



ICAO

INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

A UN SPECIALIZED AGENCY

ESAF/WACAF MET Competency standards
for Aeronautical Meteorological Personnel



Guidance to States on implementing the Competency Standards

Presented by: Mahamadou ADAMOU, AMP
Competency Assessor,

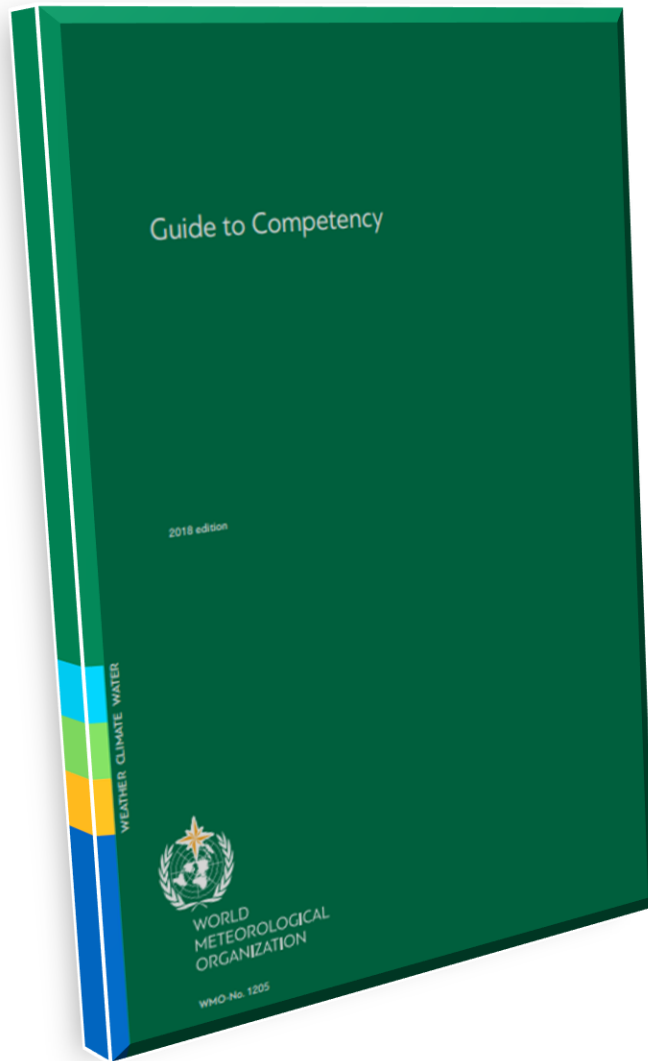
ASECNA; MET Project 4 Team Member

Contents

- Guidance to States in implementing competency standards
- Factors on which customization of WMO competency framework depends
- Competency Assessment
- Competency – Based Training
- Benefits of a competency framework

