = thickness designed pavement in cm = 55 cm  
 $CBR$  = Designed subgrade CBR value = 10 %  
 = 3.025/0.07531 = 41.00

### FINAL CONCLUSION:

In consideration of the structural behavior of the pavement the Pavement Classification Number (PCN) is calculated as 41. The above calculation is for the standard materials specified in the design code. In the design, the local material also can be used for proposed construction. Based on the material test results and the past experience of domestic airport pavements it is safe to allow the PCN value to be considered as 36.90 Therefore, take PCN as 37.

Therefore,

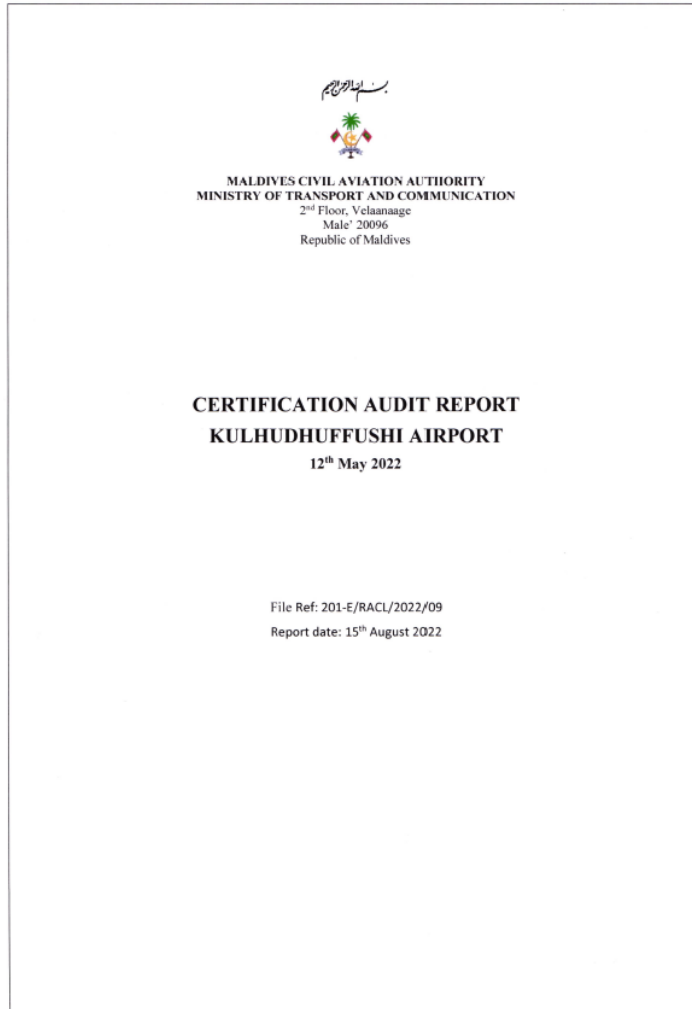
Pavement Classification Number PCN / 37 / F / B / X / T

NOTE: This design is checked with CBR test results received from the from the contractor's (BUCG) lab.

### REFERENCES:

- [1]. International Civil Aviation Organization, "AERODROME DESIGN MANUAL – PART 3: PAVEMENTS", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1983, pp. 3-143 to 3-163
- [2]. International Civil Aviation Organization, "AERODROME DESIGN MANUAL – PART 2: TAXIWAYS, APRONS and HOLDINGBAYS", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1991
- [3]. International Aviation and Technical Programs of Transport Canada, "AIRCRAFT LOAD RATINGS", June 2004

## Stage 3 | Operational Approval and Grant of certificate



Finding	Severity	Date	Respond By			Phase
			Status	Close By		
01 No preventive maintenance programme	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	01/09/2022	Closed	
02 RFFS operational manual not developed	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	01/09/2022	Closed	
03 Aerodrome operator does not have an adequate hazard identification system	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	31/10/2022	Closed	
04 No SLA with AIS	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	15/02/2023	Closed	
05 No procedure for friction testing	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	01/09/2022	Closed	
06 Aerodrome Reporting officer, Works safety officer is not properly trained	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	01/09/2022	Closed	
07 Wildlife officer is not properly trained	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	28/02/2023	Closed	
08 No procedure to conduct technical inspections	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	01/09/2022	Closed	
09 Markings faded	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	30/11/2022	Closed	
10 Loose stones and aggregates	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	31/07/2023	Response Accepted	
11 Runway strip is not maintained free from obstacles	2 - Significant	30/10/2022	Accepted	30/06/2023	Response Accepted	
12 Airside Fence is damaged and not secured	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	Accepted	31/12/2022	Response Accepted	
13 Critical RFFS equipment missing	2 - Significant	30/08/2022	-	15/08/2022	Released	
OBS-1 Airport Security Programme is not approved	Observation	30/08/2022	Accepted	15/02/2023	Response Accepted	

## Stage 3 | Operational Approval and Grant of certificate



**Thank you**

