



Australian Government
Civil Aviation Safety Authority



Baro-VNAV ground validation

Presented by Steven Kreusser (Aviation Safety Inspector)

Regulatory Context

Civil Aviation Safety Regulations (CASR) – Part 173

- Establishes requirements for Certified Procedure Designer
- Establishes requirements for Procedure Design Verification
- Establishes requirements for Procedure Design Validation

Manual of Standards (MOS) – Part 173 (currently under review)

- Establishes standards for compliance with CASR 173
- Establishes standards for Procedure Design Validation

Regulatory Context – CASR 173

Civil Aviation Safety Regulations (CASR) – Part 173

→ Establishes requirements for Procedure Design Verification

173.090 Verification of terminal instrument flight procedures

- (1) A certified designer must establish procedures for verifying terminal instrument procedures that it is authorised to design under the designer's procedure design certificate or on which the designer is authorised to carry on design work.
- (2) The verification procedures:
 - (a) must provide for 2 qualified designers to check independently the design of each terminal instrument flight procedure designed, or on which design work is carried on, under the certified designer's procedure design certificate; and
 - (b) must provide for one of those checks to be made by a qualified designer who did not carry on the design work concerned.

Regulatory Context – CASR 173

Civil Aviation Safety Regulations (CASR) – Part 173

→ Establishes requirements for Procedure Design Validation

173.095 Validation of terminal instrument flight procedures

(1) A certified designer must ensure that each terminal instrument flight procedure designed under the designer's procedure design certificate is validated by a CASA pilot in accordance with any applicable standards set out in the Manual of Standards.

(2) In this regulation:

CASA pilot means a pilot:

- (a) who is an officer of CASA; and
- (b) who meets the standards set out in the Manual of Standards for carrying out a validation flight check of a terminal instrument flight procedure.

validation flight check has the same meaning as in the Manual of Standards.

Regulatory Context – MOS 173

Manual of Standards (MOS) – Part 173
(currently under review)

→ Establishes standards for Procedure Design Validation

7.1.1 Overview

7.1.1.1 Flight validation is required for:

- (a) instrument approach procedures;
- (b) revised instrument approach procedures where the final course has been re-aligned by 3° or more.

7.1.1.2 Validation of an instrument flight procedure comprises:

- (a) a review of the draft procedures from an operational perspective conducted by the validation pilot; and
- (b) a validation flight check.

7.1.1.3 The process of instrument approach procedure design focuses on those controlling obstacles that affect the procedure. This focus is facilitated through the use of various obstacle and terrain databases. The purpose of flight validation is to verify database information, to check all obstacles (including the identification of any unforeseen obstacles) that affect the safety of the procedure, and to assess the 'flyability' of the procedure.

Regulatory Context – MOS 173

Manual of Standards (MOS) – Part 173 (currently under review)

→ Establishes standards for Flight Validation Pilots

7.1.24 Pilots

7.1.24.1 The standard for the qualifications and experience of Pilots-in-Command of instrument flight procedure validation flights is:

- (a) ATPL;
- (b) current command instrument rating, endorsed for the type of procedure under validation;
- (c) relevant experience in multi-engine IFR procedures;
- (d) completion of a course in PANS-OPS procedures design principles;
- (e) a thorough knowledge of ICAO PANS-OPS procedures design principles and methods;
- (f) adequate knowledge of the design of procedures in accordance with the MOS;
- (g) satisfactory completion of a flight validation course conducted by CASA and possession of a letter of competency issued by CASA certifying his/her competence to conduct flight validation;
- (h) satisfactory completion of a course in aerodrome lighting and visual approach slope guidance systems conducted by CASA and possession of a letter of competency issued by CASA certifying his/her competence to conduct aerodrome lighting inspections;
- (i) a low flying permit issued in accordance with CAR 157(4)(b); and
- (j) completion of a procedure flight validation flight within the previous year.

CASA Validation Process

Manual of Standards (MOS) – Part 173
(currently under review)

→ Application for validation

6.1.2.2 On completion of a design, a certified designer must apply to CASA for flight validation.

Note The address for applications is anaa.corro@casa.gov.au or Air Navigation, Airspace and Aerodromes Manager, Civil Aviation Safety Authority, GPO Box 2005, Canberra, ACT 2601.

