Implementation of Space Based ADS-B

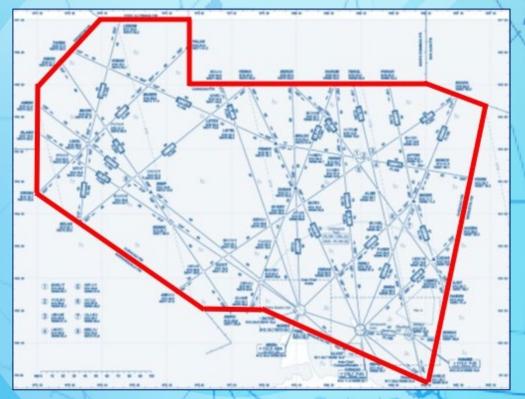


Hato Infi

July 17th 2023

General introduction DC-ANSP (1/2)

- DC-ANSP provides service within the Curaçao airspace (TNCF FIR).
- The TNCF FIR is situated in the central part of the Caribbean Sea, covers 300,000 square kilometers and contains 18 high routes, and 13 lower routes.
- The TNCF FIR borders six FIRs:
 - Venezuela;
 - Puerto Rico;
 - Dominican Republic;
 - Haití;
 - Jamaica;
 - Colombia.



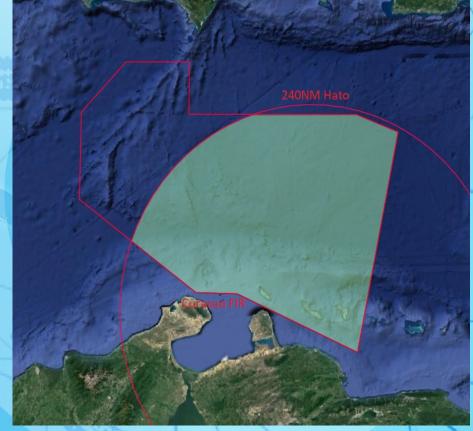
Overview of the Curaçao FIR (Source: Dutch Caribbean AIP AIRAC AMDT05-18)



General introduction DC-ANSP (2/2)

Before implementing ADSB-space based:

- Surveillance service was available up to 250NM from the Radar site on the island of Curaçao.
- For the remaining part of the TNCF FIR only procedural control service was available.
- Air traffic volume and complexity was increasing in the northwestern non-radar area of the TNCF FIR where previously no surveillance service was available.
- With that, workload went up, and increased pressure on service quality in a non-surveillance area.



Surveillance coverage within the TNCF FIR based on Hato radar coverage without ADSB-space based



Improving surveillance in TNCF FIR

- DC-ANSP added Space Based ADSB to daily Operations in November 2019.
- This increased surveillance coverage and improved overall safety, helped reduce operational errors (LHD's) and allowed reduction of separation.
- Reducing separation (horizontal), increased capacity, allowing users to more frequently receive preferred Flight Level.



Surveillance coverage within the Curaçao FIR based on Hato radar and Space Based ADSB



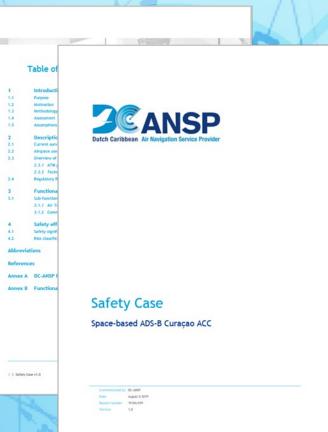
Challenges that had to be overcome

- Implementation of new technology on Raytheon Autotrack II (legacy technology) with the use of converter boxes from Sunhillo.
- Establishing communication redundancy by using MEVA platform and with this strengthening regional collaboration.
- Seeking approval from the oversight for implementation of a complete new method of surveillance.
- Safety Assessment was made to identify and mitigate, Functional and Technical Hazards.
- FPL's were analyzed to check aircraft equipage, this confirmed over 86% to be already ADS-B compliant.
- Introduction to ATCOs



Approval process by CCAA

- The Safety Assessment consisted of an overview of the changes in the overall ATMsystem, and an assessment on functional and system hazards.
- The CCAA has been involved during the whole process through both informal and formal sessions regarding progress of the project.
- DC-ANSP organized an information session for all relevant CCAA stakeholders regarding the needs for and the benefits of a Space Based ADS-B system.





