AMHS ICD (and Implementation (SSUES) ATN Seminar

Chiang Mai, December 11-14, 2001

Naoto Sakaue

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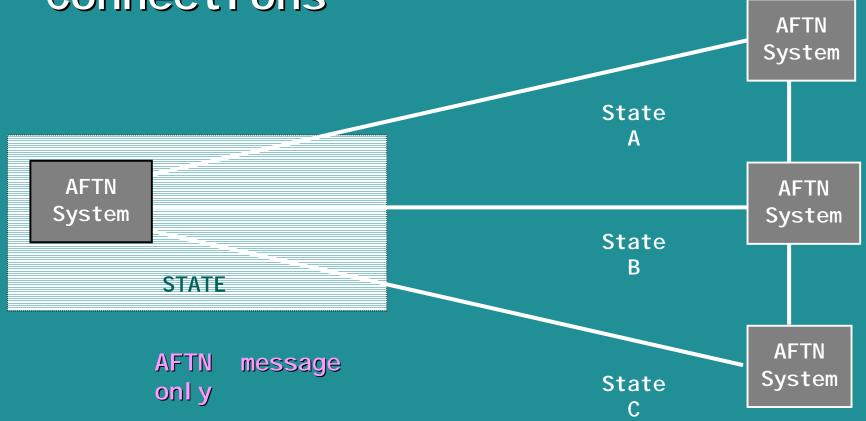
- Regional AMHS Transition
- Domestic AMHS Transition
- Special Features of AMHS/ AMHS ICD
- Some Considerations
- Concl usi ons

Regional AMHS Transition (1/11)

- Regional Transition from AFTN to AMHS
 - Phase-1: Current AFTN Connections
 - Phase-2: Gateway & ATN Router
 - Phase-3: ATS Message Server
 - Phase-4: Full AMHS International Connections
 - Phase-5: Full AMHS Connections
 - Phase-6: Full ATN Connections

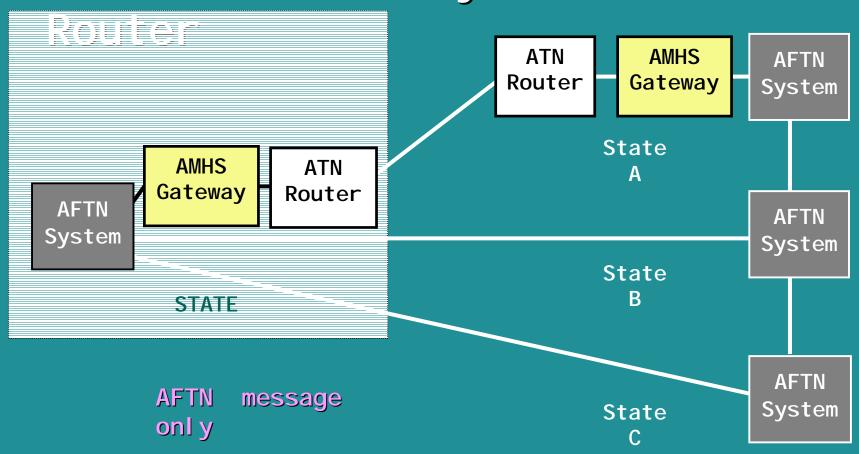
Regional AMHS Transition (2/11)

