

NEED FOR EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF HIMALAYA 2 ROUTE

Jointly Presented by Nepal and Myanmar

1. INTRODUCTION

- The development of Himalaya 2 route along the southern slope of Himalayas stretches as a part of EMARSSH project in 2002.
- Nepal has been proposing this route in different ICAO forums for almost two decades.
 - ICAO APAC DGCA/56 (2019),
 - APANPIRG/25 (2014),
 - ICAO A38 (2013) and
 - ICAO APAC DGCA/42 (2005).

- APAC Region has been experiencing tremendous air traffic growth.
 - Resulting congestion over Bay of Bengal.

- Once Himalaya 2 route will be implemented, it will help in:
 - decongesting the air traffic flows over the Bay of Bengal and over LSO in Myanmar FIR
 - optimizing airspace use of Nepal, India, Myanmar and China.
 - benefiting the global aviation community if connected with L626 linking East Asia, Middle East and Europe.

- High time to implement the proposed Himalayan-2 route through further enhancement in en-route CNS capacity.

2. DISCUSSION

Need of implementation of Himalaya 2 Route

- Round trip distance saving in Kathmandu-Kunming sector by about 218 nm.
- Round trip distance saving in Kathmandu-Hong Kong sector by about 220 nm to 360 nm.
 - Existing routes being used by Nepal Airlines and Hong Kong Dragon Air have been taken into consideration.
- DCA Myanmar in 1st Nepal-Myanmar ATM Coordination meeting held in Yangon on 31st October – 01st November 2019 agrees to implement the Himalaya 2 route structure as mentioned in ICAO route catalogue.
 - For this, DCA Myanmar will plan to install new surveillance system and RCAG VHF station at Myitkyina Airport by FY 2021/2022.

➤ Nepal and Myanmar jointly requests concerned States and IATA to review and upgrade their priority for the Himalaya 2 route and ICAO to depict accordingly in APAC Route Catalogue taking into consideration of State consent and the route benefits.

- India has accepted and opened the route within its territory (Ref. ICAO APAC Route Catalogue, Ver. 19)
- China has agreed to seriously review the route proposal (Ref. SEA RR/TF/4 report).
- China and other stakeholders are further requested to expedite the process of implementing the route proposal for greater efficiency and sustainability of operations in this COVID situation.

➤ Further benefits of the route

- Round trip flight distance saving by about 220 nm
- Round trip time saving by about 30 min,
- Round trip reduction in fuel burn by around 2755 kg
- Round trip reduction in CO₂ emission by 8706 kg, support in protecting the environment.

Table 1. Benefits of Himalaya 2 route

| Sector | Present distance | Future distance on Himalaya-2 | Round trip saving per flight per day | | | | Round trip saving per flight per year | |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | Saving distance | Time saving | Fuel saving @ 12.64 Kg/NM | Carbon emission reduced @3.16 Kg/ Kg fuel | Total fuel saving | Total Carbon emission reduced |
| Kathmandu-Kunming | 1096 NM | 1001 NM | 96 +122 = 218NM | 28 mins | 2755 kg | 8706 Kg | 1005 tonnes | 3178 tonnes |
| Kunming-Kathmandu | 1123 NM | 1001 NM | | | | | | |