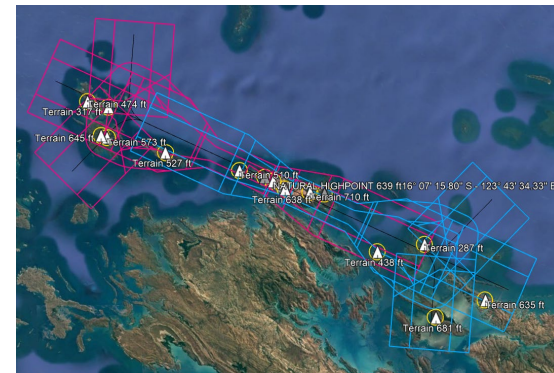
CASA Validation Documentation

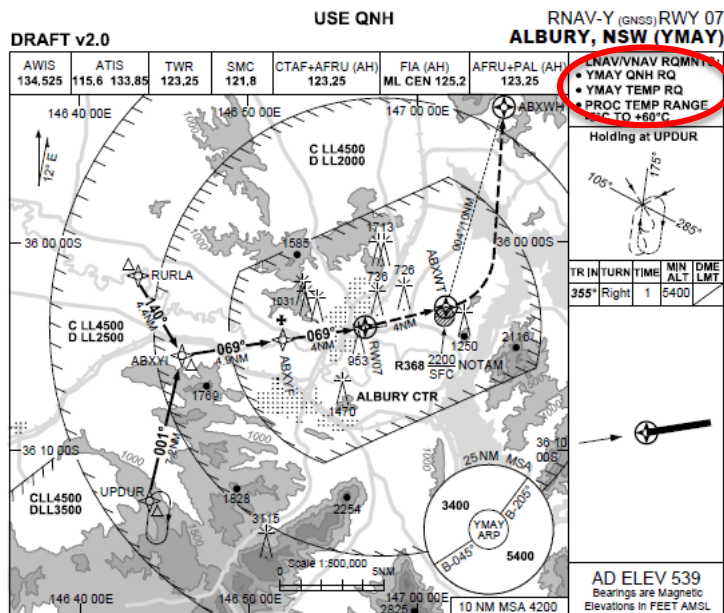
Certified Designers required to submit the following Validation Documentation

- ✓ Publication ready, draft instrument approach chart
- ✓ Recommended coding / waypoint information
- ✓ Procedure design calculations
- ✓ Flight validation form
- ✓ Controlling obstacles list
- ✓ Maps illustrating protection areas and controlling obstacles
- ✓ Google earth files of protection areas and controlling obstacles

PROPOSED NAVIGATION DATABASE CODING TABLE														
FIELD DESCRIPTION OR TRANSMISSION	HAZTYPE	WAVELENGTH (CENTIMETER)	FREQUENCY	COLOR / CODE (NORAD)	MAGNETIC VARIATION	DISTANCE (NAUTICAL MILES)	TIME RANGE	TURN DIRECTION	ALTITUDE (FT)	SPEED (KT)	WPA / TCA (NAUTICAL MILES)	NAVIGATION DESCRIPTION	REP. DATE	ARC CENTER (LAT/LONG)
TRANSMISSION														
R	RF	EC2000	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	1.00	---	+	+2100	+20	---	RMP JFCN	1	---
W	RF	EC2000	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	1.00	---	---	+2100	---	---	RMP JFCN	1	---
TRANSMISSION														
R	RF	EC2000	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	1.00	---	---	+2100	---	---	RMP JFCN	1	---
W	RF	EC2000	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	1.00	---	---	+2100	---	---	RMP JFCN	1	---
TRANSMISSION														
R	RF	EC2000	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	1.00	---	---	+2100	+20	---	RMP JFCN	1	---
W	RF	EC2000	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	1.00	---	---	+2100	---	---	RMP JFCN	1	---
TERRAIN REFERENCE														
T	RF	EC2000	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	1.00	---	---	---	---	---	RMP JFCN	1	---
T	RF	EC2000	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	1.00	---	---	+2100	---	+0.0	RMP JFCN	1	---
W	RAWR	PR011	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	1.00	---	---	+2100	---	---	RMP JFCN	1	---
CF	MAP	EC2000	N	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	4.00	---	---	---	---	---	RMP JFCN	1	---
CA	---	---	---	1127.00M / 1127.0	2.0	---	---	---	---	---	---	RMP JFCN	1	---

WAYPOINTS INFORMATION - WGS84				
Waypoint / Fix	Latitude	Longitude	Notes	Published Y / M
EC2000	42° 56' 30.00"	112° 00' 25.34"		N
EC2000	42° 56' 00.00"	112° 00' 00.00"		N
EC2000	42° 56' 00.00"	112° 00' 20.00"		N
EC2000	42° 56' 00.00"	112° 00' 40.00"		N
EC2000	42° 56' 00.00"	112° 00' 40.00"		N
EC2000	42° 56' 00.00"	112° 00' 40.71"		N
PR011	42° 02' 15.00"	103° 44' 34.33"		N
EC2000	42° 56' 30.00"	112° 00' 25.34"		N





Draft Approach Chart

- » LNAV/VNAV requirements
- » Final descent to land
- » DA depiction
- » Appropriate DA
- » LNAV/VNAV annotation

CATEGORY	A	B	C	D
LNAV/VNAV		1220 (681-3.9)		
CIRCLING	2050 (1511-2.4)	2210 (1671-4.0)	2270 (1731-5.0)	
ALTERNATE	(2011-4.4)	(2171-6.0)	(2231-7.0)	

1. MAX IAS: INITIAL : 210KT.
2. COLOUR: SEE SPEC NOTICES.
3. PROC NOT AVBL WHEN R368 ACT.

Changes: NEW PROC.

MAYGN03-???