Phase-1: Current AFTN Connections



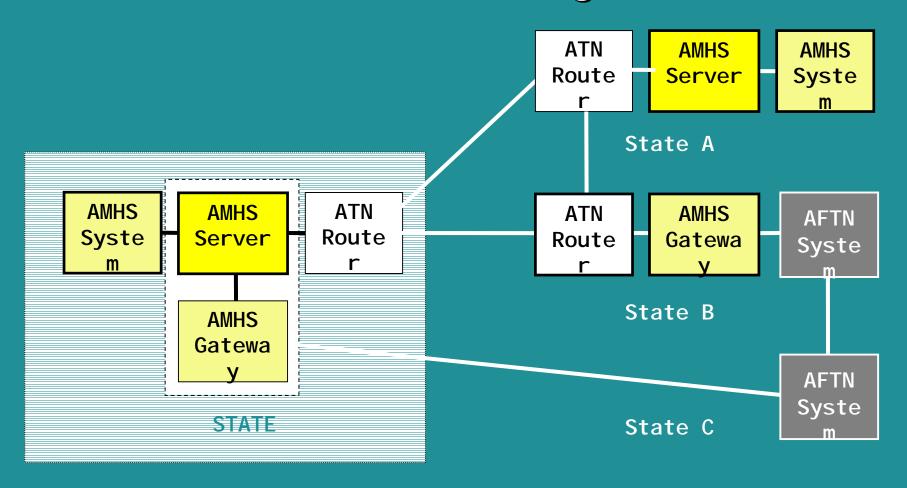
Regional AMHS Transition (3/11)

• Phase-2: Gateway & ATN



Regional AMHS Transition (4/11)

• Phase-3 : ATS Message Server

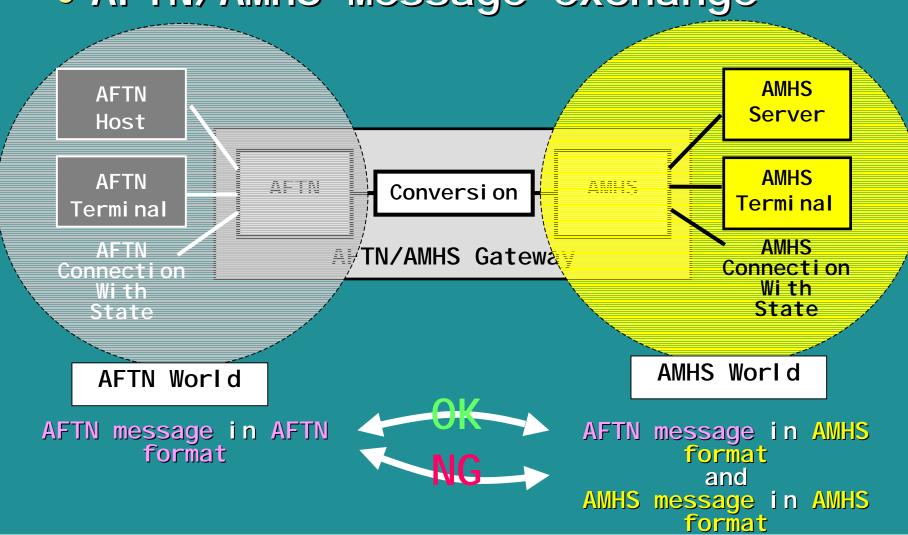


Regional AMHS Transition (5/11)

- AFTN/AMHS Message exchange
 - AFTN Connection
 - AFTN Message in AFTN Format via AFTN protocol
 - Character only (max. 2,100 chars/ 1,800 chars contents)
 - AMHS Connection
 - AFTN Message in AMHS Format via AMHS protocol
 - AMHS Header + Capsulated AFTN Message
 - AMHS Message in AMHS Format via AMHS protocol
 - Binary data (max. 15,000 bytes as an example)
 - Characters, image, graphic, etc.
 - Bilateral and/or Regional Operational Provisions are necessary
 - No AMHS message in AFTN Format