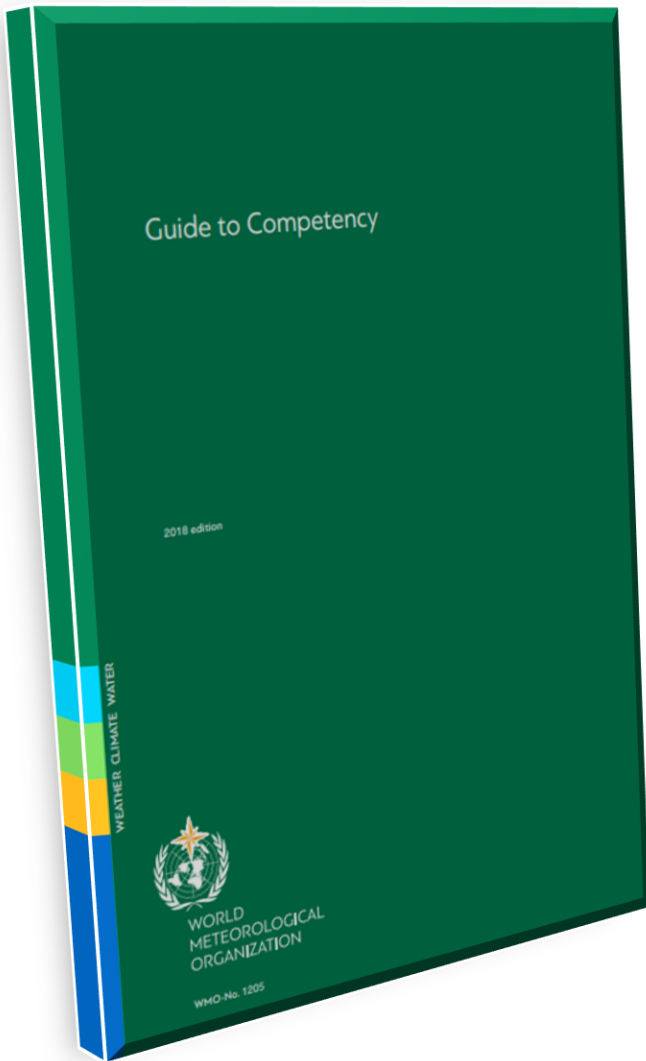


Guidance to States in implementing AMP Competencies⁴ (WMO-n°205)



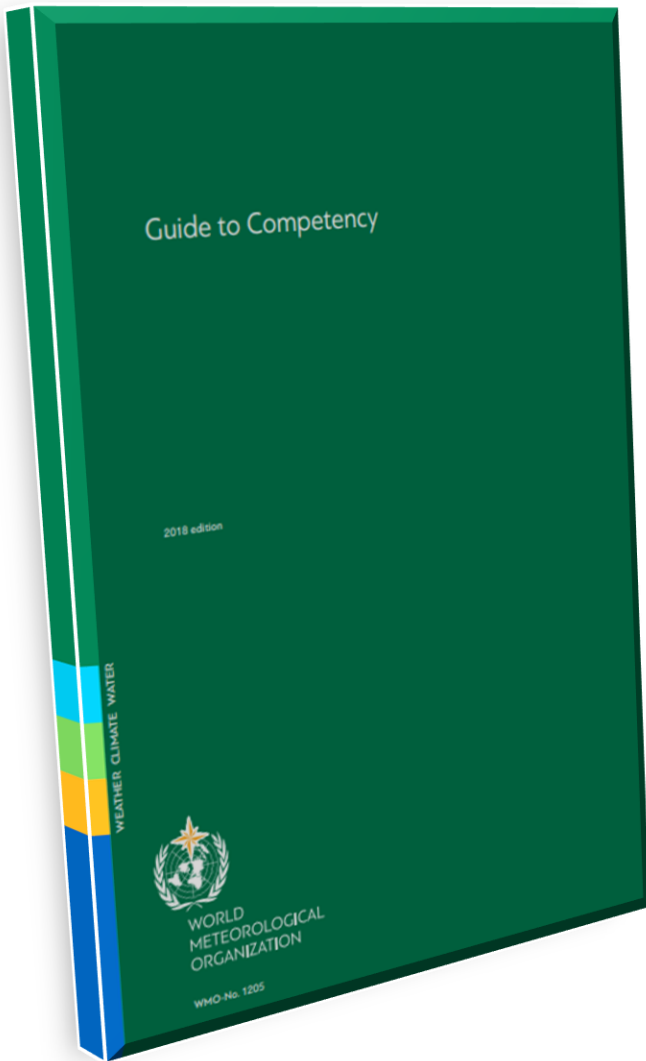
- When implementing AMP competencies,
- the second-level competencies and the performance criteria should first be reviewed and customized to meet specific circumstances,
- taking into account
 - institutional structures and responsibilities,
 - technology,
 - staffing,
 - service levels, and
 - weather phenomena that impact the country or area of responsibility.

