

ICAO NAM/CAR/SAM Workshop for the 2023 ITU World Radiocommunication Conference Virtual, 21 – 22 February 2022

ITU Preparatory process towards WRC-23

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International Telecommunication Union

- Based in Geneva, 193 Member states, 750 private-sector entities and academic institutions, 12 regional and area offices
- > 800 staff from 85 countries, 6 official languages
- > 3 ITU Sector:
 - > ITU-R Radiocommunications spectrum management, radio standards
 - ITU-T Standardization standards for wired networks
 - ITU-D Development assistance to developing countries
- > The basic ITU document dealing with radio is Radio Regulations



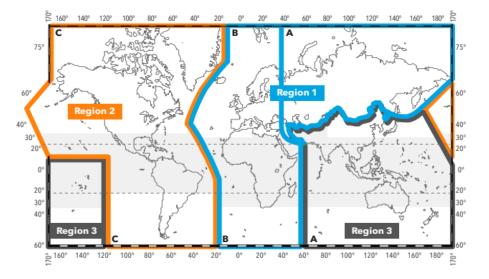




Radio Regulations (RR)

- RR international rules for use of spectrum and satellite orbits
- RR intergovernmental treaty: mandatory
- Define the rights and obligations of ITU Member States on use of spectrum/orbit resources.
- Main goals of the RR:
 - interference free operation of stations
 - harmonization of spectrum spectrum/orbit use
- RR updated every 3-4 years by World Radiocommunication Conferences - WRCs







History of Radio Regulations









From the first International Radiotelegraph Convention, **1906** to the Radio Regulations, **2020**

> RR follow and anticipate technological advancements



2022

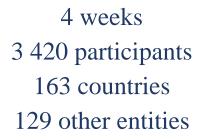






IRTC-1906 and WRC-2019

10 days 120 participants 30 countries



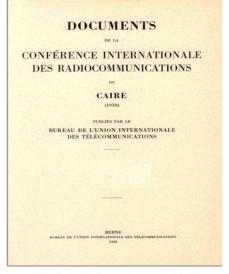






Allocations of aeronautical bands at WRCs

1927, Washington	First definitions of aeronautical and aircraft stations, allocations to aeronautical mobile service in LF and MF bands, e.g. 315 – 350 kHz
1938, Cairo	Exclusive allocations to HF aeronautical services between 6500 and 23380 kHz
1947, Atlantic City	Allocations of 108 – 118 MHz for ARNS and 118 – 132 MHz to the aeronautical mobile service
1963, Geneva	First Conference dealing with satellite issues. Allocation of frequency bands for communication-satellite and radionavigation-satellite services
1959/1964/1966, Geneva	Establishment and revision of the allotment plan for HF aeronautical mobile (R) service
1971, Geneva	Introduction of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service and allocations to it in 1.5/1.6 GHz band. Allocation of 406 – 406.1 to Cospas-Sarsat
2015, Geneva	Allocation of spectrum for WAIC, GFT





Delegates at the 1947 Atlantic City Radio Conference



Role of WRCs

Allocate spectrum/orbit resource for emerging radio applications, while protecting the existing usage (e.g. new HAPS in millimeter bands <-> existing FS, MS)

> Maintain the right balance between the spectrum requirements of all radiocommunication services, including aeronautical services (*justified and reasonable spectrum requirements*)

> Achieve global interoperability of the equipment and spectrum harmonization for economies of scale (e.g. *maritime, aeronautical, IMT*)

Create regulatory certainty for users, regulators and telecommunication industry in utilizing spectrum



WRC-23 preparation milestones





Important steps of WRC process

Agenda – determines the scope of discussions

- Agenda is important, stable. It has a legal notion
- Agenda Item 1.2 "IMT in mid-bands" lists 5 candidate bands -> no other bands can be allocated

ITU-R Studies- heart of WRC preparations

- Task is to satisfy spectrum requirement of emerging applications while protecting existing ones
- Making sure that all interference scenarios are analysed and cleared to keep interference within manageable limits under all circumstances
- WRC allocates bands and establishes operational conditions for newly allocated services
 - A treaty making Conference, so the final say remains with Member States (telecom regulators)