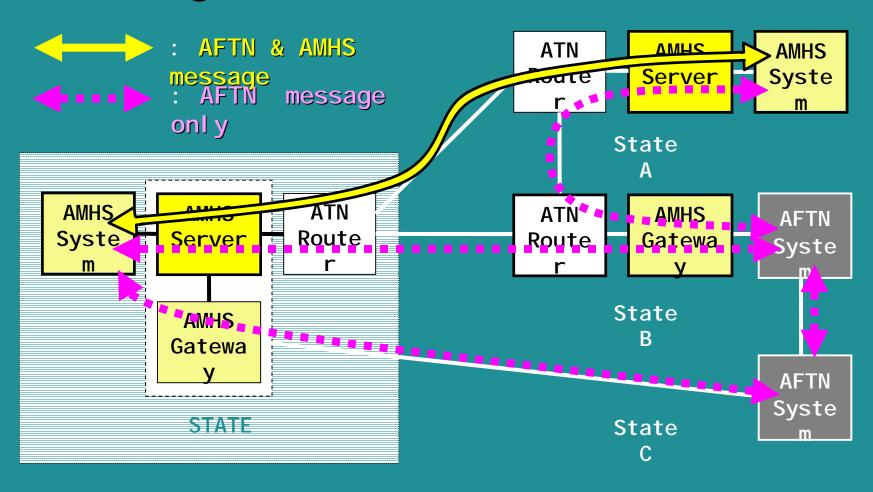
Regional AMHS Transition (6/11)

AFTN/AMHS Message exchange



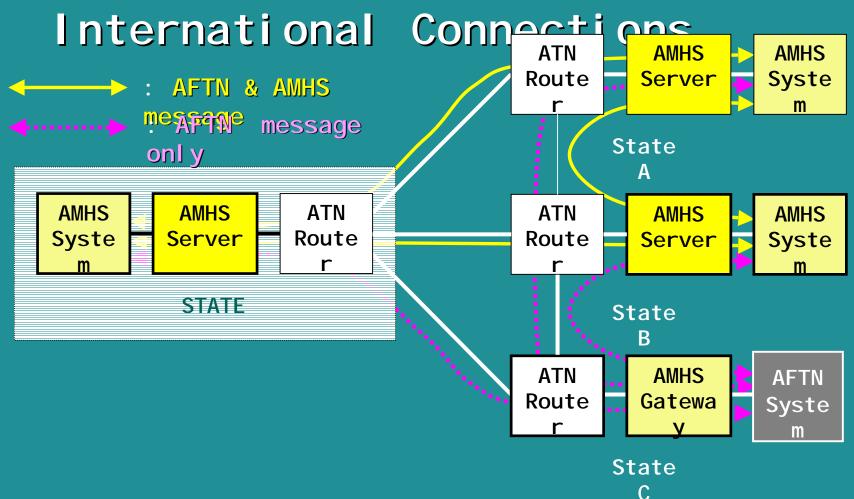
Regional AMHS Transition (7/11)

• Message flow of Phase-3



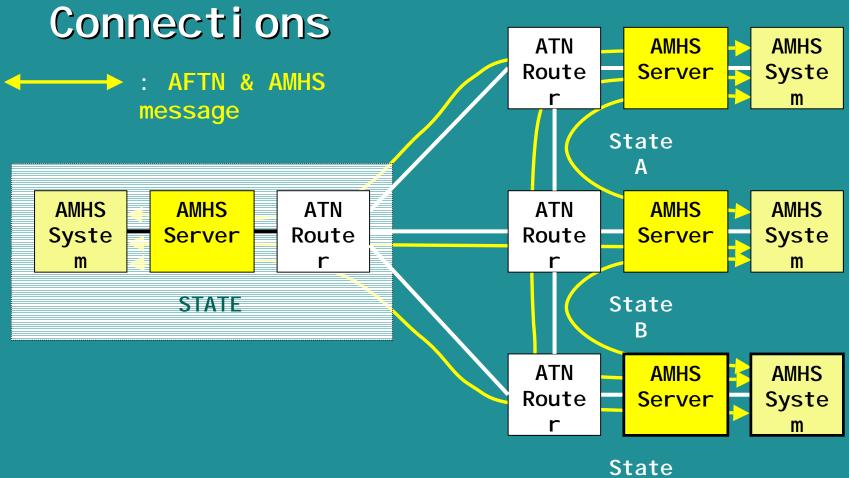
Regional AMHS Transition (8/11)