Guidance to States in implementing AMP Competencies₅ (WMO-n°205)



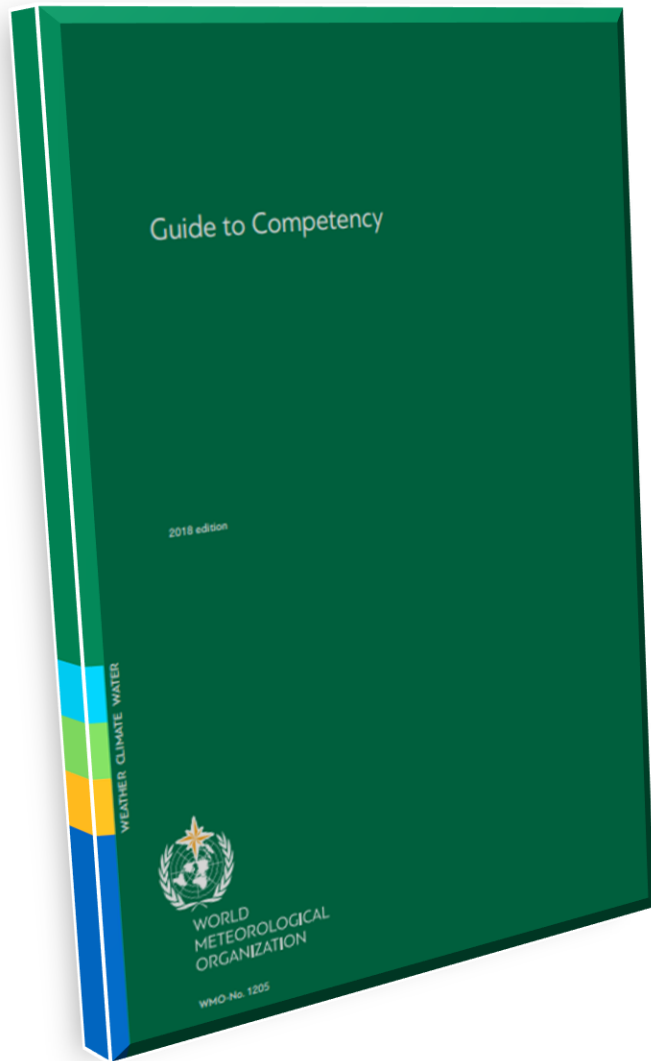
- The top-level competencies represent internationally agreed WMO regulations,
 - they are mandatory and should not be customized.
- The support of upper-level management is essential to
 - ensure the successful implementation and ongoing management of the competency framework.

Guidance to States in implementing AMP Competencies₆ (WMO-n°205)



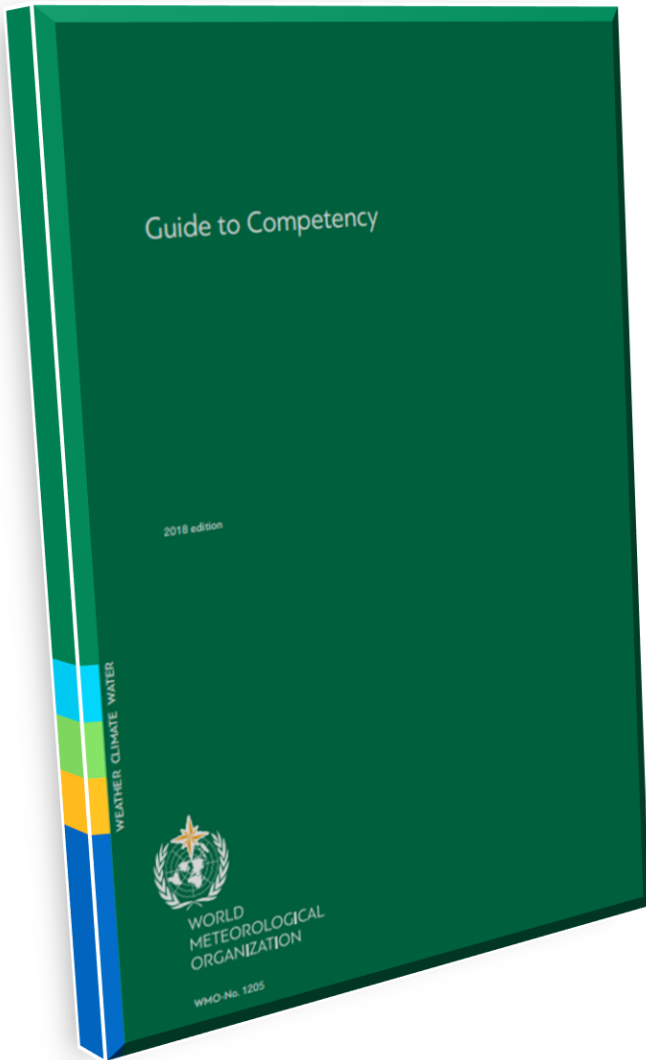
- All the performance criteria and background skills and knowledge developed in WMO competency framework
 - may not be required.
- Organizations may need to
 - elaborate on or add to the second – level competency information or
 - remove some of the performance criteria.

