

GNSS Interference Data Analysis

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Presentation Overview

GADM

Global GPS Signal Loss

3 GNSS RFI MENA

GNSS RFI Europe



O5 IATA Recommendations



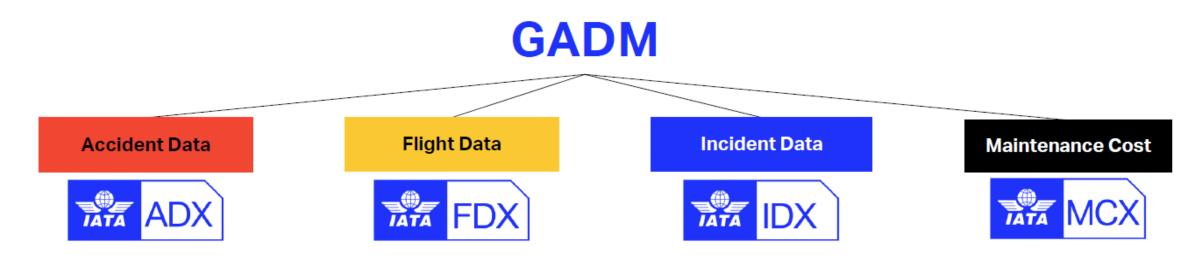
Aviation Safety Data

- Safety data and safety information exchange are fundamental components for understanding the underlying safety conditions and allows to identify safety improvements through improved safety intelligence to mitigate safety risks and improve flight efficiency
- IATA, through the IATA Global Aviation Data Management (GADM) program, collects and collates multiple forms of data, including safety, operational, flight and aircraft maintenance cost data, for the purposes of conducting statistical analyses and benchmarking, and making available to the industry aggregated anonymized outputs in the form of reports, dashboards and business intelligence tools;



Global Aviation Data Management

- IATA's Operations, Safety & Security Division
 - Safety & Operational Data and Analytics Programs
- GADM is a unique global aviation safety database with IATA serving as a custodian trusted by the industry to do this.





How does it work?



FLIGHT HECORDER DO NOT DIFEN Airline B

In FDX, airlines submit flight data to IATA* where it is processed using a common event set, de-identified results are integrated into a database with inputs from multiple operators,

to generate global trends, rates and training materials and to support advocacy work

Raw data from the aircraft is downloaded routinely for FOQA/FDM/FDA

(*) IATA works with Flight Data Services as its collaborative partner for FDX data processing. Data is displayed only when there are at least 3 operators with the same aircraft type. De-identification includes: no airline information is available, the tail numbers and the flight numbers are written off, the flight date is set to the first day of the month.

FDX Statistics



More than
209
Airlines and
growing

More than 7 000 000 flights globally

More than 6500 aircraft

IDX Statistics



271
Airlines
Participants
and growing



GNSS RFI Regions Affected

Regions

- Middle East
- Black Sea
- Caucasus Region
- East Mediterranean
- North Atlantic (impacted by GPS interference in Europe / MID)

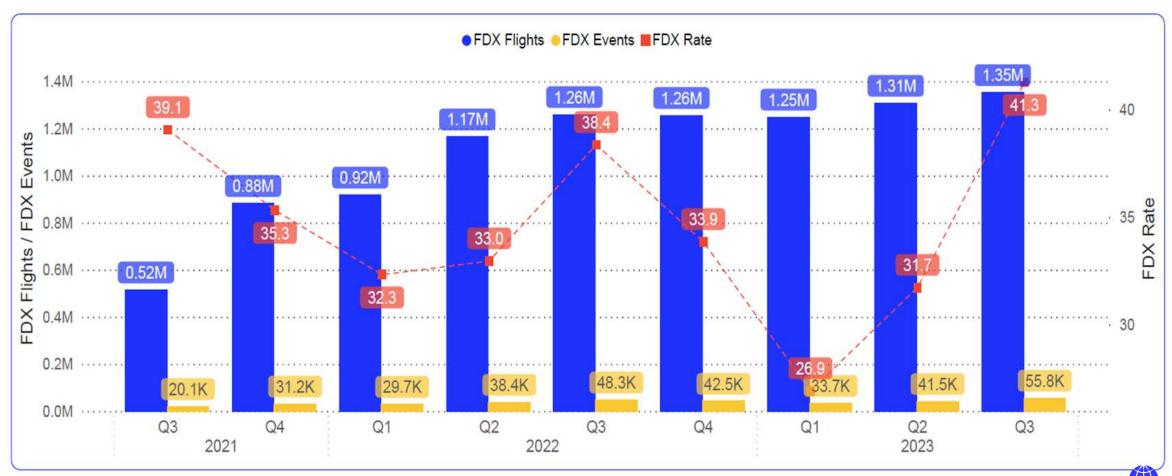
Regional GPS Interference (NOTAMS)