• Phase-4: Full AMHS International Conne



Regional AMHS Transition (9/11)

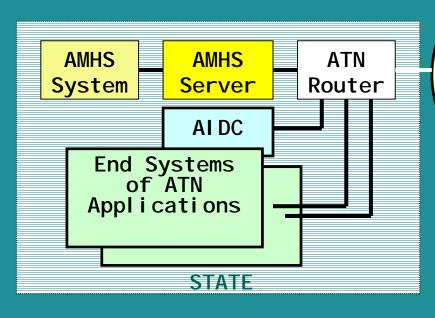
• Phase-5: Full AMHS
Connections

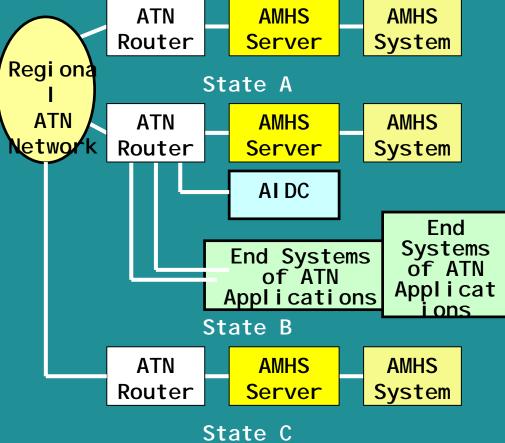


State C

Regional AMHS Transition (10/11)

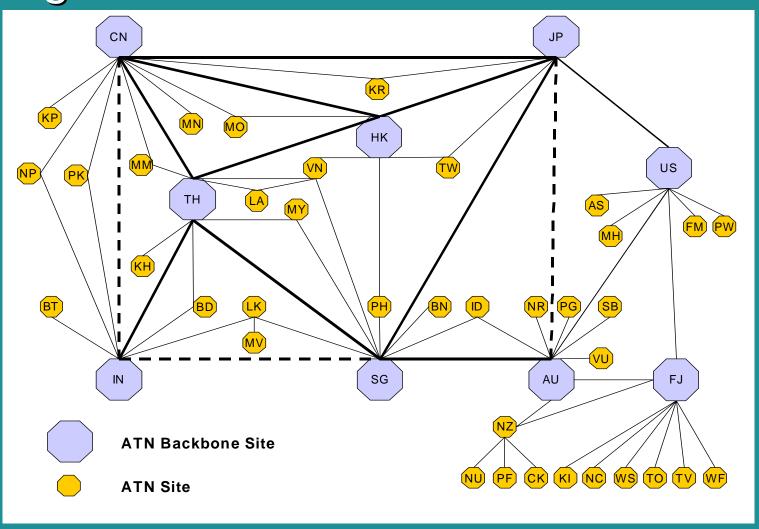
Phase-6: Full ATNConnections





Regional AMHS Transition

• Regional ATN Network

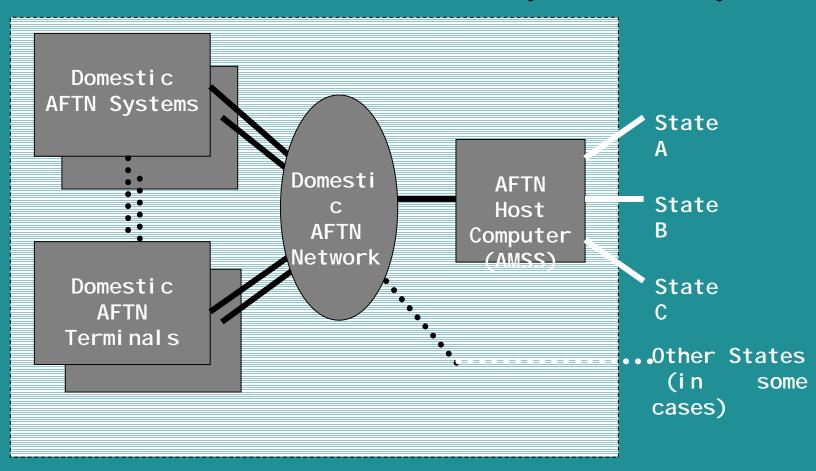


Domestic AMHS Transition (1/9)