Factors on which customization of WMO competency framework depends (WMO-n°205)



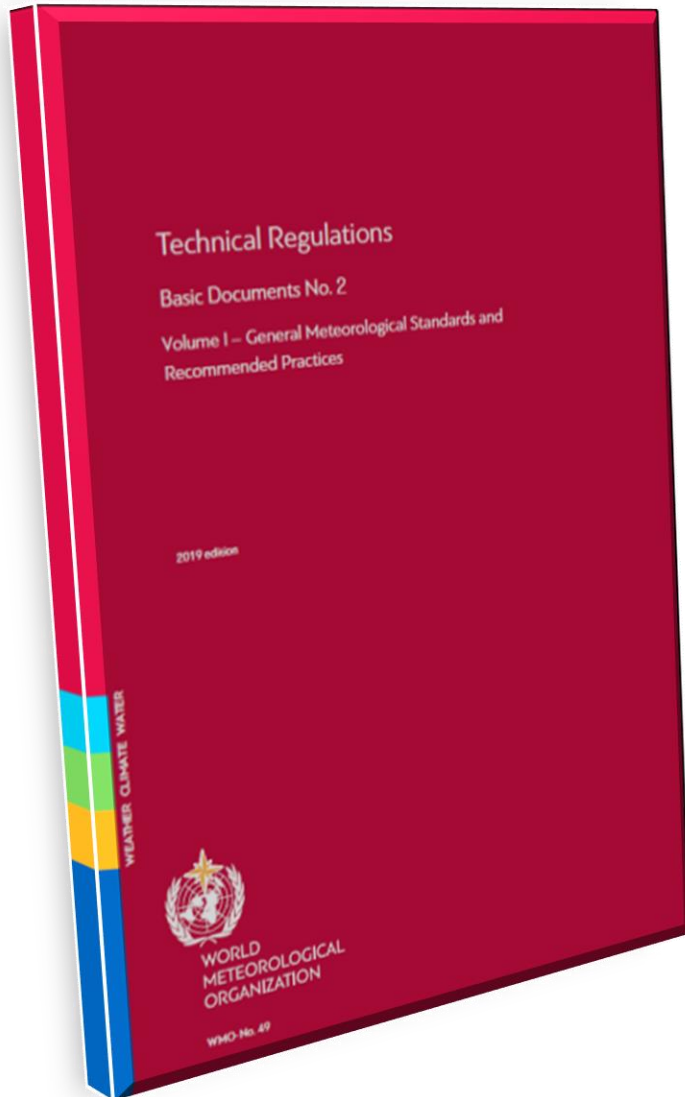
- The organization structure, which determines who in the organization must demonstrate competency;
 - Whether an individual or group needs to demonstrate competency over multiple service areas
 - (aviation, marine, public weather services);
- Whether an individual or group performs
 - all the functions, some of the functions, or more than the functions described in the second-level competency information;

Factors on which customization of WMO competency framework depends (WMO-n°205)



