

# Risk & Due Diligence in Airport Privatization

#### **Presentation Contents**

- Concept and Forms of Privatization
- Who is at Risk in Airport Privatization?
- Risk Elements
- Due Diligence Approach
- Components of Due Diligence Assessment

# Role of the Consultant in Airport Privatization

- Assisting Bidders
   (Financial & Technical Role)
- Assisting Governments
   (Project Preparation, Risk & Bid Evaluation)
- Assisting Investors (Risk Assessment)
   Increasing Role in Risk Assessment & Due Diligence

## Risk & Due Diligence

Risk is .....

"chance or probability of an unexpected event occurring, or an expected outcome not being realized"

Due Diligence....

"to take careful and proper account of all factors pertaining to a proposal, in order to validate claims and establish credibility"

## Background to Risk Issue

- Privatization in airports commenced in mid-1980's - only limited experience
- Success of privatization in airports ?
   Evidence of under-performance in projects
- Conclusion that risk has been underestimated - in forecasting revenues and capital costing

Need to identify & manage risk in project preparation and bidding

## Airport Privatization Concept

#### Wide Range of Concepts

- Concession for single airport
- Concession for multiple airports system
- Sale of shares in single or multiple airports to the public
- Concession for airport facility development under Build-Operate-Transfer (BOT)

Above concepts may also necessitate restructuring civil aviation administration

# Public Sector - Private Sector Interests Government Interest to...

- Ensure airport and facility upgrading and expansion
- Obtain relief from future need for public capital investment
- Obtain relief from responsibility for supporting cost of operations & maintenance

Potential for "windfall" profit from sale of assets or concession also attractive

# Public Sector - Private Sector Interests Private Sector Interest..

- Limit capital expenditure to minimum that can be recovered within concession
- Ensure there is a sufficient revenue base to offset operating costs, capital charges, royalties, and generate profit and return on equity

Public Sector and Private Sector objectives may not always be in harmony - hence risk to parties involved

# Who is at Risk in Airport Privatization?

- Bidders and Concessionaires
- Commercial Banks & Regional Development Banks
- Governments

.....but also the Airlines and User Public

- Air Traffic Forecasts
- Airport Development Proposals
- Air Transport Risks
- Revenue Estimates
- Capital Cost Estimates
- Concessionaire Composition & Culture
- Institutional Influences
- Terms of Reference for Privatization

#### **Air Traffic Forecasts**

- Annual Traffic Forecasts passengers, cargo & aircraft for revenue estimation
- Derived Peak Forecasts used to generate capacity needs and capital estimates

Sensitivity testing may be lacking Linkage between annual & peak forecasts may be inconsistent

Forecasts based on new markets being developed may mask considerable risk

#### Airport Development Proposals

- Aircraft Safety
- Airside & Terminal Design
- Capacity & Site Expandability







### Air Transport Risks

- Changes in Aircraft Mix
- Problem of Competing Airports
- Airline Alliances

#### Revenue Estimates

- Reliance on Traffic Forecasts
   Can be overly optimistic
- Fees & Charges Assumptions
   Ability to increase charges may be unrealistic

### Capital Cost Estimates

- Lack of adequate prior planning
- Insufficient information on site conditions and local costing

Leads to under-estimated capital needs

### Concessionaire Composition & Culture

- Range of Disciplines in Consortium
   Watch for "dominant partner" effect
- "Developer" Syndrome
   Low cost short life approach

#### Institutional Influences

- Government regulation of air transport may affect concessionaire revenues
- Policy towards privatization can change
  - issue of compensation
- Commitment to mitigate environmental impact of airport operations may weaken

#### Effect of Terms of Reference

- Tendency to focus on financial return to government.
- Technical requirements usually ill-defined
  - Government loses control over physical scope of the project
  - Poor terms of reference make it difficult to evaluate bids

## Components of Due Diligence

- Air Traffic Forecast Review
- Airport Facilities Development Plan
- Operations Review
- Regulatory Influences
- Financial Review
- Other Development Risks & Opportunities

#### Conclusions

- 1. Risk exists for all parties
- 2. Experience too limited to declare success
- 3. Not all airports or projects financially viable
- 4. Risk elements need to be addressed
- TOR need to be much better defined
- 6. Due diligence reviews needed at all stages

## Final Thought

If you plan to privatize an airport, or initiate a BOT project...

....do the due diligence work first