Recommended Coding

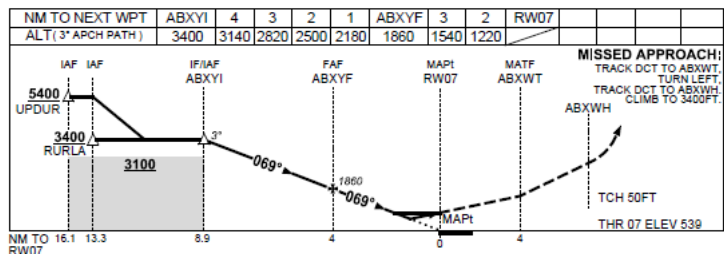
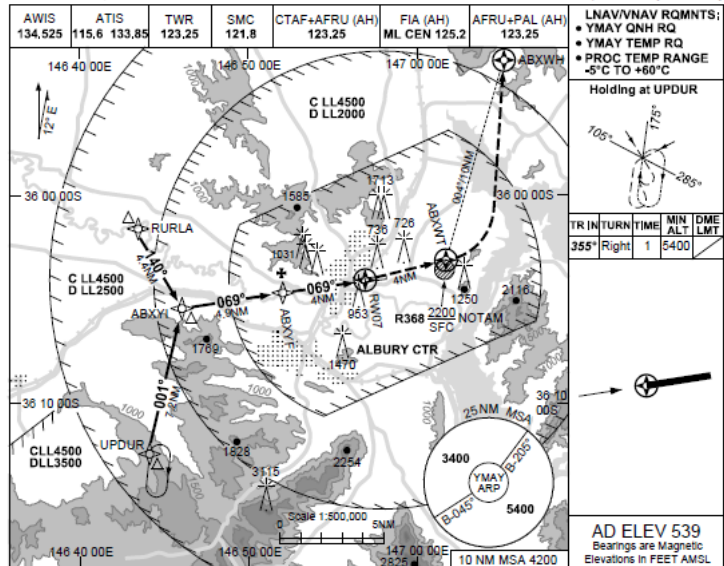
Aerodrome (ICAO)	YMAY
Procedure Name	RNAV-Y (GNSS) RWY 07
Effective Date	Draft v2.0
PBN Nav Spec	RNP-APCH

Airservices - Recommended Coding

[illegible]

- » Path Terminators
- » Altitudes
- » Speeds
- » VPA

USE QNH **RNAV-Y (GNSS) RWY 07**
DRAFT v2.0 **ALBURY, NSW (YMAV)**



CATEGORY	A	B	C	D
LNAV/VNAV		1220 (681-3.9)		
CIRCLING	2050 (1511-2.4)	2210 (1671-4.0)	2270 (1731-5.0)	
ALTERNATE	(2011-4.4)	(2171-6.0)	(2231-7.0)	

Changes: NEW PROC.

MAYGN03-???

- NOTES**
1. MAX IAS: INITIAL : 210KT.
 2. COLOUR: SEE SPEC NOTICES.
 3. PROC NOT AVBL WHEN R368 ACT.

Cross check!

