Subject: Potential safety concerns regarding interference to radio altimeters

Action required: As indicated in paragraph 5

Sir/Madam,

1. I have the honour to bring your attention to an ongoing initiative by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) to ensure continued public and aviation safety.

2. During recent meetings of ICAO experts, concerns about interference to radio altimeters on-board aircraft have been raised. A number of administrations are currently considering or have already begun deploying new cellular broadband technologies (such as 5G) in the frequency bands close to the radio altimeter’s frequencies of operation (4.2-4.4 GHz), a critical aviation safety system. The international aviation industry has noted with concern that these broadband technologies may cause harmful interference to radio altimeters.

3. The radio altimeter\(^1\) is a mandated critical aircraft safety system used to determine an aircraft’s height above terrain. Its information is essential to enable several safety related flight operations and navigation functions on all commercial aircraft as well as a wide range of other civil aircraft. Such functions and systems include terrain awareness, aircraft collision avoidance, wind shear detection, flight controls, and functions to automatically land an aircraft. If not properly mitigated\(^2\), harmful interference to the function of the radio altimeter during any phase of flight may pose a serious safety risk to passengers, crew and people on the ground.

4. ICAO has received studies from several States and organizations regarding the interference potential to radio altimeters\(^3\). These studies generally conclude that some radio altimeters will be impacted

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1 In some aviation publications it is also known as the radar altimeter or Low Range Radar Altimeter.
2 General guidance on Interference Protection Considerations can be found in Chapter 9 of the *Handbook on Radio Frequency Spectrum Requirements for Civil Aviation – ICAO spectrum strategy, policy statements and related information* (Doc 9718, Volume I)
if high power cellular systems are implemented near the frequency band used by radio altimeters. Several States have already implemented temporary technical, regulatory and operational mitigations on new 5G systems in order to protect radio altimeters while more permanent solutions are being devised.

5. I encourage you and your Administration to consider as a priority, public and aviation safety when deciding how to enable cellular broadband/5G services in radio frequency bands near the bands used by radio altimeters.

Accept, Sir/Madam, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Fang Liu
Secretary General

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3 Report of Australian national study (IP03 WG/10 meeting – ACMA options consultation meeting) –
https://www.icao.int/safety/FSMP/MeetingDocs/FSMP%20WG11/WP/FSMP-WG11-WP13_Status%20on%20replanning%20the%203700-4200%20MHz%20band%20in%20Australia.doc

3 Report of Japanese national study and mitigations -
https://www.icao.int/safety/FSMP/MeetingDocs/FSMP%20WG11/WP/FSMP-WG11-WP30_5GJapan.docx

3 Report of UK CAA study -
https://www.icao.int/safety/FSMP/MeetingDocs/FSMP%20WG11/WP/FSMP-WG11-WP27_Mobile%20vs%20Radalt%20Rev%201.docx

3 Report of French national mitigations -
https://www.icao.int/safety/FSMP/MeetingDocs/FSMP%20WG11/IP/FSMP-WG11-IP03_5G%20vs%20RA%20Actions%20taken%20in%20France%20to%20mitigate%20interference_r1.doc

4 For example, ICAO has been informed of longer-term work being initiated by several aviation standard-making organizations to update radio altimeter standards. Part of that update will include improved tolerance of interference.