- Domestic Transition from AFTN to AMHS
 - AFTN Connections
 - AFTN Connections with AFTN/AMHS Gateway
 - AMHS Connections with AFTN/AMHS Gateway and ATS Message Server
 - AMHS Domestic Connection
- Some Other Cases
 - X. 400 MHS (non ATN) Domestic Connection
 - TCP/IP (non ATN) Domestic Connection

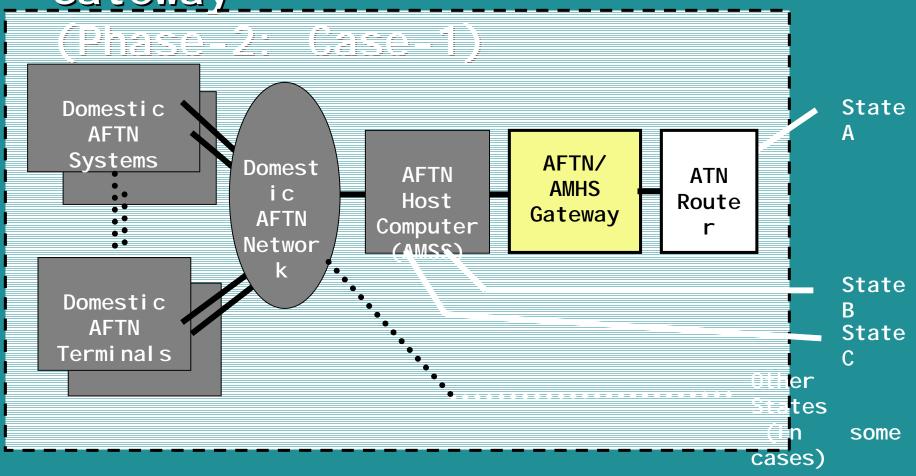
Domestic AMHS Transition (2/9)

AFTN Connections (Phase-1)