Agenda items of WRC-23

Fixed, Mobile, Broadcasting	Satellite science services		
1.1 - 1.3: MS in 3.3-10.5 GHz	1.12: space radar sounders 45 MHz		
1.4: HIBS below 2.7 GHz 1.5: MS, BS in UHF, R1	1.13: space research service in 14.8- 15.35 GHz		
	1.14: Remote-sensing observation requirements in 231.5-252 GHz C-23		
Aeronautical, Maritime	anda Space services		
1.6: Sub-orbital vehicles	1.15: Ku ESIMs , GSO		
1.7: AMS(R)S VHF allocation	1.16: Ka ESIM, NGSO 1.17 intersatellite links 1.18: NB MSS for IoT, L/S-bands		
1.8: UAS CNPC links via FSS			
1.9: HF AM(R)S , App.27	1.19: Ka FSS in R2		
1.10: non-safety AMS in 15, 22 GHz 1.11:GMDSS modernization	7: Satellite regulatory issues		



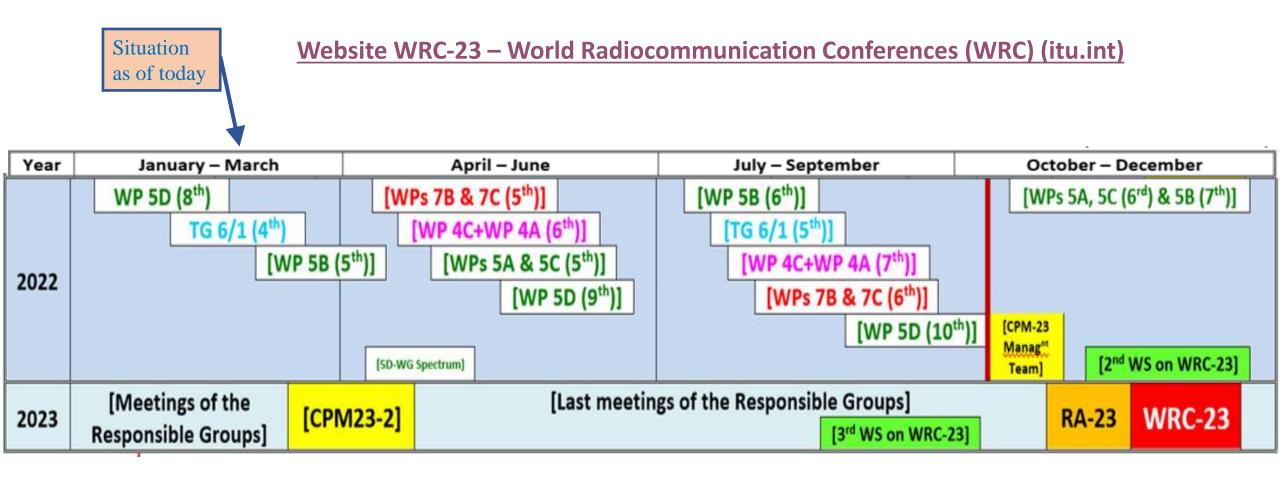
ITU-R studies

> The first session of CPM defined :

- Framework for WRC-23 preparations
- Structure of draft CPM Report
- Responsible ITU-R Groups and Concerned Groups (either contributing or interested)
- There are: 19 specific and 11 standing items, see <u>Res. 811 (WRC-19).</u>
- > The main aeronautical agenda items are:
 - 1.6: Regulations for sub-orbital vehicles
 - 1.7: VHF allocation for AMS(R)S
 - 1.8: Regulations for UAS CNPC links via FSS
 - 1.9: Introduction of digital technologies for HF AM(R)S in RR Appendix 27
 - 1.10: allocations for non-safety AMS in 15.5 and 22 GHz



Timetable towards WRC-23





Structure of draft CPM Report to WRC-23

Chapters of the draft CPM Report	WRC-23 agenda items
1. Fixed, Mobile and Broadcasting issues	1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5
2. Aeronautical and maritime issues	1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 1.10, 1.11
3. Science issues	1.12, 1.13, 1.14
4. Satellite issues	1.15, 1.16, 1.17, 1.18, 1.19, 7
5. General issues	2, 4, 9.1 topics a), b), c), d)
Annex 1	Information on WRC-23 agenda item 10 (WRC-27 preliminary agenda items)