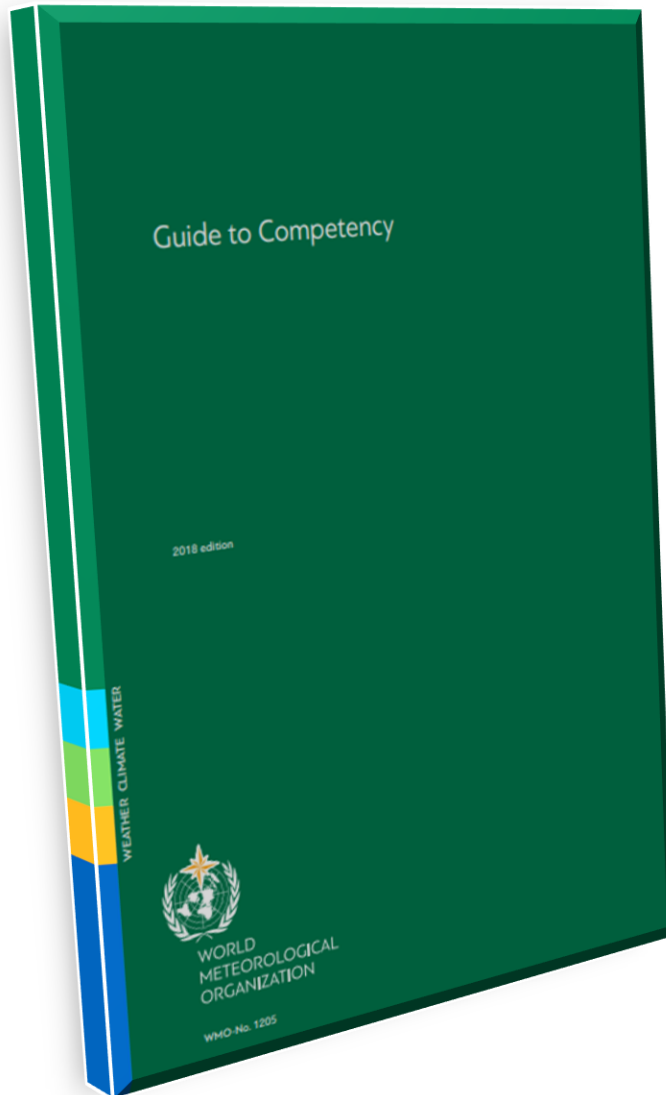
- Whether the competencies are internationally regulated or are recommended practices;
- What resources the organization possesses to manage a competency programme, including training, competency assessment and quality management.

Competency Assessment (WMO-n°49)



- 1.1.5 Members should establish competency assessment procedures for different categories of operational personnel;
- competency assessments should be
 - repeated at regular intervals defined by the quality management practice of each Member.

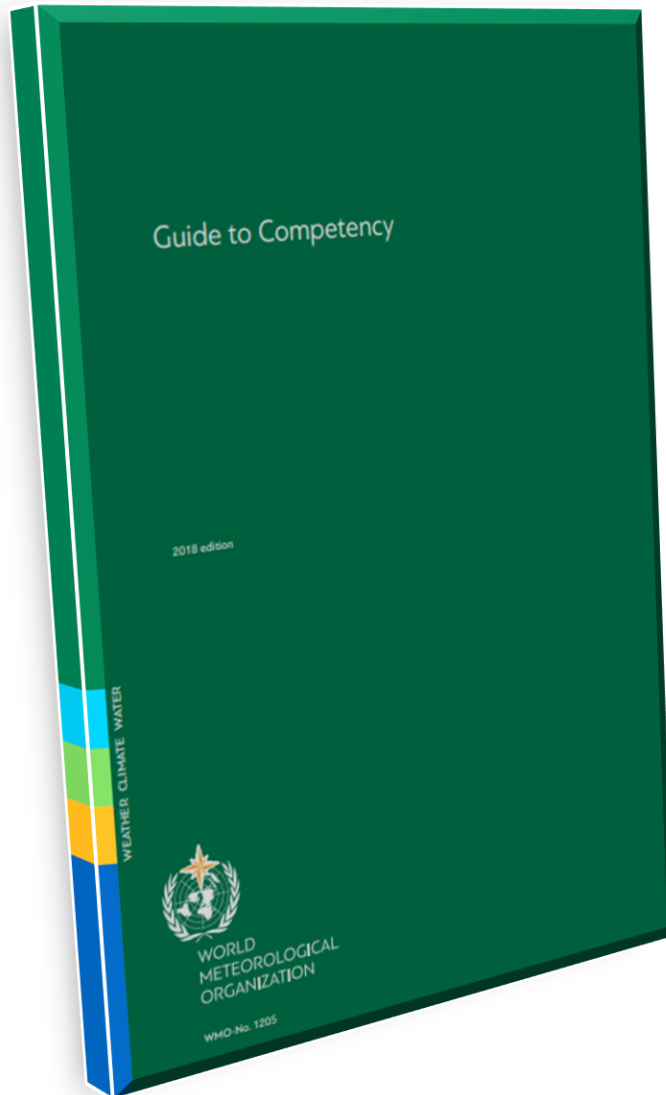
Competency Assessment (WMO-n°1205)