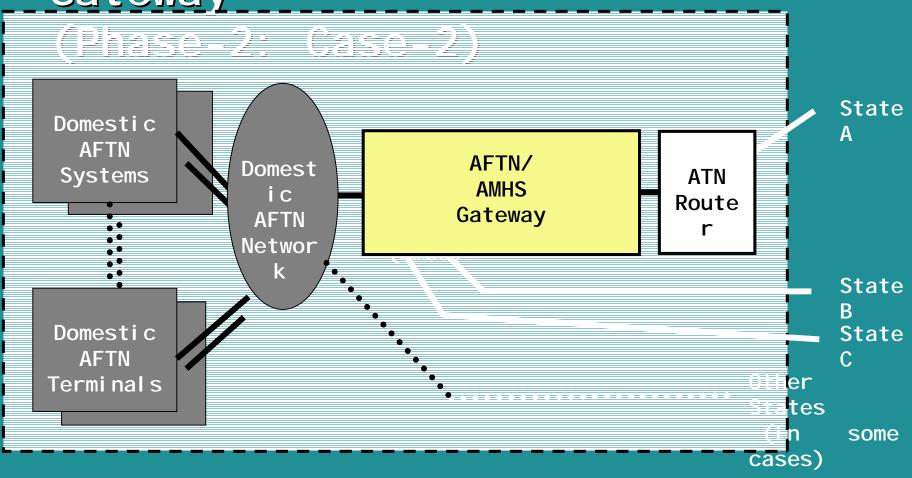
Domestic AMHS Transition

• AFTN Connections with AFTN/AMHS Gateway



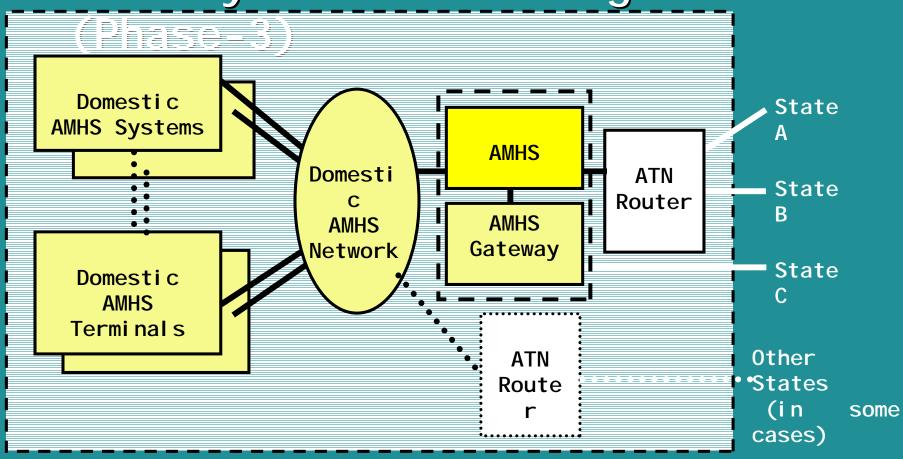
Domestic AMHS Transition

• AFTN Connections with AFTN/AMHS Gateway



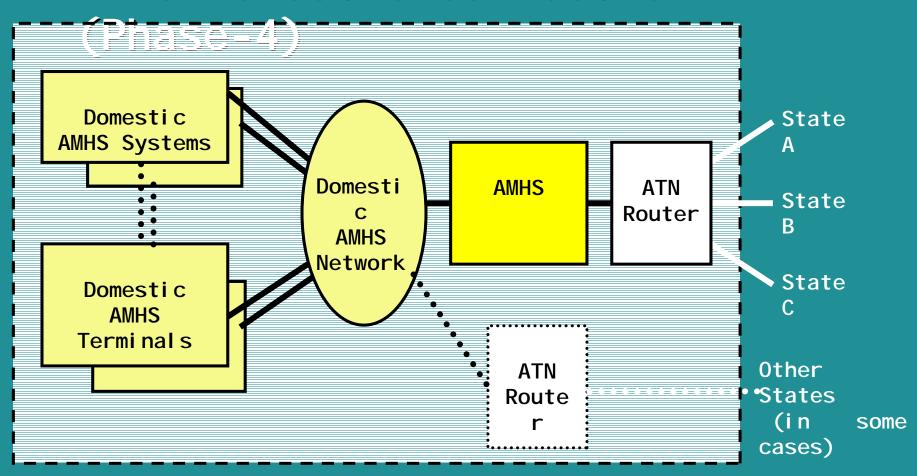
Domestic AMHS Transition

• AMHS Connections with AFTN/AMHS Gateway and ATS Message Server



Domestic AMHS Transition (6/9)

