SAF market outlook and supporting policies

Second Phase of the ICAO Assistance Project with the EU Funding : "Capacity Building for CO_2 Mitigation from International Aviation

3 to 5 April 2023 Harare, Zimbabwe



Bruno Silva Environment Officer, ICAO





- I. Potential policies and coordinated approaches
- II. Estimates related to SAF costs, investment needs and production capacity of facilities
- III. Market outlook ICAO Stocktaking and Tracker Tools



I. Potential policies and coordinated approaches

Need for Policies on Aviation Cleaner Energy

- Cleaner energy production is limited by a number of barriers
 - Higher costs
 - Limited feedstock and fuel production infrastructure
 - Perceived financial risks
- In the presence of such barriers, policy intervention is required to develop cleaner energy production.
 - In general, a supporting policy framework is in place in those states where cleaner energy production has initiated
- Constraints and opportunities are specific to each State
 - Specific climates, agricultural systems, available resources, economic factors, political contexts, regulatory structures, etc.



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ICAO Guidance on Potential Policies and Coordinated Approaches for the deployment of SAF



- Developed by CAEP based on studies performed since 2016
- A support reference for ICAO States to develop SAF production
 - Insight on types of policy measures and their impacts
 - Examples of policies used or under preparation
 - Links to additional helpful resources
- Completes a toolbox of guidance material for ICAO States
- Can be used in combination with the ICAO SAF Rules of Thumb

Publically available on the ICAO website

Guidance document

https://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/Pages/saf guidance potential policies.aspx

SAF rules of thumb

https://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/Pages/SAF RULESOFTHUMB.aspx

SAF Policy options

Guidance provides details on 28 types of Policy Options, divided into 3 impact areas and 8 categories

Impact area: Stimulating Growth of SAF Supply 1 Government 2 - Targeted incentives and tax relief to 3 - Targeted incentives and tax 4 - Recognition and valorization of SAF environmental benefits funding for expand SAF supply infrastructure relief to assist SAF facility **RDD** operation 1.1 - Government 2.1 - Capital grants ; 2.2 - Loan guarantee programs 3.1 Blending incentives: Blender's Tax Credit 4.1 – Recognize SAF benefits under carbon taxation 3.2 - Production incentives: Producer's Tax 4.2 - Recognize SAF benefits under cap and-trade systems R&D 2.3 - Eligibility of SAF projects for tax advantaged 1.2 - Government business status; 2.4 - Accelerated Credit 4.3 - Recognize non-carbon SAF benefits: improvements to depreciation/'bonus' depreciation demonstration and 3.3 - Excise tax credit for SAF air quality 4.4 - Recognize non-carbon SAF benefits: reduction in 2.5 - Business Investment Tax Credit (ITC) for SAF 3.4 - Support for feedstock supply deployment establishment and production investments 2.6 - Performance-based tax credit contrails 2.7 - Bonds / Green Bonds

Impact a	rea: Creating Demand fo	Impact area: Enabling SAF Markets	
5- Creation of SAF mandates	6 - Update existing policies	7 – Demonstrate	8 - Market enabling activities
	to incorporate SAF	government leadership	8.1 - Adopt clear and recognized sustainability standards and
5.1 - Mandate renewable energy volume requirements in the fuel supply 5.2 - Mandate reduction in carbon intensity of the fuel supply	6.1: Incorporating SAF into existing national policies6.2: Incorporating SAF into existing subnational, regional or local policies	7.1 Policy statement to establish direction7.2: Government commitment to SAF use, carbon neutral air travel	life cycle GHG emissions methods for certification of feedstock supply and fuel production 8.2 - Support development/recognition of systems for environmental attribute ownership and transfer 8.3 - Support SAF stakeholder initiatives

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Policy examples

Financing grant competitions for SAF production (USA, France)

IRA SAF and Clean Technology
Grant Program

ACTSAF

Support projects to rapidly scale-up domestic SAF production

IRA FAST Grant Program

§40007

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\$245 million competitive grant program Specifies consideration criteria and eligible entities