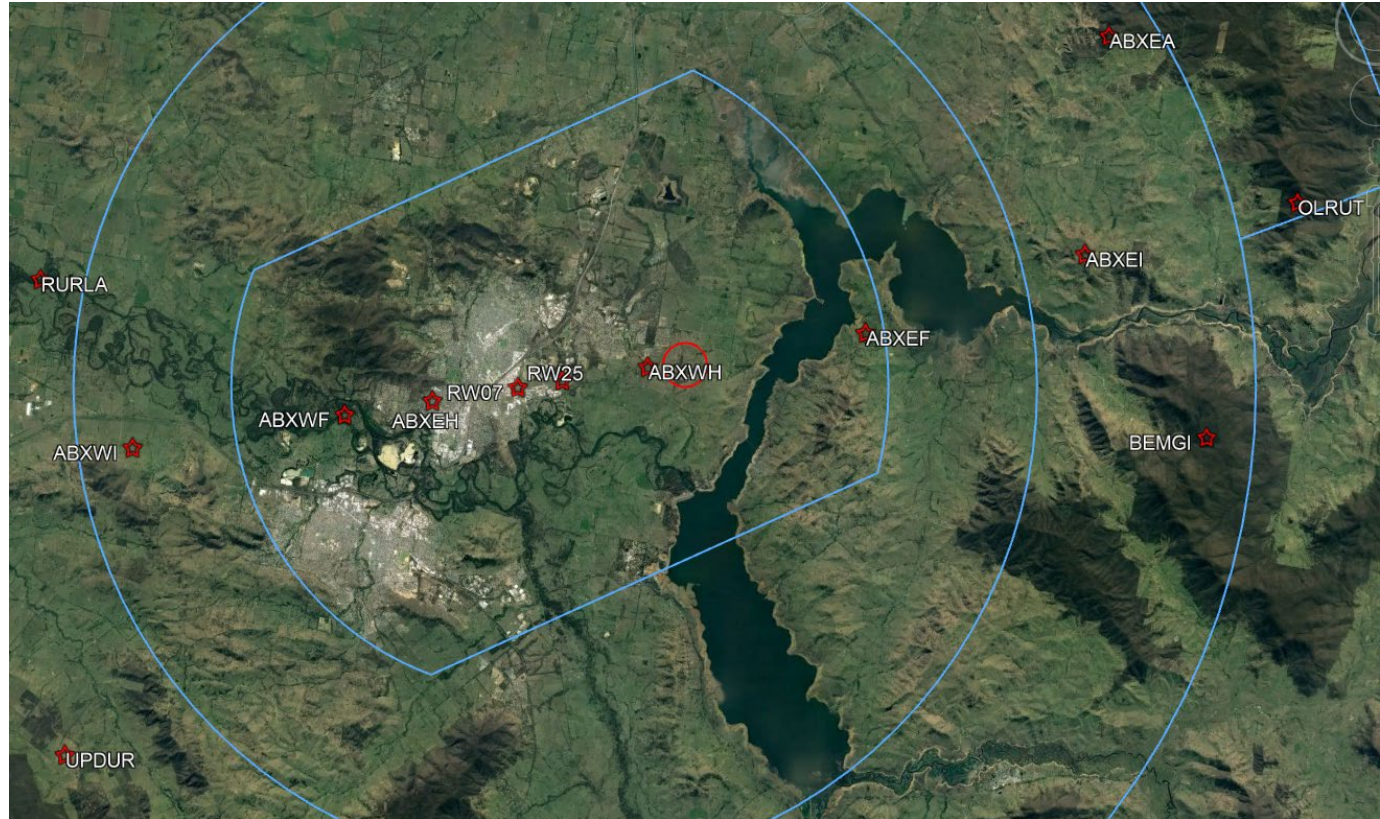
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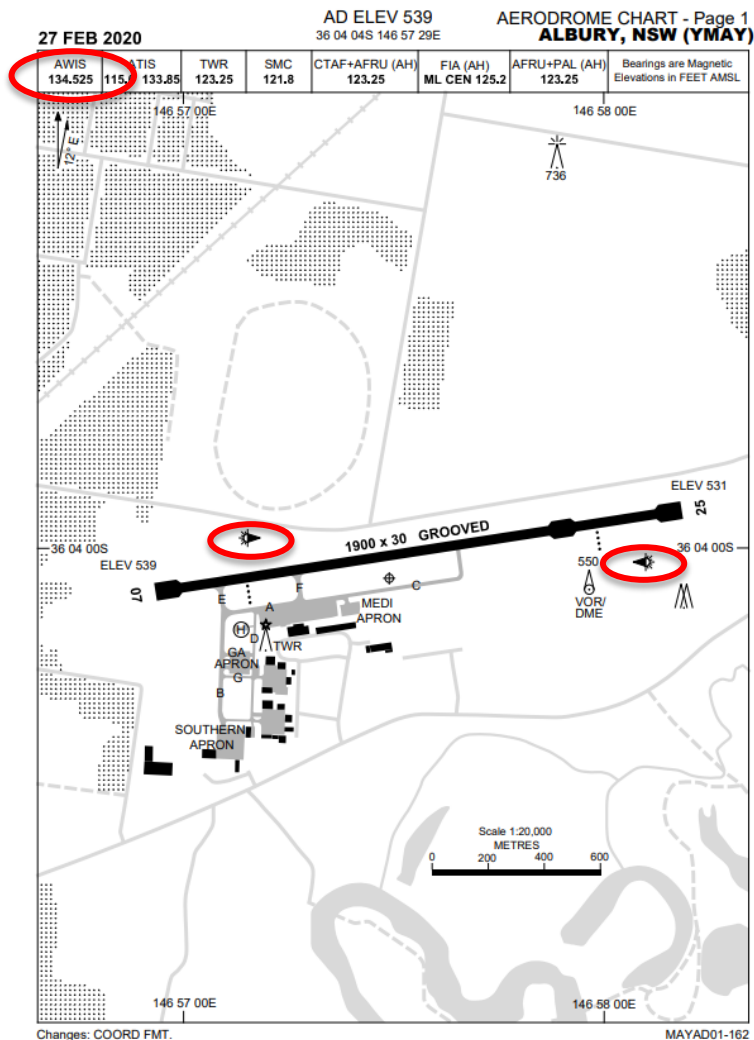
Airservices - Recommended Coding

Sequence Number	Fix Identifier (WAYPOINT NAME)	Path Terminator	Flyover (Y, -)	Course *M	Course *T	Mag Var +°E / -°W	Turn Direction (L/R)	Altitude (FT) (+, -, @)	Speed Constraint (KT) (+, -, @)	Leg Distance (NM)	Time (MIN)	VPA (°)	TCH (FT)	Arc Centre Fix	Arc Radius (NM)	RNP Value
10	UPDUR	IF						+5400	-210							
20	ABXYI	TF		001	012.69	11.81		+3400		7.2						RNP APCH
10	RURLA	IF						+3400	-210							
20	ABXYI	TF		140	151.37	11.81		+3400		4.4						RNP APCH
10	ABXYI	IF						+3400								
20	ABXYF	TF		069	081.30	11.81		+1860		4.9		3.00				RNP APCH
30	RW07	TF	Y	069	081.30	11.81		589		4.0		3.00	50			RNP APCH
40	ABXWH	DF	Y							4.0						RNP APCH
50	ABXWH	DF					L	+3400								RNP APCH
Remarks																