AMHS Domestic Connection

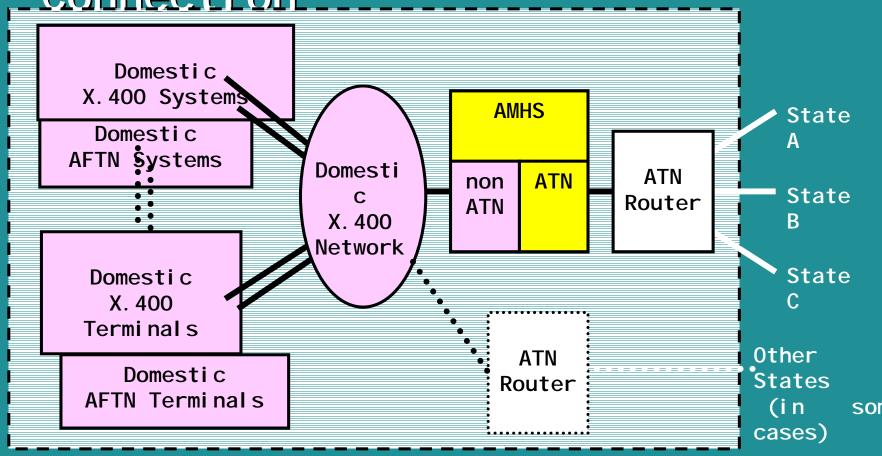


Domestic AMHS Transition (7/9)

- ATN
 - AMHS for International
 - AMHS for Domestic
- Other cases
 - AMHS for International
 - NON AMHS for Domestic
- NON AMHS Candidates for Domestic Use
 - -X. 400 MHS (non ATN)
 - -TCP/IP (non ATN)

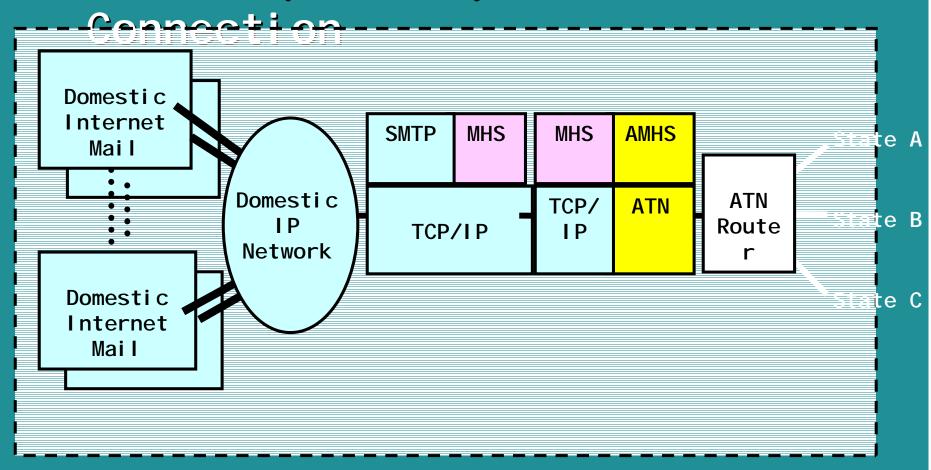
Domestic AMHS Transition (8/9)

X. 400 MHS (non ATN) Domestic
 Connection



Domestic AMHS Transition (9/9)

• TCP/IP (non ATN) Domestic



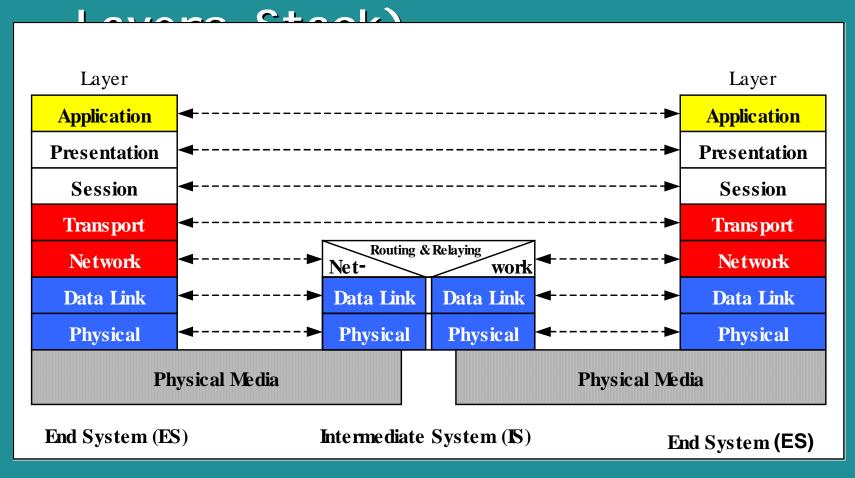
Special Features of AMHS (1/7)