KATHMANDU - KUNMING

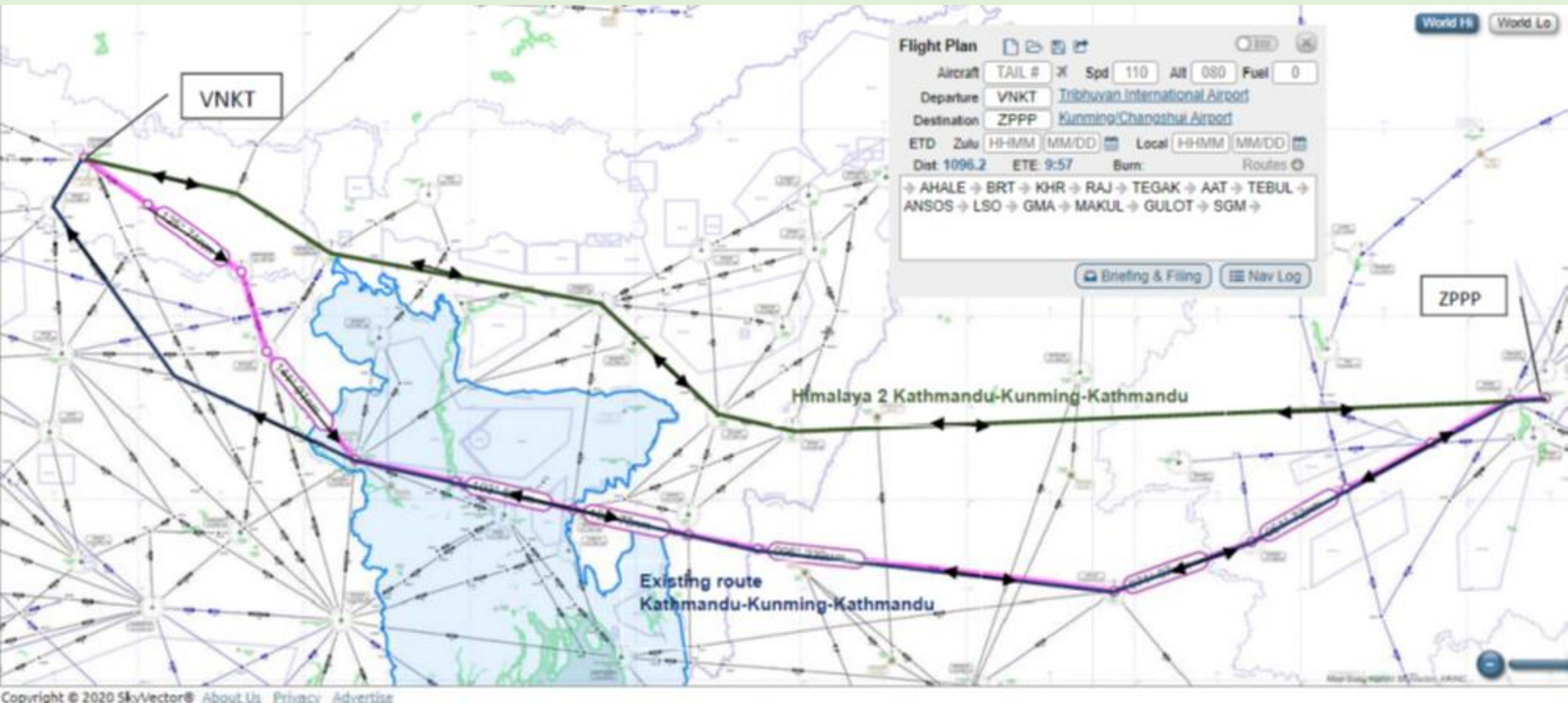


Table 2. Comparison of two airlines operating on Kathmandu- Hong Kong sector and v. v.

