# AERODROME CERTIFICATION & SAFETY MANAGEMENT

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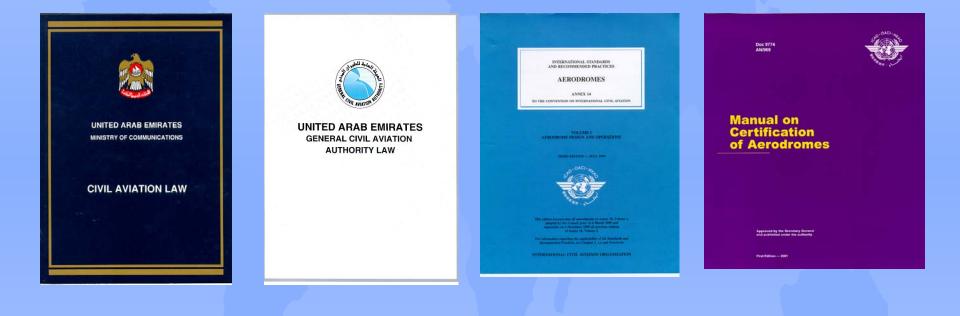
# 1.OBJECTIVES OF AERODROME CERTIFICATION

• Ensure continued safety, regularity and efficiency of aircraft operations at aerodromes.

 Ensure the aerodrome is in compliance with the relevant ICAO Standards and Recommended Practices and Civil Aviation Regulations



## 2.REGULATORY BACKGROUND





# Development of ICAO SARPs and Guidance material

- Annex 14 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation, Volume 1 Aerodrome Design and Operations
  - Adopted by Council in 1951
- Amendment 4 to Annex 14
  - 1<sup>st</sup> November 2001
- Manual on Certification of Aerodromes
  - First Edition 2001



#### Amendment 4 to Annex 14

" As of 27 November 2003, States shall certify aerodromes used for international operations in accordance with the specifications contained in Annex 14 as well as other relevant ICAO specifications through an appropriate regulatory framework"



Doc 9774 AN/969



#### Manual on Certification of Aerodromes

Approved by the Secretary General and published under his authority

First Edition — 2001



#### **GENERAL CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY**

7



Civil Aviation Regulations Of The United Arab Emirates

> Part IX AERODROME LICENSING

Published by the General Civil Aviation Authority, P.O.Box 6558, Abu Dhabi. U.A.E.



# 3. PROGRESS TO DATE

Aerodrome Manual Guidance Notes (Jun 01)
Aerodrome Licensing Regulations (Jan 02)
Seminar at GCAA Dubai Office (Feb 02)
SMS Guidance notes (Mar-Jul 02)
Safety Oversight Audit Schedule (Jun 02)
Aerodrome Manual Inspection Checklist (Aug 02)
Aerodrome operator internal audit results (Nov 02)
Aerodrome manual submission (Jan 03)



# 4. CIVIL AVIATION REGULATIONS

Part IX – Aerodrome Licensing (January 2002)
Based upon :

- Standards and Recommended Practices contained in ICAO Annex 14 Volume 1
- ICAO Manual on Certification of Aerodromes Doc 9774 (2001)
- International best practice



# Part IX-Aerodrome Licensing Contents

Licensing process

- Aerodrome Manual
- Obligations of the Aerodrome Operator
- Physical Characteristics
- Obstacles
- Visual aids
- Equipment and Installations
- Aerodrome Services
- Appendices (1to 6)



#### **Licensing Process**

Requirement
Grant of the Licence
Validity
Amendment



#### **Aerodrome Manual**

Purpose and scope
Preparation
Location
Information to be included
Revision of information



# Obligations of the Aerodrome Operator

Compliance
Competence of Personnel
Operation and Maintenance
Safety Management System
Safety Audits
Access
Notifying and Reporting to AIS



#### **Physical Characteristics**

 Facilities provided for aircraft manoeuvring and parking

- Runways
- Taxiways
- Aprons
- Dimensions, strength, slope etc.



#### **Obstacles**

Obstacle limitation surfaces
Requirements for different runway types
Treatment of objects outside the obstacle limitation surfaces



#### **Visual Aids**

Indicators and signalling devices
Surface markings
Lighting
Signs
Markers
Lighting of obstacles



## **Equipment and Installations**

Secondary power supplies

- Electrical systems
- Monitoring of visual aids
- Fencing
- Airport design
- Siting of installations in operational areas
- Vehicles
- Surface movement guidance and control



#### **Aerodrome Services**

Emergency planning
Rescue and Fire-fighting
Disabled aircraft removal
Maintenance
Bird hazard reduction
Apron management service



## Appendices

- Particulars to be included in Aerodrome Manual
- 2. Application for Aerodrome Licence
- 3. Aerodrome Licence form
- 4. Aeronautical Studies
- 5. Bird strike occurrence report form
- 6. RFF personnel medical standards



# Particulars to be included in the Aerodrome Manual

Part 1 – General introduction
Part 2 – Aerodrome site data
Part 3 – AIS data for publication in AIP
Part 4 – Aerodrome Operating Procedures
Part 5 – Administration & Safety Management System