FAST Meeting - Dec. 14

Text - H.R.5376 - 117th Congress (2021-20 of 2022 | Congress.gov | Library of Congr



2- Focus on French endeavour for SAF

Mid-2020 launched a Call for Expression of Interest to assess stakeholders' interest and needs

July 2021: calls for proposal to support the development of a French SAF production sector :

- 200 million € for pilot/demonstrator construction or engineering studies
- Closed in September 2022 5 winning projects to date

Concrete application via a mandatory incorporation mandate

- January 2022: blending mandate of 1% implemented
- Mid-2022: launch of a working group to address the industrialization phase at government level
- December 2022 : study on PtL fuels potential in France

Direction générale de l'Aviation civile Direction du transport aérien

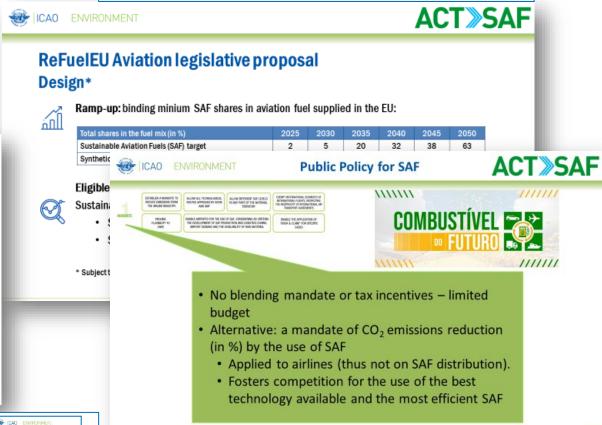






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SAF blending/use mandates in energy content or CO₂ emissions reductions (EU, Brazil)

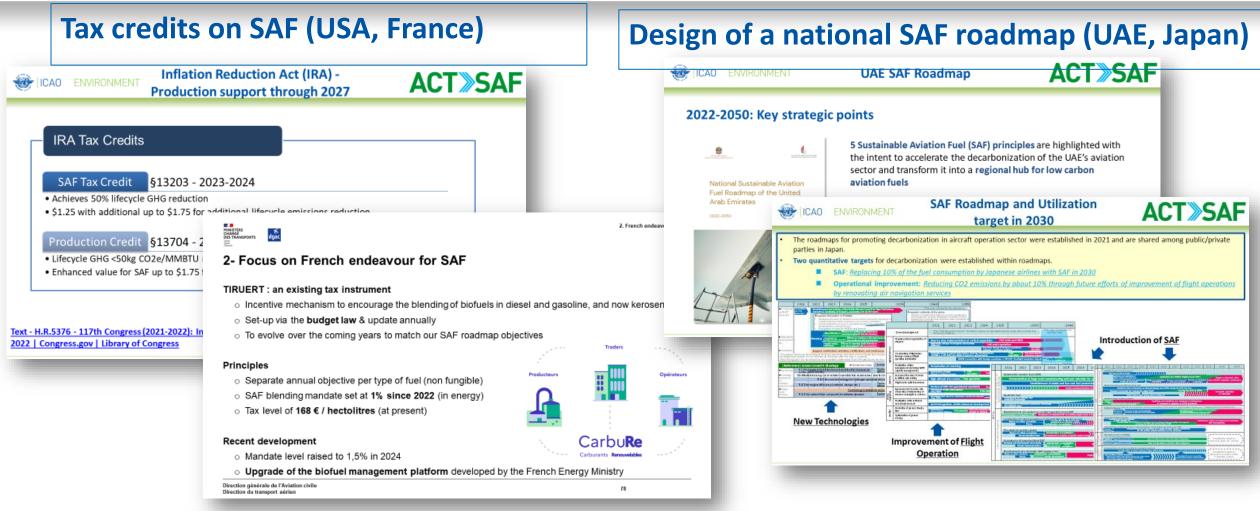


For details – ACT-SAF Series #4 Training –

https://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/Pages/ACT-SAF-Series.aspx



Policy examples



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https://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/Pages/ACT-SAF-Series.aspx