Mandate from the State

- DC-ANSP proposed a phased implementation of space based ADSB, and dates for airspace users to be properly equipped.
- These dates where published in the CCAA mandate on August 26th 2019.
- Until start of CCAA mandate on Jan 1st 2020, non ADS-B equipped A/C outside of radar coverage were subject to procedural control.
- From Jan 1st 2020, non ADS-B equipped A/C are not able to fly in RVSM airspace as stated in the mandate for the NW airspace.
- From Jan 1st 2021, non ADS-B equipped A/C are not able to fly in RVSM airspace for the whole FIR, as stated in the mandate.



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Airspace	Altitude / Classification	Date Requested for Transponder Requirement
RVSM Airspace in Northwest Portion of Curaçao FIR (all airspace west of and including airway UM525)	Flight Level 290 and Above	January 2020 COMPLETED
RVSM Airspace in remainder of the Curaçao FIR	Flight Level 290 and Above	January 2021 COMPLETED
Curaçao TMA	Class A Flight Level 195 and above Class E 2500 ftFlight Level 195	January 2024 DELAYED
CTR Hato CTR Flamingo	Class C 2000 ft. – Flight Level 65 Class D Surface – 2000 ft. Class D Surface - Flight Level 65	January 2024 DELAYED
Hato ATZ Flamingo ATZ	Within 6 NM Radius Class B Surface – 2000 ft.	HODW
	Within 6 NM Radius Class B Surface - 2000 ft.	Heto Infl
Phase 3 Outside the Curaçao TMA (Airspace encompassing the remainder of the Curaçao FIR outside the Curaçao TMA)	Class A Flight Level 195 and above Class E 2500 ft. – Flight Level 195	January 2024 DELAYED Paraboo Incl
	Class G MSL - 2500 ft.	ALCOT NII 64.7 W000 16.0
	RVSM Airspace in Northwest Portion of Curaçao FIR (all airspace west of and including airway UM525)RVSM Airspace in remainder of the Curaçao FIRCuraçao FIRCuraçao TMACTR HatoCTR FlamingoHato ATZFlamingo ATZOutside the Curaçao TMA (Airspace encompassing the remainder of the Curaçao FIR outside the	RVSM Airspace in Northwest Portion of Curaçao FIR (all airspace west of and including airway UM525)Flight Level 290 and AboveRVSM Airspace in remainder of the Curaçao FIRFlight Level 290 and AboveRVSM Airspace in remainder of the Curaçao FIRFlight Level 290 and AboveCuraçao FIRClass A Flight Level 195 and aboveCuraçao TMAClass E 2500 ftFlight Level 195CTR HatoClass C 2000 ft Flight Level 65 Class D Surface - 2000 ft.CTR FlamingoClass D Surface - Flight Level 65Hato ATZWithin 6 NM Radius Class B Surface - 2000 ft.Flamingo ATZWithin 6 NM Radius Class B Surface - 2000 ft.Outside the Curaçao TMA (Airspace encompassing the remainder of the Curaçao FIR outside theClass A Flight Level 195 and aboveClass E 2500 ft Flight Level 195 and aboveClass E 2500 ft Flight Level 195 and above

General experience and performance

- ATM system proved to perform to expectations using new configuration
- Reliability of Communication lines and ADS-B Data delivery are according RA
- Operational coordination errors are low since improved surveillance, improving overall Safety
- DC-ANSP postponed the full implementation for the TNCF FIR to 1 Jan 2024.