Regional preparations

- The role of the 6 Regional Telecommunication Organizations is constantly growing, both before and during WRCs
- They consolidate views at regional level, assist in interregional discussions, facilitate reaching a common understanding, save time during WRCs (6 views instead of 193)
- WRC-19: two thirds of documents were common proposals
- ITU Radiocommunication Bureau facilitates coordination between regions by organizing ITU Inter-regional Workshops



Asia-Pacific Telecommunity (APT)



Arab Spectrum Management Group (ASMG)



African Telecommunications Union (ATU)



European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications Administrations (CEPT)



Inter-American Telecommunication Commission (CITEL)



Regional Commonwealth in the Field of Communications (RCC)

Next CITEL Preparatory Meeting for WRC-23 – from t25 - 29 April



ITU Interregional workshops on WRC-19

1st Workshop: 13 – 15 December 2021

Presentation and review of the on-going preparatory studies of the ITU-R responsible groups for CPM-23

Presentation of regional groups, international organizations like ICAO, IMO, WMO on their positions

2nd Work shop: 30 November – 2 December 2022 Presentation of the Draft CPM Report to WRC-23 (explanation of the draft Methods)

Presentation of regional groups, international organiz. on positions & common proposals for CPM-2

3rd Workshop: Q3/Q4 2023

Presentation of CPM & Director's Reports to WRC-23

Presentation of regional groups, international organizations on positions, common proposals to WRC-23



Importance of national WRC preparations for aeronautical spectrum

- National preparations starting point in WRCs process. Country activities result in adopting a national position for WRC, which is further tuned in regional and international discussions
- Regulator has to keep a balance between different applications to respond to the needs of the population and national objectives
- To protect the existing aeronautical usage and satisfy its future spectrum requirements, aviation needs to actively participate in development of national positions
- > Pay attention to both in-band and adjacent band protection of aeronautical services



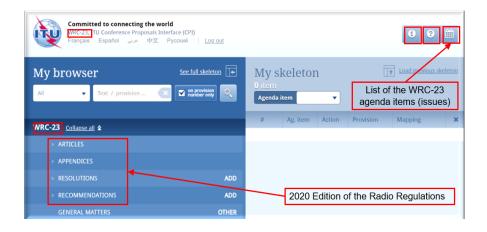
Some ITU/BR tools for WRC preparations

- RR Navigation tool allows navigation of all Radio Regulations, Rules of Procedure, ITU-R Recommendations mentioned in RR, ITU Constitution and Convention, PP Resolutions. <u>www.itu.int/pub/R-REG-RRX-2021</u>
- RR Article 5 Viewer useful for extracting national footnotes, historical comparison of RR, simultenious analysis of RR, Rules of Procedure, WRC Resolutions and ITU-R recommendations <u>www.itu.int/pub/R-REG-RR5-2020</u>

Conference Proposals Interface for WRC-23 –to be used for for preparation of draft documents with proposed actions <u>www.itu.int/net4/proposals/CPI/WRC23</u>



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				(Not allocated)				1997) 1997
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	Additional: 8.3 - 9 kH			_		Additional: 8.3	- 9 kHz	
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Thank you?



Overlapping frequency bands between some WRC-23 agenda items

1.2 (IMT)	1.4 (HIBS)	1.16 (non-GSO FSS ESIMs)	1.17 (ISL)	1.18 (narrowband MSS)			
WP 5D	WP 5D	WP 4A	WP 4A	WP 4C			
	<mark>2 010-2 025 MHz</mark> (Regions 1 & 3)			<mark>2 010-2 025 MHz</mark> (Region 1)			
3 300-3 400 MHz (Regions 1 & 2)				3 300- <mark>3 315</mark> MHz <mark>3 385</mark> -3 400 MHz (Region 2)			
		27.5-29.1 GHz (E-s) 29.5-30 GHz (E-s)	27.5-30 GHz (s-s)				
* E-s: Earth-to-space; s-s: space-to-space.							