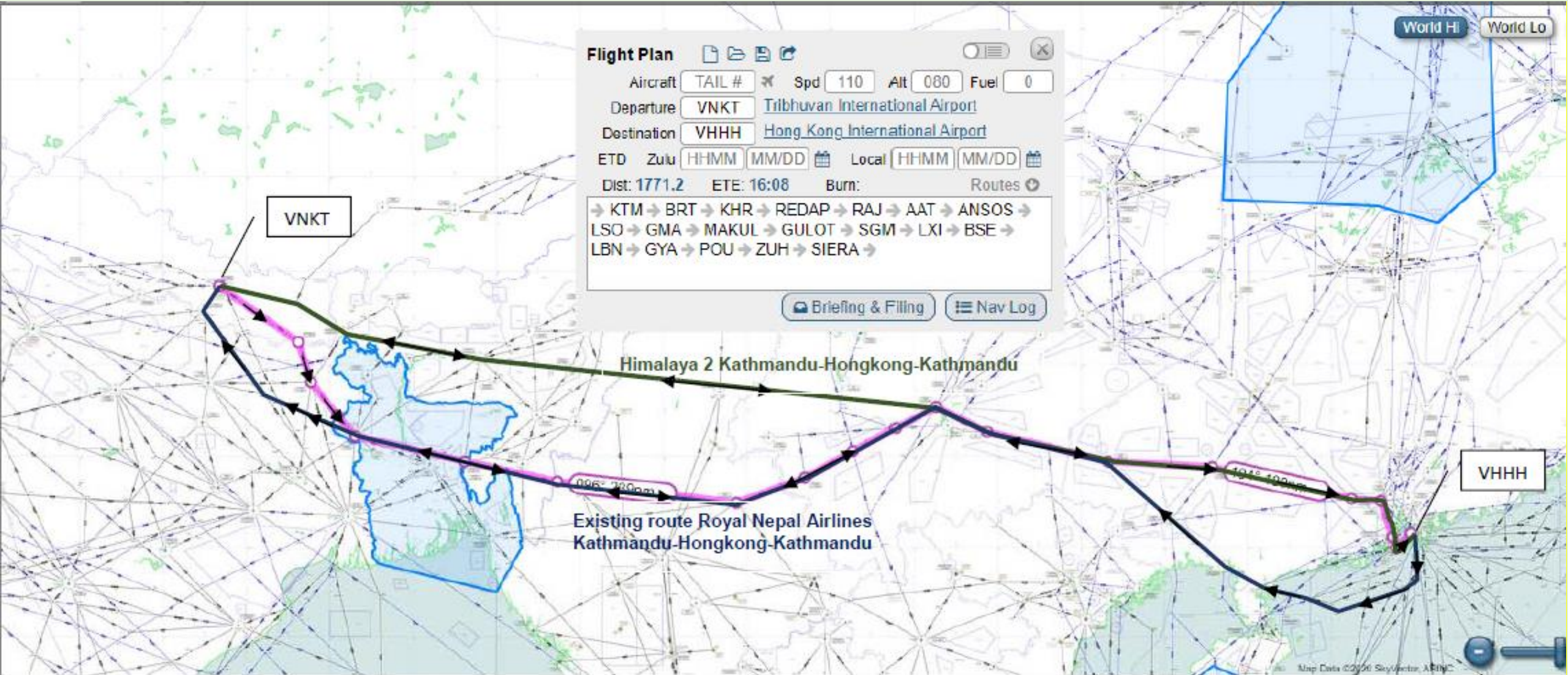
| Airline Operators | Via Exiting Route: | Distance (NM) | Round Trips Distance (NM) |
|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Nepal Airlines | Kathmandu to Hongkong: KTM-BRT-R344-RAJ-A201-AAT-A201B-ANSOS-A201 -LSO -A599-SGM-A599-ADBAG-A599-POU-R473-SIERA-DCT HKG | 1770 NM | 3664 NM |
| | Hongkong to Kathmandu: HKG-PECAN-V10-SIKOU-R339-BSE-A599-LINSO-A599-LSOA201 -ANSOS-A201B-AAT-A201 -RAJ-G463-ROMEODCT-KTM | 1894 NM | |
| Dragon Air | Kathmandu to Hongkong: KTM-R344-RAJ-G463-CTG-B465-AKSAG-B465-LPB-A206-ASSAD-A202-DABUB-A202-SIKOU-V571 -CANTO-HKG | 1868 NM | 3805 NM |
| | Hongkong to Kathmandu: HKG-PECAN-V10-SIKOU-A202-SAMAS-A202-DABUB-A202- | 1937 NM | |

| Via Proposed Himalyan-2 Route | Distance (NM) | Round Trips Distance (NM) |
|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Kathmandu to Hongkong: KTM-G348-BGD-W137-GGT-W53-KKU-W55-IIM-SMGA599- ADBAG-A599-POU-R473-SIERA-DCT HKG | 1676 NM | 3441 NM |
| Hongkong to Kathmandu: HKG-PECAN1B-PECAN-V10-SIKOU-R339-BSE-A599-SGM-IIM-W55-KKU-W53-GGT-W137-BGD-G348-KTM | 1765 NM | |

