

A-CDM Seminar Bahrain, 11-13 October 2015 The ACI View

#### Airport Collaborative Decision Making Michael Hoehenberger, (Munich Airport) on behalf of ACI World



- Need for A-CDM
- What it is what it is not
- A-CDM Aims
- A-CDM Partners
- Airport Operators Strong Involvement
- A-CDM Europe Overview
- Co-operation with ICAO on Industry Guidance Material
- ACI View and Support



### **Need for A-CDM**

- ACI forecasts that the number of air passengers will double to more than 12 billion (arr and dep) by 2031
- Airports the nodes of flight networks may become constraints on the overall ATM system
- ••• As airports become busier:
  - ••• real-time airport operations management gets more difficult
  - potential for disruption to normal operations and impact on passengers increases
- Many airports are facing capacity constraints, and are increasingly challenged by performance issues, thus enhancing the operational efficiency of existing aerodrome and terminal infrastructure is an important objective for airports.
- Airports need to constantly monitor operations and identify and solve problems before they escalate into protracted disruptions and crises.



## What is A-CDM?

••• Airport-CDM is about improving operational efficiency of all airport partners at aerodromes by

- reducing delays
- --streamlining the predictability of events during the progress of a flight
- •••optimizing the utilization of resources
- making the most of existing capacity and will
- have major benefits during Irregular Operations (IROPS) and adverse conditions
- ■ reduce kerosene consumption and both CO<sup>2</sup> and noise emissions

#### Partnership between Airport-Operators, Air-Traffic Control, Aircraft-Operators, Ground-Handlers, which

- use a common platform for sharing flight information, thus creating a common situational awareness
- agree on and stick to a set of operational rules, procedures and automated process



# What A-CDM is, and what it is not

#### A-CDM is about:

- ✓ An important cultural change
- Bringing benefits to Airlines, Airports, ATM & ATM network
- Harmonization of non-commercially sensitive data
- Implementing the foundation steps ("milestones")
- Free local choice of additional A-CDM steps
- Rapid benefits and high return on investment
- Important operational benefits

#### A-CDM is not:

- O Doing things the old way
- O Implementing a new system
- O An obligation to share commercially sensitive data
- O Only providing financial benefits



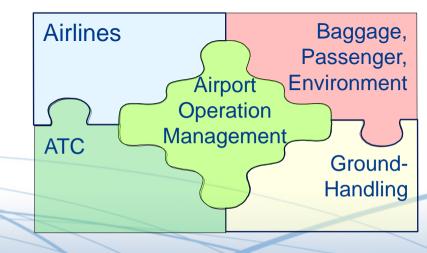
- Collaborative set-up of a pre-departure sequence taking into account aircraft operators preferences and operational constraints
- Achieve a common situational awareness by tracking the progress of a flight from planning to take-off
- Creation of a accurate Target Take Off Time
- Airports send Departure Planning Information messages (DPIs) to ATM network management , and receive flight update messages (FUMs) from network management, thus improving en-route and sector planning as well as airport turn-round planning
- Complements en-route CDM and Air Traffic Flow Management (ATFM) across a country or region.
- Longer-term aim is to extend the reach of A-CDM into landside operations, including ground handling and airport passenger and baggage processes





# Airport Operator – Reasons for strong involvement

- ••• The airport operator is the overall owner of, and body responsible for, the performance of the airport
- ••• As "ground coordinator", the airport operator has the most neutral view of all airport stakeholders interests
- ••• The airport operator has the most comprehensive overview of the overall status of operations (stands, gates, baggage, safety, environment, etc.)
- ••• The airport operator is the flight data integrator/provider for the airport



# EU A-CDM History – Status Quo

- **2007** Munich Airport first Airport with fully established A-CDM
- **2008** ACI-Europe / Eurocontrol A-CDM Action plan
- **•••** 2010 CANSO joined the partnership
- **2010 EU-Community Specification (CS) under Single Sky Initiative (SES)**
- **2015** Airports in Europe with fully established A-CDM system

Brussels,

Frankfurt.

Helsinki.

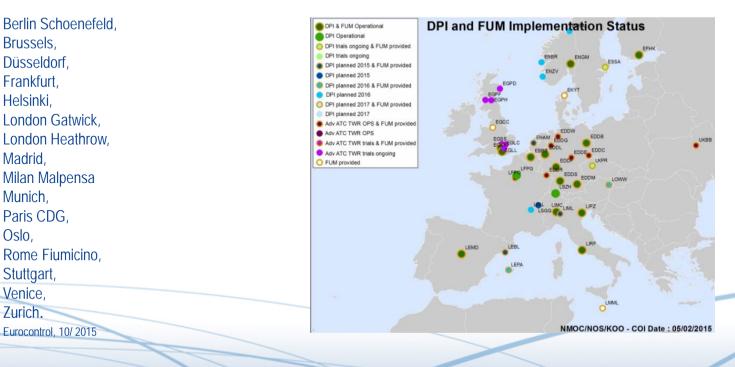
Madrid.

Munich. Paris CDG, Oslo,

Stuttgart, Venice, Zurich.

Düsseldorf.

#### 2015 Airports in Europe – DPI and FUM Implementation status





# Co-operation with ICAO

- ICAO has developed Aviation System Block Upgrade modules on A-CDM: B0 –A-CDM (Surface management) and B1 – A-CDM (Total airport management)
- ICAO (at ACI's suggestion) agreed on the need for global guidance material and technical standards for A-CDM
- ICAO set up a task force on A-CDM and requested the industry organizations to join it to write worldwide guidance material
  - ... ACI agreed to participate
  - ... IATA, CANSO, China, Eurocontrol, FAA joined the task force

Draft manual to be produced by end of 2015



# **ACI - View and Support**

Promote A-CDM introduction where appropriate

- Support work on a globally standardized data interchange technical framework between airlines, ANSPs, airport operators and ground handlers
- Develop Airport/ANSP A-CDM implementation best practices and promote global standards relating to A-CDM
- Encourage the creation of A-CDM pilot project teams in the regions
- Support further work with ICAO on the Aviation System Block Upgrade (ASBU) Modules which deal with A-CDM
- Provide regular status updates to stakeholders on A-CDM implementation



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