# ICAO NAM/CAR/SAM Regions Airport Privatization Seminar

Airport Commercialization As An Alternative To Privatization



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# SPECTRUM OF MANAGEMENT/ OWNERSHIP OPTIONS

Government Support & Control Government Department

Commercial

**Private** 

**Commercial Focus/Rate of Return** 





# AVIATION INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

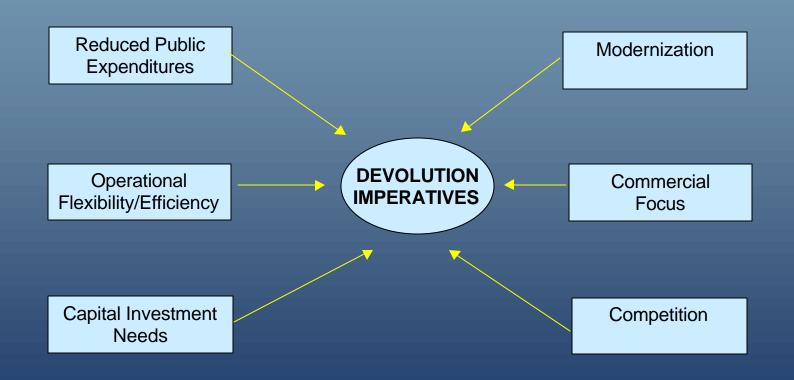
ICAO International Guidelines

BILATERAL AGREEMENTS
Market Access

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT Sets and Enforces Regulations

OPERATING DEPARTMENTS
Implements Regulations and Manages Operations

## **GOVERNMENT DRIVERS**



BANGOI

RAL DE RES



#### WHAT IS AIRPORT COMMERCIALIZATION?

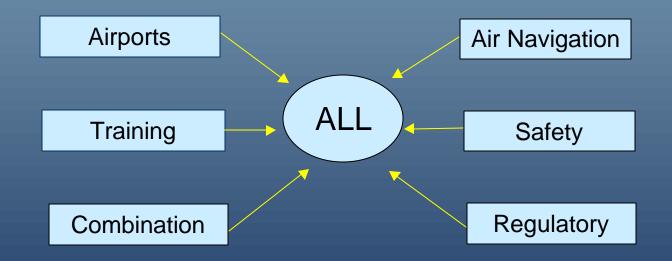
- Shift of aviation management and operations from government department to a "business focused" enterprise
- Shift in management not ownership
- **→** Corporate forms
  - → Parastatal (Crown Corporation)
  - **→ Not-For-Profit Non-Statutory Corporation**
  - **→** For-Profit Non-Statutory Corporation
- → Government is only "shareholder" initially



### WHAT IS AIRPORT COMMERCIALIZATION

(Continued)

# Key decision is which unit(s) to include:



BANCO

RAL DE RES



#### COMMERCIALIZATION PRINCIPLES

- >> Preserve safety & security
- Contribute to national economy
- → Improve productivity
- **→** Promote containment of costs
- **→** Rationalize investments

#### COMMERCIALIZATION PRINCIPLES

- Incorporate accountability mechanisms
- → Incorporate mechanisms for user input
- Incorporate environmental protection provisions

#### BENEFITS OF COMMERCIALIZATION

- Allows time to develop broader policy goals/objectives for sector
- →Provides opportunity to implement legal and regulatory framework
- → Step towards potential privatization
- **→** Allows further evaluation
- + Allows asset base to be valued

#### BENEFITS OF COMMERCIALIZATION

- Allows true revenue potential to be estimated
- Phase-in impact on national carrier
- Allows time to address human resource issues

#### GENERAL ISSUES IN RESTRUCTURING

- → Equality between commercial and noncommercial units
- → Level of government support/guarantees
- **→** Government retention of revenues
- → Government responsibility for directed capital

#### GENERAL ISSUES IN RESTRUCTURING

- Ability of legislative/regulatory framework to support commercialization
- → Ultimate objective for air transport sector
- → Strength/health of national carrier
- → Impact of change in government

#### ISSUES IN DETERMINING VALUE

- → Government/cash accounting
- Cost of other government departments
- Lack of cost centre reporting
- → Limited historical asset records
- → Multiple data sources
- Inconsistency between sources

#### EXPENDITURE CONSIDERATIONS

- -> Level of analysis and justification
- → Completeness of cost base
- > Level of financial authorities
- → Services provided to OGDs
- → Funding source and expenditure type

#### REVENUE CONSIDERATIONS

- -> Crediting of revenue to central fund
- -> Ability of users to pay
- Commercial contracting principles
- → Collection and follow up
- → Link between fees and cost of service
- **→** Scale of activity

#### STAFFING CONSIDERATIONS

- Wage and productivity link
- → Wage and qualification link
- >> Technical focus historically
- **→** Private sector differentials
- → Status of non-professionals
- → Division of duties and functions

#### STAFFING CONSIDERATIONS

- → Age profile
- → Transition plan
- Lines of authority and responsibility
- **→** Potential for cross-utilization

## CONCLUSIONS

- Logical 1st step for enterprise with unknown value
- → Commercialization is interim step
- Allows true value of infrastructure to be determined
- → Acceptable model for wide audience
- → Timeframe dependant on existing organization and legislative framework

## CONCLUSIONS

- Allows "in-house" expertise to be developed
- Allows macro level sector policy to be developed
- → Allows value of enterprise to be maximized
- → Cost of implementation is minimal compared to potential improvements in ultimate return