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Policy examples

Industry engagement (UAE, Japan "Act for Sky", Singapore "Buyers club for SAF")



Defining SAF aspirational targets (Japan 10% SAF by 2030, USA 3 Billion gallons of SAF by 2030)



For details – ACT-SAF Series #4 Training –

https://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/Pages/ACT-SAF-Series.aspx



Qualitative metrics for assessing policy effectiveness

1 - Flexibility	2 - Certainty	3 - Financial costs and benefits	4 - Price sensitivity to externalities
Can the policy be easily adjusted given evolving circumstances?	Certainty on timeframe, legal conditions and political decisions increase investor interest.	Policies should be assessed on the its costs benefits they deliver, including social ones.	Higher sensitivity, more unintended consequences. Floor/Ceiling prices can reduce volatility

in	5 - Ease of nplementation	6 - Contribution to SAF deployment and GHG reduction	7 - Unintended consequences	8 - Robustness of policy
pro	Administrative, overnance and/or ocedural complexity can hinder implementation.	clear criteria on target quantity, sustainability, commercial parameters and timeframe improve results	mechanisms to identify and mitigate unintended consequences (economic, environmental or social)	regulating systems to ensure that policy objectives are achieved and procedures have been followed.

EXAMPLE Marginal abatement cost of CO₂ mitigation

Determining the marginal abatement cost of CO₂ mitigation using SAF

Evaluating the cost of abating 1 ton of CO2 with the use of SAF can be valuable for a policy maker to assess the effectiveness of a specific policy relative to other alternatives (fleet renewal, ATM operations improvement, etc.)

Cost of 1 tonne of conventional kerosene = \$600

Cost of 1 tonne of SAF = \$1100

Jet fuel combustion CO_2 emissions factor = 3.16

 CO_2 emissions reduction factor of this SAF = 80%

Firstly, the amount of CO₂ reduced must be determined which is a function of the amount of SAF used, the jet fuel combustion factor and the SAF emissions reduction factor.

Net CO₂ emissions reduction = 2 tonnes * 3.16 * 80% = 5.06 tonnes CO₂

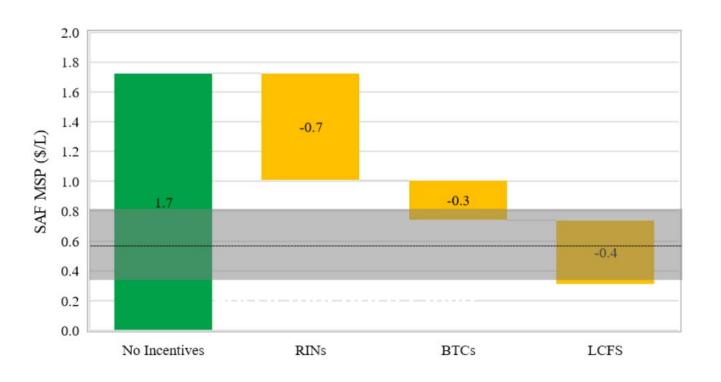
The cost per tonne of CO₂ reduced is found by calculating the cost difference between SAF and conventional kerosene divided by the amount of CO₂ reduced.

Cost per tonne of CO₂ reduced = 2 tonnes * (1100-600) / 5.06 = \$197.78 / tonne



How do policies impact SAF Minimum Selling Price?

The guidance illustrate the effects of policies on the SAF minimum selling price (MSP)



- Example what is the effect of the combination of 3 measures from the US policy context?
 - RINs Renewable fuel Standard
 - BTC Blenders' Tax Credit,
 - LCFS Low Carbon Fuels Standard
- Thanks to the combined measures, the MSP falls within the range of fossil jet fuel price.

