

INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

A UN SPECIALIZED AGENCY

ICAO REQUIREMENTS FOR REPORTING PAVEMENT STRENGTH

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PRESENTATION OVERVIEW



Requirements for reporting pavement strength in Annex 14, Volume I









N5 References

Requirement for reporting pavement strength in Annex 14, Vol1





2.6.1. The bearing strength of a pavement shall be determined.

Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.1. The bearing strength of a pavement shall be determined.

2.6.2 The bearing strength of a pavement intended for aircraft of apron (ramp) mass greater than 5 700 kg shall be made available using the aircraft classification numberpavement classification number (ACN-PCN) method by reporting all of the following information:

- a) pavement classification number (PCN);
- b) pavement type for ACN-PCN determination;

c) subgrade strength category;

- d) maximum allowable tire pressure category or maximum allowable tire pressure value; and
- e) evaluation method.

Applicable as of 28 November 2024

- 2.6.2. The bearing strength of a pavement intended for <u>aircraft of apron (ramp) mass</u> greater than 5 700 kg shall be made available using the <u>aircraft classification rating-pavement</u> classification rating (ACR-PCR) method by reporting all of the following information:
- a) pavement classification rating (PCR) and numerical value;
- b) pavement type for ACR-PCR determination;
- c) subgrade strength category;
- d) maximum allowable tire pressure category or maximum allowable tire pressure value;
- e) evaluation method.

Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.3 The PCN reported shall indicate that aircraft with an aircraft classification number (ACN) equal to or less than the reported PCN can operate on the pavement subject to any limitation on the tire pressure or aircraft all-up mass for specified aircraft type(s). 2.6.3 The PCR reported shall indicate that aircraft with an aircraft classification rating (ACR) equal to or less than the reported PCR may operate on the pavement subject to any limitation on the tire pressure or aircraft all-up mass for specified aircraft type(s).

Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.4 The ACN of an aircraft shall be determined in accordance with the standard procedures associated with the ACN-PCN method. 2.6.4 The ACR of an aircraft shall be determined in accordance with the standard procedures associated with the ACR-PCR method.



Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.5 For the purposes of determining the ACN, the behaviour of a pavement shall be classified as equivalent to a rigid or flexible construction.

2.6.5 For the purposes of determining the ACR, the behaviour of a pavement shall be classified as equivalent to a rigid or flexible construction



Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.6 Information on pavement type for ACN-PCN determination, subgrade strength category, maximum allowable tire pressure category and evaluation method shall be reported using the following codes:

a) Pavement type for ACN-PCN determination:

F

Code

Rigid pavement R

Flexible pavement

2.6.6 Information on pavement type for ACR-PCR determination, subgrade strength category, maximum allowable tire pressure category and evaluation method shall be reported using the following codes:

a) Pavement type for ACR-PCR determination:

F

Code

Rigid pavement R

Flexible pavement

Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.6 Information on pavement type for ACN-PCN determination, subgrade strength category, maximum allowable tire pressure category and evaluation method shall be reported using the following codes:

b) Subgrade strength category:

Code	Α	В	С	D
Strength	High	Medium	Low	Ultra low
Rigid (MN/m3)	K=150	K=80	K=40	K=20
Flexible	CBR =15	CBR =10	CBR =6	CBR =3

2.6.6 Information on pavement type for ACR-PCR determination, subgrade strength category, maximum allowable tire pressure category and evaluation method shall be reported using the following codes:

b) Subgrade strength category:

Code	Α	В	С	D
Strength	High	Medium	Low	Ultra low
E (MPA)	E=200	E=120	E= 80	E=50
For rigid and flexible pavements				

2.6.6 Information on pavement type for ACN-PCN determination, subgrade strength category, maximum allowable tire pressure category and evaluation method shall be reported using the following codes:

c) Maximum allowable tire pressure category:

Category	Limit	Code
Unlimited	No pressure limit	W
High	Pressure limited to 1.75 MPa	Х
Medium	Pressure limited to 1.25 MPa	Y
Low	Pressure limited to 0.5 MPa	Z

Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.6 Information on pavement type for ACR-PCR determination, subgrade strength category, maximum allowable tire pressure category and evaluation method shall be reported using the following codes:

c) Maximum allowable tire pressure category:

Category	Limit	Code
Unlimited	No pressure limit	W
High	Pressure limited to 1.75 MPa	Х
Medium	Pressure limited to 1.25 MPa	Y
Low	Pressure limited to 0.5 MPa	Z