Approach Waypoints

UPDUR	S36 12 26.22	E146 44 08.05
RURLA	S36 01 35.98	E146 43 29.40
ABXWI	S36 05 26.52	E146 46 04.50
ABXWF	S36 04 41.79	E146 52 03.31
RW07	S36 04 05.07	E146 56 56.01
ABXWH	S36 03 37.40	E147 00 35.49
ABXEA	S35 56 04.23	E147 13 33.29
OLRUT	S35 59 51.00	E147 18 52.54
BEMGI	S36 05 12.46	E147 16 19.55
ABXEI	S36 01 02.92	E147 12 53.53
ABXEF	S36 02 50.79	E147 06 43.08
RW25	S36 03 55.62	E146 58 11.07
ABXEH	S36 04 23.22	E146 54 31.57





Aerodrome Infrastructure

- » AWIS (Mandatory for Baro-VNAV)
- » Wind Direction Indicator
- » Registered or Certified



Threshold Coordinates

DESIGNATED AIRSPACE HANDBOOK

EFFECTIVE 05 NOV 2020

202011041600 UTC AIRAC

Compiled from data held by AIS at 21 MAY 2020

NEXT ISSUE EFFECTIVE DATE 17 JUNE 2021

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Consult NOTAM for latest information.

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The Horizontal Datum used in this document
is the World Geodetic Datum 1984 (WGS84).
The Vertical Datum is the Australian Height
Datum (AHD).

Published under the authority of Airservices Australia in accordance with the requirements of AIP ENR 1.4
Sections 1 and 3, and GEN 3.2 Section 2, Manual of Air Traffic Services and the Air Standardisation
Coordinating Committee