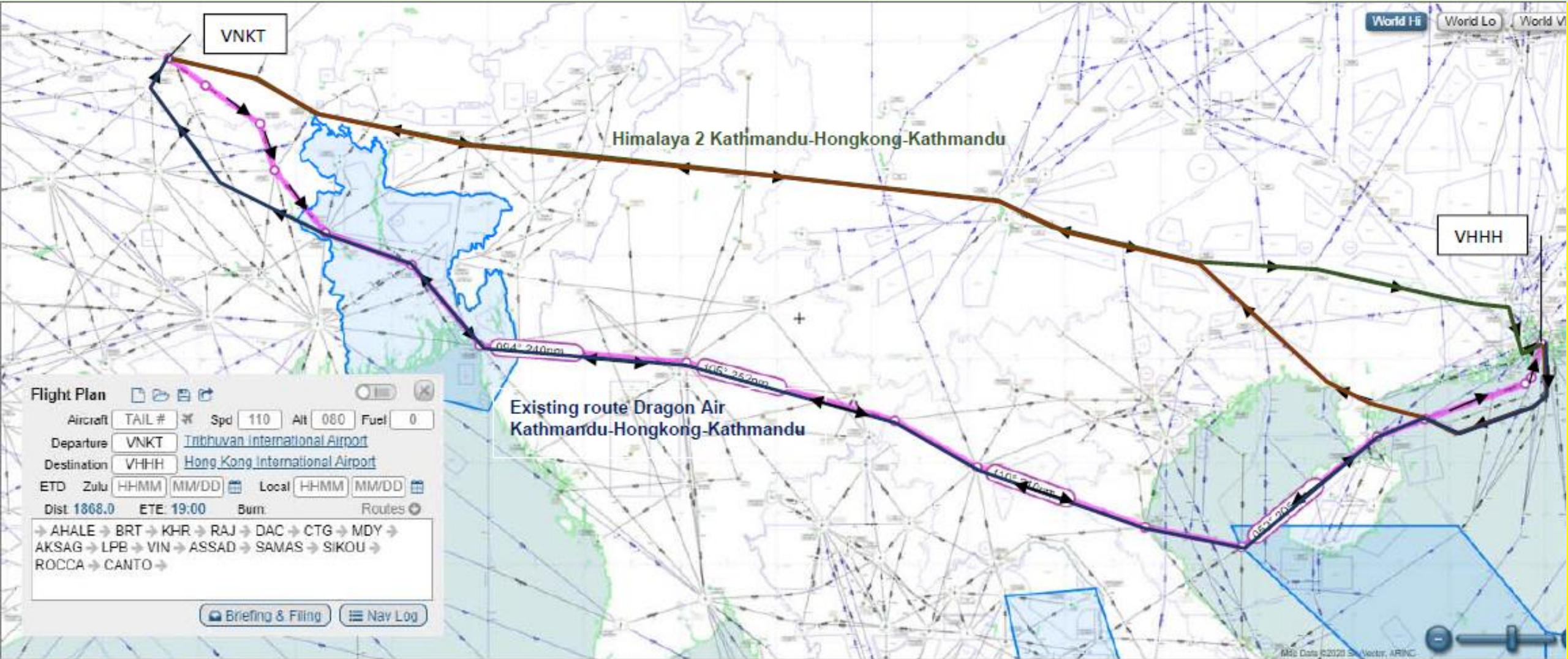
Benefit of Himalyan-2 route :

| Himalaya 2 route | Distance Saved (NM) | Time Saved @ speed 470 Kts | Round trip saving per flight per day | | Round trip saving per flight per year | |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| | | | Fuel saved @12.64 Kg/Nm | Carbon emission reduced @3.16Kg/Kg fuel | Total fuel saving | CO2 saving |
| Per round trip flight of Nepal Airlines | 223 NM | 20min | 2819 Kg | 8909 Kg | 1028 tonnes | 3251 tonnes |
| Per round trip of Dragon Air | 364 NM | 50min | 4601 Kg | 14539 Kg | 1679 tonnes | 5306 tonnes |

KATHMANDU- HONGKONG BY ROYAL NEPAL AIRLINES



KATHMANDU – HONGKONG BY DRAGON AIR



3. ACTION BY THE MEETING

The meeting is invited to:

- note the information contained in this paper;
- discuss means of support for the long awaited initiative aimed at enhancing safety and efficiency of aircraft operation and protecting the environment; and
- discuss any relevant matters as appropriate.