- Competency assessment is conducted to determine if someone can perform the job to the level of skill and knowledge required.
- It is a critical element in implementing competency requirements.
- Competency assessment is required for competency frameworks that are internationally regulated (AMP for instance).
- It is a recommended practice for all other competency frameworks.

Implementing Competency standards

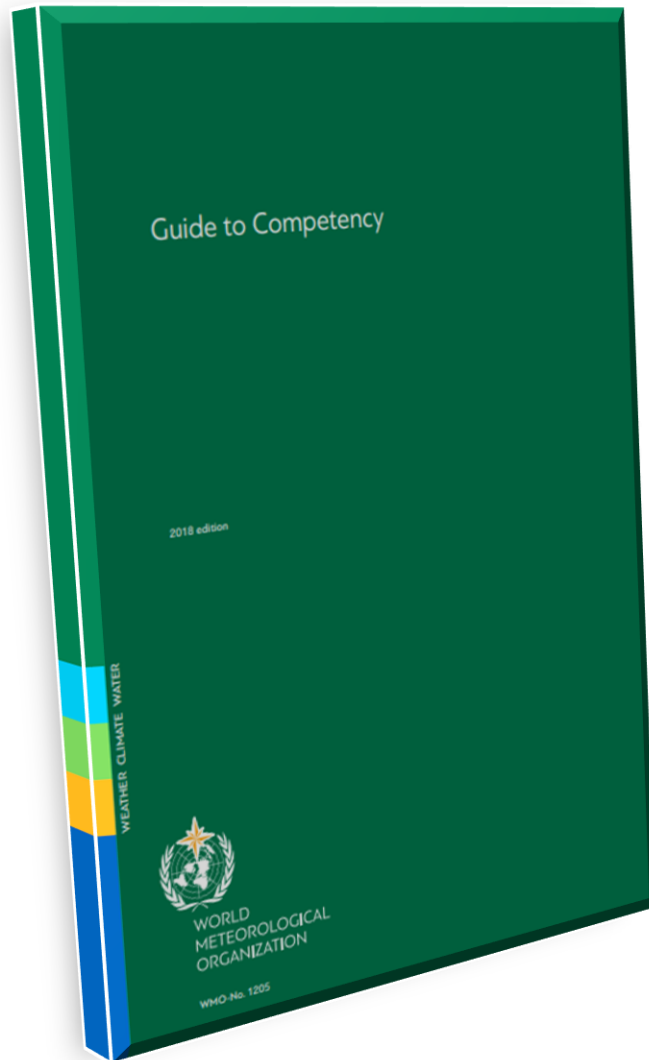
Competency Assessment (WMO-n°1205)



- Competency assessment should be conducted on a regular basis documented in the Organization's QMS.
- It is a critical element in implementing competency requirements.
- Competency assessment is required for competency frameworks that are internationally regulated (AMP for instance).
- It is a recommended practice for all other competency frameworks.

Implementing Competency standards

Competency – Based Training (WMO-n°1205)



- Competency – Based Training should be developed
- Its goal is to focus on specific competencies that an individual must attain or enhance.
- Evidence of change in behaviour and performance following a training should be looked at.