ALBURY	81.19	07	360405.07S	1465656.01E
ALBURY	261.18	25	360355.62S	1465811.07E

UPDUR S36 12 26.22 E146 44 08.05

RURLA S36 01 35.98 E146 43 29.40

ABXWI S36 05 26.52 E146 46 04.50

ABXWF S36 04 41.79 E146 52 03.31

RW07 S36 04 05.07 E146 56 56.01

ABXWH S36 03 37.40 E147 00 35.49

ABXEA S35 56 04.23 E147 13 33.29

OLRUT S35 59 51.00 E147 18 52.54

BEMGI S36 05 12.46 E147 16 19.55

ABXEI S36 01 02.92 E147 12 53.53

ABXEF S36 02 50.79 E147 06 43.08

RW25 S36 03 55.62 E146 58 11.07

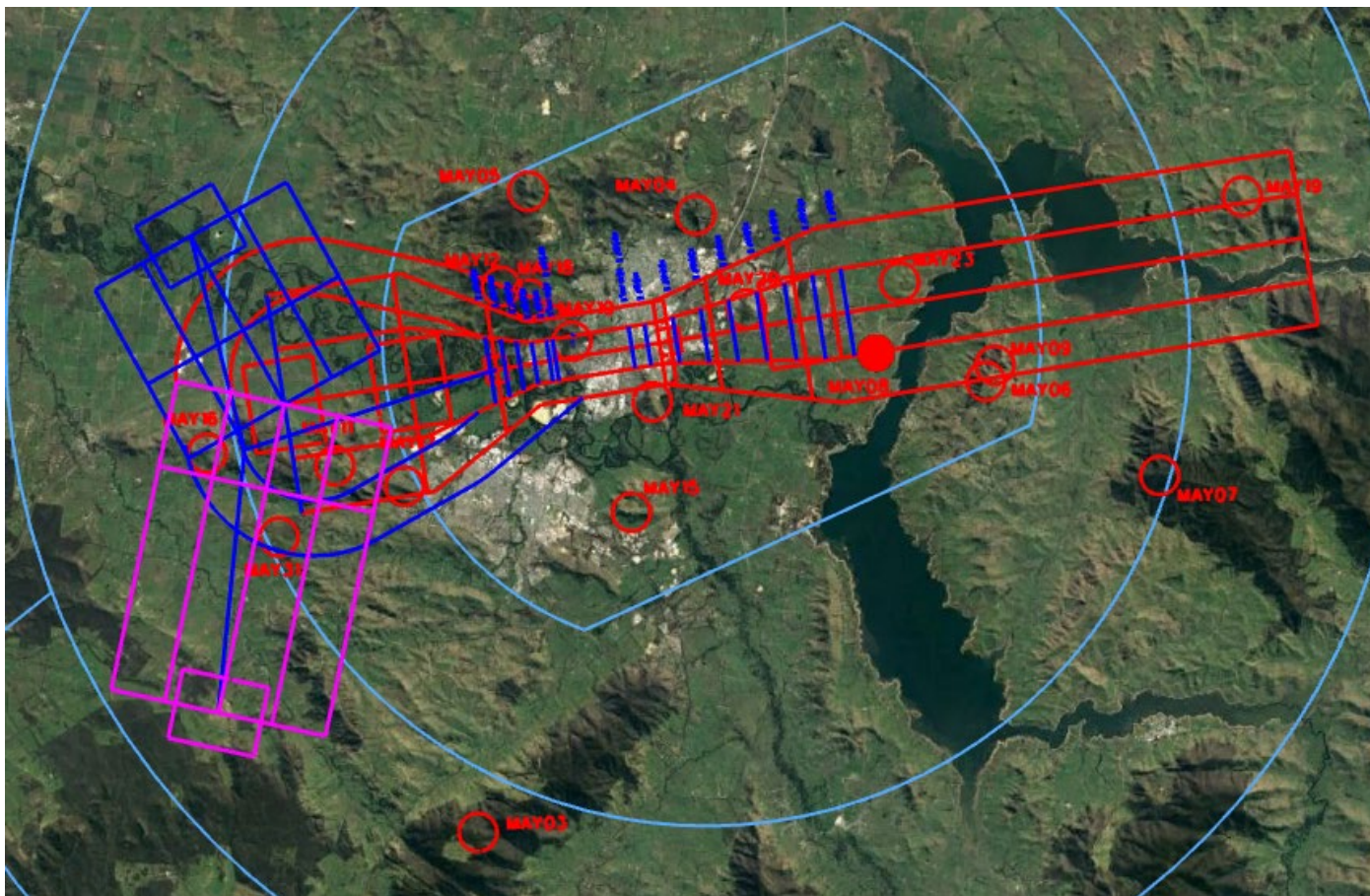
ABXEH S36 04 23.22 E146 54 31.57

Controlling Obstacles – Common Segments

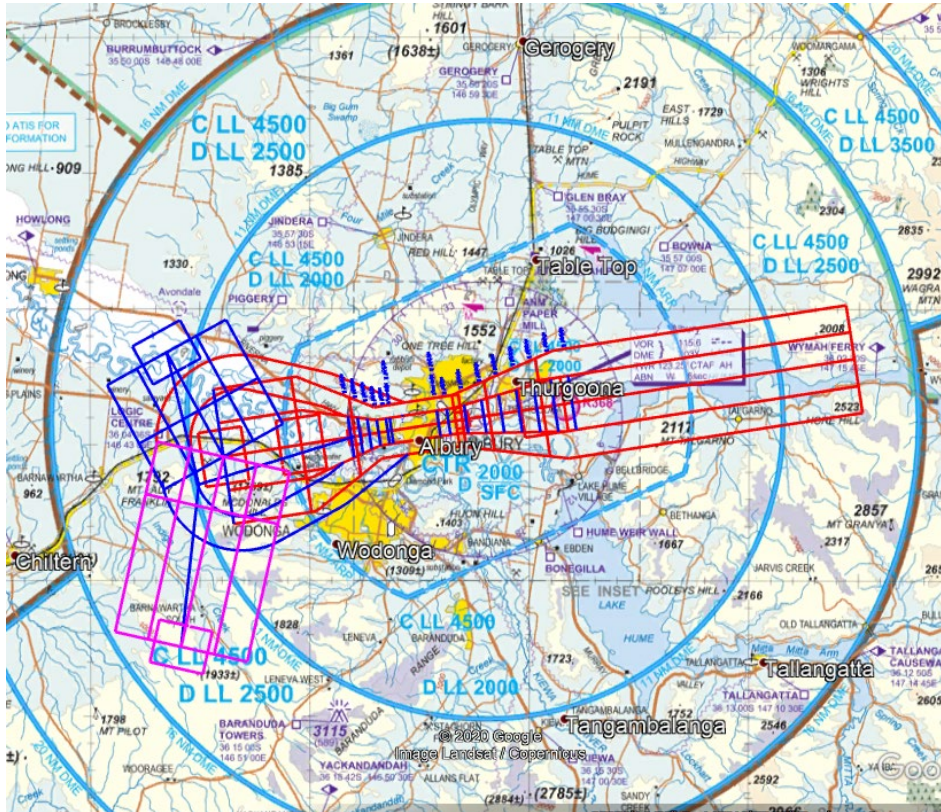
AERODROME: ALBURY (YMAY) ARP: S 36 04 03.51 E 146 57 29.35 AD ELEV: 539												
MAG VAR: 11.81°												
25nm MSA	Serial	Segment	Description	BRG °T ARP	Dist (KM)	Dist (NM)	Elev (ft)	MOC	Nominal Alt (ft)	OIS / Flt Alt (ft)	Approximate Position	
	MAY01	S/East	Mt Tawonga 1271 spot	164°	55.7	30.0	4333	984	5400	4420	36 33.03	147 07.54
	MAY02	N/West	Table Top Ridge 668m spot	024°	24.6	13.3	2364	984	3400	2420	35 51.88	147 04.01
10nm MSA	Serial	Segment	Description	BRG °T ARP	Dist (KM)	Dist (NM)	Elev (ft)	MOC	Nominal Alt (ft)	OIS / Flt Alt (ft)	Approximate Position	
	MAY03	10 MSA	Baranduda Towers 3115ft	204°	22.5	12.2	3115	984	4200	3220	36 15.21	146 51.43
Circling	Serial	Segment	Description	BRG °T ARP	Dist (KM)	Dist (NM)	Elev (ft)	MOC	Nominal Alt (ft)	OIS / Flt Alt (ft)	Approximate Position	
	MAY04	A/B	One Tree Hill 440m Contour	003°	5.3	2.8	1642	295	1950	1660	36 01.22	146 57.68
	MAY04	C	One Tree Hill 440m Contour	003°	5.3	2.8	1642	394	2110	1720	36 01.22	146 57.68
	MAY05	D	Terrain - 483m Peak	313°	9.3	5.0	1774	394	2170	1780	36 00.65	146 52.98
Runway Data	Runway 07			S 36 04.08		E 146 56.93		539ft				
	Runway 25			S 36 03.93		E 146 58.18		531ft				

