

## Refugee Travel Documents: Ensuring Inclusion and Enabling Access

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### 1922

First travel documents for refugees issued by Fridtjof Nansen and the League of Nations

### 1978

UNHCR Executive Committee expresses the hope that "States will issue travel documents to refugees"

### 1951-1954

1951 Convention Related to the Status of Refugees and 1954 Convention Relating to the Status of Stateless Persons

### **Today**

Refugee travel documents need to be machinereadable conforming to ICAO standards, and to ensure international protection



### WHAT IS UNHCR DOING?

 For a long time, UNHCR printed booklets that many States used for refugee travel.

 Today, we continue to support States to include refugees in their national systems for the issuance of travel documents that are fit for purpose.



# **TRIP REGIONAL SYMPOSIUM 2023**

### WHY ISSUE TRAVEL DOCUMENTS FOR REFUGEES?

- This is the 21<sup>st</sup> century humans need to move;
- Cover labour shortages by putting refugee skills into use;
- Provide safety and dignity to refugees and support them to rebuild their lives
- Combat trafficking and other unregulated systems



## TRIP REGIONAL SYMPOSIUM 2023

### WHY REFUGEES NEED TRAVEL DOCUMENTS?

"Travel documents are the key to unlocking refugee potential. Without them, dreams of a better life are put on hold."

Bahati, refugee student in Italy

"I imagine a future where refugees are not waiting for help; where they can use their travel document to work, travel, and live normal lives, just like anyone else." Prince, refugee working as IUNV at UNHCR



## **2023 GLOBAL REFUGEE FORUM – MULTISTAKEHOLDER** PLEDGE ON REFUGEE TRAVEL DOCUMENTS

We call States to issue and accept machine-readable refugee travel documents that:

- offer protection from refoulment;
- allow return to issuing country;
- can be used for visa applications;
- have a reasonable length of validity;
- can be easily renewed through established procedures;
- can be accepted as ID by financial and other institutions.





This is not about creating parallel systems – but about including refugees into national passport issuance systems.

### **REMEMBER...**

- 1 in every 200 people is a refugee.
- UNHCR operates in 130 countries.
- In many countries, UNHCR shares with governments a tool, called proGres, which is a repository of refugee biometric data
- UNHCR uses this data to support refugee access to services, including healthcare and education – why not travel documents?



### Looking at the technical level – what is needed?

- **Legal** and **administrative frameworks** that include refugees
- Issuance of machine-readable travel documents for refugees
- Planning with passport companies on document packages
- Financing and funding mechanisms
- **Scaling** staffing and resource capacity
- Understand and address obstacles for refugees (e.g. lack of breeder documents)



### WAY FORWARD...

 UNHCR wants to work with you as experts in travel and identity management to ensure that refugees are not left behind.

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### **THANK YOU!**