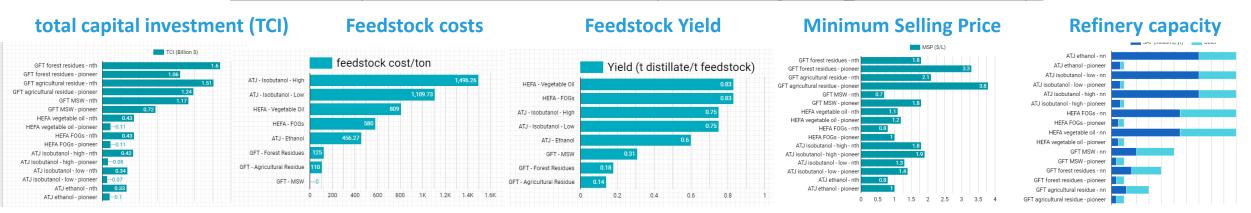


SAF estimates ("Rules of thumb")

Information on costs and benefits is required to assess policy options To support such assessment, CAEP developed the ICAO SAF Rules of Thumb

- provides order of magnitude estimations on SAF costs, investment needs and production potential to inform policymakers and project developers
- First Edition (2021)
 - Conversion processes: Fischer Tropsch (FT), Alcohol to jet (ATJ) and hydro-processed esters and fatty acids (HEFA)
 - Multiple feedstocks and two technology maturity levels: "nth" and "pioneer" facilities.

Available at https://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/Pages/SAF_RULESOFTHUMB.aspx



Latest Updates (2023) – inclusion of new pathways: pyrolysis with forest residues or agricultural residues; and FT with CO_2 and H_2 as major inputs (Power to Liquids – PtL)





ICAO Environment Stocktaking

ICAO Environment Stocktaking events element for monitoring progress towards LTAG and support the review the 2050 ICAO Vision for SAF (A41-21 Para 9 and 28 f))

- 2023 Stocktaking to be held from 11-13 July 2023
- Stocktaking is supported by the ICAO Global Coalition for Sustainable Aviation
- Update of the publication "Innovation driving sustainable Aviation"
- Support the update of ICAO tracker tools

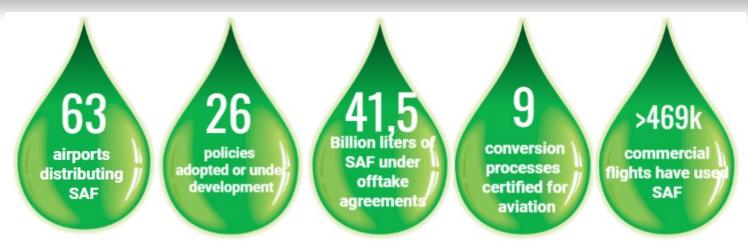






SAF tracker tools

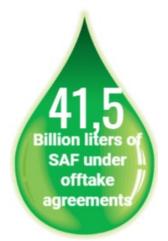
- Updated daily
- Transparent: all data available for consultation



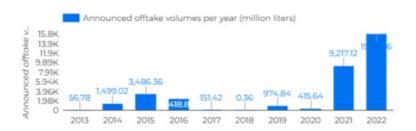


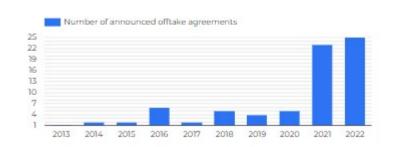
Latest nev	ws (click for details) Search Saisissez une valeur Filter by State			
Date •	Link			
4 févr. 2023	Praj-Axen pact for sustainable aviation fuel in India			
3 févr. 2023	Emirates Operates Test Flight Powered with 100% Sustainable Aviation Fuel			
3 févr. 2023	Jet fuel made from wood heads toward production in Japan			
2 févr. 2023	VARO and Lufthansa Group deepen partnership for production and supply of SAF			
31 janv. 2023	United Airlines' new partnership could power 50,000 flights with sustainable aviation fuel			
29 janv. 2023	"World first" solar methanol plant to feed off Port Augusta solar thermal project in Australia			
26 janv. 2023	Masdar-led consortium to certify pathway to make SAF from methanol			
22 janv. 2023	KLM and Transavia to raise ticket prices to use more sustainable fuel 1 - 100 / 1144			