Benefits of a competency framework (WMO-n°1205)

Implementation of a competency framework:

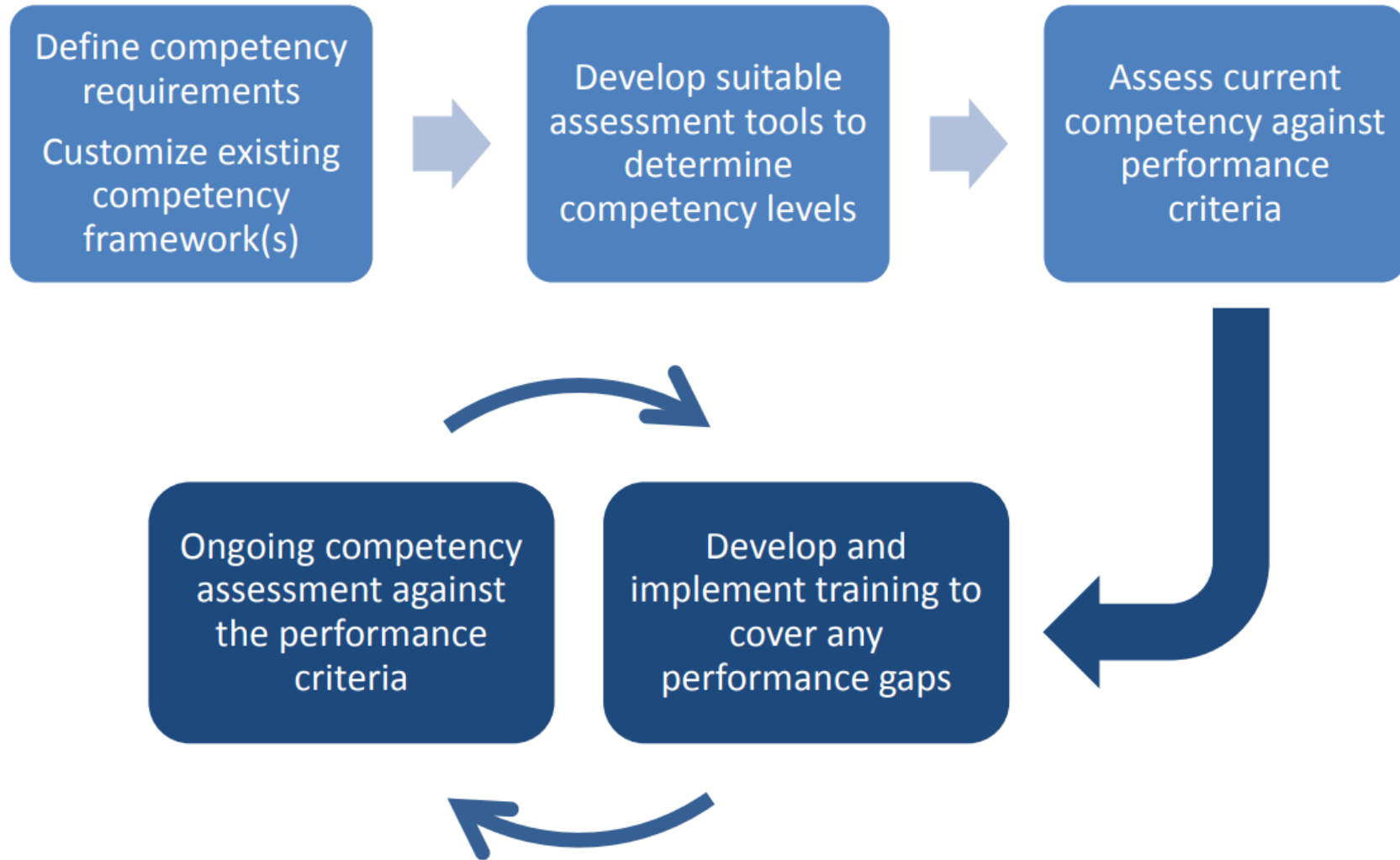
- Improves the quality of service provision by ensuring that personnel meet the defined performance criteria and knowledge required to provide these services;
- Promotes national and international consistency because personnel should be expected to perform at similar levels and have similar skills, whatever their country of service;
- Provides clear expectations by defining standards and measures for an individual and a team;
- Assists organizations in meeting their operational objectives;
- Provides a tool for evaluation by enabling organizations to perform a gap analysis between actual skills, knowledge and behaviours, and desired skills, knowledge and behaviours;