ATN

- Common Internet Communication Infrastructure for all the ATN Applications
 - · CM, CPDLC, ADS, FIS
 - AIDC (ICC), AMHS
- International StandardsPLUS Aeronautical requirements
- COTS (Commercial Off the Shelf)
 - International Standards only

Special Features of AMHS (2/7)

OSI Referenced Model (7



Special Features of AMHS (3/7)

- Application Layer
 - Not X. 400 but AMHS (Subset of X. 400)
 - AFTN/AMHS Gateway
 - CIDIN/AMHS Gateway (not applicable)
- Transport and Network Layer
 - Support of Security and priority

Application

Presentation

Sessi on

Transport

Network

Data Link

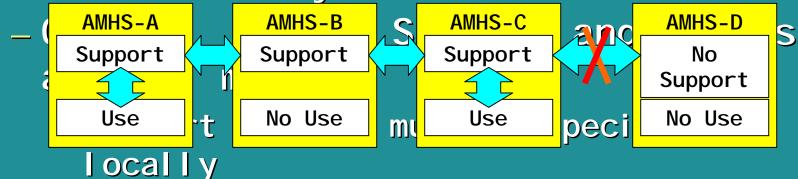
Physi cal

Special Features of AMHS (4/7)

- AMHS specification
 - SARPs (Doc9705) and CAMAL (Doc9739)
 - ITU-T and ISO/IEC Standards
 - Regional ICD (Interface Control Document)
- Interoperability
 - World Wide: SARPs, Standards
 - Regional : ICD
 - Bi-lateral: Agreement on implementation schedule, operation, parameter settings etc.

Special Features of AMHS (5/7)

- Mandatory and Optional parameters
 - Mandatory: AMHS must Support and
 Use
 - · Support when transfer message and Use functionality



• AMHS ICD specifies all the Options for the interoperability within the region

Special Features of AMHS (6/7)

- AMHS ICD in Asia/Pacific Region
 - Guidance for AMHS specification
 - AMHS Specification
 - Guidance for Optional Parameters
 - AMHS Specification
 - Upper Layer Specifications
 - Lower Layer Specifications
 - PICS for AMHS
 - Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
- Final Draft at the next 4th ATNTTF
 Meeting

Special Features of AMHS (7/7)

- Requirements to AMHS System Supplier
 - Fully comply with ICAO ATN SARPs
 - Full stack of ATN
 - Customized COTS products
 - ATN Router Interface
 - Fully comply with Regional AMHS ICD
 - Reliable for 365days / 24hours
 operation
 Well designed Human Machine Interface
 - Maintenance functions
 - Message Management, Statistics, Configuration, Monitoring, Message and Line Constraint, etc.

Some Considerations (1/2)

- AMHS or MHS (X. 400)
 - I CAO specifies as the AMHS
 - Even one MHS disturbs Regional interoperability
 - AMHS for International Connections
- With or Without ATN Router
 - Limited function only at the earlier stage
 - At least one ATN Router in one domain
 - With ATN Router for future expandability

Some Considerations (2/2)

- Alternative route
 - Alternative route for back up routing
 - Enough line speed for AMHS overhead

• Example : 500 characters

AFTN : 500+33

AMHS : 500+33+538

- AMHS overhead for more functionality
- Routing by ATN Router or AMHS
 - ATN Router: Internet level (implicit)
 - AMHS : Information level (explicit)

Conclusions

- AMHS is the replacement of AFTN
- AMHS must comply with ICAO ATN SARPs and Regional AMHS ICD
- ATN Router Connection is essential for the future flexibility and expandability
 - Regional ATN Network for both AMHS and other ATN Applications
- Close coordination between States is necessary for AMHS implementation
 - Thank you for your kind attention -