2.6.6 Information on pavement type for ACN-PCN determination, subgrade strength category, maximum allowable tire pressure category and evaluation method shall be reported using the following codes:

d) Evaluation method:

Method	Code	Me
Technical evaluation: representing a specific study of the pavement characteristics and application of pavement behaviour technology	Т	Teo the par
Using aircraft experience: representing a knowledge of the specific type and mass of aircraft satisfactorily being supported under regular use.	U	Us of be

Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.6 Information on pavement type for ACR-PCR determination, subgrade strength category, maximum allowable tire pressure category and evaluation method shall be reported using the following codes:

d) Evaluation method:

	Code	Method	Code
f f	Т	Technical evaluation: representing a specific study of the pavement characteristics and application of pavement behaviour technology	Т
	U	Using aircraft experience: representing a knowledge of the specific type and mass of aircraft satisfactorily being supported under regular use.	U

Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.7 Recommendation.— Criteria should be established to regulate the use of a pavement by an aircraft with an ACN higher than the PCN reported for that pavement in accordance with 2.6.2 and 2.6.3.

(Overload operations)

Suggested criteria in Annex 14, Vol 1 Attachment A(Section 19) 2.6.7 Recommendation.— Criteria should be established to regulate the use of a pavement by an aircraft with an ACR higher than the PCR reported for that pavement in accordance with 2.6.2 and 2.6.3.

(Overload operations)

Suggested criteria in Annex 14, Vol 1, Attachment A (Section 19)

Applicable as of 28 November 2024

2.6.8 The bearing strength of a pavement intended for aircraft of apron (ramp) mass equal to or less than 5 700 kg shall be made available by reporting the following information:

a) maximum allowable aircraft mass; and

b) maximum allowable tire pressure.

Example: 4 000 kg/0.50 MPa

2.6.8 The bearing strength of a pavement intended for aircraft of apron (ramp) mass equal to or less than 5 700 kg shall be made available by reporting the following information:

a) maximum allowable aircraft mass; and

b) maximum allowable tire pressure.

Example: 4 800 kg/0.60 MPa.

02 Key elements of the ACN-PCN method





ACN-PCN METHOD

Key definitions

Aircraft classification number (ACN)

A number expressing the relative effect of an aircraft on a pavement for a specified standard subgrade category.

Pavement classification number (PCN)

A number expressing the bearing strength of a pavement for unrestricted operations.



Promulgated in 1981 to allow aircraft operators to determine the allowable operating weight for their aircraft on a given pavement



Relies on the plain comparison of two components: ACN and PCN.

ACN-PCN is not a pavement design method



Consideration of the critical aircraft operating on the pavement



- Based on empirical methods of pavement design:
- Flexible pavements: CBR procedure based on Boussineq's theory
- Rigid pavement: PCA design based on Westergaard's theory

Limitations of the ACN-PCN method

The ACN-PCN method is based on empirical methods for pavement design initially developed in the 1940s.

Empirical methods for pavement design are limited :

- Overly conservative
- Unable to account for the improved characteristics of new pavement materials
- Unable to consider the variability and increased complexity of aircraft landing gear configurations
- Inconsistent with modern pavement design methods based on mechanistic-empirical concepts
- Unable to accurately consider the damage induced by the traffic mix on a pavement



03 ACR-PCR method development timeline

ICAO





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Key elements of the ACR-PCR method

04





ACR-PCR METHOD

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Effective since July 2020 and Applicable as of 28 November 2024



Relies on the plain comparison of two components: ACR and PCR.

ACR-PCR is not a pavement design method



Consideration of the cumulative damage of the aircraft traffic operating on a given pavement



Based on mechanistic-empirical methods of pavement design allowing the calculation of mechanic pavement responses(stresses, strains, deflections) induced by traffic loads from Linear Elastic Analysis(LEA)

Key definitions

Aircraft classification rating (ACR)

A number expressing the relative effect of an aircraft on a pavement for a specified standard subgrade category.

Pavement classification rating (PCR)

A number expressing the bearing strength of a pavement.



References

01 Annex 14, Volume I





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ICAO ACR software

https://www.airporttech.tc.faa.gov/Products /Airport-Safety-Papers-Publications/Airport-Safety-Detail/ICAO-ACR-14



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