Several CAAs in the region, including Turkey, Iraq, and Israel, issued NOTAMs





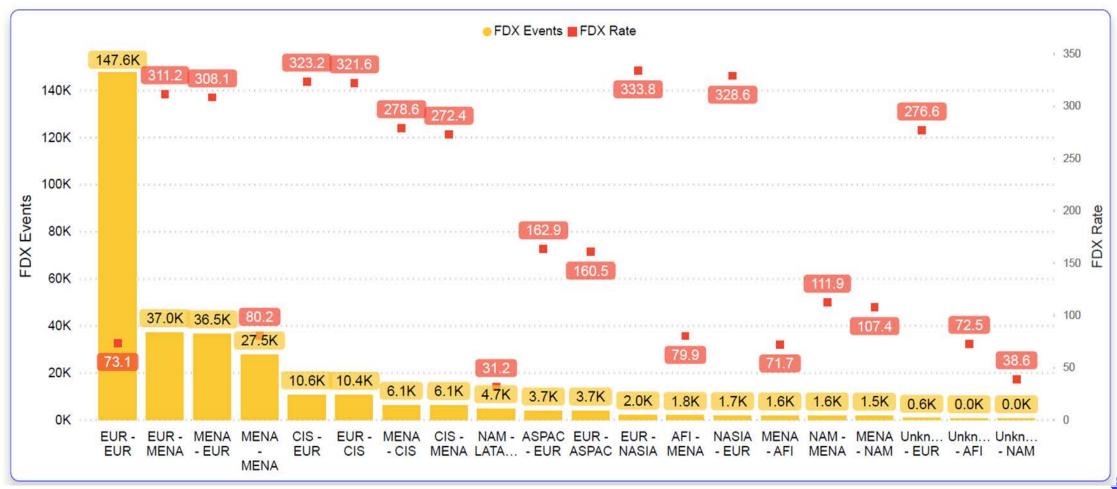
Global GPS Signal Loss Occurrence Rate





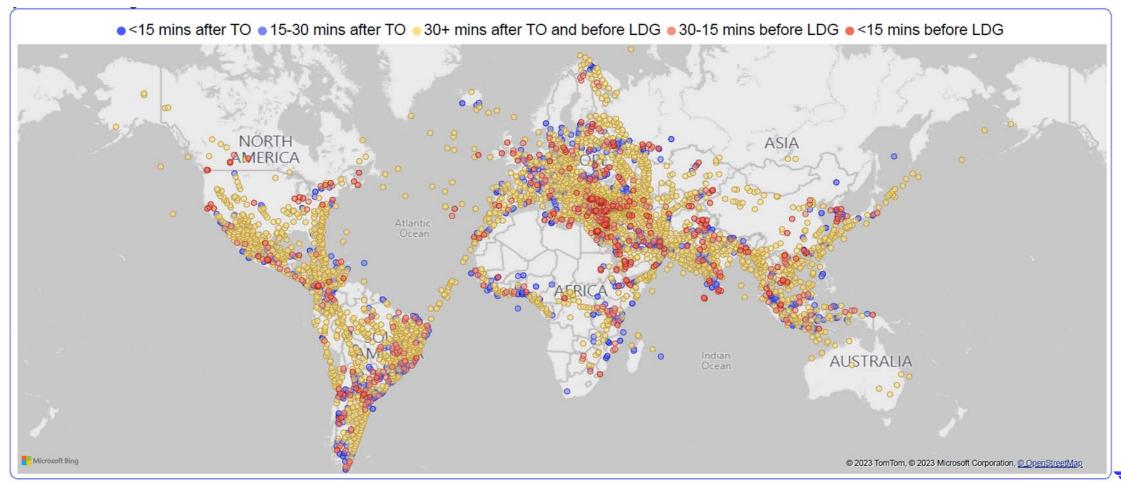


Global GPS Signal Loss Event





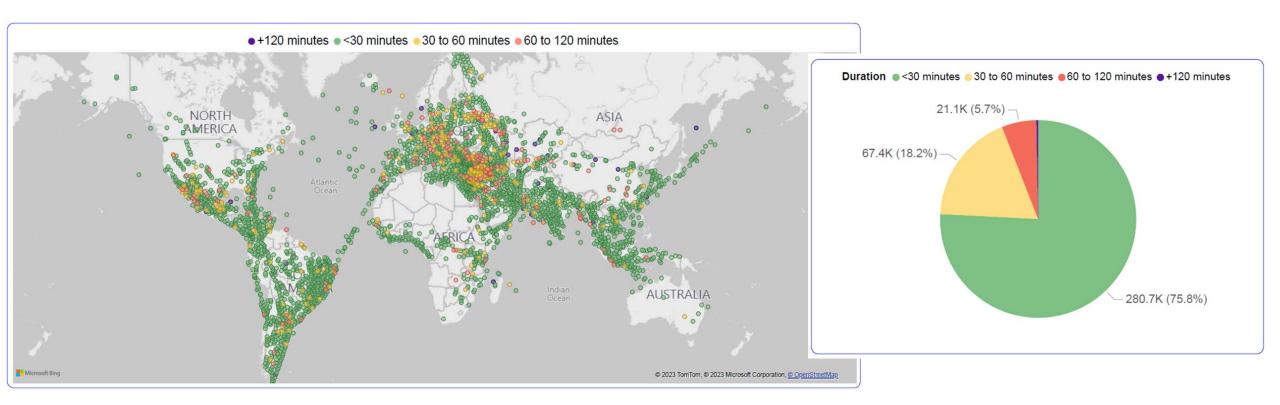
Signal Loss Occurrence Phase of Flight







GPS Signal Loss Occurrence Duration

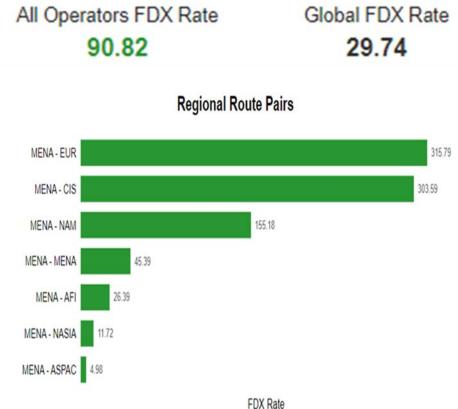






GNSS RFI MENA







GNSS RFI Europe

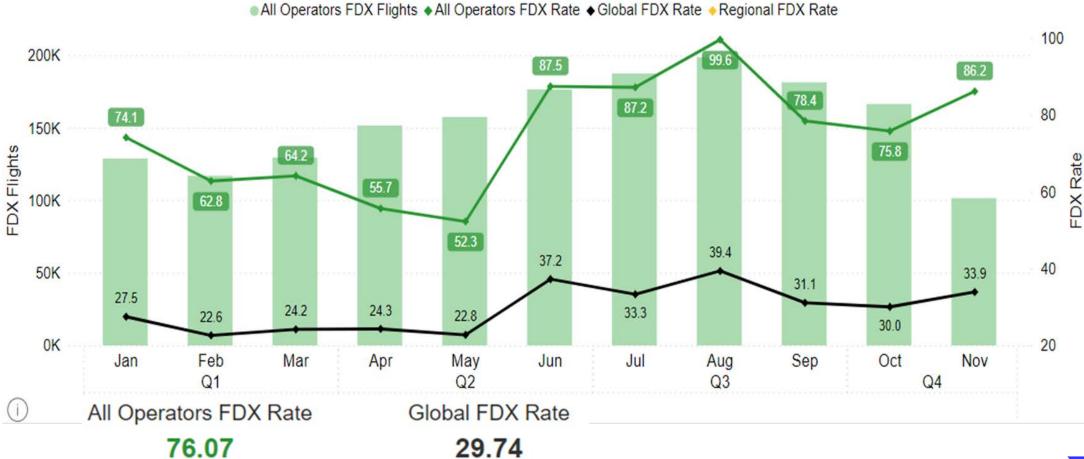








GNSS RFI Europe & MENA







IATA Recommendations

- Establish a regionally determined minimum operational network (MON) of conventional navigation aids.
- ICAO & IATA to continue efforts to encourage pragmatic elimination of government origin GNSS RFI.
- States to develop procedures (conventional routes) to be used in case of GNSS interference.
- Airlines to contribute to safety data by joining FDX.
- OEMs to provide guidance on jamming & Spoofing situations.