SAF Offtake Agreements tracker



Latest information on SAF purchase agreements







	Date •	Fuel producer	Fuel Supplier	Fuel User / Purchaser	total offtake volume (million liters)	Length of offtake agreement (years)	Source
1.	Sep 13, 2022	OMV		Lufthansa Group	999.4	8	https://www.ormv.com/en/news/220913-ormv-and-luftha
2.	Sep 8, 2022	DG fuels		Delta	1457.4	7	https://www.rechargenews.com/energy-transition/delta
3.	Aug 23, 2022	Aemetis		IAG	97.4	7	https://www.canadianbiomassmagazine.ca/aemetis-to
4.	Aug 15, 2022	Gevo		Alaska Airlines	700.3	.5	https://www.google.com/url?q=https://biofuels-news.co
5.	Aug 1, 2022	Shell		Lufthansa Group	2248.5	7	https://www.shell.com/business-customers/aviation/he
6.	Jul 22, 2022	Gevo		American Airlines	1892.7	5	https://news.aa.com/news/news-details/2022/American
7.	Jul 14, 2022	Gevo		Air Lingus	118.7	5	https://www.businesstraveller.com/business-travel/2022_
8.	Jun 28, 2022	Phillips 66		IAG Cargo	1	1	https://www.aviationpros.com/ground-handling/fuel-di
9	Jun 21 2022	Gevn		Finnair	132.5	5	https://www.hakersfield.com/an/news/linnair-and-cessn

Summary per fuel producer

Fuel producer

	Fuel producer	Total offtake volume (million liters) 🕶	Number of offtake agreements
1.	Gevo	8,887.59	10
2.	Fulcrum	6,719.1	3
3.	Alder Fuels	5,678.12	1
4.	Shell	2,248.53	1
5.	DG fuels	1,457.38	1
6.	Aemetis	1,214.9	B
7.	Dimensional Energy	1,135.62	1
8.	Velocys	1,105.34	2
9.	ECB Group	1,050.08	2
10.	Neste	1,036.41	12
11.	OMV	1.001.32	2
	Grand total	34,177.01	75
			1-28/28 < >

Summary per fuel purchaser

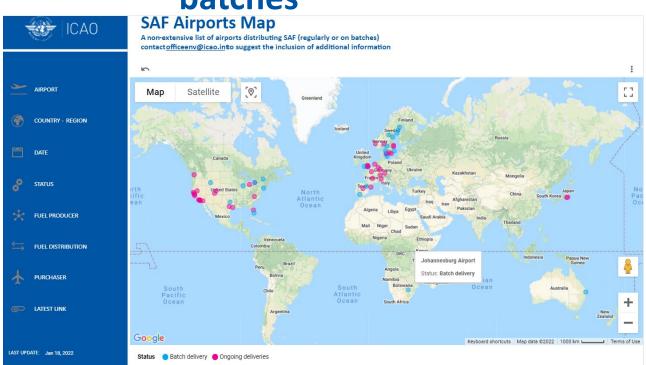
Fuel purchaser

	Fuel purchaser	Total offtake volume (million liters) •	Number of offtake agreements
1.	United Airlines	10,513.98	6
2.	Delta	3,824.4	7
3.	OneWorld	3,785.41	1
4.	Lufthansa Group	3,247.98	2
5.	American Airlines	2,388.59	4
6.	AirBP	2,192.71	2
7.	Cathay Pacific	1,419.53	1
8.	KLM	937.04	4
9.	Southwest Airlines	829	1
10.	DHL Express	798.72	E
11.	Shell	750.08	1
	Grand total	34,177.01	75
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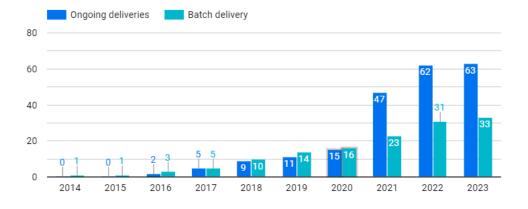
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Tracker of airports offering Sustainable Aviation Fuels, either continuously or in batches