AERODROME: ALBURY (MAY)														
RNAV (GNSS) RWY 07														
Holding	Serial	Segment	Description	BRG °T ARP	Dist (KM)	Dist (NM)	Elev (ft)	MOC	Nominal Alt (ft)	OIS / Ftk Alt (ft)	Approximate Position			
			Holding at 25nm MSA					984	5400	4420				
Initial	Serial	Segment	Description	BRG °T ARP	Dist (KM)	Dist (NM)	Elev (ft)	MOC	Nominal Alt (ft)	OIS / Ftk Alt (ft)	Approximate Position			
	MAY31	Right IAF	520m CONT	245°	19.2	10.38	1905	984	3100	2120	36 08.46	146 45.83		
	MAY16		Mt Lady Franklin 546m	257°	20.9	11.30	1971	984	3100	2120	36 06.54	146 43.89		
Intermediate	Serial	Segment	Description	BRG °T ARP	Dist (KM)	Dist (NM)	Elev (ft)	MOC	Nominal Alt (ft)	OIS / Ftk Alt (ft)	Approximate Position			
	MAY16		Mt Lady Franklin 546m	257°	20.9	11.30	1971	492	2500	2010	36 06.54	146 43.89		
Final	Serial	Segment	Description	BRG °T ARP	Dist (KM)	Dist (NM)	Elev (ft)	MOC	Nominal Alt (ft)	OIS / Ftk Alt (ft)	Approximate Position			
	MAY10	LNAV	2019 Survey Obstacle - Tree	270°	4.90	2.65	1002	208	1210	1010	36 04.07	146 54.18		
		VNAV	2019 Survey Obstacle - Haz Light	273°	5.00	2.70	1077	143	1220	1080				
				Start of Climb: 1.26 nm fm MAP; MAYW										
Missed Approach	Serial	Segment	Description	BRG °T ARP	Dist (KM)	Dist (NM)	Elev (ft)	MOC	Nominal Alt (ft)	OIS / Ftk Alt (ft)	Approximate Position			
	MAY08	LNAV	380m Contour	094°	7.79	4.25	1446	164	1700	1540	36 04.39	147 02.72		
		VNAV	Nil Significant Obs					161	1220	1060				
				Basic MOC (164' or 98') MAPT to SOC (nm) MAPT to Validation SOC (nm) MDA ALT at Validation SOC Rate of Climb										
				164 1.246 0.707 1210 964 2.5%									Approximate Position	
KSS			MDA 1210ft			MOC 245ft				Altitude (MDA-MOC)			SEE VOR 07	
Waypoints	UPDUR	RIGHT	36 12.44	146 44.13						36 12 26.22	146 44 08.05			
	RURLA	LEFT	36 01.60	146 43.49						36 01 35.98	146 43 29.40			
	MAYWI	INTERMED	36 06.46	146 44.95						36 06 27.89	146 44 56.94			
	MAYWF	FINAL	36 05.28	146 50.94						36 05 16.63	146 50 56.57			
	MAYWM	MISSED	36 04.08	146 56.93						36 04 05.07	146 56 56.01			
	MAYWT	TURN FIX	36 03.13	147 01.72						36 03 07.61	147 01 43.44			
	MAYWH	HOLD FIX	35 53.50	147 05.15						35 53 30.13	147 05 08.96			