Benefits of a competency framework (WMO-n°1205)

Implementation of a competency framework:

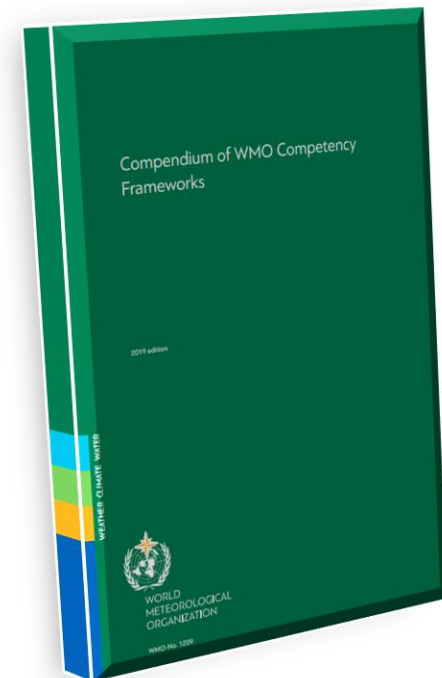
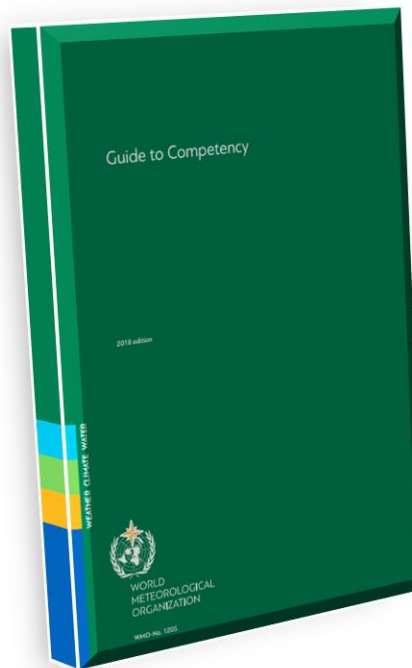
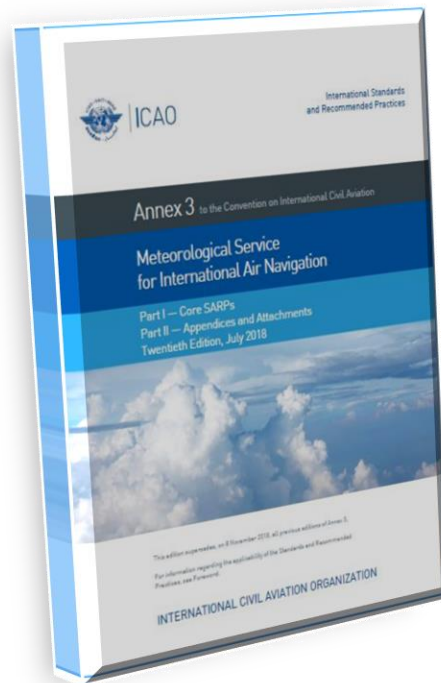
- Provides guidelines for coaches/mentors/managers on specific behaviours that need development;
- Enables effective, efficient and targeted training and development of resources;
- Allows organizations to determine their ongoing training needs through periodic assessment of individuals against the required competencies;
- Implementation of a competency framework enables organizations to understand where they are now and what will be required to get them to where they want to go;
- Provides a tool organizations can use to document their quality management process;
- Provides the individual with the motivational reassurance of their own competence to fulfil the role

Ongoing competency process (WMO-n°1205)



Implementing Competency standards

References



https://worldweather.wmo.int/tt_cat/philo.php

Services for Aviation Moodle training portal

Implementing Competency standards



Thank You!