# 5. TIMESCALES

January 2002

Civil Aviation Regulations Part IX published
January 2003

- Aerodrome Manual to be submitted to GCAA for approval
- November 2003
  - Operator of an International Aerodrome to be in possession of an Aerodrome Licence
- 2004 onwards
  - ICAO Universal Safety Oversight Programme



# 6. IMPLEMENTATION OF AERODROME CERTIFICATION

Aerodrome Operations

- Review of organisation
- Aerodrome Manual
  - Review of existing data
  - Development of Operating Procedures
- Grant of the Aerodrome Licence
  - Approval of the Aerodrome Manual
  - Audit of aerodrome based on data contained in the Manual
- Annual Validation of Aerodrome Licence
  - Safety Oversight Audit Programme



### **Aerodrome Operations**

#### Review of Organisation

- Define responsibilities and accountabilities
- Ensure coordinated operations
- Management of the Aerodrome
  - Safety
  - Regularity
  - Efficiency
- Aerodrome Standards
  - Establish responsibility for aerodrome licensing
  - Internal Audit



#### **Aerodrome Manual**

Fundamental to the licensing process
Demonstrates that the aerodrome complies with the licensing standards
Provides the base material for GCAA audit
Licence is based upon the information presented



## **Grant of the Aerodrome Licence**

Approval of the Aerodrome Manual

 Verification of data, procedures and systems

 Audit of the aerodrome

- Facilities
- Operating procedures
- Safety Management System



# 7. SAFETY MANAGEMENT

What is a Safety Management System (SMS)?
What is it expected to achieve?
What are the key requirements of SMS?
How do we implement and maintain the SMS?



# What is SMS?

• Systematic management of the risks associated with aircraft operations

• Important element of the airport management responsibility which sets out the safety policy and defines how the Airport manages safety as an integral part of its overall business strategy

 Can be compared with a financial management system as a method of systematically managing a vital business function



#### What is it expected to achieve?

To improve on existing levels of aviation safety in the light of continuing growth of the industry
SMS is as important to business success as a financial management system and leads to achievement of one of civil aviation's key business goals - enhanced safety performance
Compliance with ICAO and GCAA requirements



# Key requirements of SMS

- A comprehensive "corporate" approach to safety
  - Integral part of the airport management system
- An effective organisation for delivering safety
  - Must be developed from within the organisation and be seen as a strategic aspect of business management, recognising the high priority attached to safety
- Accountability
  - Every level of management must be given a safety accountability
- Systems to achieve safety oversight
  - Internal audit programme



# How do we implement and maintain the SMS?



Comprehensive "corporate" approach to safety

Publish safety accountabilities
Establish responsibility for the SMS
Positive safety culture
Documentation of safety policies and practices
Internal safety oversight audit process
Regularly reviewed safety plans
Formal safety review processes



# Effective organisation for delivering safety

- Arrangements for recruitment, training and development
- Safety awareness training for management and staff
- Defined standards and auditing of contracted services
- Performance monitoring of safety critical systems and services



# Effective organisation for delivering safety

- Recording and monitoring of safety standards
  Hazard analysis
  Risk assessment
  Change management
  Arrangements for staff to report safety issues
- Emergency response planning



## Systems to achieve safety oversight

 Safety reporting system Arrangements for analysis of safety reports Safety audit reviews Internal safety incident investigations Remedial action follow up Effective use of safety data for performance analysis



#### Systems to achieve safety oversight

Arrangements for ongoing safety promotion
Regular review of Safety Management System
Task monitoring by line managers



#### Formal safety review processes

• Establish a Safety Review Board (SRB)

- Chaired by Director responsible for safety
- To ensure that the SMS functions correctly, and
- all risks are properly addressed in good time
- Establish a Safety Action Group (SAG)
  - Reporting to the SRB
  - Supporting risk assessment process, and
  - Other safety-related issues



## **Safety Policy Documentation**

Safety policy statement

- Structure of the SMS (accountabilities)
- Responsibilities of the Safety Review Board and Safety Action Group
- System for hazard identification and risk assessment
- Safety reporting system and its confidentiality
- Remedial action process
- Records to be maintained.



# Example Terms of Reference for the Safety Review Board

operational safety performance
corrective action is being taken in a timely manner
effectiveness of the safety management processes
effectiveness of the corporate oversight processes



# Example Terms of Reference for the Safety Review Board

- effectiveness of safety oversight of sub-contracted operations
- appropriate resources to meet agreed actions to enhance safety performance
- strategic direction to the Safety Action Group.



# Example Terms of Reference for the Safety Action Group

hazard identifications and risk assessments
safety report capture and employee feedback
regular review of safety performance indicators
conducting staff meetings or briefings



# Example Terms of Reference for the Safety Action Group

- adequate investigation of safety issues and safety reviews
- appropriate safety, emergency and technical training
- reviewing incident, accident and safety information



# Aerodrome Certification & Safety Management System

 Effective method of achieving improvement on existing levels of safety

A method which is transparent and auditable