	Date ▼	Airport	Status	Source
1.	3 févr. 2023	Dubai Airport	Batch delivery	https://news.gtp.gr
2.	9 janv. 2023	Toulon Hyères Airport	Ongoing deliveries	https://www.airport
3.	1 janv. 2023	Brussels Airport	Batch delivery	https://www.aviatio
4.	31 déc. 2022	Liege Airport	Batch delivery	https://biofuels-ne
5.	14 déc. 2022	Billund Airport	Ongoing deliveries	https://biofuelscent
6.	1 déc. 2022	kota kinabalu airport	Batch delivery	https://www.thestar
7.	25 nov. 2022	Ningbo Lishe International Airport	Ongoing deliveries	https://simpleflying
8.	24 oct. 2022	Lisbon Airport	Batch delivery	https://www.aviacio
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SAF Policies tracker

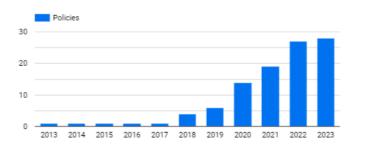


LAST UPDATE: Sep 9, 2021

 Tracker of Policies adopted or under development to foster SAF development

Environmental Policies on Aviation Fuels The following map and table provides a summary of the policies (adopted and under development) to foster the use of Sustainable Aviation Fuels and Lower Carbon Aviation Fuels. Map Satellite Poucy TITLE POLICY TITLE POLICY TYPE POLICY DESCRIPTION Fig. 1 Repair Carbon Aviation Fuels and Lower Carbon Aviation Fuels. South Agentical Medicana Social Medica

	Date +	State	Policy Title	Policy Description	Status	Source
	13 févr. 2023	United States	Invest in Illinois Act	This legislation in Illinois provides a tax credit of \$1.50 per gallon for SAF used by aircraft in the state. For the SAF to qualify for the credit, if must reduce carbon emissions by at least 50% throughout its life. The credit applies to all SAF used in Illinois, regardless of where it is produced. However, credits for SAF used before June 1, 2028, must come from renewable sources such as biomass, waste streams, renewable energy, or gaseous carbon oxides. The tax credit will be available until January 1, 2033.	adopted	https://www sustainable-
	16 nov. 2022	India		SAF mandate blending under consideration	under development	https://www committed-t
	18 oct. 2022	Japan		The Japanese government is seeking public comments on a draft policy to promote decarbonization in the aviation industry. The policy, in part, would require flights to be carbon neutral by 2050 and require airlines to use sustainable aviation fuel (SAF).	under development	https://biom s-draft-polic
	3 oct. 2022	China	China Civil Aviation Green Development Policy and Action	Target of 50k tons of SAF use by 2025 SAF performance testing, airworthiness certification, exploration of new paths for its development.	adopted	http://www.c 15425.html
	16 août 2022	United States	Inflation Reduction Act (SAF blenders tax credit)	The bill provides a \$1.25 per-gallon credit for each gallon of SAF sold as part of a qualified fuel mixture, including that it has a demonstrated lifecycle greenhouse gas (GHG) reduction of at least 50 percent compared to conventional jet fuel. The credit, available for two years beginning January 1, increases up to \$1.75 per gallon on a sliding scale based on the percentage of lifecycle GHG emissions reduced beyond 50 percent. Beginning in 2025, SAF would be eligible for credits up to \$1.75 per gallon under a new Clean Fuel Production Credit (CFPC). That credit is set to expire at the end of 2027.	adopted	https://www aviation/202
	19 juil. 2022	United Kingdom	Jet Zero Strategy	Increasing support for sustainable aviation fuels (SAF), by creating secure and growing UK SAF demand through a SAF mandate that will require at least 10% of jet fuel to be made from sustainable sources by 2030 and kickstarting a domestic	adopted	https://www sets-out-stra free-flying



- There is a need for effective policies to address a number of challenges on cleaner energies (specific to each State)
- ICAO guidance provides information on various policy options
- Information is also available on CO₂ abatement cost (SAF Rules of Thumb \$ per CO2 reduction) to inform plans/projects and decision-makers.
- ICAO Stocktaking and tracker tools are constantly monitoring the SAF market development