Controlling Obstacles Approach



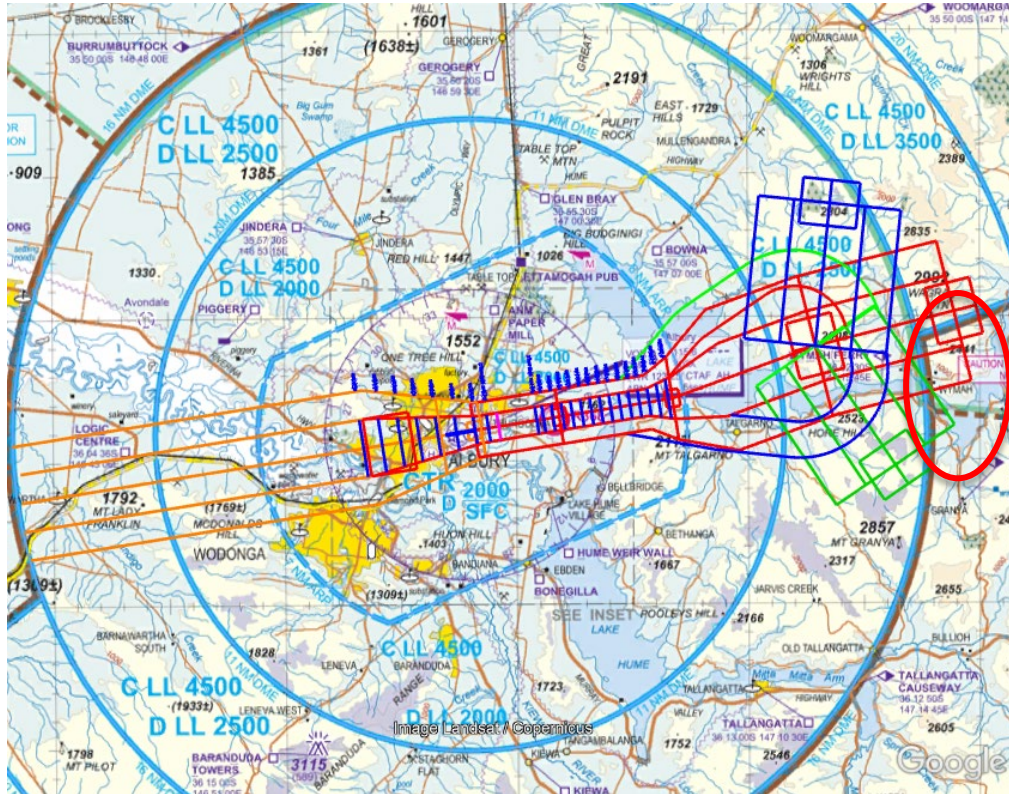
Airspace Containment



8.1.1.4 Airspace Buffers. Procedures within controlled airspace must be designed so that:

- (a) horizontally:
 - (i) a 1 NM buffer is provided between the airspace boundary and the boundary of:
 - (A) for holding—the primary holding area;
 - (B) for non-precision approach segments—the primary area;
 - (C) for precision approach segments—the OAS W and X surfaces.
- (b) vertically:
 - (i) A 500 ft buffer is provided between the nominal aircraft position and an airspace boundary set for VFR level; or
 - (ii) A 1,000 ft buffer is provided between the nominal aircraft position and an airspace boundary set at a useable IFR level;

Airspace Containment



Not Contained within
controlled airspace!

Desktop Validation - Checklist



Australian Government
Civil Aviation Safety Authority

PRE VALIDATION CHECKLIST		
Date: 07 Feb 20	Validation Type: New Procedures	
Organisation: Airservices	Evaluator Name: Sophie Joshua 02 6217 1753	
Procedure Title: RNAV-Y(GNSS) RWY 07	PBN Nav Spec: RNP APCH Baro VNAV	
RNAV-Z(GNSS) RWY 25		
Location: Albury	Runways: RWY 07 RWY 25	
Airport: Albury (YMAY)	RM8: F19/7590-3	
PRE-FLIGHT VALIDATION		
	SAT	UNSAT
1. IFP package forms, charts, and maps	✓	
2. Data verification (e.g. aerodrome/heliport, aeronautical, obstacle, ARINC coding)	✓	
3. Location of the controlling obstacles	✓	
4. Graphical depiction (Chart) correctness and complexity	✓	
5. Intended use and special requirements	✓	
6. Overall design is practical, complete, clear and safe	✓	
7. Consider impact on the procedure of differences to standard design criteria	✓	
8. Segment lengths and descent gradients allow for deceleration/ configuration	✓	
9. Comparison of FMS navigation database with the IFP design, coding, and relevant charting information	For sim validation	
10. Flight Validation Reports available	✓	
11. Charting of notification of cold/warm temperature limits	✓	
12. Overlapping secondary aerodrome procedures	✓	
13. Airspace containment	See comments	
14. Prohibited, Restricted or Danger Areas	✓	
15. Runway strip width – OCH adjustment	✓	
16. IWDIs/AWIB	✓	
17. Runway edge lighting	✓	
18. Aerodrome Registered/Certified	Certified	
19. TAF available	✓	
20. Aerodrome QNH & temp available	✓	
REMARKS: 13. No changes to current airspace containment.		

Pre Validation Checklist

1 of 2



Australian Government
Civil Aviation Safety Authority

Chart Version	Changes from current LNAV	Issues	Validation
RNAV-Y RWY 07 DRAFT V1.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New procedure, modified from RNAV-Z 07 (Final approach track now runway aligned) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nil 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Full validation of final approach track required.
RNAV-Z RWY 25 DRAFT V1.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Final approach track rotated 5° to be runway aligned. VNAV minima added Mapt move to THLD renamed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nil 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Full validation of final approach track required.

Simulator evaluation required	YES	NO
Flight evaluation required	YES	NO
SATISFACTORY FOR FLIGHT VALIDATION	UNSATISFACTORY FOR FLIGHT VALIDATION	

EVALUATOR SIGNATURE:

[Signature]
10 Feb 2020

Pre Validation Checklist

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Thank You